### ORDINANCE NO. 2025 -

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AN ORDINANCE PERTAINING TO THE USE OF LAND IN THE UNINCORPORATED AREA OF ORANGE COUNTY, 6 FLORIDA; AMENDING AND REPEALING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 38 ("ZONING") OF THE 8 ORANGE COUNTY CODE TO PROVIDE CONSISTENCY WITH THE COMPREHENSIVE POLICY PLAN AND NEW 10 LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS KNOWN AS **ORANGE** CODE; **AMENDING ARTICLE** ("IN 12 GENERAL"); **AMENDING** ARTICLE II ("ADMINISTRATION, 14 **ENFORCEMENT AND** PENALTIES"); REPEALING **ARTICLE** Ш ("NONCONFORMING USES"; REPEALING ARTICLE IV 16 ("ZONING DISTRICTS ESTABLISHED; ZONING MAP); ARTICLE ("AGRICULTURAL REPEALING V 18 DISTRICTS"); REPEALING ARTICLE VI ("RESIDENTIAL 20 DISTRICTS"); AMENDING AND REPEALING CERTAIN **PROVISIONS OF** ARTICLE VII ("COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS"); ARTICLE **REPEALING** VIII 22 **PLANNED DEVELOPMENT** DISTRICT") REENACTING **CERTAIN PROVISIONS** 24 **CHAPTER 39 ("PLANNED DEVELOPMENT") OF ORANGE** COUNTY CODE; REPEALING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF 26 **ARTICLE** ("GENERAL **SUPPLEMENTAL REGULATIONS"):** REPEALING **ARTICLE** 28 STANDARDS"); ("PERFORMANCE REPEALING ARTICLE XI ("OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING 30 **REGULATIONS"); REPEALING ARTICLE XII ("SITE AND** BUILDING REQUIREMENTS"); REPEALING ARTICLE 32 XIII ("CAMPGROUNDS AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLE PARKS"): **ARTICLE** REPEALING **XVII** 34 DISTRICTS"); ("NEIGHBORHOOD REPEALING 36 **ARTICLE** XVIII ("PUBLIC **SCHOOL REGULATIONS"); REPEALING CERTAIN PROVISIONS** ARTICLE XIX ("COLLECTION BINS"): 38 PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

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**WHEREAS**, the codification of ordinances adopted by counties is provided for in Section 125.68, Florida Statutes; and

WHEREAS, Orange County has adopted a new Chapter 40 of the Orange County Code of Ordinances for the purpose of implementing the land use and development policies and

objectives of "Vision 2050: Orange County Comprehensive Plan" or "Vision 2050" and providing improved regulations for the public interest and the physical development of the County; and

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**WHEREAS**, to be consistent with the adoption of Chapter 40, the existing Orange County Code of Ordinances have been reviewed to determine those amendments necessary to avoid conflict between ordinances enacted as land development regulations, as defined by Section 163.3164, Florida Statues, for the control and regulation of the development of land.

# BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ORANGE COUNTY:

Section 1. Amendments; In General. The chapters identified from Orange County Code are hereby amended as set forth in Section 2 through Section 15 below and unless noted otherwise, with additions being shown as underlined and deletions being shown as strike-throughs.

Section 2. Amendment to Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article I ("In General"). Chapter 38, Article I is amended to read as follows:

#### Sec. 38-1. Definitions.

Except where specific definitions are used within a specific article or section of this chapter or chapter 39, for the purpose of such sections the following terms, phrases, words and their derivations shall have the meanings given herein when not inconsistent with the context. The word "lot" includes "plot" and "tract." The word "building" shall include "structure." The words "used for" shall include the meaning "designed for." If any of the definitions herein conflict with definitions in other provisions of the county code, these definitions control for the purposes of this chapter or chapter 39.

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72 In all other respects, Article I shall remain unchanged.

Section 3. Amendment to Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article II ("Administration,

74 *Enforcement and Penalties*"). Chapter 38, Article II is amended to read as follows:

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76	Sec. 38-30. Major Economic Development Project Program.
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78	(b) Definitions. The following words, terms, and phrases, when used in this section or in any county policy or regulation adopted
80	pursuant to this section, whether capitalized or not, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section unless the context clearly
82	indicates a different meaning.  *****
84	Perimeter development plan or PDP shall mean a development plan for the project, including the perimeter of the project which
86	shall be a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet in width measured from each adjacent existing or planned public right-of-way and adjacent
88	parcel of land not part of the project. Such plan shall address those provisions of section 39-6 section 38-1206 of the code related to
90	perimeter buffering, landscaping, walls, access (including, but not limited to, ingress and egress), signage, and lighting, all in
92	accordance with the PD Land Use Plan ("PD/LUP") for the MEDP. Applicant may request that the county consider easements,
94	conservation areas, and wetland creation areas located at the boundary of the project as perimeter buffering for purposes of the
96	PDP.
	* * * *
98	(f) Process.
	* * * *
100	(3) All other development permits. For the following processes, the applicant shall submit an application and supporting
102	materials to the CPM who will, within five (5) business days of submission or resubmittal, as applicable, review the
104	application and determine whether the application is technically sufficient. If the CPM determines that an
106	application is not technically sufficient, the CPM shall so notify the applicant within five (5) business days of the date
108	of submission or resubmittal, as applicable. Upon determining that an application is technically sufficient, the
110	CPM will be responsible for: (1) entering the application into

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the LDMS system and assigning it a project number (if appropriate); (2) distributing the application to any county

staff which the CPM deems appropriate in order to obtain staff input and create a staff report; (3) coordinating and

conducting a community meeting regarding the application

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if the County Commissioner for the district in question, or the CPM, determines one to be necessary; (4) assembling staff comments in a timely manner, and providing them to applicant (if applicant wishes to continue forward with the project, applicant must respond to staff comments via a "resubmittal;" if applicant has not submitted a resubmittal within ninety (90) business days, the application for which resubmittal was not made will be deemed withdrawn); (5) coordinating the distribution of any resubmittals and follow-up staff meetings or meetings with the applicant, as may be deemed necessary by CPM; and (6) preparing a final staff report (collectively, the "CPM process").

- a. Amendments to PD/LUP. With regard to any amendments to the PD/LUP requested by the applicant, including any waivers, deviations, and/or variances requested therein, the CPM shall ensure the CPM Process is followed and, in addition, the CPM shall determine whether the proposed amendment is classified as substantial or non-substantial in accordance with the criteria set forth in section 39-7(a) section 38-1207(a). If the amendment is determined to be non-substantial, the CPM shall complete the CPM process and render a decision within forty-five (45) business days from the date of the receipt of a final technically sufficient submittal or resubmittal, as applicable. If the CPM determines that the proposed changes, alterations, or modifications are substantial, the CPM will review the plans and supporting data provided by applicant and prepare a report with a recommendation to the BCC for final action within fifteen (15) business days from the date of the receipt of a final technically sufficient submittal or resubmittal, as applicable. A public hearing before the BCC will be held within forty-five (45) calendar days after the CPM determination, or the next BCC meeting thereafter.
- b. Perimeter development plan. An application for a PDP may be submitted and processed concurrently with or subsequent to any proposed amendment to the PD/LUP. However, the PDP will not receive final decision until after the PD/LUP amendment has been approved by the CPM or the BCC, as applicable, including the expiration of all applicable appeal periods, with no appeal being filed, or if one (1) was filed, until the last court reviewing the matter upholds the amendment. The CPM shall ensure that the CPM process is followed. As part of the CPM process, the CPM will undertake a review of the

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sultation with any appropriate staff, in order e whether the PDP substantially complies LUP and with the provisions of section 39-6 1206 of the code related to perimeter landscaping, access, walls, signage, and such requirements may have been amended the project by the PD/LUP approval, any nted therein, and/or any applicable overlay or rict. The CPM will issue a written decision e PDP, including any conditions which may le thereto, within thirty (30) business days ate of the receipt of a final technically abmittal or resubmittal, as applicable. Any hange, alteration, or modification to an DP will be reviewed and approved by the cordance with the procedure for review of ed herein, even if the underlying PDP had yed by the BCC on appeal, unless the BCC erwise. Approval of a PDP (or amendment Il have the following effect:

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In all other respects, Article II shall remain unchanged.

184 Section 4. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article III ("Nonconforming Uses"). Chapter 38, Article III, consisting of Sections 38-46 through 38-70 (with Sections 38-57 through 38-70 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use. 186

Section 5. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article IV ("Zoning Districts Established; Zoning Map"). Chapter 38, Article IV, consisting of Sections 38-71 through 38-90 (with Sections 38-80 through 38-90 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use. Specifically, while Section 38-77.1 ("Horizon West Town Center PD Code Land Use Table") and Section 38-79 ("Conditions for permitted uses, special exceptions") are repealed, they are reenacted into the new Chapter 39, as described herein at Section 9.

Section 6. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article V ("Agricultural Districts"). Chapter 38, Article V, consisting of Sections 38-91 through 38-250 (with Sections 38-91 through 38-100, Sections 38-103 through 38-115, Sections 38-121 through 38-135, Sections 38-141 through 38-155 and Sections 38-162 through 38-250 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use.

Section 7. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article VI ("Residential Districts").

Chapter 38, Article VI, consisting of Sections 38-251 through 38-750 (with Sections 38-251 through 38-275, Sections 38-282 through 38-300, Sections 38-307 through 38-325, Sections 38-332 through 38-350, Sections 38-357 through 38-375, Sections 38-382 through 38-400, Sections 38-407 through 38-425, Sections 38-432 through 38-450, Section 38-452, Sections 38-457 through 38-475, Sections 38-482 through 38-500, Sections 38-507 through 38-525, Sections 38-256 through 38-550, Sections 38-560 through 38-576, Sections 38-582 through 38-600, and Sections 38-608 through 38-750 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use.

Section 8. Amendment of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article VII ("Commercial Districts"). With the exception of Division 4.5 ("I-Drive District Overlay Zone") as referenced herein, Chapter 38, Article VII, consisting of Sections 38-751 through 38-1200 (with Sections 38-751 through 38-801, Sections 38-810 through 38-825, Sections 38-834 through 38-850, Section 38-859, Sections 38-884 through 38-900, Section 38-904, Sections 38-910 through 38-925, Section 38-929, Sections 38-935 through 38-975, Section 38-979, Section 38-984, Sections 38-986 through 38-1000, Section 38-1005, Sections 38-1011 through 38-1025, Sections 38-1032 through 38-1050, Section 38-1055, Sections 38-1057 through 38-1058, Section 38-1063, Section 38-1073 through 38-1079, and Section 38-1089 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use. The I-Drive District Overlay Zone, codified at Article VII, Division 4.5 is hereby renamed the "I-Drive District Code" and amended as follows:

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	Sec. 38-864.1. Dynamic Art.
220	(a) Intent and purpose.
222	These regulations are intended to establish Dynamic Art standards within the I-Drive District Code Overlay Zone, with the purpose and goal of promoting broader-scale works of art that are visible to the
224	public, encouraging creativity, developing a stronger sense of place that activates the public realm and the built environment, and
226	balancing a unique tourism and entertainment experience with the need for traffic safety.
228	(b) General standards.
230	Subject to approval of an application submitted under subsection c., and subject to the application satisfying any and all other regulatory jurisdiction's requirements, including the requirements
232	of Chapter 479, Florida Statutes, to the extent those requirements may be deemed applicable by the State of Florida Department of
234	Transportation, Dynamic Art may only be displayed on an exterior surface area of a building or parking structure with a minimum
236	height of 3 stories or 35 feet in I-Drive District—Overlay Code Sub-Districts 1, 2, and 3.
238	(1) Site and Building Requirements. Dynamic Art shall meet all applicable Site and Building Requirements of the I-Drive
240	District Overlay Zone Code, unless otherwise stated in this Section.
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	Sec. 38-865. Uses.
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	(d) Definition of Uses and Additional Standards.
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248	(7) Infrastructure. A use involving communication towers, including cell towers, shall meet all standards outlined in the code except where they conflict with the I-Drive District
250	Overlay Zone Code. Communication towers shall be located on the top of buildings, and are prohibited on buildings less
252	than 4 stories.

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(10) Package sale vendors. No more than four (4) package sale vendors may be permitted within the I-Drive District Overlay Zone Code. Only one such package sale vendor may be located within sub-district 2 of the I-Drive District Overlay Zone Code, only one package sale vendor may be located within sub-district 3, only one package sale vendor may be located within sub-district 4, and only one package sale vendor may be located within sub-district 5 or 6, provided that no package sale vendor within a sub-district may be located within three thousand five hundred (3,500) feet of a package sale vendor in another sub-district. The package sale vendor existing within sub-district 3 as of October 30, 2018, may close its location and relocate once to a location outside of the I-Drive District Overlay Zone Code anywhere within unincorporated Orange County that is no closer than three thousand five hundred (3,500) feet of any existing package sale vendor in the county. Distances referenced in this subsection d(10) shall be measured as described in Chapter 40 Section 38-1414(e).

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## Sec. 38-868. Approval Requirements.

(a) Scope of Regulations.

- (1) New development. Unless otherwise exempt or vested pursuant to subsection b., c. or d. below, all development within the I-Drive District Code Overlay Zone and all development undertaken by, and all actions taken in regard to, development orders shall be consistent with the I-Drive District Code Overlay Zone code ("I-Drive District Code").
- (2) Nonconforming structures and uses; alterations. All buildings and uses in existence on February 7, 2017 that do not comply with the I-Drive District Code and that are not exempt or vested pursuant to subsection b., or c. or d. below shall be considered nonconforming, and, except as otherwise provided below, shall be subject to the requirements relating to nonconforming structures and uses in Article III, Chapter 38 Chapter 40, Orange County Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing and anything to the contrary in Article III of Chapter 38 Chapter 40, the following shall apply to renovations or alterations of buildings and uses in existence on February 7, 2017:

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296	(i) Amendments to the Regulating Plan.
	(1) This subsection is intended to describe the process by which
298	the owners of properties within the Code Overlay District
	may seek to change their Transect or Special Zone
300	designation, or by which the <u>Code</u> <del>Overlay District</del> boundary
302	may be expanded, necessitating an amendment to the Regulating Plan.
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304	Sec. 38-869. Definitions.
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306	(b) Defined Terms.
	For the purposes of Sections 38-860 through 38-875, the following
308	terms shall have the following meanings.
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310	(3) Artistic Sponsor. Any person, business, organization,
312	corporation, or other entity or party that creates, subsidizes, develops, or otherwise financially supports the installation,
	presentation and/ or exhibition of Dynamic Art within the
314	I-Drive District-Overlay Zone Code.
	* * * *
316	(38) Package sale vendor. A "package sale vendor" means as defined at Section 38-1414(a) in Chapter 40.
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318	In all other respects, Division 4.5 shall remain unchanged.
	Section 9. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article VIII ("P-D Planned
320	Development") and reenactment of certain provisions to create new Chapter 39 ("Planned
	Development District"). Chapter 38, Article VIII, consisting of Sections 38-1201 through
322	38-1400.10 is hereby repealed and reserved for future use as set forth herein.
	A. Repeal and Reserve. Specifically in Article VIII, Division 6 ("Development
324	Guidelines, Development Review Procedures, Design Guidelines and Site Development
	Standards Community Village Centers"), consisting of Sections 38-1340 through 38-1369

(with Sections 38-1354 and Sections 38-1358 through 38-1369 already marked as "Reserved."), Division 7 ("Four Corners Community Village Center Guidelines and Standards"), consisting of Sections 38-1370 through 38-1379, Division 9 ("Buena Vista North District Standards"), consisting of Sections 38-1391 through 38-1399 (with Sections 38-1395 through 38-1395.2 already marked "Reserved.") and Division 10 ("Lake Willis Neighborhood Buffering and Design Guidelines"), consisting of Sections 38-1400 through Sections 38-1400.10 are repealed and reserved for future use.

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В. Repeal and Reenact. Specifically in Article VIII, Division 1 ("Generally"), consisting of Sections 38-1201 through 38-1225 (with Sections 38-1210 through 38-1225 already marked "Reserved."), Division 2 ("General Site Development Standards"), consisting of Sections 38-1226 through 38-1250 (with Sections 38-1237 through 38-1250 already marked "Reserved."), Division 3 ("Site Development Standards for Residential Developments"), consisting of Sections 38-1251 through 38-1270 (with Sections 38-1261 through 38-1270 already marked "Reserved."), Division 4 ("Site Development Standards for Commercial Developments"), consisting of Sections 38-1271 through 38-1325 (with Sections 38-1273 through 38-1285 and Sections 38-1301 through 38-1325 already marked "Reserved."), Division 5 ("Site Development Standards for Industrial Developments"), consisting of Sections 38-1326 through 38-1339 (with Sections 38-1331 through 38-1339 already marked "Reserved."), Division 8 "(Village Planned Development Code"), consisting of Sections 38-1380 through 38-1390, Division 8.5 ("Horizon West Town Center Planned Development Code"), consisting of Sections 38-1390.1 through 38-1390.56 (with Sections 38-1390.8 through 38-1390.9, Section 38-1390.11, Section

348	38-1390.24, Section 38-1390.50 already marked as "Reserved.") are repealed and
	reenacted to create a new Chapter 39 ("Planned Development District") as shown below.
350	C. New provisions created as Chapter 39 are not shown as underline and where
	previous Chapter 38, Article VIII references to "article," "division," "subdivision" or
352	"subpart" reflect, all such references shall be and are hereby changed accordingly wherever
	referenced in Chapter 38, or in any other part of Orange County Code.
354	CHAPTER 39 – PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
	ARTICLE I. GENERALLY
356	Sec. 39-1. Intent and purpose of district.
358	(a) The intent and purposes of the P-D planned development district are as follows:
360	(1) To provide for planned residential communities, containing a variety of residential structures and diversity of building arrangements, with complementary and compatible
362	commercial or industrial uses or both; planned commercial
364	centers with complementary and compatible residential or industrial uses or both; planned tourist commercial centers with complementary and compatible uses which may
366	include tourist attractions, theme parks, residential and light storage; or planned industrial parks with complementary and
368	compatible residential or commercial uses or both; and
370	public and quasipublic facilities developed in accordance with an approved development plan.
372	(2) To allow diversification of uses, structures, and open spaces in a manner compatible with existing and permitted land uses on abutting properties.
374	(3) To reduce improvement and energy costs through a more efficient use of land design and smaller networks of utilities
376	and streets than is possible through application of other

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To ensure that development will occur according to

limitations of use, design, density, coverage and phasing

zoning districts and subdivision requirements.

stipulated on an approved development plan.

- (5) To preserve the natural amenities and environmental assets of the land by encouraging the preservation and improvement of scenic and functional open areas.
- (6) To encourage an increase in the amount and use of open space areas by permitting a more economical and concentrated use of building areas than would be possible through conventional zoning districts.
- (7) To provide maximum opportunity for application of innovative concepts of site planning in the creation of aesthetically pleasing living, shopping and working environments on properties of adequate size, shape and location.
- (8) The P-D district is a flexible zoning district which is intended to provide an appropriate balance between the intensity of development and the ability to provide adequate capacity within the support services and facilities.
- (b) Exemption:

- (1) Orange County is exempt from and is therefore not subject to this chapter when developing or using property it owns or leases for any governmental purpose as determined by the board of county commissioners. However, any proposed project added to the county capital improvement program after April 29, 1997, must be reviewed and evaluated by the mayor and the district commissioner in whose district the proposed project is situated. The mayor or the district commissioner must furnish to the Office of Management and Budget by October 1 of each year a list of any such proposed projects for which either or both desires a public meeting to be noticed and conducted in accordance with county administrative regulations. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the county shall endeavor to comply with all sections of code.
- (2) The conditions of any development order adopted prior to the effective date of this ordinance continue in full force and effect unless a new approval is obtained. Only at that time must the development come into conformance with the regulations of this code as required.

## Sec. 39-2. Uses permitted.

The following uses shall be permitted in the planned development district if designated on an approved land use plan, subdivision plan, or development plan:

422	(1)	Planned residential communities. Complementary and compatible commercial and industrial uses may be included
424		if they are compatibly and harmoniously designed into the total residential community within a planned development
426		district.
428	(2)	Planned commercial centers. Complementary and compatible residential and industrial uses may be included if they are compatibly and harmoniously designed into the total
430		commercial center within a planned development district.
432	(3)	Planned tourist commercial, tourist attractions or theme parks. Complementary and compatible residential uses may be included, provided that their design within the planned
434		development district will produce a reasonable living environment.
436 438	(4)	Planned industrial parks. Complementary and compatible residential and commercial uses may be included if properly related to the total industrial park within a planned
		development district.
440	(5)	Other uses. Any other private, public or semipublic use complementary to, and compatible with, planned residential,
442		commercial, tourist commercial or industrial developments (including sewer and water utility plants) may be included.
444 446		An incinerator facility as defined in the incinerator management ordinance, Orange County Code chapter 15, article XIV, may be included provided the P-D approval
448		contains a condition stating that prior to construction of an incinerator facility the incinerator facility shall first receive a special exception through the exception process as set forth
450		in Orange County Code chapter 30, article II and is otherwise consistent with the requirements of the incinerator
452		management ordinance.
454	(6)	Big box developments (defined in chapter 40, article VI.) Complementary and compatible residential, office, and industrial uses may be incorporated if they are compatibly
456		designed into the total big box development within a planned development. The intent and purposes of the P-D planned
458		development district are as follows:
	Sec. 39	9-3. Approval procedure.
460		procedure for obtaining approval of a planned development e as follows:
462	(1)	Land use plan. The applicant shall submit to the planning division an electronic file of the land use plan and support
464		data. The planning division shall schedule the project for

staff review. Upon resolution of staff comments, or at the discretion of the assigned project manager from the Planning Division when certain comments or issues cannot be resolved, a Planned Development application may be scheduled for a Development Review Committee (DRC) meeting. The planning and zoning managers shall determine if review of the project is necessary by other advisory boards other than the planning and zoning commission. Upon recommendation by the DRC, the planning manager shall schedule the project for the next regular meeting of the planning and zoning commission for a review hearing.

- a. The DRC shall review the proposed land use plan, and issue a written recommendation to the planning and zoning commission. A copy of the DRC recommendation shall be sent to the applicant at least five (5) days prior to the planning and zoning commission public hearing. (The DRC must complete their review at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the date of the planning and zoning commission public hearing in order to be placed on the agenda.)
- b. Upon receipt of the DRC's written recommendation, the planning and zoning commission shall hold a public hearing to review the application and shall submit its recommendation (which may include conditions of approval) to the county commission for its official action. Public notice to consider the land use plan shall include a generalized list of the proposed land uses and shall indicate that the board of county commissioners will hold a public hearing to consider the project. The public hearing before the board of county commissioners shall be held at least ten (10) days after the planning and zoning commission hearing.
- c. In addition to complying with all approval procedures contained in this section, a big box development shall comply with all the standards and requirements outlined or referenced in chapter 40, article 3. Any big box development applicant seeking a waiver from any such standard or requirement shall, concurrently with and as a part of the land use plan submittal, include such waiver request, stating and explaining, in detail, the exceptional circumstances which the applicant believes justify a waiver. Orange County shall review such request, and may either deny or grant the waiver. Furthermore, before any public hearing is held regarding a big box development land use plan, a community meeting shall

<ul><li>510</li><li>512</li></ul>			be held with public notice issued to the owners of record of properties located within a two thousand-foot radius of the proposed development site. In establishing the limits of public notification, all addresses within an
514			entire neighborhood, any part of which falls within the two thousand-foot notification radius, shall be noticed. In addition, the applicant shall be responsible for
516			prominently and conspicuously posting notice of the community meeting directly on the property.
520	(2)	pla	velopment plan. The applicant shall submit to the nning division an electronic file of the development plan I support materials.
522 524		a.	The development plan may cover all or a portion of the approved land use plan. The planning department shall review the plans to determine if all appropriate data and information has been properly provided.
526		b.	The development plan shall be reviewed by the DRC in order to determine that:
528			1. It substantially complies with the land use plan;
530			2. The phase of development can exist as a stable independent unit; and
532			3. Existing or proposed utility services and transportation systems are adequate for the uses proposed.
534		c.	The DRC shall review the development plan and shall
536			evaluate it for consistency with the land use plan and all applicable ordinances, regulations and policies. The DRC shall either approve the development plan (which
538			may include technical conditions consistent with applicable county ordinances, regulations and policies)
540			or deny the development plan based upon specific findings which shall be stated.
542		d.	The decision of the DRC may be appealed to the board of county commissioners by an aggrieved party. Any
544			party choosing to appeal the DRC decision shall file a notice of appeal within fifteen (15) days of the rendition
546			of the DRC decision. If the developer or applicant proposes to create a subdivision, a preliminary
548			subdivision plan should be processed concurrently with the development plan and shall be subject to approval by
550			the board of county commissioners.

e. In addition to complying with all approval procedures contained in this section, a big box development plan 552 shall comply with the land use plan and with all the standards and requirements outlined or referenced in 554 chapter 40, article 3, except that any PD approved for commercial uses prior to April 3, 2006, shall not be 556 subject to the two hundred-foot buffer requirement adjacent to single-family residentially-zoned property 558 only to the extent that it can be demonstrated that the property is physically constrained from meeting that 560 requirement. Any big box development applicant seeking a waiver from any standard or requirement 562 governing big box development shall, concurrently with and as a part of the development plan submittal, include 564 such waiver request, stating and explaining, in detail, the exceptional circumstances which the applicant believes 566 justify the waiver. Such a request shall be deemed a substantial change to the land use plan, and shall require 568 a public hearing before the board of county commissioners. The board may approve or deny the 570 waiver request. 572 Sec. 39-4. Concept plan requirements.

- (a) The concept plan shall consist of a generalized sketch which is drawn to scale (the proportion and locations of land uses may be generalized), and which shows or addresses (with supporting information) the following items and matters:
  - (1) Boundary of the subject property, identified by a heavy line.
  - (2) Major natural features such as lakes, streams and conservation areas.
  - (3) Existing or proposed streets abutting the project and other major streets and intersections within five hundred (500) feet of access points to the subject property.
  - (4) Generalized location map and legal description, including acreage.
  - (5) Proposed land use types and their locations (land use or building bubbles are acceptable).
  - (6) Gross densities.

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- (7) Approximate minimum lot size.
- (8) Approximate number of units.
- (9) Approximate floor area for commercial or industrial.
- (10) Adjacent zoning.

592	(11)	Anticipated internal major road network.
	(12)	Anticipated maximum building height.
594	(13)	Anticipated phasing plan.
	(14)	Proposed method of providing:
596		a. Water service (including fire protection).
		b. Sewage disposal.
598		c. Stormwater management.
		d. Parks/recreation facilities.
600		e. Schools.
602		The plan shall include all information known by the ant at the time of submission. Review of the plan shall be on the data submitted.
604	Sec. 39	9-5. Land use plan requirements.
606		land use plan, consisting of properly identified exhibits and t materials, shall clearly indicate the following:
608	(1)	The project name, legal description, total acreage and location map.
610	(2)	Existing topography at one-foot contours based on the county datum (or as approved by the county engineer) and other natural features including lakes, watercourses and
612		conservation area. On-site soil (based on the soil conservation service classification system), flood hazard
614		areas and generalized vegetation. All plans shall be drawn to scale, not to exceed one (1) inch equals two hundred (200)
616		feet, unless otherwise permitted.
618	(3)	Existing and proposed land uses, with each phase of the total development identified.
620		a. <i>Residential</i> . Maximum gross density, total number of units, type of unit where feasible or necessary, minimum net lot size, minimum net living floor area, building
622		height, open space and recreation area.
624		b. <i>Commercial</i> . Types of uses, gross floor area, floor area ratio, building height, setbacks and open space.
626		c. <i>Industrial</i> . Types of uses, gross floor area, floor area ratio, building height, setbacks, open space and buffers.
628	(4)	The phasing of development and the manner in which each phase of development can exist as an independent stable unit.

630	(5)	The location of collector and arterial streets and highways proposed in the development, right-of-way widths, the
632		location of access points to abutting streets and highways, and projected traffic generation based on established
634		standards. (A traffic study may be required.)
636	(6)	Identification of existing major street setbacks and planned right-of-way lines as required by article XV of this chapter.
	(7)	Proposed method of providing the following services:
638		a. Water service (including fire flows), plus gallons-per- day requirement.
640		b. Sewage disposal, plus gallons per day generated.
		c. Stormwater management concept.
642		d. School age population.
		e. Parks/recreation facilities.
644	(8)	Waivers from the subdivision regulations or the site development standards of the P-D district shall be indicated on the land was plan or submitted in writing
646	(0)	on the land use plan or submitted in writing.
648	(9)	The proposed location(s) and height(s) of communication towers.
	Sec. 39	9-6. Development plan.
650	The	9-6. Development plan.  development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials,
650 652	The consist	development plan for the entire project or any phase,
	The consist	development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials,
652	The consist shall in (1)	development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials, include the following:  Project name (indicate if different than approved land use
652 654	The consist shall in (1)	development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials, include the following:  Project name (indicate if different than approved land use plan).  Legal description and the gross acreage of the proposed development, including and identifying land and water
<ul><li>652</li><li>654</li><li>656</li></ul>	The consist shall in (1)	development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials, include the following:  Project name (indicate if different than approved land use plan).  Legal description and the gross acreage of the proposed development, including and identifying land and water bodies.  A location map identifying the relationship of the
<ul><li>652</li><li>654</li><li>656</li><li>658</li><li>660</li><li>662</li></ul>	The consist shall in (1) (2)	development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials, include the following:  Project name (indicate if different than approved land use plan).  Legal description and the gross acreage of the proposed development, including and identifying land and water bodies.  A location map identifying the relationship of the development plan to the approved land use plan.  Preliminary subdivision plan if the applicant proposes to subdivide the project.  Waivers from the subdivision regulations or site development standards of the P-D district shall be indicated
<ul><li>652</li><li>654</li><li>656</li><li>658</li><li>660</li></ul>	The consist shall in (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials, include the following:  Project name (indicate if different than approved land use plan).  Legal description and the gross acreage of the proposed development, including and identifying land and water bodies.  A location map identifying the relationship of the development plan to the approved land use plan.  Preliminary subdivision plan if the applicant proposes to subdivide the project.  Waivers from the subdivision regulations or site development standards of the P-D district shall be indicated on the development plan or submitted in writing.
<ul><li>652</li><li>654</li><li>656</li><li>658</li><li>660</li><li>662</li></ul>	The consist shall in (1) (2) (3) (4)	development plan for the entire project or any phase, ting of properly identified exhibits and support materials, include the following:  Project name (indicate if different than approved land use plan).  Legal description and the gross acreage of the proposed development, including and identifying land and water bodies.  A location map identifying the relationship of the development plan to the approved land use plan.  Preliminary subdivision plan if the applicant proposes to subdivide the project.  Waivers from the subdivision regulations or site development standards of the P-D district shall be indicated

668		a.	Certified topography drawn at one-foot contours using county datum and showing natural features.
670		b.	Existing street intersections or rights-of-way within five hundred (500) feet of access points.
672		c.	Surface improvements of primary streets serving the project.
674		d.	Proposed uses.
676		e.	Number of dwelling units, density, minimum square footage of living area, minimum net lot area.
678		f.	Total square footage of commercial, industrial or office space and floor area ratio.
		g.	Maximum building height (stories and feet).
680		h.	Maximum building coverage.
682		i.	Acreage, types and percent of open space and recreation area.
		j.	Pedestrian/bike path facilities.
684		k.	Stormwater management plan, including direction of surface drainage flow.
686 688		1.	On-site soils based upon the soil conservation service classification system (if muck soils exist, their depth and extent must be identified).
		m.	On-site vegetation.
690		n.	Method of providing support utilities including water, sewer, fire flows and refuse storage areas.
692		0.	Existing or proposed easements.
694		p.	Parking spaces and location, in accordance with article XI.
		q.	Exterior lighting.
696		r.	Signing and pavement marking plans with details of installation consistent with traffic engineering division
698	(7)	Do	specifications. creation area plan.
700	(8)		ndscape, tree planting and screening concept plan.
700	(9)		esign elevations or renderings of structures.
703	` ′		
702	(10)	518	gn plan, including scaled plans of proposed signs.

704	1) Preliminary engineering plans for the provisions of road, water, sewer and stormwater management for the proposed phase and its relationship to the master stormwater concept.
706 (1 708	2) Proposed covenants, conditions, restrictions, agreements and grants which govern the use, maintenance and continued protection of building structures, drainage systems and landscaping within the planned development.
·	3) Areas to be conveyed or dedicated and improved for roadways, parks, parkways, playgrounds, school sites,
<ul><li>712</li><li>714</li></ul>	utilities, public buildings and other similar public and public service uses. Improvement bonds for facilities to be owned and maintained by the county and not completed, shall be posted before the issuance of building permits.
716 (1	4) Identification of owners, developers and the consultants involved in the development plan.
718 <b>Sec</b>	. 39-7. Alterations to the land use plan and development plans.
`	Alterations to the approved land use plan or development shall be classified as either substantial or nonsubstantial
722 amo	endments. The following criteria shall be used to identify a stantial amendment:
724 (1	A change which would include a land use not previously permitted under the approved P-D zoning.
726 (2	2) A change which would alter a land use type adjacent to a property boundary, except when it is (i) a reduction in the
728	density or (ii) a reduction of intensity of approved residential development, unless the reduction locates the residential use
730	adjacent to an incompatible land use.
732	A change which would require an amendment to the board of county commissioners' conditions of approval.
734	A change which would increase the land use intensity within any development phase without a corresponding decrease in some other portion of the overall P-D.
736 (5 738	An amendment to the phasing which would propose a land use in advance of the development it was designed to support.
740	Any proposed change in the type, location or size (except reduction in the number of units) of a multi-family land use or student housing land use in the PD.
742 (t	The determination of a substantial or nonsubstantial ration shall be made jointly by the planning and zoning

managers. Either or both managers may opt to direct that the determination be made instead by the Development Review Committee (DRC).

- (c) Where the developer proposes to reduce the number of units or floor area in one (1) phase of the project, a corresponding increase in the number of units of floor area in another phase may be considered, if other conditions of approval are not adversely affected, nor any other change is proposed which would be considered a substantial change as described above.
- (d) Alterations to the land use plan determined to be substantial must submit plans and support data (following the land use plan requirements) for review by the DRC and then a public hearing for final action by the board of county commissioners.
- (e) All nonsubstantial alterations must be submitted (including plans and support data) and approved by the DRC.
- (f) When partial amendments are requested to the land use plan, the overall project shall be evaluated in conjunction with the proposed amendment, to determine its compatibility with the remaining portion of the P-D. Amendments which the DRC considers to be incompatible or conflict with the proposed plans or conditions of approval, will be required to update the land use plan or may be subject to an administrative rezoning public hearing.

# Sec. 39-8. Control of development following approval.

- (a) Upon the approval of the development plan or any phase thereof, the use of land and the construction or modification of any buildings or structures within the P-D shall be in accordance with the development plan. However, all other county codes, ordinances, policies and resolutions shall apply.
- (b) The zoning manager shall be responsible for certifying that all aspects of the P-D, including conditions of approval (applicable to the subject portion of the project) have been satisfactorily completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of completion for the project or phase.
- (c) After certification no changes may be made in the approved development plan except under the procedures provided below:
  - (1) Any structural extension, alteration or modification of existing building structures which are consistent with the approved development plan may be authorized by the zoning manager.
  - (2) A building or structure that is seventy-five (75) percent or more destroyed may be reconstructed only in compliance with the development plan unless an amendment to the

786	development plan is approved under the provisions of this article.
788	Sec. 39-9. Other requirements.
790 792	(a) Off-site improvements may be required in conjunction with the land use plan approval in order to offset the impacts created by the proposed development. All projects shall be required to provide an adequate level of facilities and services to accommodate the project as proposed in the development plan.
794	(b) At the time of development, the P-D or any phase proposed
796	for development shall comply with all regulations and ordinances in force at the time of engineering plan approval.
798 800	(c) Those projects which the board of county commissioners considers to be inconsistent with the provisions of this article may be required to update the land use plan or may be subject to an administrative rezoning public hearing.
	Secs. 39-10 – 39-25. Reserved.
802	ARTICLE II. GENERAL SITE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS
804	Sec. 39-26. Purpose.
806 808	Site development standards are established for planned development to insure adequate levels of light, air and density, to maintain and promote functional compatibility of uses, to promote the safe and efficient circulation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic, to provide for orderly phasing of development, and to otherwise
810	protect the public health, safety and general welfare.
	Sec. 39-27. Waivers.
812	(a) For good cause shown, waivers from the minimum standards set forth in this chapter, or chapter 40 as applicable, may be granted
814	by the board of county commissioners. However, such waivers must be specified in conjunction with the land use plan, otherwise all
816	standards shall apply. Waiver requests shall be identified in the public hearing notice.
818	(b) Waivers requested after approval of the land use plan must be approved by the board of county commissioners at a public
820	hearing, after notification of abutting property owners.
	Sec. 39-28. Natural features/project design.
822	(a) The natural topography, soils and vegetation should be preserved and utilized, where possible, through the careful location
824	and design of circulation ways, buildings and structures, parking

areas, recreation areas, open space, and drainage facilities. Designation and use of conservation areas must be consistent with the adopted growth management policy.

(b) The proposed location and arrangement of structures should not be detrimental to the existing or committed adjacent land uses or to the existing or committed development of the neighborhood. Building setbacks from the normal high-water elevation of all natural water bodies shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet. Established minimum floor elevations shall be observed. Lighting, access point, or activities resulting in high noise levels which adversely affect abutting property shall be prohibited.

### Sec. 39-29. Street facilities.

- (a) All streets, including pedestrian and bicycle facilities, that are or will become part of public rights-of-way, shall meet all applicable standards of chapter 34 and section 21-176, including accessibility requirements of the most recent edition of Florida Department of Transportation Americans with Disabilities Act Standards for Transportation Facilities.
- (b) All streets shall meet minimum county standards with appropriate design for vehicle, pedestrian, and bicycle safety and efficient circulation within the development and connections to roadways and bus stops adjacent to the development. Roadway connections shall be in compliance with all requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act and corresponding standards.
- (c) Provisions should be made for the continuation of all functionally-classified roadways where applicable. Collector streets shall provide a direct connection from local streets to arterial roadways and shall be designed and located such that future development will not require their conversion to arterial roadways.
- (d) Local streets shall provide access to each parcel of land within the planned development in a manner that will provide convenient vehicle, pedestrian, and bicycle access to parking areas serving each group of units. Local streets shall be designed and located so that future urban development will not require their conversion to functionally-classified roadways. Arterial and major collector streets shall be free of backing movement from adjoining parking areas.
- (e) Private streets may be permitted subject to guarantees for adequate maintenance as required by chapter 34.
- (f) Street facilities shall meet all access management requirements of section 30-248.

(g) Streets, driveways, and shared use path/trail crossings shall provide appropriate horizontal and/or vertical sight distances in accordance with the latest edition of the Florida Department of Transportation Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook).

## Sec. 39-30. Parking facilities.

- (a) Vehicle and bicycle parking and loading facilities shall meet the minimum requirements set forth in chapter 40, article 3.
- (b) Vehicular and pedestrian passageways shall be separated on public rights-of-way and within parking facilities and shall meet all accessibility requirements of applicable federal and state standards. A system of pedestrian and bicycle facilities connecting buildings, common open spaces, recreation areas, community facilities and parking areas, and transit stops shall be provided and adequately lighted for nighttime use. Within the alternative mobility area or an urban area transportation impact fee district, whichever one is applicable and governs, pedestrian and bicycle access between adjacent commercial, multifamily, and office uses will be required to promote accessibility. On parcels more than six hundred sixty (660) feet deep, vehicular connections between adjacent commercial and office projects are required, whenever practicable.
- (c) The entrances to parking areas should be easily accessible and identifiable from public streets and should not interfere with vehicular, pedestrian, and bicycle traffic movement on adjoining streets or driveways.
- (d) All parking areas should be designed and landscaped to be visually and functionally integrated with other land uses. A minimum of three (3) percent of all commercial, office, or industrial parking areas should be landscaped.

### Sec. 39-31. Stormwater management.

The design and construction of stormwater management systems shall be in accordance with the subdivision regulations and applicable codes, ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations.

## Sec. 39-32. Utilities systems.

Central water systems, sewerage systems, utility lines, and easements shall be provided in accordance with the appropriate sections of the subdivision regulations and applicable codes, ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations.

### Sec. 39-33. Landscaping.

Landscaping consisting of trees, shrubs, vines, ground cover or any combination thereof shall be installed. Irrigation facilities shall

be installed in all landscaped common areas. Special attention 908 should be given to the type and location of trees in order to provide for relief from the exposure of the sun on both buildings and paved 910 areas. Attention shall also be given to the location and type of planting in and around parking areas, around refuse storage areas 912 and in building setback and separation areas to achieve proper screening of these areas from occupied buildings and exterior 914 roadways. Development plans shall comply with the landscape requirements of chapter 40, article 3. 916 Sec. 39-34. Open space. Open space areas shall be provided within all planned 918 developments in order to enhance the living and working environment. 920 Open space areas are defined as areas serving any one of the following four (4) basic functions: 922 a. *Shapes urban patterns*. Areas which define and delineate urban concentration on a large scale. They can be used 924 to separate or consolidate development and prevent development in undesirable locations. 926 b. *Production*. Lands which are utilized for the production of products which contribute to the county's economy. 928 This includes croplands (vegetable and citrus), pasture, commercial forests and plant nurseries. 930 c. Recreation. Lands which support a specified recreation pursuit, whether it is an active or passive form of 932 recreation. 934 d. Conservation. Areas with unique natural qualities or physical benefits which need protection or preservation from man-built developments. 936 All planned developments shall provide open space in the form of greenbelts and buffer zones at a ratio of two (2) 938 percent of the gross land area. Open space shall be provided within the planned 940 development based on the following ratios: a. Residential: 942 1. Single-family, (excluding lot area) 10% 944 2. Multifamily 25% b. Office 20% c. Commercial 20% 946

d. Tourist-commercial 25%

948		e. Ir	dustrial 15%
		f. B	ig box development:
950		1.	One (1) story and two hundred thousand (200,000) square feet or greater 30%
952		2.	One (1) story and less than two hundred thousand (200,000) square feet 25%
954 956		3.	Two (2) stories, provided that the second story is forty (40) percent or more of the gross floor area that is open to customers 20%
958 960		4.	Two (2) stories with multi-level structured parking, provided that the second story is forty (40) percent or more of the gross floor area that is open to customers 15%
962	(4)	withi	space in the form of greenbelts or buffers provided in the legal description portion of the proposed phase or cet may be included to meet the minimum open space
964		criter	ia. Excess open space committed in prior phases ent to a proposed development phase may be
966		consi	dered to meet up to seventy-five (75) percent of the space criteria.
968 970	(5)	count	gory A open space. All of the uses listed below shall one hundred (100) percent towards meeting the total space required:
		a. B	uffer zones and greenbelts.
972		b. R	ecreational areas (active and passive).
		c. L	andscaped areas.
974		d. A	ll other permanently undeveloped uplands.
976	(6)	credi	gory B open space. All of the uses listed below may be sed towards meeting the minimum open space rements if the performance standards are met but shall
978		not a	ecount for more than fifty (50) percent of the total open required.
980			Vet-bottom stormwater management ponds that meet the following requirements:
982		1.	Minimum of 1.0 acre.
		2.	5:1 side slopes.
984		3.	Sodded or an equivalent ground cover.
		4.	Unfenced.
986		5.	Curvilinear in shape rather than angular.

6. Landscaped in accordance with the following 988 criteria: i. 1.0—2.5 acres: At least ten (10) percent of the land above the design high-water level 990 excluding maintenance berms shall be landscaped 992 with at least fifty (50) percent of the required area landscaped with plant materials other than ground cover (the use of native plant species is 994 encouraged); or a littoral zone band of at least five (5) feet in width for at least fifty (50) percent of the 996 shoreline established with native aquatic or semiaquatic plant species; 998 ii. 2.5—5.0 acres: At least five (5) percent of the 1000 land above the design high-water level excluding maintenance berms shall be landscaped with at least fifty (50) percent of the required area 1002 landscaped with plant materials other than ground cover (the use of native plant species is 1004 encouraged); or a littoral zone band of at least five (5) feet in width for at least thirty-five (35) percent 1006 of the shoreline established with native aquatic or semiaquatic plant species; 1008 iii. More than 5.0 acres: A littoral zone band of at least five (5) feet in width for at least twenty (20) 1010 percent of the shoreline established with native aquatic or semiaquatic plant species. 1012 7. Access provided for all residents/employees of the 1014 8. One hundred (100) feet minimum width. b. Dry-bottom stormwater management ponds that meet 1016 the following requirements: 1. Sodded. 1018 2. Unfenced. 1020 3. Must be dry within seventy-two (72) hours after a twenty-five-year storm event. 4. A skimmer must be provided to minimize the 1022 accumulation of trash and pollutants. 5. At least five (5) percent of the area above the peak 1024 stage elevation must be landscaped with at least fifty (50) percent of the required area landscaped with 1026 plant materials other than ground cover (the use of native plant species is encouraged). 1028

		c. Eas	sements that meet the following requirements:
1030		1.	Minimum twenty-five (25) feet wide.
		2.	Accessible for public use.
1032		3.	Written verification from the easement holder authorizing unrestricted access.
1034		d. Pla	zas/hardscapes that meet the following requirements:
		1.	Twenty (20) percent landscaped.
1036		2.	Seating areas.
1038		3.	Thirty (30) percent pedestrian accessible (excluding sidewalks) for area remaining after landscaping and water features/sculptures.
1040		e. Na	tural lakes that meet the following requirements:
1042		1.	Only lakes which are totally within the legal description of the land use plan shall be credited towards open space.
1044		2.	Must be accessible to all residents/employees.
1046		3.	Common access to natural lakes shall be at least equal to the minimum lot size established by the land use plan or one-half acre, whichever is greater.
1048	(7)	_	ory C open space. Areas within a project, phase, or
1050		mitiga	which are classified as conservation areas (including tion areas), pursuant to chapter 15, article X (the vation ordinance), shall be identified at the time of
1052		develo	pment plan submission. Conservation areas shall
1054		areas c	as open space. However, to insure that conservation or mitigation areas which comprise a high percentage oject or tract do not constitute the only open space for
1056		the pro	oject, the amount of open space credit shall be limited more than fifty (50) percent of the total open space
1058		require	ed.
1060	(8)	sevent	space categories "B" and "C" cannot count more than y-five (75) percent of the total open space required for ject, phase or tract.
1062	(9)	_	ox development open space. All of the uses listed
1064		space 1	may be credited towards meeting the minimum open requirements if the performance standards are met, but ot account for more than fifty (50) percent of the total
1066			pace required:
1068			retention ponds, fenced or nonfenced, which are ant to fulfill a portion of the open space requirements

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shall be designed as a project landscaping amenity. As such, they shall have curvilinear water edges which incorporate substantial curve off-sets along the water perimeter. Furthermore, all ponds shall incorporate a continuous row of drought-tolerant shrubs and understory trees along their top edge. Understory trees shall be planted at a rate of one (1) per twenty-five (25) feet of perimeter edge. Clustering of understory trees is acceptable.

- 1. Nonfenced ponds may fulfill up to fifty (50) percent of the project's open space requirement, provided they meet the curvilinear requirements above.
- 2. Decoratively-fenced ponds may fulfill up to fifty (50) percent of the project's open space requirements. However, the decorative fencing shall be constructed with black wrought iron-styled post and railing system, and shall incorporate landscaping along the exterior of the fencing. The post and railing system, while including a gated access system for pond maintenance purposes, shall incorporate masonry columns, minimum twenty-four (24) inches in diameter, space at a maximum of fifty (50) feet oncenter. The columns shall incorporate a decorative cap feature, and the surface (or veneer) and trim of the columns shall replicate those of the principal structure. Furthermore, the decoratively-fenced ponds shall incorporate the required shrubs and understory trees mentioned above along the exterior base of the fence.
- 3. Ponds which are fenced with chain link, or with any other system which fails to meet the decorative fence description above, shall not fulfill any of the required project open space.

# Sec. 39-35. Planned development guidelines.

The following planned development guidelines shall serve as site development standards for planned developments unless specifically waived by the planning and zoning commission. They are intended to complement applicable provisions of chapter 34 (pertaining to subdivisions).

## (1) Natural features:

a. The natural topography, soils, natural vegetation, and surface water should be preserved and utilized through the careful location and design of circulation ways,

1112		buildings and structures, parking areas, recreation areas, open space, and drainage facilities.
1114	b.	Buildings and recreation areas should be situated to take advantage of natural air flow, sun angle, and views.
	` /	destrian accommodations: Pedestrian accommodations all requirements of section 30-250.
1118	(3) <i>Ut</i>	ilities:
1120	a.	All utilities should be supplied through underground networks.
1122	b.	A planned development shall connect to an existing central sewer system which is adequate to serve the anticipated needs of the development, or a private sewer
1124		system shall be constructed according to regulations prevailing at the time construction is begun. The sewage
1126		treatment and disposal system shall be approved by the county and state health departments.
1128	c.	Water pipelines shall be of sufficient size and located appropriately to provide adequate fire protection for all
1130		structures in the planned development.
1132	the	sidential densities in general. Residential densities within e urban service area shall be consistent with Future Lande Element Policy 1.1.11 of the Comprehensive Policy
1134	Pla wi	an (CPP). Within rural settlements, densities shall comply th Future Land Use Element Policy 2.1.10 of the CPP.
1136		ithin the rural service area, densities shall comply with ture Land Use Element Policy 2.2.4 of the CPP.
1138		e criteria for establishing the residential density shall clude:
1140	a. an	The location of the development in relation to current d anticipated growth patterns in the county.
1142	b.	The preservation of natural features of the site.
1144	c.	The provision of landscaped common open space for the leisure and recreational use of residents and/or employees.
1146	d.	The adequacy of public utilities, services, and facilities to serve the development.
1148		r the purpose of calculating net density, land shall be cluded only if it is committed to the explicit use of
1150	res	sidential buildings or structures or contributes to the nenities of residents of the development such as usable
1152		rk and open space. Land devoted to nonresidential,

nonpublic uses, streets or other public and semipublic uses, other than to usable park and common open space use, shall 1154 not be included. Density credits within rural settlements. For any area 1156 designated 1/1 within a rural settlement, an applicant may opt 1158 to apply for a density credit subject to the following: a. The developer may offer to dedicate land within Orange County for a specified public purpose, including, but not 1160 limited to, parks, schools, fire stations, and utility plants. Acceptance of such offers shall be subject to the 1162 discretion of the board of county commissioners. b. If the offer of dedication is accepted, the developer shall 1164 transfer the density from the dedicated property to the development plus a sixty (60) percent credit from the 1166 property being dedicated. The allowable density on the property being dedicated shall be the same as the 1168 property being developed. 1170 c. The applicant may opt to pay into the Orange County Parks and Recreation Department Parks fund in lieu of dedication of the property. The payment in lieu of 1172 dedication shall be equal to the market value of at least five (5) acres of unimproved, developable land in the 1174 subdivision. The applicant shall transfer the density for payment plus a sixty (60) percent density credit for the 1176 payment in lieu of dedication. The value of the payment in lieu of dedication shall be based upon a valid appraisal 1178 of the property as accepted and approved by the county. Such payment in lieu of dedication is subject to approval 1180 by the parks and recreation department and the board of county commissioners. 1182 Sec. 39-36. **Communication towers in planned** developments. 1184 A communication tower within a planned development shall comply with the standards and performance criteria set forth in 1186 chapter 40, article 4, division 6 and the criteria set forth in subsections (b) and (c) below. 1188 (b) A communication tower may be permitted as part of the land use plan, provided that: (1) the area designated for the 1190 communication tower is specifically designated on the land use plan and (2) the communication tower has a distance separation 1192 consistent with chapter 40, article 4, division 6, pertaining to communication tower separation from off-site uses/designated areas 1194

including existing or planned residential or nonresidential 1196 properties. A communication tower which has not been previously identified as a permitted land use on the land use plan shall be a 1198 substantial change pursuant to chapter 40, article 4, division 6. (d) A communications tower located within a planned 1200 development shall be processed pursuant to the PD approval process and as described in subsections (a), (b) and (c) above. If any standard 1202 of chapter 40, article 4, division 6 cannot be met, the applicant must request a waiver. The DRC shall review the waiver request and 1204 make a recommendation to the board of county commissioners. The following planned development guidelines shall serve as site 1206 development standards for planned developments 1208 specifically waived by the planning and zoning commission. They are intended to complement applicable provisions of chapter 34 (pertaining to subdivisions). 1210 Secs. 39-37 – 39-50. Reserved. ARTICLE III. SITE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR 1212 RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS Sec. 39-51. General Provisions. 1214 (a) For purposes of this division, residential developments include single-family detached, duplexes, single-family attached 1216 (townhomes), and multi-family developments. Vertically integrated mixed-use developments, in which nonresidential units are located 1218 on the ground floor, with multifamily units above, shall also be considered residential development for purposes of this division. 1220 (b) Development standards listed in this section shall be the applicable standards utilized for all residential development, unless 1222 otherwise specified in the code. 1224 (c) The applicant shall propose the maximum residential density, type of development, maximum height limitations, minimum lot size, setbacks, and living area. Different types of 1226 residential developments may be intermixed as long as adopted residential densities are consistent with the comprehensive plan and 1228 future land use map. The criteria for establishing the type of residential 1230 development shall include: Compatibility with other zoning districts in the vicinity of 1232 subject property and with adopted densities in the county

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comprehensive policy plan and future land use map;

1236	(2) The preservation of natural features and environmental assets of the site; and
1238	(3) The adequacy of public roads, utilities, public services and facilities required to serve the development.
1240 1242	(e) Townhouse developments shall comply with the requirements for townhomes in the T4.2 transect, as outlined in chapter 40, articles 3, 4, and 5, in addition to the standards set forth in this article.
1244 1246	(f) Multi-family developments in the I-Drive Activity Center and US 192 Growth Center shall comply with the development standards listed in Chapter 38, Division 4, Subdivision II-Tourist Commercial, however they shall provide recreation facilities as required in Section 39-53.
1248	Sec. 39-52. Open space and lot coverage.
1250	(a) Open space shall be provided per the requirements of section 39-34.
	(b) Lot coverage shall meet the following requirements:
1252	(1) Multi-family: Maximum impervious coverage may not exceed seventy (70) percent of the net land area.
1254 1256	(2) Single-family attached and duplex: Impervious coverage for individual lots within a subdivision shall not exceed eighty (80) of the land area of the lot.
1258	(3) Single-family detached: Impervious coverage for individual lots within a subdivision shall not exceed seventy-five (75) percent of the land area of the lot.
1260	Sec. 39-53. Recreation facilities.
1262	(a) Recreation areas in the form of usable land shall be provided to serve the variety of needs for age groups included in the resident populations of the project.
1264	(b) Both active and passive recreation areas shall be provided at
1266	a combined ratio of two and five-tenths (2.5) acres per one thousand (1,000) projected population. Population shall be calculated on the basis of three and one-tenth (3.1) persons per single-family unit and
1268	two and one-tenth (2.1) persons per multifamily unit, and two and one-tenth (2.1) persons per unit for student housing developments
1270	(regardless of the number of bedrooms). The required active and passive recreational areas shall be provided in equal amounts fifty
1272	(50) percent of each type. The following requirements shall govern when designing these areas:

(1) Active recreation. Typical facilities include playgrounds, 1274 athletic fields (improved with Bermuda grass), various types of courts (tennis, basketball, racquetball), swimming pools, 1276 exercise trails (with a minimum of one exercise station, plus one additional station for every six-hundred (600) feet), 1278 clubhouses, or other similar uses as determined by the zoning manager. 1280 Passive recreation. Typical facilities include picnic areas, benches and seating, boat docks, dog parks, and trails, or 1282 similar uses as determined by the zoning manager. For both required passive or active recreation where walking 1284 or other paths are provided, mulch or other degradable surface material is prohibited. 1286 The zoning manager is authorized to grant deviations from this subsection (b) where its application to a specific site would result in 1288 practical difficulty or a physical hardship affecting the use of the property. Where a substantial deviation from this subsection is 1290 proposed or the zoning manager determines that the deviation does not further the intent and purpose of this subsection, the 1292 Development Review Committee may consider an appeal from the zoning manager's determination. 1294 (c) All recreation areas should be easily accessible by all residents of the community and include, where appropriate, 1296 sidewalk/bike path facilities, as well as parking areas for both motor vehicles and bicycles. Attention should be given to screening and 1298 buffering light and noise from adjacent residents. 1300 (d) All land shown on a development plan or subdivision plan as common open space or, private recreational areas and facilities shall be subject to covenants and restrictions which ensure the 1302 payment of future taxes and the maintenance of areas and facilities for a safe, healthful and attractive living environment, when 1304 applicable. Sec. 39-54. Setbacks and building heights. 1306 (a) Setbacks from PD boundaries, lakes, and internal and external rights-of-way for all types of residential development shall 1308 be as follows: (1) PD Boundary: Twenty-five (25) feet. 1310 Functionally Classified Road: Twenty-five (25) feet (measured from abutting property line). 1312 All other existing street rights-of-way: Twenty (20) feet (measured from abutting property line). 1314

(4) Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) measured from the contour line: fifty (50) feet. 1316 Setbacks for individual lots within a single-family detached or duplex residential development shall be proposed by the 1318 applicant. Setbacks for individual lots within a single-family 1320 attached (townhouse) residential development shall comply with the standards in the T4.2 transect in chapter 40, article 3. 1322 Setbacks for multi-family developments shall be as follows: (1) Front yard setback: Twenty-five (25) feet. (2) Side yard setback: Ten (10) feet. 1324 Rear yard setback: Twenty-five (25) feet. (3) Abutting single family district or use: Twenty-five (25) feet. 1326 (4) Multi-family development shall also comply with the requirements of section 39-58, where applicable. 1328 (d) Maximum building height for residential development shall be as follows: 1330 Single-family dwellings: Thirty five (35) feet. (1) Multi-family buildings: Forty (40) feet, except thirty-five 1332 (35) feet within one hundred (100) feet of any single-family 1334 residential use or district. Sec. 39-55. Landscaping. Landscaping shall be provided per the landscape requirements of 1336 chapter 40, article 3, and chapter 15 (tree protection and removal). Solid waste storage areas. Sec. 39-56. 1338 Solid waste storage areas, such as dumpster enclosures and trash compactors, within multi-family developments shall comply with 1340 section 39-72(a)(7). Sec. 39-57. Notification. 1342 Subject to subsection (b) below, these notification criteria establish minimum requirements for providing notice to any person 1344 who is the first-time purchaser of a lot or single-family home in a PD project where the PD Land Use Plan includes a multi-family 1346 land use. For purposes of these criteria, a "person" is defined to mean any 1348 natural person or legal entity other than a residential building contractor licensed in the State of Florida. Additionally, any 1350 reference to "lot" herein shall be deemed to mean a platted, single

family lot with or without a dwelling unit constructed thereon.

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- The party responsible for providing notice is the party who conveys title to the lot/home to the first time purchaser. The notice shall be printed in all capital letters and in bold print and placed immediately above the signature line in the contract for the person contracting to purchase the lot/home. Such notice shall inform the reader that the PD approval includes multi-family land use, and that a copy of the PD Land Use Plan showing the location of the multi-family development is attached to the contract and can be reviewed at the Orange County Planning Division or Zoning Division. The party conveying the lot/home shall be responsible for attaching to the contract as an exhibit a copy of the current PD Land Use Plan for the PD project which clearly identifies the location of both the portion of the PD project where the lot is situated and the portion where the multi-family land use has been approved.
- (2) The party who prepares the declaration of covenants and restrictions for the entire PD project and for any single-family development located therein shall be responsible for including a provision stating that the PD approval includes multi-family land use.
- (3) A weather durable sign shall be posted as provided below stating that it is a multi-family site and indicating the total number of multi-family units proposed. Such a sign shall be at least sixteen (16) square feet in size setting forth the copy in capital letters and bold print. The sign shall be posted along the right-of-way frontage within a distance such that the copy is visible and clearly legible from the paved portion of the right-of-way. The sign shall be posted prior to the platting of any single family residential tracts within the PD project. The owner of the multi-family tract shall maintain the sign until the multi-family tract is developed. Another such sign meeting the foregoing criteria shall be posted along any common boundary between a multi-family tract and single family tract in a PD.
- (4) The up-to-date PD Land Use Plan shall also be conspicuously displayed at the sales center, if any.
- (b) The notice requirements of subsection (a) above apply only with respect to the following:
  - (1) PD projects approved by Orange County after April 11, 2000; and
  - (2) All platted single-family lots where a change determination or Land Use Plan amendment for multi-family use is approved for a PD project after April 11, 2000.

- (c) Substantial compliance with the notice requirements contained in subsection (a) above shall be deemed acceptable.
- (d) Orange County is not responsible or liable to any person for ensuring that parties responsible for satisfying these notice criteria substantially comply with these notice criteria.

# Sec. 39-58. Multi-family development.

A multi-family development in a PD shall satisfy the following criteria, except that, in the event of a conflict in height requirements between this section and any other section in chapter 39, such other section shall control:

- (1) Multi-family buildings located within one hundred (100) feet of single-family zoned property, as measured from the proposed multi-family building to the nearest property line of the single-family zoned property, shall be restricted to single story in height.
- (2) Multi-family buildings located more than one hundred (100) feet from single-family zoned property shall not exceed three (3) stories or (forty (40) feet) in height.
- (3) Parking and other paved areas for multi-family development shall be located at least twenty-five (25) feet from any single-family zoned property. A twenty-five-foot landscape buffer shall be provided consistent with landscape buffer requirements, as set forth in chapter 40, article 3.
- (4) A six-foot high masonry, brick, or block wall shall be constructed, wherever a multi-family development is located adjacent to single-family zoned property. The wall height shall be measured from the finished elevation of the side of the wall which is highest. If a right-of-way is located between the multi-family development and the single-family zoned property, such a wall is not required. However, if a fence or wall is provided between the right-of-way and multifamily property, then pedestrian access points shall be required providing access to public rights-of-way required at least every five hundred (500) linear feet or where appropriate as directed by the county. Pedestrian access points are encouraged to be located near open space and stormwater ponds and may be included in calculations of required open space.
- (5) A multi-family development located adjacent to a right-ofway shall be landscaped, and may be fenced, whenever single-family zoned property is located across the right-ofway. However, the opacity of such fencing shall be limited to fifty (50) percent by utilizing fencing materials such as

- 1440 shall be prohibited. 1442 of-way serving 1444 permitted. 1446 1448 1450 1452 1454 Sec. 39-59. 1456 1458 1460 1462 1464 1466 1468 1470 1472 1474 1476 1478 1480 1482
  - aluminum picket or something similar. Chain link fences
  - A multi-family development may directly access any rightplatted single-family residential development from one access point of the multi-family development. Access to collector and arterial roads shall be
  - Recreation areas with associated bicycle parking shall be provided within a multi-family development to serve the needs of the residents of the multi-family buildings in accordance with section 39-53. The recreation areas shall be located internally away from any single-family zoned property. The multi-family residential population shall not be included in the calculation for determining the recreation requirements for the balance of the PD.

## Student housing.

Student housing developments shall comply with the development standards for multi-family developments, including recreation facility requirements, and the multi-family compatibility standards in Section 39-58. In addition, the following requirements for new development and additions or expansions to existing development of student housing shall also apply:

- A student housing development plan shall require approval through a public hearing before the board of county commissioners. Prior to the public hearing, a community meeting shall be held.
- A student housing development shall maintain a minimum distance separation of four hundred (400) feet from any single-family zoned property as measured from the property line of the proposed student housing development to the nearest property line of the single-family zoned property.
- A student housing complex, including a multi-phase complex, shall contain not more than seven hundred and fifty (750) total bedrooms.
- The development plan for all student housing projects shall include a mobility plan submitted to the transportation planning division and a community/site design plan for crime prevention through environmental controls submitted to the planning division that is consistent with the Crime Prevention through Environmental Design ("CPTED") Manual used by the International CPTED Association and Florida CPTED Network. The student housing mobility plan shall describe and depict pedestrian and bicycle systems and

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facility needs consistent with this section, transit service and facility needs, university and county coordination measures that will be implemented by the developer to manage transportation demand and promote pedestrian and bicycle safety, and designation of appropriate space within the development for carsharing, bikesharing, and electric car charging stations, as they may be implemented within the university area. The student housing mobility plan also shall describe and depict the pedestrian and bicycle safety features cross-sections, marked and stamped crosswalks, safety beacons, traffic signal modifications, pedestrian-scale lighting, and other pedestrian and bicycle safety features (with associated funding and maintenance responsibilities) that will be provided and are needed (and warranted, as applicable) to ensure safe pedestrian and bicycle access to adjacent land uses and across major roadways to commercial land uses and transit facilities. Improvements identified by the plans shall be constructed or implemented prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy and shall be consistent with the most recent editions of Florida Department of Transportation standards.

- (5) Pedestrian accommodations shall meet all requirements of Section 30-250.
- (6) Reasonable breaks in landscaping in parking areas shall be made to allow pedestrians and bicyclists access through parking areas to points of destination.
- Vehicle and bicycle parking spaces shall be provided as specified in chapter 40, article 3. Each carsharing space provided may replace at least one (1) required vehicle parking space, and additional reductions may be approved by the Zoning Manager based on the findings of the mobility plan. In addition to the short-term bicycle parking required under this section, long-term bicycle parking spaces that are indoors or otherwise protected from the weather and theft shall be provided at a rate of one (1) space per ten bedrooms and shall consist of bicycle racks in fenced areas with restricted access installed under roof, under stairwells, or in structured parking facilities. Bicycle parking spaces available inside of a clubhouse or common area, such as in a storage room with restricted access; in bicycle lockers; and/or in garages assigned to individual units can provide long-term parking consistent with this section.
- (8) If a student housing development is served by a university-affiliated shuttle or other transit option, one (1) or more transit shelters shall be depicted on the mobility plan and

1528	<u>.</u>	jacent to the development site to ridership from the development.
1530 1532	• •	on to determine consistency with the four (4) bedrooms shall count as one ing unit.
	ec. 39-60. Accessory str	
1534	Accessory structures for etached) and duplexes within	single-family residential (attached or n a Planned Development shall comply
1536	with the accessory structur hapter 40, article 3.	e standards for the T3.3 transect in
1538	ecs. 39-61 – 39-70. Reserv	ed.
1540		VELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR MERCIAL DEVELOPMENTS
	DIVISION 1. G	ENERAL PROVISIONS
1542	ec. 39-71. Categorization	on.
1544	* *	ticle, commercial development will be commercial or tourist commercial.
1546		shall refer to commercial development t feature to a residential or industrial community area.
1548		development shall refer to those ti-family developments located within
1550	the I-Drive Activity land use designation of	Center (those properties with a future of Tourist Activity Center), and US-192
1552	ec. 39-72. General com	tlined in the Comprehensive Plan.
4554		
1554	(a) General commercial ollowing restrictions:	development shall be subject to the
1556		aximum impervious coverage shall not percent of the net land area.
1558	(2) <i>Open space</i> . Open requirements of section	space shall be provided per the on 39-34.
1560	(3) Building setbacks. M follows:	linimum building setbacks shall be as
1562	a. Front and side str	eet yard setbacks: Thirty (30) feet.

1564		b. Side yard setback: Five (5) feet; however, where adjacent to a residential use a minimum twenty-five-foot setback shall be provided.
1566 1568		c. Rear yard setback: Ten (10) feet; however, where adjacent to a residential use a minimum twenty-five-foot setback shall be provided.
1570		d. Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) setback from the contour line: Fifty (50) feet.
		e. PD perimeter setback: Twenty-five (25) feet.
1572	(4)	Access management. All access cuts or driveways serving a commercial project shall meet all requirements of Section
1574		30-248.
1576	(5)	Height. The maximum height shall be fifty (50) feet, except thirty-five (35) feet within one hundred (100) feet of any residential use or residential district, in which case the
1578		maximum height shall be thirty-five (35) feet. The one hundred (100) foot distance shall be measured from the
1580		structure that exceeds thirty-five (35) feet to the property line of the parcel with residential uses/structures. A height
1582		greater than fifty (50) feet may be requested, provided the applicant can demonstrate that there will not be any
1584		detrimental impact to adjacent property.
1586	(6)	Architectural standards. The requirements of the ordinance relating to architectural standards and guidelines for commercial buildings, codified at chapter 40, article 3, shall
1588		be met.
1590	(7)	<i>Solid waste storage areas.</i> Solid waste refuse facilities shall be screened in accordance with chapter 40, article 3 and meet the following requirements:
1592		a. Shall have a minimum setback from all rights-of-way of thirty (30) feet.
1594		b. Shall not be located within any required buffer yard.
1596		c. Shall have a minimum side yard and rear yard setback of five (5) feet.
1598		d. Shall have a minimum setback of fifty (50) feet from the NHWE.

Secs. 39-73 – 39-85. Reserved.

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#### **DIVISION 2. TOURIST COMMERCIAL**

#### Sec. 39-86. Lot width.

The minimum width of a lot in a tourist commercial development shall be one hundred fifty (150) feet.

#### Sec. 39-87. Setbacks.

The following setback criteria shall apply to the location of buildings and pavement on the site of a tourist commercial development. The twenty-five-foot PD boundary setback established for general commercial districts shall not apply to tourist commercial districts.

- (1) Minimum building setback from rights-of-way: Thirty (30) feet.
- (2) Minimum side yard setback: Ten (10) feet unless adjacent to a road right-of-way, in which case the greater setback shall apply.
- (3) Minimum rear yard setback: Twenty (20) feet.
- (4) Minimum Normal High Water Elevation (NHWE) contour line setback: Fifty (50) feet.
- (5) *Paving setback*. The following setback standards shall be utilized to create buffer yard areas between paved areas and property lines:

Location	Setback (feet)
Right-of-way	25
Side lot line	7.5
Rear lot line	5
Normal High Water Elevation contour line	25

## Sec. 39-88. Access management.

- (a) All access cuts and driveways serving a commercial or residential site in a tourist commercial development shall meet all requirements of section 30-248.
- (b) These requirements shall apply unless more stringent criteria have been established during preparation of a specific plan for an area and approved by the county engineer.

#### Sec. 39-89. Parking.

(a) Parking facilities shall be provided for each phase or unit of development in a tourist commercial development in accordance with the standards established in chapter 40, article 3.

1632	(b) Major theme parks or attraction-type developments which experience holiday or special event parking demands may, subject
1634 1636	to the approval of the zoning manager, use unpaved parking areas to meet those demands, provided they meet all accessibility requirements of the most recent editions of applicable federal and state standards as adopted
1638	Sec. 39-90. Open space and lot coverage.
1640	(a) Open space shall be provided in each tourist commercial development per the requirements of section 39-34.
1642	(b) Lot coverage: The maximum impervious area shall not exceed seventy (70) percent of the net land area of the parcel.
	Sec. 39-91. Landscaping.
1644	(a) <i>Generally</i> . Landscaping shall comply with the landscape requirements of chapter 40, article 3.
1646	(b) <i>Plant material specifications</i> . The following specifications shall be utilized for all landscape materials on the project site:
1648 1650	(1) The quality of plant materials used shall meet or exceed "Grade I," as established in "Grades and Standards for Nursery Plants," State of Florida, Department of
	Agriculture, Tallahassee, Florida, and amendments thereto.
1652	(2) All plant materials must be suitable to central Florida climate and soil conditions.
1654	(c) <i>Trees</i> . A minimum of fifty (50) percent of the required trees adjacent to the right-of-way and within parking areas shall be shade
1656	trees. No more than twenty-five (25) percent of the required trees may be palms.
1658	(d) <i>Hedges</i> . Plant materials utilized to provide a continuous screen must be a minimum of thirty (30) inches high upon planting,
1660	with a maximum spacing of two and five-tenths (2.5) feet on center. All plant materials must be capable of attaining at least seventy-five
1662	(75) percent opacity within twelve (12) months.
	Sec. 39-92. Service areas and utility fixtures.
1664	(a) Service areas shall be screened from abutting public right-of-way and abutting properties by a six-foot high maintenance-free
1666	masonry wall or a ten-foot high landscaped buffer. Landscaping shall be a minimum of thirty-six (36) inches in height upon planting
1668	and attain a height of forty-eight (48) inches within twelve (12) months with an opacity of seventy-five (75) percent.

(b) Utility fixtures shall be screened with dense vegetation or 1670 berms, or a combination of both, or located within a completely enclosed area. 1672 Sec. 39-93. Solid waste storage areas. Solid waste refuse facilities shall be screened in accordance with 1674 Sections 9-560 and 24-4(f) and meet the following requirements: Shall not be located in front of any principal structure. 1676 Shall not be located within any required landscape buffer. (2) Shall have a minimum side yard setback of seven and one-(3) 1678 half (7.5) feet. Shall have a minimum rear yard setback of five (5) feet. 1680 Shall have a minimum side street yard setback of thirty (30) 1682 (6) Shall have a minimum setback from the NHWE of fifty (50) 1684 Sec. 39-94. Screening walls. 1686 Masonry walls on side or rear property lines may be permitted, with a maximum height of six (6) feet. Walls on side property lines shall be no more than three and one-half (3.5) feet 1688 high when located within the front or side street yard setback. All other fencing shall comply with section 40-75, except 1690 that no fence shall exceed six (6) feet in height. Chain link fences shall be prohibited. Landscaping shall be provided in the form of 1692 hedge material or shrubs planted adjacent to all walls or fences equal 1694 to twenty-five (25) percent of its length. Sec. 39-95. Outdoor storage. Open storage of articles, goods or materials shall not be permitted 1696 unless totally screened from the public right-of-way and adjacent 1698 properties. Display areas shall not be visible from the public rightof-way or abutting properties. 1700 Sec. 39-96. Mechanical equipment. Mechanical equipment shall be subject to chapter 40, article 3. Sec. 39-97. Exterior lighting. 1702 Lighting devices for the illumination of the ground, driveways, walkways, signs, parking areas and building exteriors, shall be 1704 installed and maintained in such a manner as to confine direct rays 1706 to the premises and prevent direct rays and glare onto adjacent properties or rights-of-way.

1708	Sec. 39-98. Sidewalks.
1710 1712	Sidewalks shall be required along all rights-of-way (other than limited access highways) to provide for and encourage pedestrian and bicycle movement and shall meet all requirements of Section 30-250. The following additional criteria shall be utilized for the
1/12	installation of sidewalk facilities:
1714	(1) Arterial and collector roadways, minimum six (6) feet wide.
	(2) All other roadways, minimum five (5) feet wide.
1716	Sec. 39-99. Utilities.
1718	(a) All utility services including sewer, water, electrical, telephone and television shall be located underground. Site plans must indicate the nearest service source for the proposed
1720	development, as well as the effects on existing public systems or facilities resulting from the extension of new service, i.e., open cut.
1722	(b) Any equipment which cannot be located underground shall be adequately screened from view from any street or abutting
1724	property.
	Sec. 39-100. Height.
1726	The maximum height shall be sixty (60) feet, but thirty-five (35) feet within one hundred (100) feet of single-family residential uses.
1728 1730	For purposes of this section, vacant, undeveloped properties zoned T2, T3, and T4 and having a future land use designation of Tourist Activity Center shall not be considered a single family residential
1730	use. The maximum height shall be two hundred (200) feet for a hotel
1732	or time share, provided the applicant can demonstrate to the county that there will not be any adverse impact on adjacent development
1734	and the hotel or time share will not be located within three hundred (300) feet of any single-family residential.
1736	Secs. 39-101 – 39-125. Reserved.
	ARTICLE V. SITE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR
1738	INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENTS
	Sec. 39-126. Application.
1740	The provisions of this division shall apply to industrial developments.
1742	Sec. 39-127. Lot coverage.
1744	The maximum impervious surface coverage of any lot coming under this division shall not exceed seventy (70) percent.

## **Sec. 39-128. Open space.**

Open space shall be provided per the requirements of section 39-134.

#### Sec. 39-129. Setbacks.

The setback criteria established in the industrial zoning districts shall be utilized as guidelines for the planned development district. Variations to the buffer zones and setbacks distances may be proposed, provided that acceptable alternatives are incorporated to alleviate the potential negative impacts on adjacent parcels or properties.

#### Sec. 39-130. Performance standards.

Industrial developments shall comply with the performance standards as specified in section 40-60.

#### Secs. 39-131 – 39-140. Reserved.

# ARTICLE VI. MASTER SIGN PLANS FOR PLANNED DEVELOPMENTS

# Sec. 39-141. Master sign plans for planned developments.

Large Planned Developments are encouraged to have a master sign plan ("MSP"). In order to be eligible to submit an MSP, a PD shall be at least fifteen (15) developable acres in size and have at least one thousand (1,000) feet of right-of-way frontage, as that term is defined in chapter 40, article VI. The intent and purpose of an MSP is to provide an applicant with an opportunity to create attractive, aesthetic signage having uniform or cohesive design of color, texture, materials and architectural features that continue throughout the overall development. Absent an MSP, a planned development shall comply with all applicable signage requirements in this chapter.

An MSP shall be reviewed for internal consistency with the overall PD. Specifically, an MSP shall be incentivized by the following:

- (1) An MSP shall be reviewed by the DRC using applicable sign code criteria and standards as a baseline to determine, among other factors, overall copy area, number of signs, height, lighting, off-site locations, etc., while allowing for flexibility from strict adherence to those applicable sign regulations.
- (2) An MSP, or changes to an MSP, may be approved by the DRC, provided the overall signage is deemed substantially consistent with the thresholds described in subsection (1).

1784 1786	(3)	An MSP, or changes to an MSP, that are determined to materially exceed the thresholds described in subsection (1) shall require approval by the BCC.
1788	(4)	Waivers from signs prohibited under baseline sign code regulations shall not be permitted.
1790 1792	(5)	The planning and zoning managers may maked determinations when proposed changes to an approved MSF are consistent with the MSP and too minor or insignificant to warrant further DRC review. The provisions of this
1792		division shall apply to industrial developments.
1794	Secs. 3	39-142 – 39-150. Reserved.
1796	AR	TICLE VII. VILLAGE PLANNED DEVELOPMENT CODE
	Sec. 39	9-151. Intent and purpose.
1798	The	intent and purpose of this division are as follows:
1800	(1)	To implement the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification of the Orange County Comprehensive Plan, future land use element;
1802 1804	(2)	To ensure development in accordance with the Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map (referred to throughout this Division 8 as the "SPALUM") and Comprehensive Plan provisions related to any particular village.
1806	(3)	village; To promote the development of neighborhoods, villages and
1808	(3)	community centers that reflect the characteristics of a traditional southern town; where streets are convenient and
1810		pedestrian-friendly, and where parks, open space and civic facilities are a focus for public activity;
1812	(4)	To provide for development that has a variety of land uses and housing types in a compact integrated community
1814		pattern which creates opportunities for pedestrian, bike and transit use;
1816	(5)	To promote development that utilizes a neighborhood focus as a building block to provide a sense of place and community.
1818	(6)	community;  To provide a system of fully connected streets and paths
1820	(0)	which provide interesting routes and encourage pedestriar and bicycle use by being spatially defined by buildings.
1822		trees, and lighting;

- (7) To provide a system of public open space in the form of accessible squares, greens and parks whose frequent use is encouraged through placement and design;
- (8) To enhance the character of the neighborhoods through the use of building massing, building placement, materials and architectural features which create interesting spaces and pedestrian scaled street frontages.
- (9) To provide that these Village PD Code regulations shall be administered by the zoning division, except that any non-zoning aspects of these regulations shall be administered by the appropriate department or division.

# Sec. 39-152. Applicability.

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- (a) Except for those exemptions listed below, this village development code shall apply to all development occurring on lands within an adopted village as depicted on the Horizon West Special Planning Area and Village Boundary Map (Future Land Use Map Series FLUM 3).
  - Planned developments, approved prior to June 6, 1995, and located within an adopted village, and vested developments, which have received a vested rights certificate for consistency with the Comprehensive Plan in accordance with chapter 30, article XI, of this Code, are not subject to this village development code. Subject to compliance with other provisions of this Code, any amendments to such previously approved planned developments will not require a comprehensive plan amendment and shall be considered consistent as long as the densities do not exceed those depicted on the future land use map as of June 6, 1995. Until such time as a property has been rezoned in accordance with this village development code, and the property has met the adequate public facilities requirements of chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, all properties within the adopted village shall maintain the future land use designation existing prior to June 6, 1995. Development may proceed under the future land use and zoning designation existing prior to June 6, 1995; however, Orange County shall require that all such development which requires special exception, variance, or preliminary subdivision plan approval shall be evaluated on a case by case basis to determine the effects of the development in the approved village. Such developments may need to be clustered or designed in such a way as to not adversely impact the adopted village.

(2) Any planned development land use plan or preliminary subdivision plan approved prior to June 2, 2009, that is consistent with and located within an adopted village, shall have the option of complying with either the original approval or this division. The selection of which standard to comply with must be made by June 2, 2011; if no selection is made by that date, the applicant will be required to comply with their original approval. Once such selection is made, the development must meet all of the requirements of whichever standard is selected.

After June 2, 2011, property, owner (s) within an

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After June 2, 2011, property owner (s) within an undeveloped preliminary subdivision plan (PSP) or development plan (DP) located within a planned development that is subject to the requirements of chapter 38, article VIII, Division 8 as it existed prior to June 2, 2009 ("Original Village PD Code"), may elect to subject the PSP or DP to compliance with the requirements of chapter 38, article VIII, division 8 ("Village PD Code"), as it exists at the time the election is made. Such election shall be made through the PSP or DP submission and approval process, either by applying for a new PSP or DP, or by applying for a change to an existing PSP or DP, and shall be subject to approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing. Waivers to any development standard of chapter 38 may be granted by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing in conjunction with the approval for a PSP or DP, except as may be provided to the contrary in section 39-7 regarding changes to a PD land use plan. A revised PD land use plan (applicable to the specific PSP or DP) shall be submitted with the PSP or DP application. Notification of waiver requests prior to the public hearing shall be the same as that required for a substantial change to a PD land use plan, (e.g., including notice to owners of property within 300 feet of the perimeter of the land use plan). The election to comply with this Division may require a substantial change to the PD land use plan. Any related PD, PSP, or DP applications may also be considered by the board of county commissioners at the same public hearing; however, the effective date of an approved PSP or DP shall be subject to the applicable PD appeal period. Once the election has been made and the property has become subject to this Division by the PSP or DP submission and approval process, and has been approved at a board of county commissioners public hearing, the election is final.

Until such time as a property has been rezoned in accordance with the SPALUM and this village development code, and

the property has met the adequate public facilities (APF) requirements of chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, all properties within the adopted village shall maintain the future land use designation existing prior to June 2, 2009. Development may proceed under the future land use and zoning designation existing prior to June 2, 2011; however, Orange County shall require that all such development which requires special exception, variance, or preliminary subdivision plan approval shall be evaluated on a case by case basis to determine the effects of the development in the approved village. Such developments may need to be clustered or designed in such a way as to not adversely impact other areas within the adopted village.

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All other proposed development shall be processed as a village planned development in accordance with this division.

This village development code shall complement all applicable laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, including the guidelines and standards for planned developments. In case of conflict with this village development code and article II, chapter 18 (the Fire Prevention Code), the fire prevention code shall govern and control. However, to the extent this village development code may conflict with or may not be consistent with other applicable laws, ordinances, rules or regulations, including the guidelines and standards for planned developments, this village development code shall govern and control (and waivers from chapter 38, articles VII and VIII shall not be required for those provisions in conflict with the village P-D code). For the purposes of this village development code, the words "shall" or "must" are mandatory; the word "should" is directive but not necessarily mandatory; the word "may" is permissive. The word "includes" shall not limit a term to the specific examples, but is intended to extend its meaning to all other instances and circumstances of like kind or character. For purposes of comprehensive plan and Village Code consistency, the planning manager or his/her designee shall review architectural and/or project design content and guidelines.

# Sec. 39-153. General development guidelines and standards.

(a) Consistency with the Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map (SPALUM). The Horizon West SPALUM establishes the land uses for all property within any particular village and establishes the public facilities lands required by each neighborhood and the village center. Development within any specific neighborhood may be initiated only when the adequate public facilities requirements in accordance with chapter 30, article

XIV, division 2, have been met. Any proposed amendments to the land uses as established by a Planned Development / Land Use Plan (PD/LUP) are subject to the following conditions:

- (1) Any amendment to a village PD/LUP shall be subject to approval by the board of county commissioners in accordance with this division and Future Land Use Element Policy 4.1.9. Waivers from the general development guidelines and standards within this division may also be considered and approved at a public hearing before the board of county commissioners at the time of preliminary subdivision plan or development plan, and processed as a non-substantial change to the PD/LUP.
- (2) The proposed amendment shall be consistent with all applicable requirements of the village land use classification of the comprehensive plan, future land use element.
- (3) Except as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 3, of this Code (transfer of development rights), the proposed amendment shall not change the proposed density for any particular neighborhood.
- (4) The proposed amendment shall not preclude the provision of any adequate public facilities, as identified on the Horizon West SPALUM.
- (5) Public school sites must be consistent with the size and locations described in the Comprehensive Plan or as designated on the Horizon West SPALUM. Alternative school site locations and configurations may be considered through the planned development rezoning, land use plan amendment or change determination process, provided they are consistent with the provisions of Future Land Use Element Policy FLU4.1.5 and FLU4.2.1 of the comprehensive plan.
- (b) Developable land area shall be defined as the total gross land area less natural surface waterbodies and designated conservation areas (wetland areas). Net developable land area is defined as developable land area less land for adequate public facilities (as defined in section 30-710), public open space, upland greenbelts, and stormwater facilities. The required density of each district within the village shall be a minimum average based on the net developable land area.
- (c) Village upland greenbelt. In accordance with Future Land Use Element Policy FLU4.5.1, a village upland greenbelt area has been provided consistent with requirements of the village land use classification of the comprehensive plan, future land use element.

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Transfer of development rights may be applied to property designated as the village upland greenbelt in accordance with chapter 30, article XIV, division 3, of this Code. Development within the upland greenbelt area shall be limited to a density of one (1) residential dwelling unit per ten (10) acres and may include road crossings, parks, golf courses, stormwater management areas and passive recreational uses such as bike/pedestrian and equestrian trails, and, to a limited extent, communication towers. In order to accomplish the purpose of the upland greenbelt, residential development may be clustered at an overall gross density of one (1) unit per ten (10) acres on lots no smaller than one-fourth (1/4) acre, subject to the requirements of chapter 37, article XVII, of this Code regarding individual on-site sewage disposal. Areas for such clustering or development of communication towers shall only be permitted on upland areas within the upland greenbelt subject to dedication of development rights for the balance of the property and rezoning to planned development. Development rights shall be dedicated to Orange County at the time of platting. Dedication of the development rights will limit the use of the property to agriculture as permitted in the county T2.2 transect. A twenty-five (25) foot setback at the village perimeter is required for any PD located along the perimeter of a village except where the boundary of the PD is adjacent to a village greenbelt in which case no setback shall be required.

- (d) Village civic association. Each village may establish a civic association for the purpose of promoting civic pride and community events within the village. The Village Civic Association shall be authorized to charge reasonable fees for participation in community events and to raise funds from community activities. Each residential community association or other property owners' association that is established in the village should be a member of the Village Civic Association. Each residential community association or other property owners' association should designate a delegate to the Village Civic Association. The Village Civic Association is not intended to have any regulatory authority or architectural review authority over land uses within the village.
- (e) *Utilities*. All development parcels within each village shall connect to Orange County's central water, wastewater and reclaimed water facilities. The County may require all participating property owners within a village to sign a private agreement addressing their proportionate share of funds for the costs of all off-site and on-site master utilities, sized to the full village needs. The agreement may be required prior to or concurrent with the approval of the village or as part of a planned development zoning.

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- (f) Compatibility with the surrounding area. Each development shall be designed to consider compatibility with the surrounding area and consistency with the densities and intensities outlined in the Comprehensive Plan. In addition, the preliminary subdivision plan or development plan for any village planned development which abuts an existing subdivision that is not zoned Village PD or is outside an adopted village boundary, or is located across a water body from an existing subdivision may include measures to ensure compatibility including one (1) or more of the following:
  - (1) Comparable living area and/or lot widths with the existing subdivision; or
  - (2) Open space, retention facilities, conservation areas, buffering, or an expanded village upland greenbelt to serve as a separation from the existing and proposed development; or
  - (3) Other compatibility measures as deemed appropriate by the board of county commissioners.
- Reclaimed water. All village planned developments shall install reclaimed water lines in such a manner as to provide service to each property of the development. The distribution mains shall be extended across the total property frontage to facilitate future extensions to other developments. The distribution system shall be installed at the time of development along with the water and wastewater systems. The system shall be designed and sealed by an engineer registered in the state in accordance with regulations of the county and the state department of environmental protection. Costs for the installation of such reclaimed water system shall be borne by the owner and/or developer. Application for a development shall include, where practical, a plan to take back reclaimed water in the same quantity as wastewater is produced. The reclaimed water distribution system for all village planned developments shall connect or cause to be connected with the village SAP reclaimed water distribution system. All irrigation connections to the reclaimed water system, within a village planned development, shall be made in accordance with polices and regulations of the county. If reclaimed water is not available at the time of development, the reclaimed water distribution system shall be installed as a "dry-line" system. At such time that reclaimed water is made available, all existing irrigation connected to the existing potable water system shall be terminated and re-connected to the reclaimed distribution system.
- (h) *Streets*. Standards for the streets within any particular village shall be consistent with the intent of Future Land Use Element Objective FLU4.3 and its underlying policies.

2086 Street type and pattern. Consistent with Future Land Use Element Policy FLU4.3.1 each village shall be designed with a transportation network that encourages connectivity 2088 between internal land uses and allow connection of major streets to existing or planned streets outside the village. The 2090 location of streets and primary access locations shall be identified on the PD/LUP. Precise locations of internal 2092 streets shall be determined in conjunction with the approvals of the preliminary subdivision plans/development plans for 2094 each village planned development. 2096 All streets, alleys, and pedestrian pathways shall connect to other streets within the village and to existing or planned streets outside the village and shall include roadway 2098 connections that are in compliance with all accessibility requirements of currently-adopted editions of federal and 2100 state standards. Culs-de-s, T-turnarounds, or dead-end streets are not permitted unless otherwise approved by the 2102 county or where their use is in connection with preserving wetlands, specimen trees, or ecologically significant 2104 vegetative communities. To encourage the development of connected and integrated communities within each 2106 neighborhood and village center, the twenty-five (25) foot setback on the perimeter of the PD is not required for those 2108 PDs that are internal to a neighborhood or village center. The twenty-five (25) foot setback is required for only that portion 2110 of the perimeter of the PD that is located on a perimeter of a village. 2112 Each preliminary subdivision plan or development plan within a village shall provide for a circulation pattern of fully 2114 connected and integrated streets, bicycle and pedestrian facilities to reinforce the sense of community as required by 2116 the village classification policies. Alleys are required for any block containing lots with a 2118 width of fifty (50) feet or less, exclusive of corner lots. 2120 Subject to County review and approval, all alleys, shall be designed as a private easement (or tract) with a minimum twenty (20) feet of unobstructed and drivable width. All 2122 alleys shall be posted "no parking," and shall have a minimum turning radius which must be approved by the Fire 2124 Rescue Department. Street standards. All streets shall meet the following 2126 minimum standards: a. All streets (excluding alleys) shall have raised curbs 2128

(curbs at medians may be mountable);

<ul><li>2130</li><li>2132</li></ul>		b.	Minimum lane width shall be ten (10) feet (with a one-foot curb). Narrow lanes are encouraged; however, wider lanes may be appropriate in higher density residential areas where increased parking on the street is expected;
2134		c.	Where trees are planned, medians shall be a minimum of twelve (12) feet in width;
2136 2138		d.	Dedicated parallel parking spaces shall be a minimum of seven (7) feet in width, including gutter pan, and meet all applicable standards of Section 34-171;
2130		e.	Landscape strips between the curb and sidewalk shall be
2140			a minimum of six (6) feet in width. However, for a description of the required planter strip within the
2142			neighborhood and village commercial centers. (See sections 39-166 and 39-167.
2144		f.	Sidewalks shall be a minimum of five (5) feet in width and shall be on both sides of all streets. In Village
2146			Centers and Neighborhood Centers, sidewalks along the front of commercial buildings shall be a minimum of ten
2148			(10) feet in width to encourage safe pedestrian activity. (See sections 39-166 and 39-167 for a description of
2150			required sidewalk widths and utility easements within Neighborhood Center and Village Center districts.)
2152		g.	All streets, including pedestrian and bicycle facilities, that are or will become part of public rights-of-way shall
2154			meet the applicable standards of section 21-176, including accessibility requirements.
2156		h.	All streets shall meet the requirements of section 30-248 unless approved by the county engineer.
2158		i.	All streets shall have signage and pavement marking plans with details of installation consistent with Traffic
2160		1.6	Engineering Division specifications.
2162	(6)	strı	ws. Mews are designed to accommodate residential actures where the front façade faces a green space, park, square and where all vehicular access is provided from a
2164		rea	r alley that is designed to function as a roadway by
2166		accommodating emergency vehicle access and require public utilities. A mews green space, park, or square maccommodate a sidewalk, path, or trail, but not roa	
2168		Sul	oject to county review and approval, all rear alleys that we mews developments shall be recorded as a private
2170			ement (or tract) and meet the following standards:

a. Residential structures shall have a forty-two-foot-wide paved and unobstructed pedestrian access directly to 2172 each residential unit from the mews alley. b. For addressing purposes, mews alleys shall be assigned 2174 street names that are reviewed and approved by Orange 2176 County, with specific addressing located on both the front and rear of each residential unit or garage, as applicable. 2178 c. A durable key map of doorway locations with addresses for each attached residential unit shall be installed at a 2180 visible location on both ends of each mews alley accessing attached residential structure(s). 2182 d. All mews alleys shall be consistent with the design standards set forth in subsection 39-153(h)(4). 2184 e. Mews developments may only be considered and approved in neighborhoods where on-street parking is 2186 provided on adjacent streets or blocks. All required parking for each residential unit along a mews green 2188 space, park, or square, and where all vehicular access is limited to the rear alley, shall be provided on-site. 2190 Parking within the limits of the rear alley easement or

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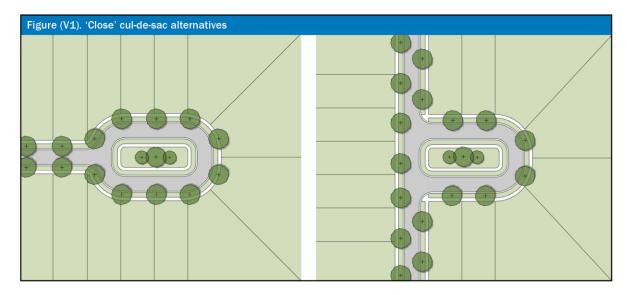
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(7) Close culs-de-sac. Where culs-de-sac are approved by the county as referenced in subsection 39-153(h)(2), they shall reflect a 'close' design that generally incorporates an elongated center island and typically features turf, seating, shade, and paved walkways. The roadway curbs along a close island must maintain emergency vehicle minimum curve and curb radii as well as a clear width between adjacent parked cars, and are subject to review and approval by the Fire Rescue Department (See Figure V1).

emergency vehicle access.

tract is prohibited to ensure safe and navigable



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- (i) Public open space and public tracts. In addition to the adequate public facilities (APF) parks shown on the Horizon West SPALUM, a minimum of seven and one-half (7.5) percent of the developable land area of any development project shall be permanently allocated to public open space tracts in the form of neighborhood parks, squares, mews, greens, or linear parks designed to augment the village pedestrian/bikeways system and designed to create a focal point for the neighborhood. These neighborhood parks and squares shall be distributed throughout all land use districts within the village. The distribution of neighborhood parks and squares should be generally proportionate to the number of dwelling units within each area of the development.
- Stormwater facilities. Stormwater facilities shall be designed (i) as an open space amenity in accordance with the design principles of this village development code. The design of stormwater facilities shall be in accordance with section 39-154 of this division and all other applicable codes, ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations. Aesthetically designed "curvilinear shaped" stormwater facilities when designed as an amenity with clustered or regularlyspaced shade trees, planted at no more than forty (40) feet on-center. as well as a combination of two (2) or more additional aesthetic features (e.g., park benches, trails, gazebos, trellises, fountains, decorative cement forms at the water edge to create reflecting pools, etc.) may be applied toward no more than fifty (50) percent of the seven and one-half (7.5) percent open space requirement. The aesthetic features mentioned above, except for turf, shall be installed outside of the storm water facility required maintenance area.
- (k) Natural water bodies. The design of any village planned development should consider natural water bodies as a public amenity. The scenic values of natural water bodies may be enhanced

through appropriate design elements such as pedestrian access, waterfront parks and public street frontage. Public access to such waterbodies and use of motorized watercraft may be restricted as part of a planned development, preliminary subdivision plan, or development plan approval.

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- (l) Block Pattern. A land use plan shall include a graphically depicted conceptual block layout for a typical single block showing the location, size, and layout of residential, non-residential, and mixed use developments. Subsequent preliminary subdivision and development plans shall be generally consistent with the conceptual block layout.
- (m) Screening. Ground-level mechanical equipment, outdoor storage areas and service areas, except those associated with single-family detached units, shall be screened by a one hundred (100) percent opaque buffer. Dumpsters or other refuse areas shall be screened by one hundred (100) percent opaque buffering, including a six-foot masonry wall with gate, and landscaping with shrubs or vines around the entire walled area. The wall shall be designed with similar architectural features as the principle structure and the gate shall be opaque.
- (n) Communication Towers. All communication towers shall comply with the requirements of chapter 40, article 4, division 6 except that chain link fencing and opaque wall systems are prohibited. Decorative or ornamental metal fencing allowing transparency, with the exposed picket points for security, may be used around the base. Barbed wire, if any, should be on the interior side of the fence. Landscaping requirement may not be waived where adjacent to lands that may be developed or visible from a public right-of-way. In order to further the intent of section 40-183(f), camouflage facilities for communication towers shall, when practicable, include architectural elements in building structures, such as church steeples, clock towers, bell towers, chimneys, rooftop cupolas, or flagpoles. Communication towers may be a permitted use in areas designated as APF parks and schools; and Office, Neighborhood Center and Village Center Districts on the Horizon West SPALUM, and provided the PD/LUP identifies such towers as a permitted use. Communication towers may also be permitted in areas designated Upland Greenbelt when a minimum twenty-foot fee simple access between the tower and a dedicated public paved street is maintained, and when the tower is located on developable uplands. Communication towers shall be prohibited in all other residential districts, wetlands (conservation areas), wetland upland buffers, designated wildlife corridors, and sites critical for Floridan Aquifer protection.

## Sec. 39-154. Aquifer recharge.

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The data and analysis provided in support of the village land use classification amendment adopted by Orange County in June 1995 found that the area designated by the village land use classification on the future land use map of Orange County contains high recharge areas. Subsequent studies have shown that the existing stormwater management requirements for high recharge areas in the county provide an appropriate measure of protection for both water quality and water quantity. In addition, on December 19, 1996, the board of county commissioners adopted a high-water recharge protection tax assessment program, implementing the provisions of the Henry Swanson-Bruce McEwan Bluebelt Act of 1996, for protection of this vital natural resource (Ordinance No. 96-38). This ordinance provides tax incentives for maintaining high recharge properties in a natural state. In addition to these requirements, the following measures are provided:

- (1) Water quality. In accordance with Future Land Use Element Policy FLU4.2.1, and subsection 39-153(e) of this division, all village planned developments shall be required to hookup to central sewer service. In addition, the village classification limits high risk land uses, such as heavy industrial and those uses which store chemicals requiring technical containment, except those uses otherwise allowed in the neighborhood center or village center.
- Water quantity. In accordance with subsection 39-153(e) of this division, all village planned developments shall be required to connect to a reclaimed water system which will increase water recharge. In addition, with the adoption of a village, the soils types for all land within the village boundary as identified by the Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly the U.S.D.A. Conservation Service) shall be identified. In accordance with chapter 34, article VII, division 2, subdivision regulations, if the site contains hydrologic soil group type "A" retention of the total runoff generated by a twenty-five-year frequency, twenty-four-hour duration from the development site will be required. Where there is no positive outfall, retention of the total runoff generated by a one-hundred-year frequency, twenty-four-hour duration storm event development site will be required. A detailed soils report prepared by a geotechnical engineer shall be submitted to the county engineer for review prior to the development of final drainage plans for the site. The report shall contain recommendations as to the method of providing recharge on the site.

### Sec. 39-155. General residential development standards.

(a) *Density*. Density is calculated by dividing the total number of units by the developable land area. Net density is calculated by dividing the total number of units by the net developable land area. Regardless of the applicable Village PD Code, accessory dwelling units shall not be included in density calculations.

The net density required by the land use designation may be increased or decreased provided that an equivalent number of units (transfer of development rights) have been purchased from uplands or wetlands (sending areas) in the designated upland greenbelt and wetland areas within the village in accordance with the provisions of chapter 30, article XIV, division 3, transfer of development rights (TDRs), and provided that the resulting overall net density within the village is consistent with Future Land Use Element Policy FLU4.1.4. All TDR sending and receiving areas shall be identified on the affected PD/LUP. If proposed, all wetlands and upland greenbelts may be designated as TDR sending areas and all development parcels may be designed as receiving areas. Development rights from sending areas located beyond the boundary of the receiving area PD but within the same village, must be transferred through an executed agreement approved by the County prior to or concurrent with approval of the new or amended PD/LUP and must be consistent with the TDR Ordinance (chapter 30, article XIV, division 3). The internal transfer of density within a planned development may be approved without using TDRs pursuant to subsection 30-726(b)(2) and section 39-7, so long as the resulting net density of the affected planned development parcels is consistent with the ranges identified in section 30-727, and provided that the resulting density is consistent with the compatibility requirement of this code and the comprehensive plan. The density within a parcel shall be established with the initial PD/LUP and subsequent modifications to the established density shall be subject to the PD change determination process.

(b) Blocks.

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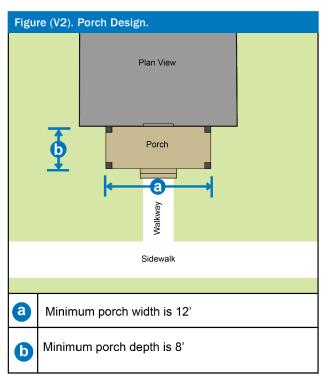
- (1) Residential blocks shall be the area defined as one (1) block length by two (2) lot depths. A residential block is defined as a block length by one (1) lot depth when said block backs up to the perimeter of a property or another use.
- (2) Block depth. A prototypical block of two hundred forty (240) feet in depth where alleys are required and two hundred twenty (220) feet without alleys shall be utilized for all attached and detached single-family residential development within the village limits. Block depth requirements may only be reduced where the dimensions cannot be accommodated

2368 2370 2372 fronts are oriented to that same street. 2374 follows: 2376 2378 2380 mews, and excluding alleys. 2382 2384 2386 mews, and excluding alleys. 2388 c. Any blocks greater than one thousand nine hundred and 2390 2392 2394 2396 2398 2400 2402 significant vegetative 2404 perimeter calculation. (c) Landscaping of streets and alleys. 2406

- due to property ownership, natural features, or the need to accommodate other site planning provisions of this village development code. Any such alternatives to this standard shall be identified and approved through the preliminary subdivision plan or development plan review process.
- Block face. A block face shall be defined as the linear street frontage on one (1) side of a block length, where the lot
- Block size and length. Block size shall be required as
  - a. Blocks in and within one-fourth (1/4) mile of a designated Village Center or Neighborhood Center District shall have an average perimeter not to exceed one thousand three hundred twenty (1,320) feet, measured at the property/right-of-way line of surrounding streets or
  - b. Blocks beyond one-fourth (1/4) mile of a designated Village Center or Neighborhood Center District shall have an average perimeter not to exceed two thousand six hundred forty (2,640) feet, measured at the property/right-of-way line of surrounding streets or
  - eighty (1,980) feet in perimeter shall include a minimum fifteen-foot wide mid-block pedestrian passageway. Such passageways are defined as a narrow pedestrian tract (with limited vehicular access) that extends between residential lots and connects one (1) side of the block to the opposite side, or to an adjacent public open space tract. All mid-block pedestrian passageways shall be designed to include a minimum five-foot wide walkway constructed of concrete, stamped or textured concrete, or any other material as may be approved by the development engineering manager.
  - d. Blocks or block faces located along ecologically communities, topography limits the ability to meet the block standards described above, may be excluded from an average block
- Street trees shall be planted along both sides of all streets at an average maximum of forty (40) feet on center and shall be located in planter strips between the curb and sidewalks,

except as provided in the road cross-sections of an approved planned development. Planter strips shall be irrigated by the abutting property owner. Reclaimed water shall be utilized when available. Street trees shall be canopy trees chosen from the recommended stock list as established in section 15-283. All street trees shall be Florida Grade #1, and shall have a clear trunk of six (6) feet and a minimum caliper of three (3) inches at the time of planting.

- (2) A continuous hedge and canopy trees planted at an average of forty (40) feet on center shall be provided between alleys and open spaces or park tracts. Hedges and plantings along alleys shall not exceed six (6) feet in height or four (4) feet in height in conjunction with a fence or wall.
- (d) Front porch. For the purposes of this village development code, a front porch is defined as an un-air-conditioned, roofed, raised above grade structure which is attached to the front of the building. Porches may wrap around the sides of structures as well. The minimum dimension of a front porch shall not be less than eight (8) feet deep or less than twelve (12) feet wide. (See Figure V2.)



Front porches shall be required on fifty (50) percent of detached single-family lots of less than seventy-five (75) feet in width. Front porches that do not meet the minimum front porch size requirements shall not be considered in achieving this fifty (50) percent front porch requirement.

Attached single-family residences less than or equal to twenty (20) feet in width shall, at a minimum, provide covered stoops with columns which support a gabled or hipped roof structure. Alternative designs may be proposed but must be reviewed for consistency with architectural style.

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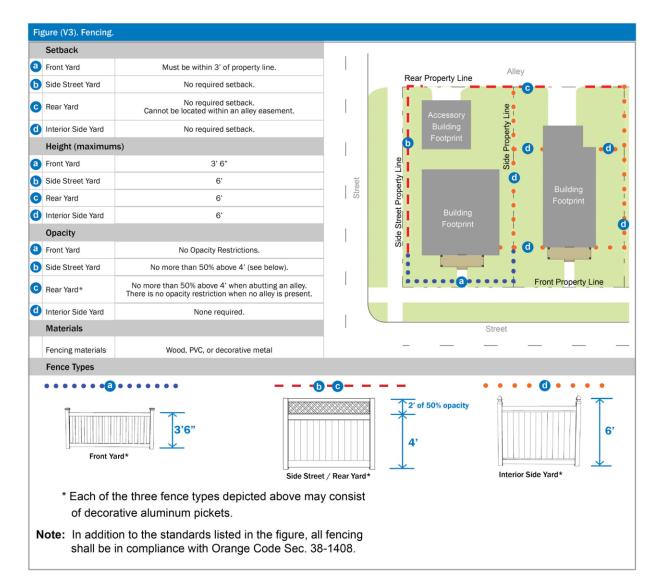
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Fences (See Figure V3). Fencing is permitted in the front yard within three (3) feet of the sidewalk to define the separation of public and private spaces. Such fencing shall be no higher than three (3) feet six (6) inches in height. Materials shall be limited to decorative metal, wood or PVC. Other fencing shall only be allowed consistent with section 40-75, except that chain link fencing is prohibited unless vinyl coated black and used in association with a tennis or other sports court or field. Fences or walls parallel to alleys, or fences along any street, shall not exceed six (6) feet in height and shall be no more than fifty (50) percent opaque above four (4) feet in height. The restriction on fence opacity shall not apply to any fencing or wall along, or parallel to, the rear lot line of front-loaded lots, (including those which may abut an alley in the rear, or any side yard fencing placed between the front and rear planes of a principal structure on an interior lot or on the interior side of a corner lot). In addition, rear yard fencing on rear-loaded lots that does not meet the opacity restriction but that received a permit from the county prior to April 30, 2016, shall be considered conforming under this Code.



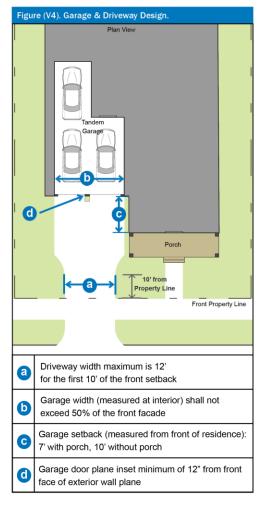
- (f) Village neighborhood character. The following requirements are intended to enhance the neighborhood character and create a pedestrian oriented environment within each village planned development. Modifications to these requirements may be permitted where alternative development practices will further the intent of providing diverse neighborhoods. Any such alternatives to these standards shall be identified and approved through the preliminary subdivision or development plan review process.
  - (1) The same front façade for single-family detached residential units shall not be repeated more than five (5) times within one (1) block face for both sides of any street and shall be separated by at least two (2) lots with different façades. To the greatest extent possible, houses with the same front façade should not be located across the street from each other. One (1) and two (2) story units should be intermixed

2476		the location of the drivew façade.
2478	(2)	Architectural styles and fl development and specia appearance and scale of
2480		House façades shall be visual interest to pedes
2482		Except for lot widths one façade of the main body
2484		(40) feet except for wings front façade. All lots w
2486		entrances that are visible shall have a pedestrian p
2488		entrance to the sidewalk. entrance shall be visible
2490		there shall be a pedestrian entrance to either the side
2492		following mechanisms shapedestrian scale neighbor
2494		character.
		a. Utilization of arcades
2496		b. Façades that are locat
2498		<ul> <li>Decorative porch raili porches;</li> </ul>
2500		d. Variations in color and on houses next to, or
2502		e. Hip, gable or gambre consistent with the are
2504		f. Design of vehicular a account the pedestr
2506		preference given to g
		g. Other similar archite
2508		covered entries, trim which enhance the str
2510		an appropriate massin
2512		h. Use of a variety of a Colonial, Florida Craftsman, etc.) and
2514		<ul><li>associated with these</li><li>i. Use of extended eave</li></ul>
		i. Ose of extended cave

in each block face. Front loaded units should randomly alter ay on the left and right sides of the

- loor plans shall vary throughout the l attention shall be given to the housing as it relates to the street. varied and articulated to provide trians along the street frontage. hundred (100) feet or greater, the of the house shall not exceed forty s or Ls which are setback from the vith alleys shall include primary and accessible from the street and oath or walkway from the primary For front-loaded lots, the primary and accessible from the street and path or walkway from the primary ewalk or driveway. In addition, the nould serve as a guide to ensure a rhood and enhanced neighborhood
  - , bays and balconies;
  - ed at the front setback line;
  - ing on the side and front of required
  - d avoiding the same principal color across from, each other;
  - el roofs, unless another roof type is chitectural style;
  - access and garages which take into ian scaled street frontage with garages located at the rear of the
  - ctural features such as balconies, details, shutters, and bay windows reet front appearance and promote ng and scale;
  - rchitectural styles (i.e., Victorian, Vernacular. Tudor. Mission. not only the use of minor details styles;
  - s;

2516		j. Use of multiple roof and porch planes;
2518		k. Variation in floor plan, entryway location and building placement on each block;
		l. Use of detached garages with porte-cochere;
2520		m. Use of window trim and/or shutters on sides of the unit; and
2522		n. Use of dormers with real window frames;
2524 2526		o. For garages accommodating three (3) vehicles or more, one (1) or more deeper bays allowing tandem parking, with one (1) vehicle behind the other, is preferred to vehicle bays which are side-by-side and face the street (See Figure V4).
2528		p. Mixing attached and detached garages on blocks that are alley-loaded.
2530		q. Side-street facing façade should be articulated with projections and recesses.
2532		r. Lots at the end of an alley should incorporate garages facing the internal side yard (J-loaded).
2534	(3)	The following components shall be required on all townhouse and detached single-family residential structures
2536		and lots, as applicable:
2538		a. First floor elevations with a minimum of three (3) steps above the finished grade of the sidewalk;
2540 2542		b. Articulation of side street facades for corner lots (i.e., repeat any window molding, muntins, shutters, expression lines, wainscot veneer - which appears on the front façade);
2544		c. For front-loaded and side-loaded lots, driveways shall not exceed twelve (12) feet in width as measured anywhere between the front property line and the first ten
2546		(10) feet from the front property line (See Figure V4).



- (g) Garages and garage doors. Unless otherwise indicated, the term "garage" shall mean the entirety of the garage, as measured within the interior width of the garage space (See Figure V4). Garages shall be constructed in accordance with the following standards:
  - (1) Rear alley access. Garage access must be provided by a rear alley where lots are fifty (50) feet or less in width, or where any lot abuts a rear alley easement (or tract) (See Figure V4). Garages with direct access from an alley shall be setback with a minimum of nine (9) feet from the edge of the alley easement (or tract) or shall provide an additional off-street parking space. When an additional off-street parking space is added, the garage shall be setback a minimum of three (3) feet from the edge of the alley easement (or tract).
  - (2) Front-loaded garage setbacks. Garage doors of front-loaded lots shall be recessed a minimum of ten (10) feet behind the nearest adjacent plane of the primary structure (See Figure V4). However, when a porch is provided in front of the

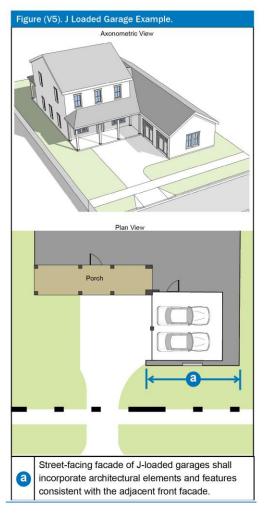
forward-most plane of the structure, which meets the minimum standards of subsection 39-155(d), the garage door setback behind the nearest adjacent plane of the primary structure may be decreased to seven (7) feet. In no case shall a front-loaded garage door be setback less than twenty (20) feet from the front property line.

- (3) Detached garages. Detached garages without access to a rear alley easement or tract, including garages with an accessory dwelling unit, shall be located a minimum of five (5) feet from side and rear property lines, and a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from side streets.
- (4) Front and side-loaded garages. The prominent appearance of garages shall be diminished and instead appear to be an extension of the home's living space. As such, front and side-loaded garages shall be located and detailed in accordance with the following:
  - a. All garage doors shall be recessed a minimum of twelve (12) inches from the front plane of the garage.
  - b. For double-car garages, two (2) single-wide garage doors are preferable to a double-wide door. Double-wide garage doors shall not exceed sixteen (16) feet in width. Double-wide (or wider) garage doors are not permitted to face the front street on front-loaded lots of less than sixty-five (65) feet in width. Side-facing double-wide garage doors are permitted on lots of any width (See Figure V5).
  - c. Where single garage doors are provided for multi-car garages, single-wide garage doors shall not exceed twelve (12) feet. Each entry shall be separated by a column or other visually substantial supporting vertical feature which is a minimum of sixteen (16) inches wide.
  - d. Garage doors shall either incorporate windows along the upper one-quarter (1/4) of the door or substantial architectural patterning shall be incorporated throughout the door plane including carriage style hinges and handles, and patterning which emulates two (2) smaller doors.
  - e. For interior lots sixty-five (65) feet wide or greater, and excluding any requirements of subsections 39-155(i)(3), (i)(4) and (i)(5), garages may be placed in front of the primary structure, but must be oriented toward either side yard and shall meet the setbacks for the primary structure. The street-facing façades of such garages shall

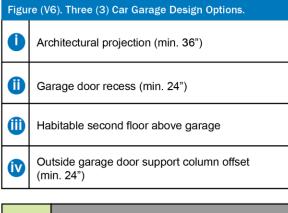
2610		be detailed and articulated the same as the primary structure, with particular attention to similar roof lines, roofing material, finish, gables, brackets, window
2612		patterns, molding, wainscot, etc. For lots over one hundred twenty (120) feet in width, the requirements of
2614		this subsection may be waived as part of the preliminary subdivision plan approval.
2616	f.	Side-street facing garages shall be setback a minimum of five (5) feet behind the side-street façade of the principal
2618		structure, with five (5) feet rear and side setbacks.
	g.	Garages and garage doors that do not meet the provisions
2620		of this section 39-155, but which received a building permit from the county and were constructed in
2622		accordance with the issued building permit prior to January 1, 2016, shall be considered conforming

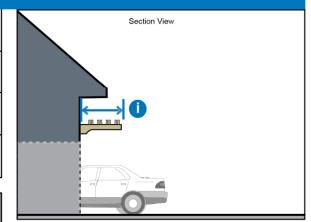
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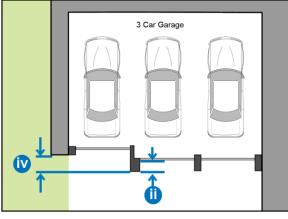
structures under this Code.



i. Three car-wide front-facing garages shall also incorporate at least one (1) or more of the following additional components (see Figure V6):









- 1. Individual architectural projections over each door (e.g., trellis or awning) which extend a minimum of thirty-six (36) inches from the overhead support of each door opening.
- 2. Garage doors recessed a minimum of twenty-four (24) inches from the front plane of the garage.
- 3. Structure must be two stories tall, and incorporate habitable second floor space immediately above the garage.
- 4. The outside garage door shall be set back a minimum of two (2) feet behind the front plane of the column which supports the adjacent door.
- (h) *Design guidelines*. Planned development land use plans and preliminary subdivision/development plans shall include documentation providing illustrative design guidelines representing these and other development standards that demonstrate how the development will achieve the general residential design standards contained herein. PD/LUP design guidelines should be general, with more detailed and very specific guidelines submitted with the preliminary subdivision plan or development plan. The detailed guidelines, required at the time of PSP or DP submittal, shall include

architectural elevations (drawn to scale) of all sides of all proposed townhouses, apartments, and detached single-family structures. One (1) complete set of architectural elevations (e.g. four (4) façades) shall be submitted only for each unique structure or "model."

These architectural elevations shall depict, and label, proposed architectural forms and trim including window molding and muntins, exposed rafter tails, columns, porches, railings, "water table" veneer, and shutters. All finished surface materials shall be labeled, and conceptual grade changes associated with entry sidewalks, steps, and porches, shall be delineated. Conceptual drawings and sketches which illustrate wall offsets, voids, projected molding and trim, awnings, porch depth, and overhanging eaves are encouraged.

- (i) Access and off-street parking.
- (1) Parking for residential uses shall be provided in accordance with article XI of this chapter; however, minimum parking, including required remote parking, for residential uses must be reviewed and approved by the Fire Rescue Department prior to development plan/preliminary subdivision plan approval.
- (2) Vehicular access to garages or other off-street parking surfaces on all lots fifty (50) feet or less in width, or where any lot abuts a rear alley easement (or tract) pursuant to subsection 39-155(i)(5) below, shall be provided from a rear alley easement (or tract).
- (3) Vehicular access to garages or other off-street parking surfaces on all lots facing the primary side of an APF school or any other APF park, road or trail shall be provided from a rear alley easement (or tract).
- (4) Vehicular access to garages or other off-street parking surfaces on all lots greater than fifty (50) feet in width that face functional non-APF neighborhood squares and parks shall be provided from a rear alley easement (or tract) or from a front driveway where the garages are located at or beyond the rear wall of the primary structure.

Neighborhood squares and parks are defined as active or passive recreational and open space tracts of varying sizes that have been designed to create a discernable neighborhood focal point. The landscape within a neighborhood square or park may consist of naturalistic or formally designed features such as sidewalks, trails, sports fields, hardscaped amenities and structures.

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- (5) Garage access from the front or street side of any lot that abuts a rear alley easement (or tract) shall be prohibited. However, garages located on the front or side of lots that abut a rear alley easement (or tract) shall be considered conforming structures under this Code, if they received a building permit from the county prior to April 30, 2016.
- Accessory Structures and Uses. All accessory structures, including accessory dwelling units, shall be subject to the standards found specific to accessory structures in chapter 40, articles 3 and 4, except that the cumulative square footage of both detached and attached accessory structures on any lot that abuts a rear alley easement or tract shall not exceed one thousand five hundred (1,500) square feet, with a maximum of seven hundred fifty (750) square feet per story. Swimming Pools, screen enclosures, and screen rooms shall only be located in the rear or side yard, and shall have the same side yard and side-street yard setback as the principal structure. Swimming pools and screen enclosures shall provide a minimum five (5) foot setback from the rear lot line or the rear alley easement or tract (when such an easement or tract exists). Screen rooms may extend up to fifty (50) percent into the required rear yard, but in no case shall the screen room be located closer than five (5) feet from the rear alley easement or tract (when such an easement or tract exists). Neighborhood clubhouses shall be limited to a maximum building height of thirty-five (35) feet, and supporting and detached facilities shall not exceed the height of the clubhouse. Such facilities shall be architecturally similar to the clubhouse.
- (k) Civic and Institutional Uses. Civic and institutional uses include libraries, schools, police and fire stations, post offices, community centers, churches and religious buildings, museums, cultural societies, visual and performing arts buildings, public parks, governmental buildings, and other similar uses as determined by the Planning and Zoning Division managers. These uses shall be permitted in all districts, but must be identified on the approved PD land use plan and shall be designed in accordance with the design guidelines established with the PD and development standards of section 39-169. Such uses should be located at the termination of street vistas where practicable.

## Sec. 39-156. Estate home district.

- (a) *Development guidelines*. The following development standards shall apply to all development within the estate district.
  - (1) *Density*. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this Code, or as otherwise provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated Estate District

on a Village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision 2740 Plan (PSP) shall be two (2) dwelling units per acre. Permitted uses. Single-family detached residential homes 2742 accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter 2744 40, article 4, that reflect the abbreviation "P" in the correlating T3.2 cells shall be permitted in the Estate 2746 District. Those uses listed as a special exception in the use table of section 38-77 and reflect the abbreviation "S" in the 2748 correlating T3.2 transect cells may also be permitted, but must be identified as a special exception on the PD/LUP. 2750 Uses that require a special exception and are also included in the list of civic and institutional uses under subsection 39-2752 155(k), shall be designed as a neighborhood focal point, and located at the terminus of street vistas where practicable. All 2754 other uses are prohibited. Development standards. The following standards shall apply 2756 to all development within the estate district. Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices 2758 will reinforce the planning principles established by the goals objectives and policies of the village land use classification, and this 2760 village development code. Any such modifications to these standards shall be identified separately in bold on the Village PD 2762 land use plan, PSP or development plan for approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing. 2764 (1) Maximum lot area: None. 2766 Minimum average lot size: Ten thousand (10,000) square feet. (Where transfer of development rights are utilized, the minimum lot size may vary from this standard and shall be 2768 determined at the time of preliminary subdivision plan approval.) 2770 Minimum living area: One thousand five hundred (1,500) square feet. Living area is defined as the area that is heated 2772 and cooled. Minimum lot width: Eighty-five (85) feet and ninety (90) 2774 feet for corner lots. Minimum lot depth: One hundred ten (110) feet. (one 2776 hundred twenty (120) feet with alley) Maximum building height: Three (3) stories and a maximum 2778 of forty-five (45) feet. Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j). 2780 (7)

- (8) Maximum lot coverage: Sixty-five (65) percent. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)
- (9) Minimum building setback requirements:
  - a. Front: Twenty (20) feet; ten (10) feet for front porch.
  - b. Side: Five (5) feet. Side Street: Ten (10) feet.
  - c. Rear: Twenty-five (25) feet for primary structure.
  - d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article XII, of this Code.
  - e. Garages: See section 39-155(g).
- (10) Driveways: Driveways must be set back a minimum of five (5) feet from the side property line within the front ten (10) feet from the road right-of-way; otherwise, driveways must be set back a minimum of two (2) feet from the side property line.

## Sec. 39-157. Estate home district.

- (a) Development guidelines. The following development guidelines shall apply to all development within the estate rural district.
  - (1) Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this Code or as otherwise provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated Estate Home District on village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be three (3) dwelling units per acre.
  - (2) Permitted uses. Single-family detached residential homes, accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 that reflect the abbreviation "P" in the correlating T3.2 cells shall be permitted in the Estate Home District. Those uses listed as a special exception in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 and reflect the abbreviation "S" in the cells that correlate with the T3.2 transect may also be permitted, but must be identified as a special exception on the PD/LUP. Uses that require a special exception and are also included in the list of civic and institutional uses under subsection 39-155(k), shall be designed as a neighborhood focal point, and located at the terminus of street vistas where practicable All other uses are prohibited.

2822	(b)	Development standards. The following standards shall apply levelopment within the estate home district. Modifications to			
2824	these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices will reinforce the planning principles established by the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification and this village development code. Any such modifications to these				
2826					
2828	standa land us	rds shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD se plan, PSP or development plan for approval by the board			
2830		nty commissioners at a public hearing.			
	(1)	Maximum lot area: None.			
2832	(2)	Minimum average lot size: Seven thousand two hundred (7,200) square feet. (Where transfer of development rights are utilized, the minimum lot size may vary from this			
2836		standard and shall be determined at the time of preliminary subdivision plan approval.)			
2838	(3)	Minimum living area: One thousand two hundred (1,200) square feet. Living area is defined as the area that is heated and cooled.			
2840	(4)	Minimum lot width: Fifty (50) feet.			
2842	(5)	Minimum lot depth: One hundred ten (110) feet. (one hundred twenty (120) feet with alley)			
2844	(6)	Maximum building height: Three (3) stories and a maximum of forty-five (45) feet.			
	(7)	Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j).			
2846	(8)	Maximum lot coverage: Sixty-five (65) percent. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot			
2848		coverage.)			
	(9)	Minimum building setback requirements:			
2850		a. Front: Twenty (20) feet; ten (10) feet for front porch.			
		b. Side: Five (5) feet. Side Street: Ten (10) feet.			
2852		c. Rear: Twenty-five (25) feet for primary structure.			
2854		d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article XII, of this Code.			
2856		e. Garages: See subsection 39-155(g).			
2858	(10)	Driveways: Driveways must be setback a minimum of five (5) feet from the side property line within the front ten (10) foot from the road right of your otherwise driveways must			
2860		feet from the road right-of-way; otherwise, driveways must be setback a minimum of two (2) feet from the side property line.			

2862	Sec. 39-158. Estate rural district.
2864	(a) <i>Development guidelines</i> . The following development guidelines shall apply to all development within the estate rural district.
2866	(1) <i>Density</i> . Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this
2868	Code, or as otherwise provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated Estate Rural
2870	District on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be one (1) or less dwelling unit
2872	per acre.
2874	(2) <i>Permitted uses</i> . Single-family detached residential homes accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter 40,
2876	article 4 that reflect the abbreviation "P" in the correlating T3.1 transect cells may be permitted in the estate rural
2878	district. Those uses listed as a special exception in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 and reflect the abbreviation "S"
2880	in the cells that correlate with the T3.1 transect may also be permitted, but must be identified as a special exception on
2882	the PD/LUP. Uses that require a special exception and are also included in the list of civic and institutional uses under
2884	subsection 39-155(k), shall be designed as a neighborhood focal point, and located at the terminus of street vistas where
2886	practicable. All other uses are prohibited.
2000	(b) Development standards. The following standards shall apply
2888	to all development within the estate rural district. Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development
2890	practices will reinforce the planning principles established by the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification
2892	and this village development code. Any such modification to these standards shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD
2894	land use plan, PSP or development plan for approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing.
2896	(1) Maximum lot area: None.
2898	(2) Minimum average lot size: Forty-three thousand, five hundred sixty (43,560) square feet (one (1) acre).
2900	(3) Minimum living area: One thousand five hundred (1,500) square feet. Living area is defined as the area that is heated and cooled.
2902	(4) Minimum lot width: One hundred thirty (130) feet.

2904	(5)	Minimum lot depth: One hundred ten (110) feet. (one hundred twenty (120) feet with alley)
2906	(6)	Maximum building height: Three (3) stories and a maximum of forty-five (45).
	(7)	Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j).
2908	(8)	Maximum lot coverage: Sixty-five (65) percent. (The area of front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)
2910	(9)	Minimum building setback requirements:
2912		a. Front: Thirty-five (35) feet; twenty-five (25) feet for front porch.
		b. Side: Ten (10) feet. Side Street: Ten (10) feet.
2914		c. Rear: Fifty (50) feet for primary structure.
2916		d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, articles XII, of this Code.
2918		e. Garages: See subsection 39-155(g).
2920	(10)	Driveways: Drives must be setback a minimum of ten (10) feet from the side property line within the front ten (10) feet from the road right-of-way; otherwise, driveways must be
2922		setback a minimum of five (5) feet from the side property line.
2924	Sec. 39	9-159. Garden home single-family district.
	(a)	Development guidelines. The following development nes shall apply to all development within the garden single-
	_	home district.
	_	home district.  Density. Except for transfer of development rights as
j	family	home district.  Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or internal transfers provided in subsection 39-155(a),
<ul><li>2928</li><li>2930</li><li>2932</li></ul>	family	home district.  Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or internal transfers provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated as garden home single-family district on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be four (4)
2928 2930	family (1)	home district.  Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or internal transfers provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated as garden home single-family district on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be four (4) dwelling units per acre.
<ul><li>2928</li><li>2930</li><li>2932</li></ul>	family	home district.  Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or internal transfers provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated as garden home single-family district on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be four (4) dwelling units per acre.  Permitted uses. Single-family detached residential homes, accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection
2928 2930 2932 2934	family (1)	home district.  Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or internal transfers provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated as garden home single-family district on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be four (4) dwelling units per acre.  Permitted uses. Single-family detached residential homes, accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 that reflect the abbreviation "P" in the
2928 2930 2932 2934 2936	family (1)	home district.  Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or internal transfers provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated as garden home single-family district on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be four (4) dwelling units per acre.  Permitted uses. Single-family detached residential homes, accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter

2944		1AA zoning district may also be permitted, but must be identified as a special exception on the PD/LUP. Uses that require a special exception and are also included in the list
2946		of civic and institutional uses under subsection 39-155(k), shall be designed as a neighborhood focal point, and located
2948		at the terminus of street vistas where practicable. All other uses are prohibited.
2950		Development standards. The following standards shall apply levelopment within the garden home district. Modifications to
2952		standards may be permitted where alternative development ses will reinforce the planning principles established by the
2954	_	objectives and policies of the village land use classification is village development code. Any such modifications to these
2956	standa land u	rds shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD se plan, PSP or development plan for approval by the board
2958		nty commissioners at a public hearing.
	(1)	Maximum lot area: None.
2960	(2)	Minimum average lot size: Thirty-two hundred (3,200) square feet. (Where transfer of development rights are
<ul><li>2962</li><li>2964</li></ul>		utilized, the minimum lot size may vary from this standard and shall be determined at the time of preliminary subdivision plan approval.)
2966	(3)	Minimum living area: One thousand two hundred (1,200) square feet. Living area is defined as the area that is heated and cooled.
2968	(4)	Minimum lot width: Thirty-two (32) feet for single-family detached dwelling units.
2970	(5)	Minimum lot depth: One hundred ten (110) feet. (ninety (90) feet with alley)
2972	(6)	Maximum building height: Three (3) stories and a maximum of forty-five (45) feet.
2974	(7)	Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j).
2976	(8)	Maximum lot coverage: Sixty-five (65) percent. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)
2978	(9)	Minimum building setback requirements:
		a. Front: Fifteen (15) feet; seven (7) feet for front porch.
2980		b. Side: Four (4) feet (subject to easement). Side Street: Ten (10) feet.
2982		c. Rear: Twenty (20) feet for primary structure.

- d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article XII, of this Code.
- e. Garages: See subsection 39-155(g).
- (10) Driveways: Shared driveways are encouraged; however, when driveways are not shared, they must be setback a minimum of two (2) feet from the side property line.

#### Sec. 39-160. Garden home mixed use district.

- (a) *Development guidelines*. The following development guidelines shall apply to all development within the garden home mixed used district.
  - (1) Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or as otherwise provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated Garden Home Mixed Use District on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be four (4) dwelling units per acre.
  - (2) Permitted uses. Single-family detached residential homes, townhomes, condominiums, accessory structures, and uses as defined in section subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 that reflect the abbreviation "P" in the correlating T3.2 transect cells shall be permitted in the Garden Home Mixed-Use District. Those uses listed as a special exception in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 and reflect the abbreviation "S" in the cells that correlate with the T3.2 transect may also be permitted, but must be identified as a special exception on the PD/LUP. Uses that require a special exception and are also included in the list of civic and institutional uses under subsection 39-155(k), shall be designed as a neighborhood focal point, and located at the terminus of street vistas where practicable. All other uses are prohibited.
- (b) Single-family development standards. The following standards shall apply to all single-family developments within the garden home mixed use district. Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices will reinforce the planning principles established by the goals objectives and policies of the village land use classification and this village development code. Any such modifications to these standards shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD land use plan, PSP or development plan for approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing.

3026	(1)	Maximum lot area: None.	
3028 3030	(2)	Minimum average lot size: Thirty-two hundred (3,20 square feet. (Where transfer of development rights autilized, the minimum lot size may vary from this standard and shall be determined at the time of preliminal subdivision plan approval.)	
3032 3034	(3)	Minimum living area: One thousand two hundred (1,200) square feet. Living area is defined as the area that is heated and cooled.	
3036	(4)	Minimum lot width: Thirty-two (32) feet for single-family detached dwelling units.	
3038	(5)	Minimum lot depth: One hundred ten (110) feet. (ninety (90) feet with alley)	
3040	(6)	Maximum building height: Three (3) stores and a maximum of forty-five (45) feet.	
	(7)	Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j).	
3042 3044	(8)	Maximum lot coverage: Sixty-five (65) percent. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)	
3044	(9)	Minimum building setback requirements:	
3046	())	,	
3040		a. Front: Fifteen (15) feet: seven (7) feet for front porch.  b. Side: Four (4) feet (subject to assembly Side Street: Ten	
3048		b. Side: Four (4) feet (subject to easement). Side Street: Ten (10) feet.	
		c. Rear: Twenty (20) feet for primary structure.	
3050 3052		d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article XII, of this Code.	
		e. Garages: See subsection 39-155(g).	
3054	(10)	Driveways: Shared driveways are encouraged; however, when driveways are not shared, they must be setback a	
3056		minimum of two (2) feet from the side property line.	
3058		<i>Townhouse development guidelines.</i> Guidelines for ouses developed in the garden home mixed use district shall se specified for townhouses in section 39-163.	
3060	(d)	Condominiums development guidelines. Guidelines for	
3062	shall b	miniums developed in the garden home mixed use district e those specified for condominiums in section 39-165, except e maximum building height shall be limited to three (3) stores	
3064		rty-five (45) feet.	

## Sec. 39-161. Village home district.

- (a) *Development guidelines*. The following development guidelines shall apply to all development within the village home district.
  - (1) Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided for in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this code or as otherwise provided in subsection 39-155(a), the average net density within an area designated as village home district on a village PD/LUP and per each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) shall be six (6) dwelling units per acre.
  - (2) Permitted uses. Single-family detached residential homes, townhomes, condominiums, accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 that reflect the abbreviation "P" in the correlating T3.2 zoning district cells shall be permitted in the Village Home District. Those uses listed as a special exception in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 and reflect the abbreviation "S" in the cells that correlate with the T3.2 transect may also be permitted, but must be identified as a special exception on the PD/LUP. Uses that require a special exception and are also included in the list of civic and institutional uses under subsection 39-155(k), shall be designed as a neighborhood focal point, and located at the terminus of street vistas where practicable. All other uses are prohibited.
  - (3) Ground-floor nonresidential uses. Retail commercial and professional office uses may be permitted on the first floor of a multi-story residential structure when located fronting a neighborhood center or village center. Such nonresidential uses shall be integrated into the residential building and shall be limited to one thousand (1,000) square feet of gross leasable area, and shall be primarily oriented to serve the residents of the immediate area. These nonresidential use areas shall be identified on the PD land use plan. The PSP shall include covenants, conditions and restrictions identifying these as primary residential uses with accessory commercial and professional office.
- (b) Development standards. The following standards shall apply to single-family detached residences within the village home district. Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices will reinforce the planning principles established by the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification and this village development code.

		uch modifications to these guidelines shall be identified				
3110	-	eparately in bold on the village PD land use plan, PSP or evelopment plan for approval by the board of county				
3112		missioners at a public hearing.				
	(1)	Maximum lot area: None.				
3114	(2)	Minimum average lot size: Twenty-eight hundred (2,800) square feet. (Where transfer of development rights or				
3116 3118		townhouses are utilized, the minimum lot size may vary from this standard and shall be determined at the time of preliminary subdivision plan approval.)				
3110	(2)					
3120	(3)	Minimum living area: One thousand (1,000) square feet. Living area is defined as the area that is heated and cooled.				
3122	(4)	Minimum lot width: Thirty-two (32) feet for single-family detached dwelling units.				
3124	(5)	Attached units shall be subject to the standards in section 39-163.				
3126	(6)	Minimum lot depth: One hundred ten (110) feet. (ninety (90) feet with alley)				
3128	(7)	Maximum building height: Three (3) stories and forty-five (45) feet.				
	(8)	Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j).				
3130 3132	(9)	Maximum lot coverage: Sixty-five (65) percent. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)				
	(10)	Minimum building setback requirements:				
3134	` /	a. Front: Fifteen (15) feet; seven (7) feet for front porch.				
3136		b. Side: Four (4) feet (subject to easement). Side Street: Ten (10) feet.				
		c. Rear: Twenty (20) feet for primary structure.				
3138		d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article				
3140		XII, of this Code.				
		e. Garages: See subsection 39-155(g).				
3142	(11)	Shared driveways are encouraged; however when driveways are not shared, they must be setback a minimum of two (2)				
3144		feet from the side property line.				
3146		Townhome development standards. Standards for omes developed in the village home district shall be those ed for townhouses in section 39-163.				

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(d) Condominium development standards. Standards for condominiums developed in the village home district shall be those specified for condominiums in section 39-165, except that the maximum building height shall be limited to four (4) stories and fifty-five (55) feet.

# Sec. 39-162. Townhome district, Townhouse Apartment district, Apartment district, and Condominium district.

- (a) Townhouse/apartment/condominium guidelines. The following development guidelines shall apply to all development within the Townhome District, Townhouse/Apartment District, Apartment District and Condominium District, regardless of the form of ownership.
  - (1) Density. Except for transfer of development rights as provided in chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, of this Code, or as otherwise provided in subsection 39-155(a); the average net density [in] areas designated Townhome District, Townhouse/Apartment District or Condominium District on a PD Land Use Plan (LUP), Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) or Development Plan (DP) shall be as follows:
    - a. Townhome District: Eight (8) to ten (10) dwelling units per acre.
    - b. Townhouse/Apartment District: Twelve (12) dwelling units per acre.
    - c. Apartment District: Sixteen (16) to twenty-five (25) dwelling units per acre.
    - d. Condominium District: Sixteen (16) to twenty (20) dwelling units per acre.
  - Permitted uses. Unless otherwise stated in comprehensive plan or if identified as a prohibited use in subsection (a)(3) below attached and detached single-family units, attached multi-family and condominium units, accessory structures, and uses as defined in subsection 39-155(j), and all other uses listed in the use table of chapter 40, article 3 that reflect the abbreviation "P" in the correlating T4.3 transect cells shall be permitted in the Townhome District, Townhouse/Apartment District and Apartment District. Those uses listed as a special exception in the use table of chapter 40, article 4 and reflect the abbreviation "S" in the cells that correlate with the T4.3 transect may also be permitted, but must be identified as a special exception on the PD/LUP. Uses that require a special

exception and are also included in the list of civic and institutional uses under subsection 39-155(k), shall be designed as a neighborhood focal point, and located at the terminus of street vistas where practicable. All other uses are prohibited.

Retail commercial and professional office uses may also be permitted on the first floor of a townhouse or apartment structure when fronting a neighborhood center or village center district. However, such nonresidential uses shall be integrated into the residential building, shall be limited to one thousand (1,000) square feet of gross leasable area, shall be primarily oriented to serve the residents of the immediate area, and shall be deducted from the allowable square footage of the Neighborhood Center or village center district in which it fronts.

Covenants and restrictions shall identify the areas of nonresidential uses. Certain structures and uses required to serve educational, religious, utilities and non-commercial recreational needs may be permitted by the Board of County Commissioners through PD or PD substantial change approval and shall be identified on the PD/LUP.

- a. Single-family detached standards. The development standards of section 39-161 shall apply for all single-family detached residential products.
- (3) *Prohibited Uses*. Apartments within the Condominium District, and all short term rental (rental of less than one hundred eighty (180) days).

#### Sec. 39-163. Townhouses.

- (a) Townhouse Development Standards. The following standards shall apply to constructed townhouse product. Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices will reinforce the planning principles established by the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification and this village development code. Any such modifications to these standards shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD land use plan or preliminary subdivision plan for approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing.
  - (1) Minimum lot width: Sixteen (16) feet.
  - (2) Minimum living area: One thousand (1,000) square feet per dwelling unit. Living area is defined as the area that is heated and cooled.

3234	(3)	Minimum lot depth: One hundred (100) feet, except for garage under units.		
3236	(4)	Maximum building height: Four (4) stories and a maximum of fifty-five (55) feet.		
	(5)	Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j).		
3238 3240	(6)	Maximum lot coverage: Seventy-five (75) percent for townhouse units. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)		
3240	(7)	<b>G</b> ,		
3242	(7)	Open Space: In addition to the minimum seven and one-half (7.5) percent of developable land area within a project allocated as publicly accessible open space as required by		
3244		subsection 39-153(i), an additional seventeen and one-half (17.5) percent (minimum) of the developable land area		
3246		within each townhouse development shall be allocated as common open space. Allocated common open space may		
3248		include private areas and may be dispersed throughout a respective Preliminary Subdivision Plan.		
3250	(8)	Recreation Areas: Recreation areas shall be provided in accordance with section 39-53.		
3252	(9)	Minimum building setback requirement:		
		a. Front: Fifteen (15) feet; ten (10) feet for front porch.		
3254 3256		b. Side: Zero (0) feet required for at least one (1) property line; seven (7) feet for end units. Side Street Setback: Ten (10) feet.		
		c. Rear: Fourteen (14) feet for the primary structure.		
3258		Garage setbacks shall be in accordance with section 39-155(g).		
3260		d. Garage: Garage setbacks shall be in accordance with subsection $39-155(g)$ .		
3262		e. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article		
3264		XII.		
3266	(10)	Minimum Building Separation: Fourteen (14) feet. Minimum building separation of forty-five (45) feet when utilized as common open spaces, parks or recreation areas,		
3268		or park tracts as to achieve a block break which may be counted toward the seven and one-half (7.5) percent required		
3270		open space in accordance with subsection 39-153(i).		
3272	(11)	Building Length: Townhouse buildings shall be attached (built with no side setback or as a single building) with not		

less than four (4) attached units. Lots at the end of a block 3274 may be permitted with a minimum of two (2) attached units. (12) All townhouse units shall be accessed with a rear alley and garages for townhouses shall be accessed from a rear 3276 alleyway only. (13) Maximum number of units per building: Eight (8). 3278 (14) Porches shall be provided consistent with subsection 39-155(d). 3280 Design and architectural detail: Townhouses shall include a first floor front elevation which 3282 (1) is visually elevated above finished sidewalk grade. The front porch or stoop shall be a minimum of two (2) steps above 3284 the adjacent sidewalk grade. The residence and front door shall be oriented toward and visible from the street which 3286 shall possess a direct pedestrian connection to the external sidewalk system. 3288

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- (2) The subdivision plan for townhouse projects shall include building elevations and design guidelines. The design guidelines shall include requirements for complete, scaled building elevations which clearly indicate rough dimensions, roof slopes, and exterior surface materials of all residences, garages, mail kiosks, common-area outdoor pavilions and the like. The design guidelines shall include detailing and articulation of façades, roof styles, jogged roof peaks, and projecting eaves. The guidelines shall address architectural elements such as ornamental gables, chimneys, dormers, balconies (functional or decorative), wall plane projections, windows (proportions, transoms, shutters, mullions, surrounds) garage door and trim treatment, decorative pediments, fencing and screening details.
- (3) The side façades of gables and townhouse end units which are located adjacent to, or which are visible from, side streets shall not be left unarticulated. Such façades shall incorporate the same proportion of window surfaces, window molding and trim (e.g. sills, lintels, keystones, muntins, shutters) peaked eaves, decorative gables, exposed rafters, and variation in materials, as provided on the adjacent front façade. Multi-story end-unit side façades, which face an adjacent street, shall highlight the floor line between each successive floor with horizontal trim/bands, color variations, or other approved means.

#### Sec. 39-164. Apartments. 3314 (a) Apartment Development Standards. The following 3316 [standards] shall apply to constructed apartment product. Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices will reinforce the planning principles 3318 established by the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification and this village development code. Any such 3320 modifications to these standards shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD land use plan or development plan for 3322 approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing. 3324 Minimum lot width: Eighty-five (85) feet. (2) Minimum living area: Five hundred (500) square feet per 3326 dwelling unit. Dispersal of Apartment Buildings. Excluding areas designated Village Center District or Apartment District on 3328 a PD/LUP, the maximum number of apartment dwelling units in any one location without an intervening park, open 3330 space, civic or townhouse use, shall be limited to three hundred (300) units. This restriction is intended to govern 3332 building placement only; not to discourage common 3334 ownership and management of projects involving more than three hundred (300) units. Uses such as parking. maintenance facilities and condominiums having an 3336 appearance similar to the apartments, shall not be used to meet the dispersal requirement. 3338 In order to help ensure that the apartment development is a pedestrian-oriented, high-quality living environment, four 3340 (4) or more of the following concepts shall be incorporated 3342 in the design standards for such purposes: a. Variations in front setbacks. 3344 b. Larger open spaces, courtyards, or plazas separating buildings. c. Variations in façade treatments and roofline heights. 3346 d. Reduced heights for end units. e. Step down heights when adjacent to lower density 3348 residential uses. f. Creating clusters of buildings with distinct architectural 3350 variations to give the appearance of different developments. 3352 g. Because on-street parking is encouraged, a plan that utilizes parking lots as part of the site circulation system 3354

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is prohibited. Buildings shall be aligned to create and reinforce the streetscape, but shall incorporate variations in front setbacks; variances in façade treatments and roofline heights; and architectural treatments to provide visual variety to the streetscape. In addition, a significant percentage of the required common open space shall be in the form of "civic" spaces such as parks and plazas that are visible from the streets and consequently serve as breaks to what would otherwise be a monotonous development pattern.

- (4) Maximum building height: Five (5) stories and a maximum sixty-five (65) feet.
- (5) Maximum impervious coverage: Seventy-five (75) percent for apartment developments. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)
- (6) Open Space: In addition to the minimum seven and one-half (7.5) percent of developable land area within a project allocated as publicly accessible open space as required by subsection 39-153(i) of the developable land area within each apartment development shall be allocated as common open space, which may include private areas.
- (7) Recreation areas: Recreation areas shall be provided in accordance with sections 39-53 and 39-58, and individual recreation tracts shall not be less than one-quarter (1/4) acre in size. Parks and open spaces may be distributed throughout the apartment district rather than within each block.
- (8) Minimum building setback requirements. Multi-family building setback requirements are listed below; however, alternative setbacks may be required to ensure compatibility with the surrounding area. In recognition of the Horizon West long-term buildout and its master-planned development framework, multi-family buildings located adjacent to single-family zoned property shall not be subject to the height requirements of section 39-58.
  - a. Front: Ten (10) feet including front porch.
  - b. Side: Fifteen (15) feet; ten (10) feet for front porch or bay. Side Street setback: Fifteen (15) feet; ten (10) feet for front porch.
  - c. Rear: Twenty (20) feet for the primary structure; Garage setbacks per subsection 39-155(g).

d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article XII, of this Code.

- e. Minimum building separation: Twenty (20) feet. Minimum building separation of forty-five (45) feet when utilized as common open space, recreation area, or park tract as to achieve a block break which may be counted toward the seven and one-half (7.5) percent required open space in accordance with subsection 39-153(i).
- (9) To screen the view of parking lots and to better frame the surrounding street corridors, off-street surface parking lots for apartments shall be prohibited from between residential structures and the street rights-of-way, and shall instead be placed within the interior of blocks. Apartment projects shall be designed such that the residential structures are pulled forward toward the street, with associated parking areas located behind the apartment structures, within the interior of the block. Access to the interior parking areas shall be achieved with pass-throughs between adjacent structures.

When it can be demonstrated that site conditions will preclude strict block-interior parking configurations, portions of surface parking areas may be located along the side of structures, adjacent to street rights-of-way. In no case, however, may parking be placed closer to the street right-of-way than the adjacent residential structure.

When a surface parking lot is placed adjacent to a building (e.g. adjacent to the street), a decorative high knee wall, a minimum forty-two (42) inches high, shall be installed along the full length of the parking lot. Said knee wall shall incorporate a planter space between the wall and the back edge of the street sidewalk. The planter space shall serve as an irrigated shrub planter strip along the front foundation of the knee wall. Said planter strip shall be no less than thirty (30) inches wide (±sixty (60) inches at inward-jogged sections of the knee wall). The knee wall shall incorporate a continuous, cantilevered cap block, and shall not extend more than twenty-five (25) feet in a single, uninterrupted span, without incorporating a minimum thirty (30) inches offset or "jog."

Knee walls constructed of unpainted smooth face Concrete Masonry Unit ("CMU") are prohibited. Knee wall surfaces shall instead feature brick, stone, split face, scored, ribbed, offset, or other surface treatment, including stucco. Veneer surfaces shall feature brick or stone patterns. Ornate cap features are encouraged such as decorative metal railings placed along the top of the cap block. Painted stucco walls are acceptable, so long as a distinct cap is used.

On-street parking (parallel or angled) is permitted and may be counted toward the parking requirements when located within the projected property lines on the street facing the building they are meant to serve. A waiver for reduced parking will be reviewed on a case by case basis.

- (10) Landscaping shall be provided in accordance with village center landscape requirements.
- (11) Building Massing: Front façades shall be varied and articulated to provide visual interest to pedestrians along the street frontage. Continuous flat building walls shall not exceed forty (40) feet in length. Both horizontal and vertical projections and recesses of building walls are encouraged to break up the mass of the building.
- (b) Design and architectural detail.

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(1) The following design criteria are intended to be guidelines for the development of all buildings, including maintenance buildings, mail kiosks and other structures. General design criteria shall be included in the PD land use plan; specific design criteria and architectural details shall be included with the preliminary subdivision plan / development plan. Buildings shall have appropriate pedestrian-scaled trim and detailing, exterior wall materials, building entry prominence, massing, façade articulation, fenestration, bays, roof styles, and roof materials. Flat roofs may be considered on a project-by-project basis, if deemed appropriate based on the criteria set forth in subsection 39-164(b)(3). Nothing in this section is intended to apply to projects located within the Village Center District or the Horizon West Town Center. Architectural elements including awnings, gables, dormers, chimneys, balconies, balustrades and wall plane projections shall be utilized. The plan and design shall promote pedestrian convenience and circulation by providing prominent and formalized pedestrian access from the primary building entrances to the project's external sidewalk systems including formal connections between and among apartment buildings and any adjacent commercial uses. Apartment developments shall incorporate design elements such as porches, balconies, and visible entryways from the street to foster pedestrian scale development, but the inclusion of these architectural features is not intended to

3484			hat separate street-front entrances for individual nt units are required.
3486	(2)		g size, length, height and separation shall be ble with the other buildings in the area.
3488	(3)	features	fs may be considered if the following architectural are included, and graphically depicted, on the nary subdivision/development plan:
3490			ninimum five-foot parapet wall along all façades of building;
3492		hori	upper portion of the parapet wall shall have a distinct zontal trim (either flat or ornamental), molding or
3494		corn	ice treatment that crowns the building;
3496			primary building façade shall have at least one (1) ificant roofline height variation along the parapet;
3498		d. At le	east two (2) of the following are also included:
3500		í	Gables, shed roofs, or pitched roof elements covering at least twenty (20) percent of the primary façade length;
3502		1	Architectural appendages (i.e., porches, stoops, porticos, colonnades, balconies, etc.) along the
3504 3506		1	primary façade of the building(s) to emphasize the main entrance and visually reduce apparent building mass; or
3508		3. ]	Minimum two-foot primary façade plane projections or recesses at intervals of at least every forty (40) feet.
3510	Sec. 39	)-165.	Condominiums.
	(a)	Condon	ninium development standards. The following
3512	develo	pment st	andards shall apply to all constructed condominium t for condominiums constructed in a designated
3514	Apartn	nent Dis	trict, which shall comply with the development ssed in section 39-164.
3516	(1)		ed uses: Short term rental [rental of less than one leighty (180) days] and apartments.
3518	(2)	Minimu	m lot width: Eighty-five (85) feet.
3520	(3)	Minimu dwelling	m living area: Five hundred (500) square feet per g unit.
	(4)		an layout: In order to help ensure that the
3522	` /		inium development is a pedestrian-oriented, high-

quality living environment, the following concepts shall be incorporated in the design for such properties.

- a. The site shall be organized around a street pattern, with the majority of the off-street parking contained within parking lots located in the interior of blocks.
- b. Because on-street parking is encouraged, a plan that utilizes parking lots as part of the site circulation system is prohibited. Buildings shall be aligned to create and reinforce the streetscape, but shall incorporate variations in front setbacks; variations in façade treatments and roofline heights; and architectural treatments to provide visual variety to the streetscape. In addition, a significant percentage of the required common open space shall be in the form of "civic" spaces such as parks and plazas that are visible from the streets and consequently serve as breaks to what would otherwise be a monotonous development pattern.
- c. Creating clusters of buildings with distinct architectural variations to give the appearance of different developments shall be encouraged.
- d. When adjacent to lower density residential uses, buildings shall be designed to moderate the differences in scale and massing. Use of reduced height for end units, addition of small-scale architectural detail, and other such architectural treatments are examples of ways to moderate the differences in scale and massing.
- (5) Maximum building height: Five (5) stories and a maximum of sixty-five (65) feet.
- (6) Maximum impervious coverage: Seventy-five (75) percent of the condominium development. (The area of a front porch is not included in the calculation of lot coverage.)
- (7) Open space: In addition to the minimum seven and one-half (7.5) percent of developable land area within a project allocated as publicly accessible open space as required by subsection 39-153(i), an additional seventeen and one-half (17.5) percent (minimum) of the developable land area within each condominium development shall be allocated as common open space, which may include private areas.
- (8) Recreation areas: Recreation areas shall be provided in accordance with sections 39-53 and 39-58. Parks and open space may be distributed throughout the condominium district rather than within each block. However, individual

recreation tracts shall not be less than one-quarter (1/4) acre in size.

- (9) Minimum building setback requirements: Condominium building setback requirements are listed below; however, alternative setbacks may be required to ensure compatibility with the surrounding area. In recognition of the Horizon West long-term buildout and its master-planned development framework, condominium buildings located adjacent to single-family zoned property shall not be subject to the height requirements of section 39-58.
  - a. Front: Ten (10) feet, including front porch.

- b. Side: Fifteen (15); ten (10) feet for front porch or bay. Side street setback: Fifteen (15) feet; ten (10) feet for front porch.
- c. Rear: Twenty (20) feet for the primary structure; garage setbacks per subsection 39-155(g).
- d. Lakefront: Fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation contour in accordance with chapter 30, article XII, of this Code.
- e. Minimum building separation: Twenty (20) feet. Minimum building separation of forty-five (45) feet when utilized as common open space, landscaped courtyard, or recreation area.
- (10) Screening: To screen the view of parking lots, and to better frame the surrounding street corridors, a majority of off-street surface parking lots for condominiums shall be prohibited between residential structures and the street rights-of-way, and shall instead be placed within the interior of blocks. Condominium projects shall be designed such that the residential structures are pulled forward toward the street, with the associated parking areas located behind the condominium structures within the interior of the block.

When it can be demonstrated that site conditions will preclude strict block-interior parking configurations, only portions of surface parking areas may be located along the side of structures, adjacent to street rights-of-way. In no case, however, may parking be placed closer to the street right-of-way than the adjacent residential structure.

When a surface parking lot is placed adjacent to a building (e.g. adjacent to the street), a decorative forty-two (42) inch high knee wall shall be installed along the full length of the parking lot. Said knee wall shall incorporate a planter strip

between the wall and the back edge of the street sidewalk. The planter strip shall serve as an irrigated shrub planter strip along the front foundation of the knee wall. Said planter strip shall be no less than thirty (30) inches wide [±sixty (60) inches at inward-jogged sections of the knee wall]. The knee wall shall incorporate a continuous, cantilevered cap block, and shall not extend more than twenty-five (25) feet in a single, uninterrupted span, without incorporating a minimum thirty (30) inches offset or "jog."

Knee walls constructed of unpainted smooth face CMU are prohibited. Knee wall surfaces shall instead feature brick, stone, split face, scored, ribbed, offset, or other surface treatment. Veneer surfaces shall feature brick or stone patterns. Ornate cap features are encouraged such as decorative metal railings placed along the top of the cap block. Painted stucco walls are acceptable, so long as a distinct cap is used.

On-street parking (parallel or angled) is strongly encouraged and shall be counted toward the parking requirements when located within the same property line alignment as the building they are meant to serve. A waiver for reduced parking will be reviewed on a case by case basis.

- (11) Landscaping shall be provided in accordance with the village center landscape requirements.
- (12) Building massing: Front façades shall be varied and articulated to provide visual interest to pedestrians along the street frontage. Continuous flat building walls shall not exceed forty (40) feet in length. Both horizontal and vertical projections and recesses of building walls are encouraged to break up the mass of the building.
- (b) Design and architectural detail.
- (1) The following design criteria are intended to be guidelines for the development of all buildings, including maintenance buildings, mail kiosks and other structures. General design criteria shall be included in the PD land use plan; specific design criteria and architectural details shall be included with the preliminary subdivision plan / development plan. Buildings shall have appropriate pedestrian-scaled trim and detailing, exterior wall materials, building entry prominence, massing, façade articulation, fenestration, bays, roof styles, and roof materials. Flat roofs may be considered on a project-by-project basis, if deemed appropriate based on the criteria set forth in subsection 39-165(b)(3). Nothing in this section is intended to apply to projects located within the

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Village Center District or the Horizon West Town Center. Architectural elements, including awnings, gables, dormers, chimneys, balconies, balustrades and wall plane projections, shall be utilized. The plan and design shall promote pedestrian convenience and circulation by providing prominent and formalized pedestrian access from the primary building entrances to the project's external sidewalk systems including formal connections between and among apartment buildings and any adjacent commercial uses. Condominium developments shall incorporate design elements such as porches, balconies, and visible entryways from the street to foster pedestrian scale development, but the inclusion of these architectural features is not intended to imply that separate street front entrances for individual condominium units are required.

- (2) Building size, length, height and separation shall be compatible with the other buildings in the area.
- (3) Flat roofs may be considered if the following architectural features are included, and graphically depicted, on the preliminary subdivision/development plan:
  - a. A minimum five-foot parapet wall along all façades of the building;
  - b. The upper portion of the parapet wall shall have a distinct horizontal trim (either flat or ornamental), molding or cornice treatment that crowns the building;
  - c. The primary building façade shall have at least one (1) significant roofline height variation along the parapet; and
  - d. At least two (2) of the following are also included:
    - 1. Gables, shed roofs, or pitched roof elements covering at least twenty (20) percent of the primary façade length;
    - Architectural appendages (i.e., porches, stoops, porticos, colonnades, balconies, etc.) along the primary façade of the building(s) to emphasize the main entrance and visually reduce apparent building mass; or
    - 3. Minimum two-foot primary façade plane projections or recesses at intervals of at least every forty (40) feet.

## Sec. 39-166. Neighborhood center district.

- (a) Generally. Neighborhood center districts shall be located generally at the center of the neighborhood adjacent to the neighborhood park or green and the neighborhood school and uses should be primarily oriented to serve the residents of the immediate neighborhood. The maximum size of any neighborhood center district shall not exceed two (2) acres. The maximum total gross floor area of commercial uses shall be twenty thousand (20,000) square feet unless otherwise specified in the comprehensive plan. No single building shall exceed ten thousand (10,000) square feet.
  - (1) Within the established village, a single commercial building up to a maximum of ten thousand (10,000) square feet can be constructed in a neighborhood center.
  - (2) If a ten thousand (10,000) square foot commercial building has been constructed in a neighborhood center in a village, no additional commercial use shall exceed five thousand (5,000) square feet unless approved on the PD Land Use Plan.
- (b) *Permitted uses*. All T5.1 uses identified by the letter "P" in the use table set forth in chapter 40, article 4, excluding all prohibited uses found in subsection (3) below. Residential uses are also permitted vertically above nonresidential uses. Residential uses, except to entrances, shall not be permitted on the ground floor of buildings used for commercial or office use.
  - (1) Convenience stores. The land use plan may allow a maximum of four (4) gas pump stations to serve a maximum of eight (8) vehicles at any one (1) time. Gas pumps shall require substantial change approval to the land use plan (LUP) by the board of county commissioners. The development shall comply with the following standards:
    - a. All gas pumps shall be located behind or to the side of the principal structure and not closer to the right-of-way than the principal structure itself.
    - b. If the gas pumps are located within direct view from the roadway, a decorative forty-two (42) inch high knee wall shall be installed along the full length of the street sidewalk edge exclusive of vertical and/or horizontal sight distances from any intersections or driveways and pedestrian access which is visually exposed to gas pumps. Said decorative knee wall shall incorporate a space between the wall and the back edge of the street sidewalk. The gap shall serve as an irrigated shrub or vine planter strip along the back edge of the street

sidewalk. The planter strip shall be no less than thirty (30) inches wide and approximately sixty (60) inches wide at inward-jogged sections of the knee wall. The knee wall shall incorporate a continuous, cantilevered cap block, and shall not extend more than twenty-five (25) feet in a single uninterrupted span without incorporating the minimum thirty (30) inch offset or "jog" inward, toward the property interior as mentioned above. Such interior jogs shall incorporate shrub massing, vines, and understory trees. Gas station knee walls constructed solely of smooth face CMU and stucco are prohibited. Notwithstanding the finish materials utilized on the adjacent principal structure, the subject knee wall shall not present a blank stucco surface to the adjacent sidewalk and street rights-of-way. Instead, gas station knee wall surfaces shall feature a brick or stone veneer or split face, scored, ribbed, or other ornamental block surface. Painted stucco walls are acceptable, so long as a distinct cap is used.

- (2) Neighborhood center corner general store. A neighborhood center general store, up to two thousand (2,000) square feet under air, may be built as an amenity. The general store shall carry in its inventory basic groceries, personal hygiene products, over the counter pharmaceutical, and other convenience items.
  - a. One (1) or more apartments, other dwellings, or office spaces may be constructed vertically over the general store and rented at normal market rates without delay. Such mixed uses are encouraged.
  - b. The general store should normally be built at a corner of two (2) streets to anchor the Neighborhood Center. A bicycle rack shall be provided with spaces for no fewer than four (4) bicycles that meets all requirements of subsection 39-166(e)(11).
  - c. The following transferable incentives shall apply:
    - 1. The open space requirement shall be reduced by two (2) times the square footage of space allotted to the general store if a front porch or patio is constructed and furnished as a neighborhood gathering place. Alternatively, additional residential density or additional square footage for office or commercial uses shall be awarded.
    - 2. There shall be no parking requirement associated with the general store beyond on-street parking

3778 3780		consistent with all applicable standards of section 34-171. If the general store is located in a multi-use building, parking requirements shall apply for the
		other uses.
3782 3784		3. These incentives shall apply only to a general store located near the geographic center of the neighborhood, not adjacent to an arterial road.
	(c)	Prohibited uses. The following uses are prohibited:
3786	(1)	Drive-throughs;
3700	(2)	Lounges;
3788	(3)	Bars;
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	(4)	Video arcades;
3790	(5)	Pawn shops;
	(6)	Escort services and tattoo parlors:
3792	(7)	Fortune tellers, tarot card readers, palm readers, psychics and similar uses;
3794	(8)	"Check Cashing" or "Pay Day Loan" businesses;
	(9)	Body art, or body piercing businesses;
3796	(10)	Labor pools and labor halls; and
	(11)	Hotels/motels/and timeshares.
3798	(d)	Residential development standards.
3800	(1)	Residential uses, except for entrances, shall not be permitted on the ground floor.
3802	(2)	Residential uses located above nonresidential uses shall not exceed five (5) dwelling units per net developable acre unless increased by use of the TDR's.
3804	(3)	The façade of residential structures shall utilize architectural details, materials, patterns and forms which are consistent,
3806		and in scale with, a residential setting. The façades of attached residential structures shall feature extensive use of
3808		windows with vertical proportions, balconies (faux or otherwise), arched forms, planter boxes, material variations,
3810		color change, and any combination which communicates a residential community. Façades shall incorporate substantial
3812		projections and voids, including jogging, rooflines and projecting or recessing individual façades.
3814	(4)	Individual balconies which project from the façade and over the adjacent sidewalk may project up to four (4) feet over the
3816		adjacent sidewalk. Faux (e.g., shallow with projecting

railing or balustrade only) balconies are also permitted. Second floor balconies must, however, provide a minimum 3818 twelve (12) feet clear zone from the finished grade below. In 3820 no case may second floor balconies project into the vehicular travel way. Balconies on higher floors may project four (4) feet into the adjacent vehicular travel way provided they are 3822 no lower than seventeen (17) feet above the travel way. Where residential uses are constructed above commercial 3824 use, first floor finished ceiling heights shall be a minimum 3826 of ten (10) feet. Design and Development standards. The design standards herein shall apply to all development within the neighborhood 3828

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center district. General design standards shall be submitted as part of the PD land use plan for all development within the neighborhood center. Specific design standards and architectural details shall be submitted with the preliminary subdivision plan/development plan for development within the neighborhood center. Both specific and general design standards shall include a continuous pedestrian access route a minimum of forty-eight (48) inches wide and meet all accessibility requirements of currently-adopted editions of federal and state standards. The design standards shall include site-specific requirements for all building facades including maintenance, ancillary structures, and out-parcel structures. The standards shall outline architectural requirement for pedestrian-scaled trim and detailing, exterior wall materials, building entry prominence, articulation of facades, fenestration, bays, roof styles, roof materials, and massing. Architectural elements, including colonnades, pergolas, columns, awnings, gables, dormers, porches, balconies, balustrades, and wall plane projections, shall be addressed. Prominent, formalized, and shaded pedestrian connections between adjacent commercial uses shall be emphasized as well as pedestrian scaled and uninterrupted visual interest along the street face.

Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices will reinforce the planning and urban design principles established by the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification and this village development code. Any such modifications to these standards shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD land use plan, PSP or development plan for approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing.

In addition to the design standards listed above, the following development standards shall apply:

- (1) Minimum lot depth: One hundred twenty (120) feet.
- (2) Minimum lot width: Twenty-five (25) feet.

3862	(3)	Maximum building height: Three (3) stories and forty-fiv (45) feet.	
	(4)	Accessory structures: See subsection 39-155(j).	
3864	(5)	Maximum floor area ratio: .70 FAR (nonresidential only).	
	(6)	Minimum building setback requirements:	
3866		a. Front: Ten (10) feet; awnings and other overhangs may extend up to five (5) feet into this setback.	
3868		b. Side: Zero (0) feet.	
		c. Rear: Ten (10) feet from the primary structure.	
3870		d. Side street: Six (6) feet.	
3872		e. Neighborhood center perimeter exterior side setback: Fifteen (15) feet.	
3874	(7)	Façades shall be built directly on the front building setback line for at least fifty (50) percent of the linear footage of each building.	
3876	(8)	In addition to the design standards established in the required PD design guidelines, all developments within the	
3878 3880		neighborhood commercial district shall comply with the design, landscape, and lighting standards established in the commercial design standards ordinance, as it may be	
		amended from time to time.	
3882	(9)	When a rear or side of a building is adjacent to a residential district, that side of the building shall include roof, landscape and feed to treatments consistent with a mimory feed.	
3884	(10)	and façade treatments consistent with a primary façade.	
3886	(10)	On-street angled or parallel parking within three hunds (300) feet of the proposed use that meets the requirements section 34-171 shall be permitted. Off-street parking may	
3888		provided at a maximum rate of three (3) spaces/one thousand (1,000) square feet of building area.	
3890	(11)	Bicycle racks shall be consistent with the design standards set forth in sections 38-1484 and 38-1485.	
3892	(12)	Commercial building and site design guidelines:	
3894 3896		a. An unenclosed canopy, awning, or second story porch/balcony shall be required over all first-floor building openings (windows and doors). Such coverings shall be a minimum of five (5) feet in width.	
<del>-</del>		b. Owner (or property owners association) maintained	
3898		sidewalk areas at the front of neighborhood commercial areas shall be placed in a utility easement and not made	

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part of the public right-of-way. Such sidewalks shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width to facilitate pedestrian traffic, street furniture, and narrow store-front planters or planter pots. Such sidewalks shall extend from the right-of-way line (property line), to adjacent building face. A continuous, six (6) foot, unobstructed clear zone, for pedestrian movement, shall be maintained within the sidewalk corridor. In addition, a continuous, five (5) foot wide planter strip (or intermittent tree planter cutout) zone shall be constructed within and along the exterior edge of the right-of-way. This public portion of neighborhood center sidewalk systems shall be placed immediately contiguous to the ten (10) foot wide, owner-maintained sidewalk described above. A continuous concrete expansion joint shall be constructed five (5) feet from the back of the curb in order to distinguish the public and private portions of the sidewalk systems. Any exceptions to these standards must be approved by the County Engineer and be consistent with the approved roadway cross-section, if applicable.

- c. Primary entries shall face a public street or walkway and shall be accessed from a sidewalk open to the public. All entries shall meet accessibility requirements of the most recent editions of applicable federal and state standards as adopted.
- d. At least fifty (50) percent of the first-floor exterior elevation primary façades (façades which face the street rights-of-way, or which feature any customer entrance) shall incorporate transparent glass. Spandrel, faux, or glass block shall not satisfy this requirement. The transparent glass system shall not be consolidated to any one (1) side of the façade, instead, the glass surfaces shall be distributed across the width of said façade.
- e. Sides or rears of buildings, which may not be a primary or secondary façade, shall incorporate roof ridge, roof eave, and façade variations similar to those provided on the primary façade.
- f. Driveways on all functionally-classified roadways shall have special-emphasis crosswalk markings that are the maintenance responsibility of the property owner and shall otherwise be consistent with section 30-250.

## 3942 (13) Landscaping.

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- a. Street trees shall be provided pursuant to subsection 39-155(c).
- b. Landscaping shall be provided as required in chapter 40, article 3, except that where buildings are immediately abutting the sidewalk, the seven-foot wide landscape tree and shrub strip shall not be required. In addition, the eight (8) foot wide planter strip along the foundation of building primary façades shall not be required. Instead, plantings shall be encouraged within narrower (twelveinch to twenty-four-inch wide) sidewalk cutouts, or raised planters or pots, located along the foundation of building primary façades. Alternative methods and clustering of landscape that meet the intent of this division may be approved by the county.
- (14) Distance separation from religious institutions and schools for alcoholic beverages in neighborhood centers. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4-5.13.2.a, in order to promote a mixed use in neighborhood centers, the distance separation requirements for establishments selling alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption only, as specified in section 4-5.13.2.c, shall be reduced to onehundred (100) feet for restaurants with on-premises consumption only for those establishments possessing a 1COP, 2COP, or 4COP SRX state liquor license. Such establishments may sell beer, wine and liquor for consumption in the restaurant only after the hour of 4:00 p.m. on days school is in session. The method of measurement shall be as provided in section 4-5.13. An established religious use or school may voluntarily waive the distance separation requirement for establishments proposing to sell alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption (that otherwise meet the requirements of this subsection) by executing a waiver. Such waiver must be acceptable to the county in form and substance and shall be kept on file in the zoning division. All other provisions under section 38-1415 shall apply. The county may place other restrictions related to signage, outdoor seating, and outdoor amplification as part of the PD approval process to ensure compatibility with schools.

#### Sec. 39-167. Village center district.

(a) Generally. The village center district shall be located generally at the center of the village adjacent to a collector road which serves that particular village. Commercial development

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within the village center district should be primarily oriented to serve the residents of the immediate neighborhood. The total maximum size of all development within the village center district shall be sixty (60) acres and the maximum total floor area for office and commercial nonresidential uses shall be four hundred thousand (400,000) square feet, unless otherwise expressly allowed in the comprehensive plan. The maximum floor area ratio shall be fourtenths (0.4). Development in the village center district shall conform to the block standards and conceptual master street and block plan approved with the PD land use plan approval and shall meet accessibility requirements of currently-adopted editions of federal and state standards.

(b) Master street and block plan. Any PD/LUP containing property within a designated Village Center District shall include a conceptual master street and block plan which at a minimum identifies the general location of public circulator street(s), major local street(s), and defined internal circulator/corridors (defined as other than maneuvering lanes, but less than public streets). Special attention shall be paid to cross access between adjacent parcels, which may be required by the County Engineer to serve abutting building sites and enforced by cross-access easements that run with the land and that are recorded by the property owner at his or her expense. Said plan shall be approved as part of the first PD land use plan approval for property in the village center. In any case, no preliminary subdivision plan or development plan within the village center shall be approved prior to the approval of a conceptual master street and block plan.

It is intended that the master street and block plan shall show conceptual building massing and layout that create an urban corridor or center. Such conceptual building massing plan is to be considered a guideline for, rather than binding on, future development. Structures shall be brought forward to a build-to-line adjacent to the rights-of-way, along public streets and defined internal circulators/corridors. Although entries may be from several directions, primary building entries and façades shall face these internal streets and circulator ways. Pedestrian plazas and courtyards may be used as breaks in the building.

- Development standards. The following development standards shall apply to all development within the village center district.
  - (1) Village center land use mix.

	Minimum Land	Maximum Land
Use	Area Required	Area Permitted
Residential*	25%	40%

Commercial, retail and services	40%	60%
Office	10%	25%
Overall nonresidential	30%	60%
Public and civic**	10%	no maximum
Public parks and green space	7.5%	no maximum

<sup>\*</sup> Residential dwellings are permitted above ground floor commercial and office uses. Gross floor area of residential uses above the first floor shall count toward minimum land area requirements, but shall be exempt from maximum land area permitted.

#### (2) Permitted uses.

- a. Permitted residential uses in the village center district are as follows:
  - 1. Townhouses;
  - 2. Apartments;
  - 3. Condominiums;
  - 4. Residential dwelling units above commercial or office uses;
- b. Permitted non-residential uses in the village center district shall be limited to the following and subject to all of the conditions for permitted uses within the CNC district as listed in section 39-348 of this chapter:

SIC	
Group	Land Use
N/A	Community residential homes (greater than fourteen (14)
	clients)
0742	Veterinary hospitals and kennels within a completely
	enclosed soundproofed building (no outdoor runs)
43	Post offices
4724	Travel agencies
4729	Ticket agencies
4812	Cellular telephone sales and services
5231	Paint & wallpaper stores
5251	Hardware stores when contained completely within an
	enclosed structure with no outdoor storage and outdoor
	storage display. (Seasonal items generally related to a
	business may be located outside.)

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Uses include churches, libraries, government buildings, schools, transit stations, etc.

5311	Department store shopping centers as defined in chapter 40, article VI
5411	Grocery stores and convenience foods with fuel pumps [a maximum of four (4) islands - eight (8) pumps] located at side or rear
5441	Candy, nut and confectionery stores
5461	Retail bakery shops
5499	Specialty food stores
5621	Women's clothing stores
5661	Clothing stores
5712	Furniture stores
5713	Floor covering stores
5722	Household appliance stores
5731	Radio, TV, electronics stores
5735	Record and tape stores
	Eating places, including full-service restaurants with
5812	ancillary alcohol sales
5912	Drugstores
5932	Antique furniture stores
5941	Sporting goods and bicycle shops
5942	Book stores
5943	Office supplies and stationary stores
5944	Jewelry stores
5945	Hobby, toy & game shops
5946	Camera and photography supply stores
5947	Gift shops
5948	Luggage & leather goods stores
5992	Florists
5994	Newsstands, magazine stands
5995	Optical goods, eyeglass stores
5999	Miscellaneous retail, except auctions
60	Banks
61	Credit bureaus, mortgage loan companies, finance offices
62	Security and commodity brokers
63	Insurance carriers
64	Brokers, underwriters, insurance agencies
6531	Real estate offices, agents apartment finders, rental service, appraisers and managers
6541	Abstract and title services
672	Holding and investment offices and companies
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7212	Estate, trusts planning and management
	Laundry and dry-cleaning, retail
7219	Tailoring

7221 Photographic artists, portrait, sculptors and musicia 7231 Beauty shops 7241 Barber shops, hair stylists 7251 Shoe repair and shoe shine 7261 Funeral services except crematories and embalming 7299 Miscellaneous personal services including costume dating services, tanning salons and valet parking 7311 Advertising agencies 7334 Photocopying, quick print and duplicating services 7338 Secretarial services 7359 Appliance, TV, VCR and furniture rental 7361 Employment agencies 7374 Data processing	) )
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7374 Data processing	
1314 Data processing	
7378 Computer maintenance and repair	
7379 Computer related services	
7381 Lie detector services, detective agencies, investigate	ors
7382 Security operations, burglar and fire alarm monitori	ing
7384 Film processing and developing	
7389 Business services	
7622 Radio, TV, VCR and stereo repair	
7623 Appliance repair	
7631 Watch, clock and jewelry repair	
7699 Locksmiths and repair services	
781 Video editing	
7841 Video rental	
7911 Dance schools and studios	
7922 Radio and television studios	
7991 Physical fitness facilities	
7997 Indoor sports and recreation membership clubs	
8011 Medical doctors offices and clinics	
8021 Dental offices and clinics	
8031 Osteopathic physicians	
8111 Legal services	
8231 Libraries	
Music and drama schools, vocational counseling, ex	xam
8299 preparatory schools, ceramics schools, modeling sc	
personal development schools, and tutoring	,
8322 Counselors and family services	
8322/8351 Adult/child day care centers	
Job training and related services	
8412 Museum and art galleries	
8641 Civic, social and fraternal associations	

8661	Churches with attendant educational building and recreational facilities
871	Engineering offices, surveyors
8712	Architectural services
8721	Accountant offices, tax consultants and bookkeeping
873	Research and development, testing services
8742	Management consulting services
8743	Public relations services
8748	Business consulting
911	Government offices
921	Courts
9221	Sheriff, public safety offices
9224	Fire stations
93	Public finance and taxation offices
94	Public health, education, social and human resource offices
95	Environmental, housing, urban planning and land
	management offices
96	Economic development commissions, transportation
	programs, public utilities and agricultural programs

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- c. The following uses and any other uses which are not expressly permitted shall be prohibited within the village center district:
  - 1. Pawn shops;
  - 2. Bottle clubs;
  - 3. Veterinary services for livestock;
  - 4. Hotels and motels (more than twenty-five (25) rooms);
  - 5. Time share units and transient rentals (rentals less than one hundred eighty (180) days);
  - 6. Escort services and tattoo parlors;
  - 7. Fortune tellers, tarot card readers, palm readers, psychics and similar uses;
  - 8. "Check Cashing" or "Pay Day Loans" business:
  - 9. Body art, or body piercing business;
  - 10. Labor pools and labor halls;
  - 11. "Big Box" Developments.

d. The following uses shall be allowed as a condition of approval or as a substantial change to the land use plan as approved by the board of county commissioners:

SIC	
Group	Land Use
•	Boarding kennels within a completely enclosed
0742	soundproofed building and outdoor run
N/A	Communication towers subject to chapter 40, article 4,
	division 6
N/A	Street vending/Food trucks and portable food vendors
	Sale of alcohol for on-premises consumption, except as
5813	ancillary to a full-service restaurant.
N/A	Drive-throughs in conjunction with a permitted use
	Any business which maintains a fleet of commercial
NT/A	vehicles including, but not limited to carpet and rug
N/A	cleaning, exterminating and pest control, janitorial services,
	maid services, septic tank cleaning, etc.
49	Utility substations and telephone switching stations
5331	Auto parts, tire dealers
	Automobile Service Stations [with fuel pumps: a maximum
5541	of four (4) islands/eight (8) fuel stations] located at the side
	or rear*
5813	Drinking establishments, cocktail lounges, pubs and bars
5921	Liquor stores subject to chapter 40, article 4, section 4-5.13
7011	Bed and breakfast, subject to chapter 40, article 4
7215	Coin-operated laundries
7542	Free-standing car washes that are enclosed on two (2) sides
7832	Movie theaters [exceeding eight (8) screens]
7933	Bowling centers
7941	Stadiums in conjunction with schools
	Arcades, slot machines, video games, and enclosed
7993	amusement centers limited in size to five thousand (5,000)
	square feet
7999	Indoor amusement and recreation: billiard parlors, bingo
1999	parlors, skating rinks, recreation clubs
805	Nursing homes and skilled nursing facilities as defined in
003	chapter 40, article VI
8062	Ambulatory nursing facilities
8093	Birthing facilities, alcohol and drug treatment, aids
00/0	treatment, outpatient clinics, birth control centers
82	Colleges, kindergarten, elementary, middle and high
02	schools, (private or public)
8299	Auto driving instruction

8361	Residential care such as crisis centers, juvenile correction homes, training schools for delinquents, drug rehab centers			
8422	Zoos and botanical gardens			
4225	Self storage facility**			

<sup>\*</sup> Service bays shall not face the rights-of-way.

- \*\* Specific design standards for self storage facilities shall be established at the time of PD approval, PD substantial change approval, or PSP and DP approval (as may be applicable), and included on the respective land use plan or site plan. Notwithstanding application type, the specific design standards shall be subject to approval at a public hearing before the board of county commissioners. To ensure that self storage facilities are developed in an architecturally compatible fashion, while not precluding pedestrian accessibility, design standards shall include the following:
  - Building modulation shall be employed to break up long façades and create a visually unique project. Building modulation may be achieved through the use of horizontal and vertical projections or recesses, including awnings, overhangs or other similar architectural features. Color and textural changes that diminish the perceived horizontal scale and massing of buildings, with particular attention given to building corners and primary entrances, may also be used. Regardless of building modulation, self storage facilities shall have a maximum building length of two hundred seventy-five (275) feet.
  - At least one primary building facade shall have a minimum transparency of fifty (50) percent on the ground floor, and a minimum transparency of twenty-five (25) percent on all remaining floors. Each other primary building facade shall have a minimum combined transparency of twenty-five (25) percent for all floors. For purposes of these design standards, transparency may consist of transparent windows, vehicular breezeways, or spandrel glass features (without opening into building wall or structure); and dormers, shutters or other architectural elements may be used to further enhance facades
  - Building elements shall not function as signage, and unique or symbolic business elements shall be secondary to the overall architectural design;
  - Access to storage units shall be encouraged from the interior of the building; however, any outdoor storage or outdoor access to storage units shall be screened from street view and shall not face or be visible from any street; and
  - Regardless of street frontage, projects shall be limited to two (2) curb cuts on any block face and no more than three (3) curb cuts for any parcel.
    - e. The following criteria shall be used in determining whether to approve or deny a substantial change:

- 4064 4066 4068 4070 4072 4074 4076 4078 4080 4082 4084 4086 4088 4090 4092 4094 4096 4098 4100 4102 4104 4106
- 1. The change shall be consistent with the comprehensive plan and/or specific area plan.
- 2. The change shall be similar and compatible with the surrounding area and shall be consistent with the pattern of surrounding development.
- 3. The change shall not act as a detrimental intrusion into the surrounding area.
- 4. The use shall be similar in noise, vibration, dust, odor, glare, heat producing and other characteristics that are associated with the majority of uses currently permitted in the zoning district.
- (3) Ground level retail. Buildings fronting on any APF right-of-way, or village main street within a village center district must be designed to accommodate ground level retail and shall have a minimum first floor finished ceiling height of ten (10) feet. The ground level floor area may also be used for office, or civic uses. Ground level retail is not required in residential only areas, which shall be designated on the PD land use plan.
- Maximum retail floor area. The maximum allowable gross floor area per retail establishment (excluding grocery stores and self-storage facilities/buildings) is seven thousand five hundred (7,500) square feet. Retail establishments with a gross floor area between seven thousand five hundred (7,500) square feet and fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet may be approved at a public hearing by the board of county commissioners. Grocery stores may not exceed fifty-four (54,000)square feet and self-storage thousand facilities/buildings may not exceed seventy-six thousand (76,000) leasable square feet and one hundred thousand (100,000) gross square feet.
- (5) Residential development. Residential development must achieve a minimum net density of five (5) dwelling units per net developable acre, unless otherwise provided in the comprehensive plan. Residential development may be permitted up to twenty-four (24) dwelling units per net developable acre with transfer of development rights or as otherwise as provided for in subsection 39-155(a).
- (6) Transit stops. Transit stops should be centrally located in the village center commercial area so that, generally, no building is more than one thousand three hundred twenty (1,320) feet from a proposed transit stop. The county may require ADA-compliant shelter facilities and/or pull off bays, which must

be consistent with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook), as published by the Florida Department of Transportation, as part of a development plan for the village center.

- (7) Outside dining and seating areas are encouraged for fullservice or other restaurants which possess twenty (20) linear feet or more of street frontage. Such outdoor dining and seating areas are subject to the following requirements:
  - a. No table, chair, bench, umbrella, planter, or fencing may encroach upon the sidewalk through-corridor, on-site traffic circulation, or landscaping or drainage areas.
  - b. The limits of any proposed outdoor seating areas, including the number and location of tables and chairs, must be delineated on the development plan.
  - c. Outdoor seating areas shall be factored in calculating the project's gross floor area in relation to required parking, stormwater, impact fees, and similar development regulations.
  - d. Planters, with appropriately-sized plant materials, are encouraged for the purpose of delineating and buffering seating/dining areas from the adjacent sidewalk corridor, or any adjacent on-street parking. Such planted edges shall feature raised masonry or potted planters and, if appropriate, black decorative fencing.
  - e. Outside dining and seating areas must be consistent with the accessibility requirements of the most recent editions of applicable federal and state standards as adopted.
- 8) Distance separation from religious institutions and schools for alcoholic beverages in village centers. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4-5.13.2.a, in order to promote a mixed use village center, the distance separation requirements for establishments selling alcoholic beverages for onsite consumption, as specified in section 4-5.13.2.a, shall be reduced for those establishments possessing a 1COP, 2COP or 4COP SRX state liquor license within the village center from one thousand (1,000) feet to one hundred (100) feet from an established church or school (regardless of such church or school being located inside or outside of the village or neighborhood centers). Notwithstanding the foregoing regarding schools, pursuant to F.S. § 562.45, except for establishments that are licensed as restaurants and that derive at least fifty-one (51) percent of their gross

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revenues from the sale of food and nonalcoholic beverages pursuant to F.S. ch. 509, no establishments serving alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption may be located within five hundred (500) feet of an elementary school, middle school, or high school, however, with respect to such restaurants located within three hundred (300) feet of a school, alcoholic beverages may not be served before 4:00 p.m. on days that school is in session. The method of measurement shall be as provided in section 4-5.513.2.d. A religious use or school located in or around the village center may voluntarily waive the distance separation requirement for establishments proposing to sell alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption (that otherwise meet the requirements of this subsection) by executing a waiver. Such waiver must be acceptable to the county in form and substance and shall be kept on file in the Zoning Division. All other provisions under section 4-5.13 shall apply. The county may place other restrictions related to signage, outdoor seating, and outdoor amplification as part of the PD approval process to ensure compatibility with religious uses or schools.

- (9) *Streets*. All streets and blocks in the village center shall conform to the provisions of this section.
  - a. Street standards. Standards for streets shall be as set forth in the village street cross-sections as approved on a PD/LUP. All streets shall meet all applicable standards of chapter 34 and Section 21-176, including accessibility requirements.
  - b. Owner (or property owners association) maintained sidewalks areas, at the front of neighborhood commercial areas, shall be placed in a utility easement and not made part of the public right-of-way. Such sidewalks shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width to facilitate pedestrian traffic, street furniture, and narrow store-front planters or planter pots. Such sidewalks shall extend from the right-of-way line (property line), to adjacent building face. A continuous, six (6) foot, unobstructed clear zone, for pedestrian movement, shall be maintained within the sidewalk corridor. In addition, a continuous five (5) foot wide planter strip (or intermittent tree planter cutout) zone shall be constructed within and along the exterior edge of the right-of-way. This public portion of the neighborhood center sidewalk systems shall be placed immediately contiguous to the ten (10) foot wide, ownermaintained sidewalk described above. A continuous

concrete expansion joint shall be constructed five (5) feet from the back of the curb to distinguish the public and private portions of the sidewalk systems. Ownermaintained portions of sidewalk and all other private portions of the sidewalk systems shall meet accessibility requirements of currently-adopted editions of federal and state standards.

- c. Street type and pattern. The types and patterns of all streets in the village shall be in conformity with the transportation provisions outlined in Future Land Use Element Objective FLU4.3 and its underlying policies. The location of streets on the master transportation plan is approximate. Precise locations of streets, consistent with the conceptual master block plan, shall be determined in conjunction with approval of a final development plan. Street patterns shall be based primarily upon a good system of interconnecting streets. Roadway connections to existing streets shall be in compliance with all accessibility requirements of currently-adopted editions of federal and state standards and shall provide two (2) ramps per intersection quadrant on functionally classified roadways.
- d. *Direct access*. Direct access to the village center shall be from a village center major local or village center circulator street as defined by the PD/LUP. Direct access from an arterial road serving the village is prohibited.
- (d) Development standards and approval process. The following standards shall apply to all development within the village center district. Modifications to these standards may be permitted where alternative development practices will reinforce the planning principles established by the goals, objectives and policies of the village land use classification, the comprehensive plan and this village development code. Any such modifications to these standards shall be identified separately in bold on the village PD land use plan, preliminary subdivision plan or development plan for approval by the board of county commissioners at a public hearing.
  - (1) Buildings on both sides of the street should be designed with similar height, bulk and yard standards. Heights of adjacent structures may vary, but ordinarily by not more than one (1) story.
  - (2) All townhouse development shall have access and off-street parking from the rear or via an alley.

### (3) Site development standards.

### a. Minimum lot width:

Use	Minimum Width (ft.)
Townhouse	16
Multi-family	150
Condominium	85
Retail	30
Office	30
Civic	none

- b. Minimum lot depth for all uses shall be one hundred (100) feet.
- c. Maximum lot coverage and open space:

Percent	
Maximum	Percent
Lot	Minimum
Coverage*	Open Space*
85	25
80	25
80	20
80	20
80	20
	Maximum Lot Coverage* 85 80 80 80

<sup>\*</sup> The area of a porch, bay window, or arcade fronting a public street is not included in the calculation of lot coverage. Max Lot Coverage for Multifamily, Retail, Office and Civic shall refer to maximum impervious surface coverage.

- d. Maximum F.A.R. for uses in the village center is four-tenths (0.4).
- e. Minimum living area per residential dwelling unit shall be five hundred (500) square feet.
- f. Maximum building heights are as follows, with the exception of a turret, spire, tower, or other similar architectural feature, which may exceed the maximum height of the principal building by up to fifteen (15) feet:

	Number	Height
Use	of Stories	in Feet
Townhouse	4	55
Multi-family and Condominium	5	75

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Parking Structures	5	60
Retail	3	50
Office	3	50
Civic	3	50
Mixed use (Residential over Commercial)	5	75

- g. The build-to-line for all primary buildings, structures, walks and fences shall be ten (10) feet on all public street frontages, except residential streets which shall have setbacks as per the village home section individual residential districts of this Code. A minimum of seventy (70) percent of the build-to-line of any block or parcel must be occupied by buildings and/or street-walls. Landscaped street-walls should not make up more than fifty (50) percent of the required frontage.
  - 1. Up to twenty-five (25) percent of any street frontage of a building may vary from the build to line, but shall not be less than five (5) feet or more than twenty-five (25) feet in variation.
  - 2. The area between the right-of-way line and the build to line shall be landscaped in accordance with the appropriate provisions of the Village PD Code.
  - 3. There shall be no build to line for temporary buildings or structures.
  - 4. Street-facing façades for ground floors of all buildings shall be planned for a minimum of fifty (50) percent transparency except in those areas of the village center designated for only residential uses in the PD land use plan.
- h. Front setback: Ten (10) feet; awnings and other overhangs may extend up to five (5) feet into this setback.
- i. Side setback: Zero (0) feet.
- i. Side street setback: Six (6) feet.
- k. Village Center perimeter exterior side setback: Fifteen (15) feet.
- 1. Primary buildings or parking structures may not be constructed closer than twenty (20) feet from an adjacent building or structure except where a fire wall meeting Orange County Code requirements is provided.

- m. Minimum setback requirements shall apply in all cases, except that fireplaces, eves, balconies, and fireproof stairways may extend up to a maximum of five (5) feet into the required setbacks.
- n. Patios may not be constructed within the required setback zone. This limitation, however, does not apply to sidewalk cafes.
- o. Site access. Site access and curb cuts shall be limited as follows:

Use	Minimum Permitted Curb Cuts		
Townhouse	Access required from rear alley		
Multi-family and Condominium	Two (2) curb cuts per lot		
Retail	Two (2) curb cuts per lot		
Office	Two (2) curb cuts per lot		
Civic	Two (2) curb cuts per lot		

### (4) *Parking*.

- a. Off-street and on-street facilities shall be provided for multifamily use, hotel use, retail use, office use, and civic use in accordance with this subsection.
- b. The village code encourages public safety and crime prevention through environmental design. All at grade parking lots fronting village roadways shall be set setback not less than ten (10) feet from the right-of-way line from such roadways, and buffered from the street utilizing landscaping in accordance with the landscape requirements of the village code, and may include approved public art or approved street vendor stands.
- c. Parking structures, if required, should be designed to accommodate ground level retail. This ground level floor may also be used for office, civic, or approved conditional uses. Steel parking garages and steel guard cables on garage façades are prohibited. Structures shall separate pedestrians and automobiles, shall provide covered bicycle parking on the ground floor, and shall be enhanced with façade treatment to integrate with the surrounding buildings when they front public streets.
- d. Maximum frontage for parking lots along a village center circulator or a village center major local street shall be sixty-five (65) feet. Maximum frontage for parking lots along any other street shall be two hundred (200) feet

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- e. On-street parallel parking may be counted toward the parking requirements when said parking is on the same block as the building it serves. Assignment and allocation of on-street parking shall be shown on the final development plan and shall meet the requirements of section 34-171.
- f. Shared parking. Uses may join in establishing shared parking areas if it can be demonstrated that the parking for two (2) or more specific uses occurs at alternating time periods. Required parking shall be determined based on parking demand for the peak parking period, as determined by parking analysis study approved by the county zoning division.
- g. Parking lots and parking garages shall not:
  - 1. Abut street intersections or civic use areas;
  - 2. Be adjacent to public squares; or
  - 3. Occupy lots which are at the terminus of a street vista.
- h. Parking. Off-street parking shall be located to the rear or side of buildings. Off-street parking shall comply with the parking standards established in section 38-1476. Waivers for reduced parking will be reviewed on a case by case basis for mixed-use density. Landscaping for the screening and interior of off-street parking shall comply with chapter 40, including canopy trees planted forty (40) feet on-center average, no closer than twenty (20) feet and no farther than sixty (60) feet on center, and one (1) understory tree for every twenty (20) feet. In addition, a minimum forty (40) inch masonry street wall/knee wall with decorative finish, such as stucco or brick, including a decorative cap shall be installed between the parking lot and the right-of-way but shall be outside the vertical and/or horizontal sight distances of any intersection or driveway. The wall shall not extend over twenty-five (25) feet without an offset/projection, pilaster, or column feature to provide aesthetic variety. On-street parallel parking is encouraged and may be counted toward the parking requirements when it is within the projected property lines as the building it serves and consistent with the requirements of section 34-171.
- i. Grocery store parking. Grocery store development shall encourage walking, feature a compact layout, and be

integrated into the village's block design and configuration.

- 1. Parking shall be located at the rear or side of the grocery store front façade, if the front façade faces a public right-of-way. In order to reduce parking lot depth and allow the dispersal of parking on at least two (2) sides of the grocery store, placement of the grocery store entrance is encouraged at a corner of the building.
- 2. If the side or rear of the grocery store faces the right-of-way, parking may be permitted in the front; however, side or rear façades, which face an adjacent right-of-way, shall not project blank, flat, or featureless walls. Instead, such walls shall, at a minimum, imply a building front by incorporating projected architectural features, including decorative trim, pilasters, recessed window glazing (transparent and spandrel) and surrounds, awnings, varied roof and eaves lines, and paint color variations.
- 3. Outlying portions of grocery store parking lots shall also be screened from view by locating ancillary buildings directly along the right-of-way. Such secondary inline retail, or free-standing buildings shall feature an architectural style or architectural features found on the adjacent grocery store. Parking for these buildings shall again be prohibited between the right-of-way, and the structure. Instead, parking for these buildings shall also be located at the rear or side. Fire lanes, without designated parking areas, may be allowed between the structure and the adjacent right-of-way.
- 4. Parking shall be located in modules involving delineated groups of parking spaces which are separated by landscaping, landscaped pedestrian ways, and/or architectural features.
- 5. Pedestrian walkways shall be designed to provide access between parking areas and the building entrance in a coordinated and safe manner using clearly delineated pavement markings and/or crosswalks consistent with section 30-250.
- j. Parking lot drives. In order to ensure shorter block patterns with a comfortable, convenient, and walkable scale, the village center's more expansive surface parking lots shall incorporate clearly-defined pass-

throughs which serve to extend the surrounding street pattern while keeping traffic speeds slow and providing 4410 shoppers with a safe, shaded, convenient environment. 4412 Drives can be defined by means of: Parking modules 4414 Repeated street tree patterns Knee walls repeated within lot **Bollards** 4416 Pedestrian walkways with textured or stamped concrete or asphalt and painted or 4418 thermoplastic crosswalk markings Narrow dimensions 4420 Shade Pedestrian oriented signage 4422 Parallel parking spaces Street trees and parking lot landscaping requirements. 4424 Landscaping should compliment the pedestrian scale and character of the neighborhood, screen vehicle use areas, 4426 provide shade for large expanses of pavement, provide visual interest, and enhance the common open space within 4428 the neighborhood center. Accordingly, all development within the village center shall meet the following landscape 4430 requirements: 4432 a. Landscaping shall be provided as required in chapter 40, article 3, division 5 except that where buildings are located immediately abutting the sidewalk, the seven-4434 foot-wide landscape tree and shrub strip shall not be required. In addition, the eight-foot-wide planter strip 4436 along the foundation building primary façades shall not be required. Instead, plantings shall be encouraged 4438 within narrower (twelve-inch to twenty-four-inch wide) sidewalk cutouts, or raised planters or pots, located along 4440 the foundation of building primary façades. Alternative 4442 methods and clustering of landscape that meet the intent of this division may be approved by the county. b. Street trees shall be arranged and maintained at 4444 intersections to provide reasonable visibility for warranted traffic control devices. Street trees shall not be 4446 planted closer than fifteen (15) feet to the corner. c. Off-street parking and vehicle use areas. Except as 4448 provided herein, off-street parking and vehicle use areas

- shall be landscaped in accordance with chapter 40, article 3, division 5. Shade trees shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet tall and have six (6) feet of clear trunk and a minimum caliper of three (3) inches at time of planting.
- d. Screening of off-street parking and vehicle use areas. Off-street parking and vehicle use areas visible from the right-of-way/roadway shall be screened per landscape code, chapter 40, article 3, division 5 and as detailed in subsection d.1. below. In addition, a minimum forty (40) inch tall solid masonry wall or other approved type of solid construction with decorative finish, such as stucco or brick including a decorative cap, shall be installed between the parking lot and the right-of-way. The wall shall not extend over twenty-five (25) feet without an offset/projection, pilaster, or column feature to provide aesthetic variety.
  - 1. A continuous hedge, a minimum of thirty (30) inches in height, shall be planted along the outside of the wall along the full linear length of the street wall/knee wall with one (1) canopy tree planted on average of forty (40) feet on-center and one (1) understory tree planted on average of twenty (20) feet on-center. Groundcover, other than sod, shall be utilized for at least fifty (50) percent of the remaining landscaped area.
  - 2. The width of the landscaped area shall be consistent with chapter 40, article 3, division 5 for vehicle use areas and the street wall shall be placed no closer than five (5) feet from the property line.
  - 3. Edges of vehicle use areas which abut an adjacent property shall be planted with shrubs at least three (3) feet high at time of planting with a maximum spacing of thirty (30) inches on-center with canopy trees and understory trees planted in accordance with subparagraph 1 above.
  - 4. All walls shall include reasonable breaks for pedestrian connections to adjacent uses and external sidewalks. Linear wall length shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet without a column, offset, or projections, or other architectural feature.
  - 5. For parking areas with one hundred (100) or more spaces, an eight (8) foot wide landscape strip, including a continuous hedge at a minimum thirty (30) inches in height and canopy trees at an average

of forty (40) feet on-center, shall be required along the primary entrance drive lanes.

- (i) Primary entrance drive lanes are drive lanes or isles which are created at a primary access point or curb cut into a development or shopping center, as well as those drive lanes that abut and are parallel to a building front.
- (ii) Back-out parking is not permitted onto primary entrance drive lanes. Angle parallel parking is permitted along primary entrance drive lanes.
- (iii) One (1) isle access or isle break to the primary entrance drive lane shall be allowed for each two (2) internal parking lot drive isles that are provided within the parking area.
- (iv) Buffer yards. With the exception of zero (0) lot line commercial, office or mixed-use buildings and the landscape requirements of off-street parking areas, all property lines, regardless of use, shall be planted with canopy trees on average of forty (40) feet oncenter and in accordance with the buffer requirements of chapter 40, article 3, division 5. For buildings constructed at the front building setback, the required street tree plantings will meet this requirement along the abutting front or side-street buffer.
- (v) Except as stated herein, all development shall comply with the landscape requirements set forth in chapter 40, article 3, division 5. Alternative methods, buffering, and clustering of landscape may be approved by the zoning division manager or his designee, as long as the intent of the code is met.
- (vi) Where buildings or customer service/seating areas are placed at the front setback line, the parking is provided in the rear of the building, street trees are provided along the primary façade, and the building area is less than six thousand (6,000) square feet, the landscape adjacent to the perimeter of the building's primary façade, as required by the commercial design standards ordinance, may

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be reduced from eight (8) feet for four (4) feet in width with only the requirement for shrubs and groundcover. Required street trees shall serve to meet the tree planting requirements. Up to fifty (50) percent of the required landscape area may be provided within the street tree planters.

vii) For apartment or other multifamily structures, landscape adjacent to the primary façade of the building shall be provided at the base of the building at a minimum of eight (8) feet in width and shall include a combination of hedges, a minimum of thirty (30) inches in height, and groundcover and a maximum of twenty-five (25) percent sod.

# Sec. 39-168. Village center and neighborhood center district sign regulations.

All signage in the Neighborhood Center District and Village Center District, as described in chapter 39 shall conform to the provisions of this section.

- (1) *Permitted signs*. The following types of signs and no others shall be permitted:
  - a. Signs advertising a business, office or other permitted use. Such signs shall be on-premises signs and shall be erected on the site where such use is located.
  - b. For all permitted office, commercial, institutional, civic, church, and consumer service uses, a sign or signs may be erected subject to the following:
    - 1. Ground signs. For ground signs with a total of one-half (½) square foot of copy area, signage may be allowed for each one (1) linear foot of right-of-way frontage (which by definition excludes limited access highways, unopened or vacated right-of-way). Ground signage is subject to the following restrictions:
      - (i) One (1) ground sign per access drive, not to exceed sixty (60) square feet per sign. A maximum of two (2) ground signs shall be permitted per principle parcel or project.
      - (ii). No ground sign shall be permitted for any out-parcels.

4580		(iii)		naximum height of any ground sign be eight (8) feet.
4582		(iv)	ten (1	d signs shall be setback a minimum of 0) feet from the right-of-way or any ty line.
4584		(v)		ninimum separation for ground signs be one hundred (100) feet.
4586	2.			a signs. For signs erected on buildings, (1) square foot of copy area may be
4588		allowe	d for e	each one (1) linear foot of building establishment and subject to the
4590		_	-	rictions:
		(i)	Maxin	num copy area.
4592			A.	For establishments with up to five thousand (5,000) square feet of
4594				building area, the maximum copy area shall be twenty (20) square feet.
4596			B.	For establishments with five thousand one (5,001) to fifteen thousand
4598				(15,000) square feet of building area, the maximum copy area shall be
4600				thirty (30) square feet.
4602			C.	For establishments with fifteen thousand one (15,001) to twenty-five
4604				thousand (25,000) square feet of building area, the maximum copy area shall be forty (40) square feet.
4606			D.	For establishments with twenty-five thousand one (25,001) to forty
4608				thousand (40,000) square feet of building area, the maximum copy
4610				area shall be sixty (60) square feet.
4612			E.	For establishments with forty thousand one (40,001) to sixty (60,000) square feet of building area,
4614				the maximum copy area shall be one hundred (100) square feet.
4616		(ii)	_	erected on buildings shall not extend the roof line or parapet of the wall of
4618				ilding on which it is erected.

- (iii) Wall or fascia signs erected on buildings shall not extend more than twenty-four (24) inches from the wall on which it is erected.
- (iv) A hanging sign may only be permitted under a canopy, covered walk, or awning and shall not extend beyond the limits of the canopy, awning or covered walk. The copy area of any sign hanging under a canopy or awning shall not exceed four (4) square feet. The copy area shall count against the total copy calculation allowed area for establishment. The minimum clearance of the bottom of the sign face of any hanging sign shall be nine (9) feet from the finished grade level, except that if the face of the sign extends over a vehicular travelway, the minimum clearance shall be thirteen and onehalf (13½) feet.
- (v) An awning sign may be permitted on the lower one-quarter (½) of an awning or canopy. The copy area of any awning sign shall not exceed four (4) square feet and shall not take up more than twenty (20) percent of the awning area. The awning shall not be lighted or back-lighted in any way. The copy area shall count against the total copy area calculation allowed for the establishment. The minimum clearance of the bottom of the awning shall be nine (9) feet from the finished grade level, except that if the awning extends over a vehicular travelway, the minimum clearance shall be thirteen and one-half (13½) feet.
- (vi) Signs erected on buildings may be erected on any building face for any outparcel. Signs erected on a grocery store and other retail over fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet shall only be erected on the front of the establishment.
- (vii) When canopies are used in conjunction with gasoline island and pumps, an additional one-half (½) square foot of copy area per one (1) linear foot of canopy frontage shall be permitted. This copy area shall only be allowed on the canopy. This copy area is in

4664			addition to the copy area allowed under subsection (a) above, but shall not exceed a
4666			total of six (6) square feet and shall not be lighted or back-lit in any way.
4668		3.	Directional signage shall be permitted in accordance with chapter 40, article III, division 6.
4670		4.	Temporary signage shall be permitted in accordance chapter 40, article III, division 6.
4672		5.	Window signs shall be limited to twenty (20) percent of the window area of any establishment.
4674			gns identifying a subdivision or multifamily evelopment.
4676		1.	Signs stating only the name of an approved residential, office, commercial, or mixed use
4678			subdivision or multifamily development may be erected within the approved subdivision or
4680			multifamily development.
4682		2.	Such a sign shall be only a ground sign or wall sign as part of an entrance feature. The maximum height shall be eight (8) feet.
4684		3.	A maximum of two (2) ground signs shall be permitted. Any such sign, which is the primary sign,
4686			shall be located only at the main entrance or on the median of the main entrance. Additional such signs,
4688			which are secondary signs, shall be located only at a secondary entrance or on the median of a secondary
4690			entrance.
4692		4.	Ground signs shall be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet from the right-of-way or any property line. The minimum separation from any other sign shall be one
4694			hundred (100) feet.
4696		5.	The maximum allowable copy area of the primary identification sign for a subdivision or multifamily development shall be twenty (20) square feet, and the
4698			maximum allowable copy area of any secondary sign shall be ten (10) square feet. Copy area shall only
4700			identify the name of the subdivision or development, including logo, but shall not include any tenant
4702			signage or other incidental signage.
4704	(2)	prohi	bited signs. In addition to the signs or message board pited by chapter 40, article III, division 6, the following shall be prohibited:

4706		a.	Off-premises signs (billboards);
4708		b.	Flashing, rotating or revolving signs, with the exception of barber poles;
		c.	Roof signs;
4710		d.	Any sign suspended between poles and illuminated by a series of lights;
4712		e.	Any sign erected on a tree or utility pole, or painted or drawn on a rock or other natural feature;
4714		f.	Any banner sign or sign of any other type across a public street or on any private property, except for such signs
4716 4718			which are approved by the board of county commissioners to be of general benefit to the county or for public convenience, necessity or welfare;
4720		g.	Any sign suspended between poles which is either a pennant which blows in the wind or a spinner which spins in the wind;
4722 4724		h.	Signs which contain, include, or are illuminated by any flashing, intermittent, or moving lights except those giving public service information such as time, date,
			temperature, weather, or similar information;
4726		i.	All signs above eight (8) feet in height;
		j.	Backlit awnings or canopies;
4728		k.	Marquee signs;
		1.	Roof signs;
4730		m.	Projecting signs;
		n.	Pole or pylon signs;
4732		0.	Electronic changeable copy signs;
4734		p.	Electronic signs including light-emitting diodes (LED), television screens, plasma screens, digital screens, flat screens, video boards, holographic displays, projected images/messages, or similar type sign;
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4738		q.	Signage that is internally lit (neighborhood center only); and
		r.	Any other signs prohibited by this chapter.
4740	(3)		e computation of the area of a sign shall include incidental corative trim and the framework in addition to the portion
4742		de	voted to the message and lettering.

For projecting or freestanding double faced signs, only one (1) display face shall be measured in computing the total sign 4744 area where the sign faces are parallel or where the interior angle formed by the faces is forty-five (45) degrees or less. 4746 Signs with sides forming an interior angle of more than forty-five (45) degrees shall not exceed the maximum area 4748 permitted for such signs for all sides combined. The area measure of each ground sign shall include all 4750 separate components, which shall not exceed three (3) in number. The area measure of each freestanding sign shall 4752 include all separate components, which shall not exceed three (3) in number. Freestanding signs shall not exceed a 4754 height of seven (7) feet from the ground level to the top of the sign and shall not exceed a height of nine (9) feet to the 4756 top of the sign support. 4758

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(6) Wall signs that are part of the architectural design of a building shall be restricted to an area not more than fifteen (15) percent of the wall area, including windows and doors, of the wall upon which such sign is affixed or attached, and such signs shall not protrude above the structural wall of which it is a part. Where such sign consists of individual lettering or symbols attached to building, wall or window, the area of the sign shall be considered to be that of the smallest rectangle or other regular geometric shape which encompasses all of the letters and symbols.

#### Sec. 39-169. Park and civic use development standards.

- (a) Park and civic use areas. Land designated for park and civic use shall include land for community buildings which shall be open to the public including: meeting halls; libraries; schools; child care centers; police and fire stations; post offices; clubhouses; religious buildings; playgrounds; museums; cultural societies; visual and performing arts buildings; public art; and governmental buildings.
- (b) Site development standards. The site development guidelines and standards for civic use buildings shall be the same as those for uses in the village center. Design standards shall be submitted for all civic uses in the village, and shall be consistent with the intent of this code and the comprehensive plan. Such uses must be processed as a PD. This provision is not intended to apply to public schools.

#### Sec. 39-170. Reserved.

## ARTICLE VIII. HORIZON WEST TOWN CENTER PLANNED DEVELOPMENT CODE

## DIVISION 1. PURPOSE AND INTENT, APPLICABILITY, DISTRICTS AND ADMINISTRATION

#### Sec. 39-171. Short title.

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This Division, titled "Horizon West Town Center Planned Development Code" may also be known and cited as the "Town Center PD Code" or the "Town Center Code."

### Sec. 39-172. Purpose and intent.

(a) The purpose of the Town Center Planned Development Code is to implement the Horizon West Town Center, as more fully set forth in the Orange County Comprehensive Plan, and more specifically in Future Land Use Element Goal FLU4 and its associated objectives and policies. The goals, objectives and policies related to the Horizon West Town Center and Comprehensive Plan are based upon the development principles listed below. These principles are included to illustrate the intent supporting the Town Center PD Code and shall be utilized, where necessary, to determine how the Town Center PD Code will be applied in cases of uncertainty.

The purpose and intent of the Town Center PD Code is as follows:

- (1) To implement the goals, objectives and policies related to the Horizon West Town Center and found in the Orange County Comprehensive Plan.
- (2) To support the Horizon West Villages by accommodating greater employment and commercial uses than planned for Village Centers.
- (3) To concentrate commercial development in the Town Center rather than in radial, strip, isolated, or ribbon development patterns, providing commercial service and civic support uses within one-half-mile walking distance of residential, office, and employment uses.
- (4) To create a compact urban mixed use development, within the Traditional Town Center Core and Corporate Neighborhood Center, supported by a diverse mix of uses that provides necessary employment, commercial, housing and lifestyle opportunities for current and future residents of Horizon West.

4822		residential and retail areas, creating integrated, mixed-use neighborhood units.
4824 4826	(6)	To develop an interconnected system of local streets, regional and local transit routes, bicycle trails and routes, and pedestrian walkways.
4828	(7)	To create a variety of higher density neighborhoods that incorporate a mix of housing types as well as limited neighborhood-scale commercial and office uses.
4830 4832	(8)	To provide a system of linked civic, recreation public open space uses, and wetland and lake edges that create a significant network of functional open spaces.
4834 4836	(9)	To accommodate higher density and intensity of development through the implementation of innovative stormwater techniques or stormwater master plans for each Neighborhood Planning Area.
4838 4840	(10)	To combine compact urban form, an emphasis on land uses providing jobs and community-regional retail uses that will reduce the vehicle miles of travel typically generated by single-use developments and those lacking internal roadway.
4842 4844	(b) the ap Princip	connectivity.  The purpose and intent statements will be achieved through oplication of the following Horizon West Town Center toles.
7077	(1)	Development Pattern.
4846	` ,	a. Planning for Town Center should be considered in the context of the greater Horizon West, West Orange
4848 4850		County, and East Lake County, making Town Center a critical element of the regional environmental, transportation and land use systems.
4852		b. The long-term vision for Town Center should promote a framework that will evolve and redevelop into a compatible, but rich mix of land uses that combine to
4854		create active, lively neighborhoods and enhance the quality of life for residents of Horizon West.
4856		c. Town Center shall have a well-defined core, developed with emphasis on traditional city planning and design principles.
4858 4860		<ul><li>d. The Town Center PD Code and design requirements for Town Center should address the objective of creating livable and sustainable places that improve with time.</li></ul>

(5) To plan employment (office) areas in conjunction with

4862	(2)	Employment Housing Balance.
4864 4866		a. Town Center shall provide office, retail and light-industrial land uses with regional market bases, to become a major Orange County employment center with a full spectrum of employment opportunities.
4868		b. Town Center shall serve the retail and commercial needs of the residents of Horizon West and surrounding areas; it shall not be designed as a tourist destination.
4870 4872		c. To ensure the sustainability of Horizon West, Town Center shall accommodate the demand for appropriate regional and community land uses, which may not
4874 4876		<ul><li>otherwise be located within a village.</li><li>d. Town Center shall contain a diversity of housing types to enable citizens from a wide range of economic levels and age groups to live within its boundaries.</li></ul>
4878		e. The Traditional Town Center Core shall include residential development, especially higher-density residential uses, along with retail and office uses, to
4880		ensure employees have an opportunity to live close to where they work.
4882	(3)	Transportation.
4884 4886		a. Town Center development should recognize the importance of the automobile, but strive to minimize its adverse impacts and maximize pedestrian safety and walkability.
4888		b. Town Center should promote a balanced transportation system that provides freedom to choose alternative and energy-efficient transportation modes.
4890 4892		c. Town Center developments shall have direct access to the interchanges of the SR 429 "Western Beltway" providing convenient connection to the Central Florida Region.
4894		d. Town Center developments should encourage and accommodate linkage with the regional transit system.
4896 4898		e. Town Center should provide a connected, integrated system of collector streets, local streets, pedestrian walkways, bike paths and recreational trails.
	(4)	Environment and Open Space.
4900	` /	a. The development regulations for Town Center should address water management, including water quality,

4902 water balance, innovative stormwater management and low impact development techniques. 4904 b. Town Center should contain an ample supply of open space, parks, greens and squares whose frequent use is encouraged through proper placement, connectivity and 4906 design. c. Civic, recreation public open space uses, and wetland 4908 and lake edges should be linked to create a significant network of functional open spaces winding throughout 4910 Town Center. d. Town Center should provide for the protection of 4912 floodprone areas, lakes and wetlands. 4914 Sec. 39-173. Applicability. (a) Except for those exemptions listed in below, the Town Center Code shall apply to all development within the adopted Horizon 4916 West Town Center Specific Area Plan. Development may also be subject to the provisions of chapter 38, article VIII, division 8, 4918 Village Planned Development Code, but only to the extent that certain regulations, standards or procedures are not addressed 4920 herein. In the event of conflicts between the regulations, standards and procedures of article VIII, division 8 and this Town Center 4922 Code, the provisions herein shall prevail. 4924 The following real property is exempt from the requirements of this article: (1) A single-family house or a single-family lot of record, 4926 existing as of the date the TCSAP was adopted (December 4928 14, 2004); Any development that is consistent with the Future Land Use Map ("FLUM") and zoning regulations and approvals 4930 existing on the property as of the date the TCSAP was adopted (December 14, 2004), provided such development 4932 is consistent with those designations and approvals; and Any development with a consistency vested rights 4934 determination provided the vested rights have not expired and the development occurs in a manner that is consistent 4936 with the vested rights determination. 4938 (b) Complementary Regulations: This Town Center Code (TCC) shall complement all applicable laws, ordinances, rules and regulations. However, 4940 to the extent this TCC may conflict with or may not be consistent with other applicable provisions of chapter 38 and 4942

- chapter 34, particularly the guidelines and standards for planned developments and subdivisions, 4944 development code shall govern and control. Compliance Review for Property Not Included in an 4946 Approved PD/UNP: Unless the property is located within an approved Planned 4948 Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan or Open Space District, any property within the Town Center shall maintain 4950 existing future land use Rural/Agricultural: one (1) dwelling unit per ten (10) acres, 4952 Conservation, Rural Settlement). All applications for development approvals (i.e., lot splits, special exceptions, 4954 variances, etc.) on any property within the Town Center shall be reviewed on a case-by-case basis for the effect of such 4956 development approval on future or adopted PD/UNPs. All applications for development approval (i.e., lot splits, special 4958 exceptions, variances) under the existing zoning shall be evaluated for compatibility with the adopted TCSAP and 4960 Comprehensive Plan. Sec. 39-174. Map provisions. 4962 4964
  - The Town Center Land Use District boundaries shall be depicted on each approved Planned Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan "Districts" Map.

designation

- The regulations applicable to the Horizon West Town Center Land Use Districts are written to be applied generally to all uses and development types throughout a specific district. Districts represent separate and distinct place types that were defined during the original adoption of a Town Center land use plan by the board of county commissioners, and now reflected on the overall Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map.
- The PD/UNP confirms the location and specific boundaries of any one (1) or more of the six (6) District types. The purpose and intent of each of these Districts is more fully described in subsequent sections of this Town Center PD Code.
- (d) Any addition or deletion of property, or changes to the Neighborhood Planning Area boundaries and land use districts identified on the originally adopted Town Center land use plan shall be considered through the PD/UNP plan review process as described in section 39-180. Such changes and adjustments shall be evaluated for consistency with the following, and shown on the Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map when approved:

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4984	(1) General Village principles outlined in FLU4.1.1
4986	(2) Minimum densities for each Village summarized in FLU4.1.4;
4988 4990	(3) Consistency with Adequate Public Facilities (APF) and open space requirements for each Village identified in FLU4.2.2, FLU4.6.8 and/or APF Ordinance as codified at division 2, article XIV, chapter 30 of the Orange County Code; and
4992 4994	(4) Consistency with Village Greenbelt requirements of FLU4.5.1 and Transfer of Development Rights (TDR) provisions for each Village identified in FLU4.5.3, FLU4.5.4 and/or TDR Ordinance as codified at division 3, article XIV, chapter 30 of the Orange County Code.
4996	Sec. 39-175. Project review.
4998	Project Review subject to this Code shall be administered by the appropriate County agency based on applicable subject matter.
	Sec. 39-176. Land use determinations and interpretations.
5000	In the event of uncertainty, or where no land use type listed in Section 3 [subdivision III] corresponds with the requested use, then
5002	the listed land use type with the most similar characteristics, as determined by the Planning and Zoning managers, shall apply.
5004	Notwithstanding the provisions of section 30-43, appeals of Planning and Zoning manager determinations regarding section 39-347, Horizon West Town Center Land Use Table, may be appealed to the Development Review Committee (DRC).
5008	Sec. 39-177. Land use district boundary determinations and interpretations.
5010	In cases of uncertainty as to the location of a Land Use District boundary, the following rules of interpretation shall apply:
5012	(1) Where district boundaries appear to follow center lines of streets, alleys, easements or other types of public or private
5014	rights-of-way they shall be construed as following such center lines.
5016	(2) Where district boundaries appear to follow lot, property or tract lines, they shall be construed as following such lines.
5018	(3) Where district boundaries are indicated as approximately parallel to the center lines of streets or highways, such
5020	district boundaries shall be construed as being parallel thereto and at such distance therefrom as indicated on the
5022	Official Zoning Map or, on the adopted Future Land Use Map.

- - (4) Where district boundaries are indicated by specific dimensions, such specific dimensions shall control.
  - (5) Where district boundaries divide platted lots or cross unsubdivided property, and where no specific dimensions are indicated on the Official Zoning Map or Future Land Use Map, the scale of the applicable map shall control.
  - (6) When physical or cultural features existing on the ground are at variance with those shown on or by the Official Zoning or Future Land Use Map, the actual location shall govern.
  - (7) Where the rules above fail to clarify the status of land in a particular case, the Zoning Manager shall interpret in such a manner as to carry out the intent and purpose of these regulations..

### Sec. 39-178. Lots, building and development sites.

Throughout this Code the terms *lots, building* and *development sites* are used to describe a basic unit of development:

- (1) The term "lot" refers to a parcel of land that has been created through the subdivision or lot split process. Land areas that have not been created through the subdivision or lot split process are referred to as "parcels". Lots are considered to be a basic unit of ownership upon which a unit of development can be placed. Lots can also be combined to form a building or development site.
- (2) A "building site" refers to one (1) or more lots or leaseholds (a parcel that has been created through a long-term lease) upon which a basic unit of development can be placed. A lot and a building site can refer to the same land area. However, two (2) lots can be combined to form a building site intended for development of a single one-family residential dwelling, or a single mixed use building, or any of several other types of buildings or structures. Also, building sites may exist within a larger development site. This is most common in commercial centers with several "outparcels" that may be conveyed by fee simple title or by leasehold interest.
- (3) "Development site" is used to describe lots and/or parcels that are intended for development of several buildings and/or structures which share some elements of infrastructure. This type of site is designed as a single, coordinated unit of development.

### Sec. 39-179. Land use districts.

Each of the districts authorized by the Comprehensive Plan is described generally on the following pages to provide an overview of the purpose and scope of each district:

- (1) Urban Residential District. The Urban Residential District reflects the character and quality of a traditional neighborhood, and includes a mix of attached and detached housing, civic uses, neighborhood parks and recreational facilities. A limited number of sites appropriate for neighborhood scale commercial and office use may be included within this district to provide close-to-home opportunities for neighborhood residents to purchase convenience goods and services. The typical street and block pattern is fully interconnected to accommodate pedestrians, bicyclists and motor vehicles, and the pedestrian and bike trail systems are linked to the APF bike and recreational trail system of the Town Center.
- Campus Mixed-Use District. The Corporate Campus Mixed-Use District includes a mix of detached single-family and attached housing, office, hotel, limited warehouse and associated light industrial uses, and civic, open space and recreation uses. Limited support retail uses may be allowed, which is consistent with the location, design, and compatibility standards described within the Town Center land development code, either as ancillary uses within buildings where the primary use is office or residential or in freestanding buildings. Within Corporate Campus Mixed-Use Districts, office uses will dominate and the residential development will be of a higher density than Urban Residential Districts.
- (3) Corporate Neighborhood Center District. The Corporate Neighborhood Center District is intended to provide retail and service support to and within walkable distance from the adjacent Urban Residential and Corporate Campus Mixed-Use districts. The Corporate Neighborhood Centers will provide neighborhood serving retail, service and civic activities and dwelling units may be allowed as part of mixed use buildings. This district is intended to be pedestrian-oriented.
- (4) Retail/Wholesale District. The Retail/Wholesale District is intended to accommodate regional retail business, personal services, office, warehouse and warehouse showroom uses for the Horizon West area. Transit stops and on-site parking for such stops will be incorporated in the planning for these

district parcels. Attached residential uses may be allowed either as an ancillary use within buildings where the primary use is office, retail or hotel, or as a freestanding use on a site whose location was approved as part of the original approval of a PD/UNP or by substantial change request.

(5) Traditional Town Center Core District. The Traditional

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- Town Center Core District will serve as the civic and retail heart of Horizon West and the surrounding area. It is intended to be a vital, mixed-use center that contains a variety of residential, retail, office, hotel, civic and entertainment uses. The district will be designed as the primary pedestrian-oriented activity center of the entire Town Center Specific Area Plan. The Traditional Town Center Core District street and block system will be a grid or modified grid design, reminiscent of traditional community downtown centers, providing convenient pedestrian and vehicular access throughout the town Center. Alleys, Lanes and Standard Street types should be allowed to provide access to parking and service areas. Building fronts will have a primary orientation to streets and parks. Civic spaces and public buildings will be encouraged, designed and located as focal points throughout the Traditional Town Center Core.
- Open Space District. These districts are interspersed throughout the Town Center. As depicted on the TCSAP, several of the designated areas encompass Water Conservation II lands, the existing Orange County Golf Center and two (2) former landfill sites. Other designated areas serve as a common thread that links adjacent Land Use Districts, neighborhoods, land uses and residents together, creating community character, image, and identity. In addition, Open Space Districts may include public elementary schools and other types of civic uses (such as libraries and churches) pursuant to locational, site and building design criteria included in the Town Center Code. The term "lot" refers to a parcel of land that has been created through the subdivision or lot split process. Land areas that have not been created through the subdivision or lot split process are referred to as "parcels". Lots are considered to be a basic unit of ownership upon which a unit of development can be placed. Lots can also be combined to form a building or development site.

## Sec. 39-180. Planned development/unified neighborhood plan review (PD/UNP).

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PD/UNP review is intended to ensure that the Neighborhood Planning Areas of the Horizon West Town Center are developed in a cohesive, integrated, big-picture manner. Specifically, PD/UNPs shall demonstrate how development within the neighborhoods can create a sense of community, ensure that wetland areas are not unnecessarily interrupted, that lake and wetland edges are protected, and street and pedestrian/bikeway connectivity will be achieved. PD/Unified Neighborhood Plans will, over time, encompass the entirety of each of the five (5) Neighborhood Planning Areas (NPA) identified on the Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map. However, each NPA includes multiple property owners. Therefore, the administrative procedures for implementation of the Town Center Code must anticipate the need for an incremental PD/UNP review, approval and amendment process.

The Planned Development (PD) component of the PD/UNP establishes the boundaries of land use districts authorized by the Town Center Code. The PD also establishes the development program of land uses authorized by the Comprehensive Plan.

The Unified Neighborhood Plan component of a PD/UNP includes, but is not limited to, several categories of information such as a Connectivity Analysis and a Stormwater Alternatives Analysis. Several of the required elements may be addressed with the initial PD/UNP submittal for all or a portion of a Neighborhood Planning Area, or deferred and addressed with each Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) or Development Plan (DP) for all or a portion of the area included in the approved PD/UNP. The purpose of the Connectivity Analysis is to ensure that proposed vehicular and pedestrian facilities provide appropriate and sufficient connections with lands or vehicular/pedestrian facilities that adjoin, are located within the same land use district, or are located within the same Neighborhood Planning Area. The purpose of the Stormwater Alternatives Analysis is to identify one (1) or more Low Impact Development techniques which may be utilized as part of the stormwater management plan, and to determine opportunities available to create joint use (master) stormwater retention and detention facilities within the area of the PD/UNP and/or with other property owners. The Stormwater Alternatives Analysis does not preclude a single development from implementing its own on-site stormwater management system.

### Sec. 39-181. When UNP/PD required.

UNP Review is required for every Neighborhood Planning Area (NPA) and/or Land Use District identified on the Town Center land

use plan. Approval of a PD/UNP is a required prerequisite to the acceptance for review of any application for Preliminary Subdivision Plan or Development Plan Review for sites within the area of an approved PD/UNP.

Provided, however, PD/UNP Review is not required for building or development sites contained within an Open Space District designated on the Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map. Under this circumstance the applicant may proceed to Preliminary Subdivision Plan or Development Plan Review for the subject property.

### Sec. 39-182. General requirements.

- (a) A Planned Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan (PD/UNP) may include all or a portion of one (1) or more Town Center Neighborhood Planning Areas.
- (b) As part of the PD/UNP review, an applicant shall address all elements described in section 39-183. However, the following elements may be deferred by the applicant to the Preliminary Subdivision Plan or Development Plan stage for any portion of the property included in the PD/UNP.
  - (1) Master Street Plan and Connectivity Analysis (see section 39-183(4), for additional information).
  - (2) Master Block Design Element.
  - (3) Proposed Parks and Open Space, Civic Spaces and Sites, and Gateways Element—Part 2.
  - (4) Stormwater Alternatives Analysis (see section 39-183(4)d., for additional information).
- (c) The PD/UNP Application and Review Process shall be comprised of the following elements:
  - (1) Pre-Application Conference. Except where this requirement is specifically waived by the DRC Chairman, the applicant shall meet with the Development Review Committee prior to submitting the application to discuss basic procedures and requirements, and to consider the physical characteristics of the Neighborhood Planning Area (NPA), the proposed development, the policies of the Comprehensive Plan, and vehicular and pedestrian connections to adjoining areas within or external to the subject property, the NPA, or the overall Town Center boundary.
  - (2) Submittal of the Application. The applicant shall submit to the Development Review Committee staff a Planned Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan application which

5232 conforms to the requirements specified herein. No application shall be deemed accepted unless it is complete. 5234 Development Review Committee (DRC). Upon acceptance of a complete application, copies shall be forwarded to all members of the DRC. The members shall meet to review the 5236 complete application. Request for Additional Information (if necessary). If the 5238 DRC staff finds that additional information is needed for the proper review of the application, the applicant shall be 5240 notified in writing within ten (10) working days following the DRC review meeting for the application, specifying the 5242 information needed. Submittal and review of such information shall be the same as for the original application. 5244 DRC Action. Following review by the DRC, the application shall be forwarded with a finding of consistency or 5246 inconsistency with the adopted Comprehensive Plan and a recommendation for approval or denial (with or without 5248 conditions), to the Planning and Zoning Commission (PZC). The applicant shall file the required number of copies of the 5250 revised application and supporting documents within ten (10) working days of the DRC review meeting which 5252 concludes the application review. Failure to file the necessary documents shall render the application void. 5254 PZC Action. A public hearing shall be conducted by the Planning and Zoning Commission to review the PD/UNP 5256 application, including any conditions of recommended by the Development Review Committee. The 5258 PZC shall make a recommendation to the Board of County Commissioners whether to find the application consistent (or 5260 inconsistent) with the Comprehensive Plan and approve (or deny) the PD/UNP application. 5262 BCC Action. A public hearing shall be conducted by the Board of County Commissioners to review the PD/UNP 5264 application, including any conditions of approval recommended by the Development Review Committee and 5266 the Planning and Zoning Commission. The BCC shall determine whether the application is, or is not, consistent 5268 with the adopted Comprehensive Plan and shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the PD/UNP application. 5270 Conditions. When the DRC completes the review of any PD/UNP it may recommend appropriate conditions and 5272 safeguards in conformity with the intent and provisions of this Code, including any of those listed below. Conditions 5274

may be related to:

approval

<ul><li>5276</li><li>5278</li></ul>	1	Transportation Connectivity specifying modifications to the PD/UNP that maintain or improve connectivity envisioned within the Town Center;
5280 5282		Block Size/Orientation specifying modifications to the PD/UNP that address consistency Code provisions relative to blocks, pedestrian passageways and connectivity;
5284	c.	The phasing of the transportation, stormwater or civic space improvements required for development of Land Use Districts and/or Neighborhood Planning Areas;
5286		Provision or extension of potable water, stormwater, sanitary sewer or other required utility service;
5288	e.	Provision of public safety facilities or services;
5290 5292		Land Use District Based Development Program elements specifying modifications that address consistency with the Comprehensive Plan policies for the Town Center;
5294	-	Density or Intensity Bonus requests, density or intensity/open space/TDR transfer requests, proposed use conversions based on a conversion/equivalency
5296 5298	:	matrix, specifying modifications that address consistency with: the Comprehensive Plan policies for Town Center; the Town Center Code; or other provisions
3236		of the Orange County Code of Ordinances;
5300		The phasing of development program elements of Town Center Land Use Districts;
5302		Any request for the establishment of sites and/or areas for uses permitted by location within the PD/UNP;
5304	•	Conditions related to any Agreement required for submittal with the PD/UNP or
5306	k	Modifications to Land Use District boundaries.
5308	comply wit	nmunication Towers. All communication towers shall the the requirements of chapter 40, article 4, division 6, to chain link fencing and opaque wall systems are
5310	prohibited.	Decorative or ornamental metal fencing allowing by, with the exposed picket points for security, may be
5312	used around	d the base. Barbed wire, if any, should be on the interior fence. Landscaping requirement may not be waived
5314	where adjace	cent to lands that may be developed or visible from a t-of-way. In order to further the intent of chapter 40,
5316	article 4, o	division 6,, camouflage facilities for communication ll, when practicable, include architectural elements in

building structures, including, but not limited to, church steeples, 5318 clock towers, bell towers, chimneys, rooftop cupolas, as well as flagpoles. Communication towers may be a permitted use in the 5320 areas designated as APF parks and schools as well as in the Corporate Campus Mixed Use, Retail/Wholesale, and Corporate 5322 Neighborhood Center Districts provided the Planned Development (PD)/ Unified Neighborhood Plan (UNP) has identified 5324 communication towers as a permitted use. Communication towers shall be prohibited in all other residential districts, designated 5326 upland greenbelts (perimeter upland buffers and open space), wetlands (conservation areas), and wetland upland buffers. 5328 Sec. 39-183. Submittal requirements for PD/UNP. The following information shall be provided in graphic or written 5330 form as necessary to satisfy requirements: (1) Number of Copies: As determined by the Development 5332 Review Committee. Cover Sheet including: 5334 (2) a. Name of the development; 5336 b. A physical/legal description of the property that is the subject of the PD/UNP and gross acreage calculations for land and water areas: 5338 c. A graphic depiction of the physical relationship of the property to the Town Center and the applicable 5340 Neighborhood Planning Area(s); d. Scale (1":100' preferred); 5342 e. North Arrow; f. A description of the existing use, future land use plan 5344 designation and zoning of all abutting properties that are external to the proposed PD/UNP and/or TCSAP; 5346 g. Date of preparation; h. Name, Address and Phone Number of all the following 5348 applicable professionals: **Property** Owner(s), Developer(s), Planner. Landscape Architect. 5350 Engineer(s), Surveyor(s), and/or Agent(s) of the property owner or others involved in the proposal. 5352 Existing Conditions Sheet including: a. Existing streets, both on and within five hundred (500) 5354 feet of the proposed development including: street names; location of each street; right-of-way width and 5356

5358			centerline setbacks of each street; driveway approaches and locations; medians and median cut locations.
5360 5362		b.	Existing crosswalks, sidewalks, bike paths, transit stops, or other form of transportation related improvement, including accessibility needs based on currently-adopted editions of federal and state standards.
5364		c.	Existing utilities serving the property, and their location and size.
		d.	Existing buildings and structures on the property.
5366 5368		e.	Existing topography at one-foot contours based on the county datum (or as approved by the county engineer) and other natural features including lakes, water-courses,
			and conservation area.
<ul><li>5370</li><li>5372</li></ul>		f.	Soils Conservation Map, for comparison with proposed development activities, showing soils classifications as identified by the U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service or
			other competent expert evaluation.
5374		g.	The 100-year flood elevation and limits of the 100-year floodplain for all developments extending into Zone
5376		,	"A."
5378 5380		h.	Location and extent of all classified wetlands, surface water, and appropriate upland buffer as determined by a valid Orange County Conservation Area Determination (CAD) or a wetland determination approved by the
3380			Environmental Planning Division.
5382		i.	Other generalized existing vegetation.
5384		j.	Existing habitat areas for endangered, threatened or protected species. An applicant may elect to defer submission of this information and submit concurrently
5386			with the CAD information referenced in subsection h., above.
5388		k.	The approximate normal high-water elevations or boundaries of existing surface water bodies, wetlands,
5390			streams and canals, both on and within fifty (50) feet of the proposed development.
5392	(4)	PD	/UNP Sheet(s) including:
5394		a.	Master Street Plan and Connectivity Analysis: This sheet shall graphically depict: the location, type and extent (extent includes the beginning and ending point of each
5396			street type, such as an intersection, property boundary, water body or other physical feature) of all proposed

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functionally classified/urban collector and framework streets; all proposed transit routes and planned transit stops; bicycle facilities and shared-use paths, mid-block pedestrian passageways; other types of pedestrian safety enhancements; the first phase of development of the planned system of connected streets, transit bicvcle and/or pedestrian facilities; and signing and pavement marking plans with details of installation consistent with traffic engineering division specifications. The street type shall be clearly identified according to the street types identified in the Town Center Code. If alternative street types or cross-sections are proposed, each shall be graphically depicted with the same information as provided for street types included in the code. A justification for the alternative(s) proposed will also be included with the submittal. In addition, the applicant shall complete a connectivity analysis to identify vehicular and/or pedestrian connections to adjoining properties and existing or planned streets and/or pedestrian/bicycle paths and passageways. The analysis shall result in the depiction of vehicular and pedestrian connections from the development site to: other portions of the Land Use District in which the subject property is located; and, any functionally classified/urban collector adjoining or within the subject Land Use District. The connectivity analysis will be evaluated based on the following criteria:

1. Link-to-Node Ratio. The number of links (Framework Street segments between intersections, cul-de-sacs, or approved through-block pedestrian passageways) is divided by the number of nodes (intersections or cul-de-sacs). The node count represents the total number of intersections, including dead-end cul-de-sacs. As a result, a higher number of dead-end streets reduces the link-to-node ratio of the street network. Accordingly, higher linkto-node values indicate a more connected street network. Generally, a ratio of 1.35, or higher, indicates an acceptable level of vehicular and pedestrian connectivity. When a ratio less than 1.35 is indicated, the applicant will submit a justification that addresses specific site conditions, project phasing or other elements that should be taken into consideration when evaluating a link-to-node ratio that is less than 1.35. The applicant may also propose alternative or supplemental vehicular or pedestrian

- improvements or planning techniques intended to address a substandard ratio;
- 2. The proposed street type is appropriate to its connectivity function (Framework Streets connecting two (2) or more Functionally Classified/Urban Collectors shall be a Parkway, Avenue or Main Street);
- 3. Links from existing or planned (included in an approved PD/UNP or PSP) Framework Streets and/or block defining pedestrian and/or bicycle only "streets" within adjoining properties have been continued to nodes within the proposed PSP; and
- 4. Where more than four (4) blocks are proposed to be combined to create a single development site, the analysis or proposed commitments/conditions demonstrate that connectivity requirements and criteria have been satisfied.
- b. *Master Block Design Element*: This sheet shall, in graphic and/or tabular form: depict and dimension the primary block face for all proposed blocks; and, label all proposed blocks that have a primary block face of less than two hundred fifty (250) feet and indicate the proposed use.
- c. *Proposed Park and Open Space, Civic Spaces and Sites, Gateways Element*: This sheet shall be comprised of two (2) parts. The first part shall locate, delineate (by type), and dimension all sites proposed or designated for a civic use or purpose including neighborhood and/or district parks, gateways, public safety facility, and public school sites. Second part of this sheet shall include a TCSAP open space calculation for each Land Use District included in the PD/UNP shall be provided and where appropriate the proposed location and type of open space depicted and described.
- d. Stormwater and Utility Design Element: This sheet shall depict, in graphic and/or tabular form, the: approximate boundaries of all drainage basins; approximate location of existing or proposed stormwater outfalls; stormwater design criteria based on the type of basin; and, the location, type and physical extent of regional/town center utility services and facilities addressed through a Master Utility, Roadway and/or Adequate Public Facilities Agreement.

e. *Districts Element*: This sheet shall provide, in tabular and/or graphic form, a delineation of the boundaries and area calculations for all Land Use Districts to be included in the PD/UNP. District boundaries shall generally be consistent with those depicted on the Town Center SAP Recommended Land Use Plan as specified in section 39-183. Where district boundaries do not follow a street, a general text description for the location of the boundary shall be provided.

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f. Development Program Element: This sheet shall identify in tabular and/or graphic form, the land use development program for each Land Use District consistent with the district based development programs provided in the adopted Comprehensive Plan. When a district encompasses properties not controlled/owned by the applicant, nor included as part of the PD/UNP, a proportionate share of the entitlements assigned to the district will be allocated to the respective property owners. This share shall be determined based on the number of dwelling units and/or nonresidential square feet of use that comprise the development program, multiplied by the percentage ownership of the developable land area of the district relative to each land owner. This element shall also include the land use conversion matrix to be utilized to convert one (1) type of land use to another type of land use. Any proposed use conversions, transfers of development rights from designated greenbelts or wetlands, transfers of entitlements between districts, or proposed transfers between Neighborhood Planning Areas shall be included and described in tabular and graphic form.

Example: Five (5) acres of developable property within Neighborhood Parcel CNC-1 shall be entitled to thirty-one thousand eight hundred (31,800) square feet of nonresidential development (fifty (50) percent of ten (10) developable acres and fifty (50) percent of the sixty-three thousand six hundred (63,600) square foot nonresidential development program.)

g. Development Program Bonuses, Incentives, Transfer of Development Rights: This information may be combined with the Development Program Element. Requests for development program bonuses, such as the dwelling unit bonus associated with UNPs, shall be described and an assignment proposed to the applicable District development program. Transfers of Development Rights

5532		shall also be described and assigned to a District
5534		development program. TDR Agreements shall be listed as part of this information and a copy of the Agreement
5536		provided with the submittal. Also, any proposed transfers of development entitlements between Neighborhood Planning Areas, or Land Use Districts
5538		included in the PD/UNP, can be included as a request for approval by the BCC.
5540	h.	Land Use Permissions and Waivers Element: The applicant shall list and describe the location and extent
5542		of any use requested as permitted by location and all waivers to a provision of the Town Center Code.
5544	i.	Additional Development Standards: This sheet may depict, in graphic, text and/or tabular form as may be
5546		appropriate, standards by the applicant that would supplement development standards included in the Town
5548		Center Code. Such standards may address such topics as architectural elements of buildings or special
5550		landscaping standards relative to urban parks in the
5552		Traditional Town Center Core District. When approved by the BCC, such standards shall apply uniformly to all
5554		development within the District for which the standards have been approved.
5556	PI	evelopers Agreements. The applicant shall address how the D/UNP addresses, incorporates or is consistent with the llowing, if applicable.
5558	a.	The applicable conditions of any outstanding Developers Agreement that is applicable to the subject property;
5560	b.	The applicable capacity reservation and conditions of any submitted or approved OCPS Capacity
5562		any submitted or approved OCPS Capacity Enhancement Agreement;
	c.	The required Adequate Public Facilities Agreement;
5564	d.	Any road agreement, as approved by the Roadway Agreement Committee, required to conform with the
5566		Horizon West Global Term Sheet;
5568	e.	The applicable conditions of any other type of agreement to which the property owner and County are participants.
Se	ec. 39-18	84. Town Center Plan Review.
		enter Plan Review (TCPR) encompasses multiple types of nittals that follow approval of a PD/UNP. This Part of the
5572 To	Town Center Code identifies submittal requirements and review procedures for: the creation of development and building sites  147	

(Preliminary Subdivision Plan and Plat); plans for development or building sites (Development Plan); plans for public and private infrastructure necessary to support development and building sites (Construction Plans); the construction of buildings and structures (Building Plans); and, plans that address other elements of the development process regulated through this Code (Roadway and/or Adequate Public Facility Agreements). TCPR may be requested for all or a portion of the property included in an approved PD/UNP, or for property within an Open Space District that is exempt from UNP/PD review.

#### Sec. 39-185. Preliminary subdivision plan review.

Except for mass grading which shall require a development plan, preliminary subdivision plan (PSP) review shall be required for all single family residential and other developments within the town center where the PD/UNP elements described in section 39-182 were expressly deferred to PSP review. Procedural requirements and specifications for PSPs shall be as set forth in chapter 34, articles III and IV, and modified through the provisions and additional requirements identified below. The development review committee (DRC) shall review all PSPs for consistency with the approved PD/UNP, Town Center PD Code and other applicable county Code requirements not otherwise contained herein

## Sec. 39-186. Construction plans and plats.

Construction Plan (CP) and plat review shall be required for all lands within Town Center. Procedural requirements and specifications for CPs and plats shall be as set forth in chapter 34, articles III through VIII.

## Sec. 39-187. Development plans.

Excluding single family residential projects with the exception of development plans which are required for mass grading, Development Plan (DP) review shall be required for all lands within Town Center. Procedural requirements and all specifications for DPs shall be as set forth in chapter 38, sections 39-3 and 39-6, and modified through the provisions and additional requirements identified below. The Development Review Committee (DRC) shall review all DPs for consistency with the approved PD/UNP, applicable Preliminary Subdivision Plan, Town Center PD Code and other applicable County Code requirements not otherwise contained herein. The purpose of Development Plan (DP) review is intended to ensure that development will occur according to limitations of use, design, density, coverage and phasing stipulated with the PD/UNP or otherwise required by the provisions of the County Code.

Modifications to provisions of chapter 38 applicable to lands within Town Center:

- (1) Development Plan review and approval is required for every non-single family residential building or development site within an approved PD/UNP or exempt Open Space District. Approval of a DP is a required prerequisite to: submittal of an Application for Building Permit/Site Development Plan for an individual development or building site; final approval of construction plans for public infrastructure; and, issuance of any permits, including grading and construction permits, within the area of any approved PD/UNP or exempt Open Space District.
- (2) A DP must be submitted to the County for review by the Development Review Committee (DRC). Development Plans shall be reviewed by the DRC for consistency with the approved PD/UNP, the provisions of this Code and other applicable County Code requirements not otherwise contained in this ordinance but incorporated by reference.
- (3) The purpose of DP review and approval is to establish the specific development and design standards that will apply to development within the DP area to ensure that such development will comply with the principles, objectives and policies of the Town Center outlined in the Comprehensive Plan (CP) and this Town Center Planned Development Code. The review will evaluate potential impacts on both the site and surrounding areas, and resolve planning, development and design issues so that development may proceed.

#### Sec. 39-188. Application and review process.

- (a) *Pre-Application Conference*. An applicant may choose to meet with the DRC prior to submitting an application, to discuss basic procedures and requirements, and to consider the elements of the site in question and the proposed development.
- (b) Submittal of the Application. The applicant shall submit to the DRC the required number of copies of a Development Plan application which conforms to the requirements of this Code. The application may cover all or a portion of the area of the PSP with which the subject site is associated. No application shall be deemed accepted unless it is complete. Upon acceptance of the application, copies shall be forwarded to all members of the DRC. If additional information is needed for the proper review of the application, the DRC Office staff shall notify the applicant, specifying the information needed to complete the application. Submittal and

5660 review of such information shall be the same as for the original application. Development Review Committee (DRC). Upon acceptance of 5662 the application, copies shall be forwarded to all members of the DRC. The members shall review the application and forward all 5664 comments to the DRC Office. All DRC member comments shall be combined to form a staff report that will be made available to the 5666 applicant prior to the scheduled DRC meeting at which the application will be formally reviewed. 5668 Type of Review. A Development Plan is intended to be reviewed by the DRC for compliance with the Comprehensive Plan, 5670 PD/UNP applicable and this PSP, Code. agreements/development orders in effect for the project that is 5672 subject of the proposed Development Plan. The DRC shall review the Development Plan to determine whether: 5674 It is consistent with the approved PD/UNP, applicable PSP, and all applicable laws, ordinances, rules and regulations; 5676 All Uses Permitted by Location and shown on the Plan have been previously approved by the Board of County 5678 Commissioners and all requirements for such uses have been 5680 satisfied; The development, and any phase thereof, can exist as a stable independent unit; 5682 Sufficient development program has been committed to (4) support the type and quantity of uses included in the Plan; 5684 Existing or proposed utility services and transportation (5) systems are adequate for the uses proposed and required 5686 agreements with Orange County for road improvements and/or right-of-way dedications have been executed; and 5688 Adequate Public Facilities requirements for Town Center have been satisfied relative to the property included in the 5690 Development Plan. Final Action. Following the completion of DRC review, the 5692 application will be approved, approved with conditions, or denied based upon specific findings, or approved subject to revised plan. If 5694 a revised plan is not submitted within six (6) months of DRC approval subject to revised plan, the applicant must return to DRC 5696 for further review. Final action by DRC is approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the DP application. 5698

## Sec. 39-189. Submittal requirements for development plans.

5700 The following information shall be provided in graphic or written form as necessary to satisfy the requirements. Number and Type of Copies: As determined by the DRC 5702 staff. 5704 (2) Cover Sheet including: a. The sheet size shall be 24" x 36". (Larger sheets may be submitted if necessitated by the size and nature of the 5706 project.) Plans including more than one (1) sheet shall provide a key map relating sheets to the entire planned 5708 area. The information required on the face of this sheet should be positioned in one (1) of three (3) places: in the 5710 title block, on the location sketch or on the plotting design scheme. The information requirements are 5712 detailed below. 5714 1. Title, Legend and Location Block. The title of the proposed plan, the name and address of the owner and the name and address of the engineer and 5716 surveyor engaged to prepare and design the plan shall be included. The date, revision dates, graphic scale 5718 5720 5722

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- of plans, north arrow, current zoning, total number of lots/building sites/development sites, and total site area in acres or portions thereof shall also be included along with the section, township and range in which the subject property is located and the Property Identification Number. This information is to be located on the lower right-hand corner of the sheet. 2. Location Sketch. A sketch showing the general location of the development in relation to the surrounding area shall be placed on the sheet, in the
- upper left-hand corner. The location sketch shall be oriented the same direction as the plotting design. It also shall be drawn to a scale large enough to show the relationship of the tract to existing and proposed community features such as Functionally Classified and Framework Streets, schools and recreation areas. An appropriate scale is 1" = 2,000'.
- 3. The design scheme shall be drawn to a scale no smaller than 1" = 100'. All other plan sheets shall be drawn to sufficient scale to show all details, with north oriented to the top or right hand edge of the sheet.

5742		b. Name of the development as well as the associated PD/UNP and PSP;
5744 5746		c. A boundary survey of the property that is the subject of the Development Plan that has been signed and sealed by a land surveyor registered in the State of Florida;
5748		d. A graphic depiction of the physical relationship of the property to the approved PD/UNP and PSP, and the boundaries of all applicable Land Use Districts included within the area of the Development Plan.
5750 5752		<ul><li>within the area of the Development Plan;</li><li>e. Acreage of the property included within the Development Plan boundaries with and without lands</li></ul>
5754		included in any water body, classified wetland or designated Greenbelt, or within any dedicated right-of- way;
5756 5758		f. A description of the use and zoning of all abutting properties that are external to the PD/UNP and/or TCSAP;
		g. Date of preparation;
5760		h. Name, Address and Phone Number of all the following applicable professionals: Property Owner(s),
5762 5764		Developer(s), Planner, Landscape Architect, Engineer(s), Surveyor(s), and/or Agent(s) of the property owner or others involved in the proposal;
5766		<ul> <li>i. Notarized Owner's Affidavit and, if necessary, Agents Authorization Letter;</li> </ul>
3700		<ul><li>j. Application(s) for Concurrency Evaluation, if required.</li></ul>
5768 5770	(3)	Notes should be used whenever possible to explain, verify or identify additional information that is important to the understanding of the site and the plan of development.
3776	(b)	Existing Conditions Sheet including:
5772	(1)	The following information regarding existing conditions on and off the site shall be shown: boundary lines, location,
5774		distance, and bearings for boundary lines, and the width and purpose of all easement lines. The boundary lines of the tract
5776	(2)	shall be clearly delineated by a heavy solid line.
5778	(2)	Certified topography drawn at one-foot contours using county datum and showing natural features.
5780	(3)	Existing streets, street intersections or rights-of-way, both on and within five hundred (500) feet of the proposed development including: street names; location of each street;
5782		right-of-way width and centerline setbacks of each street;

5784 5786	1	surface improvements; driveway approaches and locations; medians and median cut locations; intersection curb ramps and accessibility needs based on currently-adopted editions of federal and state standards.	
5788 5790	(	Existing crosswalks, sidewalks, bike paths, transit stops or other form of transportation related improvement, including accessibility needs based on currently-adopted editions of federal and state standards.	
5792		All setbacks from functionally classified streets shall be illustrated.	
5794		The development line of natural water bodies shall be illustrated.	
5796		Existing utilities serving the property, and their location and size.	
	(8) I	Existing buildings and structures on the property.	
5798	` ′	The 100-year flood elevation and limits of the 100-year floodplain for all developments extending into Zone "A".	
5800	. ,	Location of wetlands, conservation areas and associated upland buffers shall be shown on the boundary survey.	
5802	(11)	Other generalized existing vegetation.	
5804	. ,	Existing habitat areas for endangered, threatened or protected species.	
5806 5808	S	The approximate normal high-water elevations or boundaries of existing surface water bodies, wetlands, streams and canals, both on and within fifty (50) feet of the proposed development.	
	-	Development Plan Sheets, drawn at an appropriate scale	
5810	(one (1) inch equals one hundred (100) feet) with all dimensions provided. Sheets may be combined depending on the scope and type		
5812		ect submittal.	
5814	(d) Deferred PD/UNP Elements: For any of the following PD/UNP elements that were expressly deferred to the Development Plan stage, an applicant must address such elements through graphic		
5816	and tabular information provided on Development Plan sheets, or through supplemental documentation as deemed acceptable by the		
5818	Planning	g and Zoning Managers:	
5820		Master Street Plan and Connectivity Analysis (see subsection 39-183(4)a. for additional information).	
5822		Master Block Design Element (see subsection 39-183(4)b. for additional information).	

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- (3) Proposed Parks and Open Space, Civic Spaces and Sites, and Gateways Element (see subsection 39-183(4)c. for additional information).
- (4) Stormwater Alternatives Analysis (see subsection 39-183 (4)d. for additional information).

#### Sec. 39-190. Uses permitted by location.

(a) *Process*. Uses permitted by location is a type of land use permission whereby uses may be permitted within a district based on a specific location, to allow for the integration of limited scale and specific types of support uses within residential, corporate campus or retail/wholesale districts. This section addresses the process and requirements associated with a request for approval of a Use Permitted by Location.

A use Permitted by Location may be requested as part of the original submittal for a PD/UNP, or by a subsequent substantial amendment (to the PD/UNP) request submitted in conjunction with a Development Plan or Preliminary Subdivision Plan. The applicant shall provide: information sufficient to determine the area, site, or sites, that are the subject of the request; justification for the use at the proposed location, demonstrating that the use will be compatible with surrounding uses and otherwise consistent with the Horizon West Town Center goals, objectives and related policies; development program units are available within the district to support the proposed use; and, site development standards or proposed site and/or building improvements that address compatibility of each proposed Permitted by Location site with uses and sites that will abut or may be impacted. Proposed Permitted by Location sites shall be depicted on the PD/UNP submittal describing Land Use Districts and any standards or improvements proposed for one (1) or more sites shall also be included.

- (b) *Review Criteria*: In reviewing any request for a use Permitted by Location, the following criteria shall be met:
  - (1) The use shall be consistent with Town Center intent, principles, goals, objectives and policies included in the Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map, the adopted Comprehensive Plan, and this Code;
  - (2) The use shall not adversely affect land use relationships of the Horizon West Special Planning Area Land Use Map;
  - (3) The use shall be compatible with the surrounding area and shall be consistent with the pattern of surrounding development;

- (4) The use shall primarily support the residents, employees and/or tenants of the designated district in which the proposed use is to be located;
- (5) The use shall not constitute or contribute to the proliferation of strip commercial or aggregation of commercial uses in the UR or CCMU districts;
- (6) The use shall not substantially displace or replace the uses permitted in RW or CCMU districts;
- (7) The use shall not adversely affect the connectivity of the Town Center:
- (8) The use shall not act as a detrimental intrusion into a surrounding area; and
- (9) The use shall meet the general performance standards applicable to all uses Permitted by Location, as well as specific site related standards approved as part of the PD/UNP request to establish a use Permitted by Location.
- (c) *Conditions*: When the Board of County Commissioners approves any request to approve a Use Permitted by Location, it may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with the intent and provisions of the Comprehensive Plan that pertain to the Town Center, the PD/UNP, the applicable Preliminary Subdivision Plan, the Town Center PD Code or any other applicable provision of the County Code.
- Approvals: Use Permitted by Location approvals shall be in accordance the information provided as part of the request and graphically depicted on the PD/UNP Land Use Districts sheet. In addition, an approval shall be consistent with all other applicable statutes, ordinances, laws, regulations, and rules. Any proposed deviation, change or modification to the information or question of interpretation about the tabular or graphic information is subject, at the outset, to the Zoning Manager's review. After reviewing such proposed deviation, change or modification, the Zoning Manager shall do one (1) of the following: (a) give his/her written approval regarding any nonsubstantial or insignificant proposed deviation or make a determination concerning any minor question of interpretation, or (b) refer the proposed deviation or question of interpretation to the Planning and Zoning Commission for a discussion between the Zoning Manager and the PZC as to PZCs original intent or position; or (c) require the applicant to apply for a Permitted by Location request and schedule and advertise a public hearing before the PZC in the same manner as for the original approval of the request. Requests to approve a use Permitted by

Location shall always be reviewed by the Development Review Committee, which shall make a recommendation to the PZC.

(e) Identification of Permitted by Location Areas or Sites: The following information shall guide the determination as to whether an "area" or "site" identification is required for consideration of a

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- (1) The identification of an "area" comprised of multiple blocks will constitute sufficient information for identification of a Permitted by Location site. The area shall be sufficient to accommodate the proposed Permitted by Location use. Approval of the area as part of the PD/UNP will authorize the applicant to proceed to the Development Plan or Preliminary Subdivision Plan stage where a final geographic determination of the area shall be made in conjunction with a DP or PSP plan approval. An increase or decrease to the area originally approved as part of the PD/UNP shall require a substantial amendment request and approval. The PD/UNP Land Use Districts information shall be amended to reflect the approved boundaries for the Permitted by Location use.
- The identification of one (1) or more "sites" that represent specific building or development sites defined by existing or planned streets and blocks will constitute sufficient information for identification of a Permitted by Location site. Although these sites may be identified during the PD/UNP review and approval process, the most appropriate time is to include the request as part of the submittal of a DP or PSP. Approval of one (1) or more sites as part of the PD/UNP will authorize the applicant to proceed to the Development Plan or Preliminary Subdivision Plan stage where a final geographic determination of the area shall be made in conjunction with a DP or PSP plan approval. An increase or decrease to the area originally approved as part of the PD/UNP shall require a substantial amendment request and approval. The PD/UNP Land Use Districts information must be amended to reflect the approved boundaries for the Permitted by Location use.
- of any Permitted by Location use request is the documentation of sufficient development program units/entitlements to support the request. This can be accomplished through a transfer of entitlements from another district within the PD/UNP, use conversion utilizing an approved conversion matrix, application for use of TDRs, or demonstration that sufficient units are included in the proposed or approved PD/UNP development program.

5950 Alteration or Waiver of Development Standards: The development standards of the Town Center Planned Development Code or any standards subsequently approved as part of a PD/UNP, 5952 DP or PSP and applicable to Permitted by Location areas or sites, shall not be altered or waived in conjunction with the approval of a 5954 use Permitted by Location. (h) Effect of Approval: Approval/designation of an area or site 5956 for a use Permitted by Location shall not expire. However, if an area or site is developed for uses other than the approved use Permitted 5958 by Location, the designation shall be voided. Sec. 39-191. Amendments to the PD/UNP, PSP or DP. 5960 (a) Amendments (changes) to the approved PD/UNP, PSP or DP shall be classified as either substantial or nonsubstantial. 5962 Substantial amendments shall be reviewed and approved in the same manner as for the original application. The following criteria shall 5964 be used to identify a substantial amendment: 5966 A waiver of any provision of the Orange County Code. A change which would include a land use not previously (2) permitted under the approved PD/UNP. 5968 A change which would alter a land use type adjacent to a (3) property boundary, except when it is (i) a reduction in the 5970 density or (ii) a reduction of intensity of approved residential or nonresidential development, unless the reduction locates 5972 the residential use adjacent to an incompatible land use. A change which would require an amendment to the board 5974 of county commissioner's conditions of approval. An amendment to the phasing which would propose a land 5976 use in advance of the development it was designed to 5978 support. A change to the approved type, standards, or a reduction to the extent by more than two (2) links of an Avenue, Parkway 5980 or Main Street (Framework Streets). A change in type would include, for example, a change in type from an Avenue to a 5982 Standard Street. A change of extent would address, for example, a reduction in the number of links (links are 5984 portions of a street between intersections) of one (1) of the 5986 listed street types. A change to the geographic alignment/placement of one (1) of the listed street types would not necessarily constitute a substantial change unless 5988 the proposed change would affect the placement/alignment of a street within an adjoining property. 5990

A change to the approved type, standards, or a reduction to 5992 the extent by more than two (2) links of a Multi-use Path or Trail. A change in type would include, for example, a change 5994 in type from a Multi-use Path to a sidewalk. A change of extent would address, for example, a reduction in the number or length of links (a link is a portion of a Path or Trail 5996 between intersections, or a six hundred (600) foot length 5998 where intersections are not present). A change to the geographic alignment/placement of one (1) of the types 6000 would not necessarily constitute a substantial change unless the proposed change would affect the placement/alignment of a type within an adjoining property. 6002 A change reducing the length of a primary block face adjoining a functionally classified street from the length 6004 depicted on the approved PD/UNP. However, if the proposed reduction does not create an additional vehicular 6006 access to the functionally classified street the amendment can be classified as nonsubstantial. 6008 (9) A change to the boundary of an area delineated for a use permitted by location. 6010 (10) Any change to the boundary of a Land Use District from that 6012 shown on the approved PD/UNP. (11) A proposed transfer of land use entitlements between 6014 Neighborhood Planning Areas (NPA), unless the transfer is proposed between lands within the same PD/UNP. 6016 (12) A proposed conversion of more than twenty-five (25) percent of the dwelling units or nonresidential land use entitlements permitted within any district as part of the 6018 approved PD/UNP (the reference to "conversion" means the conversion of a dwelling unit to another use permitted within 6020 the same Land Use District). 6022

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- (13) Changes to a PD/UNP affecting a neighboring property not included in the PD/UNP and to which the affected property owner(s) has not provided written consent.
- (b) The Development Review Committee may determine that other types of proposed changes warrant classification as a substantial change requiring BCC review and approval.
- (c) The determination of a substantial or nonsubstantial amendment not specifically addressed herein may be made jointly by the Planning and Zoning Division Managers. Either or both managers may opt to direct that the determination be made by the Development Review Committee (DRC). A determination by the

Planning and Zoning Division Managers may be requested by an applicant upon forms supplied by the DRC staff.

- (d) Where the developer proposes to reduce the number of units or floor area in one (1) phase of the project, a corresponding increase in the number of units of floor area in another phase may be considered, if other conditions of approval are not adversely affected, the change would occur within the same district, and the change is not associated with any other proposed change which would be considered a substantial change as described above.
- (e) Alterations to the PD/UNP determined to be substantial must submit plans and support data (following requirements for the original review and approval of a PD/UNP) for review by the DRC and then a public hearing for final action by the board of county commissioners.
- (f) When an amendment is requested, it shall be evaluated in conjunction with the overall project, to determine the amendment's compatibility with the remainder of the PD/UNP. If the DRC considers any amendment to be incompatible or in conflict with the UNP/PD or its conditions of approval, the applicant will be required to amend the UNP/PD or may be subject to an administrative rezoning public hearing.

## Sec. 39-192. Control of development following approval.

- (a) Upon approval of the PD/UNP, or any phase thereof, the use of land and the construction or modification of any buildings or structures within the PD/UNP shall be in accordance with the approved development plan. However, all other county codes, ordinances, policies and resolutions shall apply to the project.
- (b) The applicable department director and/or division manager shall be responsible for certifying that all aspects of the PD/UNP, including conditions of approval (applicable to the subject portion of the project) have been satisfactorily completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of completion for the project or phase.
- (c) After certification no changes may be made in the approved development plan except under the procedures provided below:
  - Any structural extension, alteration or modification of existing building structures which are consistent with the approved development plan may be authorized by the zoning manager.
  - (2) A building or structure that is seventy-five (75) percent or more destroyed may be reconstructed only in compliance with the approved PD/UNP and DP unless an amendment to the DP is approved under the provisions of this article.

## Sec. 39-193. Other requirements.

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- (a) Off-site improvements may be required in conjunction with the PD/UNP approval in order to offset the impacts created by the proposed development. All projects shall be required to provide an adequate level of facilities and services to accommodate the project as proposed and approved.
- (b) At the time of development, the PD/UNP or any phase proposed for development shall comply with all regulations and ordinances in force at the time of engineering plan approval.

## Sec. 39-194. Bonus for unified neighborhood plan.

Within each Neighborhood Planning Area, the maximum number of residential dwelling units permitted by the Comprehensive Plan may not be exceeded, except as may be permitted through PD/UNP review and the provision of density and intensity bonuses as specified herein. Density and intensity bonuses may be acquired in accordance to the conditions prescribed below. A density bonus program is hereby established, which will allow district development programs to exceed thresholds established through the Comprehensive Plan. A "bonus bank" was established with the adoption of the Town Center provisions in the Comprehensive Plan, which includes a total of one thousand five hundred forty (1,540) dwelling units. This bonus may be earned by completing the PD/UNP review and approval process.

- Bonus for PD/UNP Review and Approval. An applicant may request an increase to the PD/UNP development program by a pro rata share of the number of dwelling units reserved in the bonus bank. The share shall be determined by the ratio of the percentage of net developable land area included in the applicable PD/UNP, to the net developable area included in the overall Town Center boundary. This ratio is applied to the total number of units reserved in the "bank" to determine the number of bonus units that may be awarded. The approval of the PD/UNP with the bonus units shall confirm the bonus. In addition, the bonus units may be assigned to any district included in the PD/UNP, and may be converted to nonresidential floor area based on the approved land use conversion/equivalency table. However, nonresidential floor area created through a conversion of bonus units shall not be assigned to any Urban Residential district in which nonresidential uses are not permitted.
- (2) Density-intensity equivalency rates. Earned bonuses may be used to increase development entitlements based on land use

equivalency rates determined from the most current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Manual.

#### Sec. 39-195. Transfer criteria.

- (a) As part of the approval of an PD/UNP, subsequent substantial amendment to the PD/UNP, or PSP approval, development units and the required seven (7) percent open space may be transferred from any district within the UNP to another land use district within the same PD/UNP under the following conditions:
  - (1) The use is allowable in the receiving district;
  - (2) The transfer is consistent with the Principles and Goals, Objectives and Policies of the Town Center and Comprehensive Plan;
  - (3) The transfer will contribute to fulfilling the desired characteristics of the applicable NPA; and
  - (4) The transfer does not exceed the adopted PD/UNP Development Program Element.
- (b) Transfer of development units or the open space requirements from one (1) approved PD/UNP to another PD/UNP is allowed under the following conditions:
  - (1) The transfer occurs as part of a simultaneous approval (or amendment) of both affected PD/UNPs; and
  - (2) The transfer represents a simultaneous decrease and increase in the development programs of the respective PD/UNPs, such that the PD/UNPs pro-rata share of the overall development program for the Town Center is not increased or decreased.
- (c) Simultaneous increases and decreases may allow for the exchange of residential uses for an equivalency of office and/or retail use based upon an equivalency matrix as approved on the approved PD/UNP.
- (d) To facilitate the creation of an interconnected open space network throughout the Town Center comprised of linear parks, trails, wildlife corridors, etc., open space transfers shall be permitted as a nonsubstantial change. Non-substantial changes are limited to: no more than twenty (20) percent of the seven (7) percent open space set aside in each district; and, the transfer must be to another district within the same PD/UNP. Proposed open space transfers that exceed twenty (20) percent of the standard set aside or that would effect a transfer to a site external to the PD/UNP are classified as a substantial change request requiring approval of the board of county

6158	commissioners. Such transfers are not justification for an increase			
6160	in the number of dwelling units or nonresidential uses on sending parcels. Receiving parcels are not required to be located adjacent to sending parcels.			
6162	(e) Transfer credits for upland greenbelts and wetlands internal to the Town Center are available at the following rates:			
6164	• One (1) acre of upland greenbelt:			
	—Residential—17.1 dwelling units.			
6166	NonresidentialNot applicable.			
	• One (1) acre of wetland:			
6168	—Residential—0.3 dwelling units.			
	—Nonresidential—Not applicable			
6170	Sec. 39-196. APF ratio and conveyance requirement.			
6172	Consistent with the Adequate Public Facilities (APF) requirements of chapter 30, article XIV, division 2, Orange County Code, to ensure that APF land is available to support development			
6174	in the Town Center, all Town Center landowners shall participate in			
6176	the dedication of APF land, or in the alternative, pay a fee in lieu of dedicating land, at the following ratio:			
	Net Developable Acreage: Required Public Facilities			
6178	Equals 5.1 (acres of net developable acreage): 1.0 (acre of APF acreage or equivalent fee)			
6180	Sec. 39-197. General interpretation.			
6182	For the purpose of this Code, certain words, terms and symbols are to be interpreted as follows, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:			
6184	(1) Tense; Number. Words used in the present tense can include			
6186	the future; words in the masculine gender can include the feminine and neuter, and vice versa; words in the singular			
6188	number can include the plural; and words in the plural can include the singular, unless the obvious construction of the wording indicates otherwise.			
6190	(2) Shall; Should; May; Includes. The word "shall" is mandatory; the word "should" is directive but not			
6192	necessarily mandatory; the word "may" is permissive. The word "includes" shall not limit a term to the specific			
6194	examples, but is intended to extend its meaning to all other instances or circumstances of like kind or character.			

- (3) *Measurement of Distances*. Unless otherwise specified, all distances shall be measured horizontally and at right angles to the line in relation to which the distance is specified.
- (4) Text, Figures and Illustrations. Any chart or graphic presentation which is specifically designated as a "Figure" shall be deemed to be a part of the text and controlling on all development. Wherever illustrations are not specifically so designated, they are provided only as aids to the user of these regulations and shall not be deemed a part of its text.
- (5) *Conflicts*. The particular shall control the general. In case of any difference of meaning or implication between the text of these zoning regulations and any caption, figure, illustration, summary table, or illustrative table, the text shall control.
- (6) Interpretation of Undefined Terms. Terms not otherwise defined herein shall be interpreted first by reference to section 38-1 chapter 40, article VI; second to the adopted Comprehensive Plan, if specifically defined therein; third, by reference to generally accepted engineering, planning, or other development usage; and otherwise according to common usage, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.:

#### Sec. 39-198. Definitions.

For the purposes of the Code the following terms, phrases, words and their derivations shall have the meaning contained herein, except where the context clearly requires otherwise.

Abutting. Touching and sharing a common point or line. This term shall not be deemed to include parcels which are across the street from each other.

Accessory Structure or Use. A subordinate building or structure situated on the same lot or parcel as the principal building or structure, or a subordinate use of land, and which building, structure or use is customarily incidental to and typically found in association with such principal building or use. Factors to be considered in determining whether a building, structure or use is "subordinate" and "customarily incidental" include the size of the lot or parcel, the uses of adjacent lots or parcels, and the size, shape, height, and roof type (if any) of the building or structure.

Adjacent or Adjoining. Near to but not necessarily touching; sharing a common boundary which may include a street or public right-of-way.

Alley. See Street, Neighborhood Street, Alley

Ancillary Use. A use which is subordinate in purpose, area and extent to the principal use served; contributes primarily to the 6238 comfort and convenience of the owners, occupants, employees, 6240 customers, or visitors of the principal use and is located within the building housing the principal use served. 6242 Bicycle Lane. A portion of a roadway which has been designated for the preferential or exclusive use of bicycles by striping, signing and pavement markings for the preferential or exclusive use of 6244 bicycles. Bicycle Path. A bikeway physically separated from motorized 6246 vehicular traffic by an open space or barrier and located either within the highway right-of-way or within an independent right-of-way. 6248 Block. A surface land area that is separated, and distinguished from other surface land areas by streets, pedestrian or bicycle paths, 6250 or other natural or man-made features. Block, Development. A group of lots existing within well-defined 6252 and fixed boundaries, usually being an area surrounded by street or pedestrian passage rights-of-way or other physical barriers and 6254 having an assigned number, letter, or other name through which it is identified. For nonresidential development, the block may be 6256 bounded by appropriately designed drive aisles that create the effect of a street boundary. 6258 Block Length. The longest horizontal distance between the welldefined and fixed boundaries of a development block right-of-way 6260 to right-of-way. Block Depth. The shortest horizontal distance between the well-6262 defined and fixed boundaries of a development block right-of-way to right-of-way. 6264 *Brewpub.* A restaurant that is licensed by the Florida Department 6266 of Business and Professional Regulation, Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco to produce malt beverages for onsite consumption. 6268 Buildable Area. The area of a lot determined by building placement standards and/or setback requirements and not included 6270 within an open space that is required by regulation or action of the approving authority. 6272 Building Frontage. The percentage of the total width of a lot which is required to be building wall, measured where the front yard ends 6274 and the front of the building begins. Building Placement or Setback Line. A line drawn parallel to a lot 6276

line at a distance equal to the minimum depth of a required

yard/frontage zone. The term also includes front yard setback, side yard setback, rear yard setback and privacy building.

*Building Site.* Any group of one (1) or more lot(s) or parcel(s) occupied or intended for development as a unit, whether or not as part of a larger Development Site.

*Build-to-Line.* A line extending through a lot which is generally parallel to the front property line and marks the maximum setback, from which the principle vertical plane of the front building elevation, exclusive of permitted arcades, building recesses or similar appurtenances, must be erected.

*Building Plane*. An exterior flat or level surface of a building, such as a building wall.

*Civic Space.* An outdoor area dedicated for public use, including active and passive recreation. Civic spaces include parks, greens, squares, plazas, and playgrounds.

Common Area. Any part of a development designed and intended to be used in common by the owners, residents, or tenants of the development and by the general public if the area is so designated. These areas may contain such complementary structures and improvements as are necessary and appropriate for the benefit and enjoyment of the owners, residents, tenants, and/or the general public.

Common Improvements. All streets, driveways, parking spaces, and other vehicular use areas, and all uses, facilities, structures, buildings, and other improvements, or portions thereof, which are designed and provided for the common use, benefit, and enjoyment of all residents or occupants of all or a designated portion of a development or neighborhood, or for the protection of adjacent properties.

Common Ownership. Ownership of common open space or common improvements which grants at least some undivided and common rights in such lands or improvements to the residents or occupants of a development or a neighborhood either directly, or indirectly through shares or other interests in the property of a separate legal entity.

Connection (Vehicular). A driveway, street, turnout, or other means of providing for property access to or from controlled access facilities. For the purpose of access, two (2) one-way connections to a property may constitute a single connection.

Construction Easement. A temporary easement designed to accommodate grading, sloping and other construction related activities outside a permanently dedicated right-of-way or easement.

Contiguous. See Abutting. 6320 Court. An open space which may or may not have direct street access, and around which is arranged a single building or a group of 6322 related buildings. 6324 Corner Lot. A lot fronting on two (2) streets at their point of intersection. 6326 Craft Distillery. An establishment that is licensed by the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation, Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco to produce distilled spirts. The 6328 establishment may also include a tasting room and retail space to sell spirits produced on the premises along with related retail items 6330 and food. 6332 *Curb.* The stone or concrete boundary at the edge of the pavement of a street, which also usually includes gutters. 6334 Dedication. The transfer of property from the owner to another party. 6336 Density, Net Residential. The number of residential dwelling units permitted per acre of land, determined by dividing the number of dwelling units by the net developable area of the Building Site or 6338 Development Site. Developer. Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or 6340 association, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase, who lays out, for the purpose of sale or development, any 6342 subdivision, or part thereof, as defined herein, either for himself or others. 6344 Development. Except where the context otherwise requires, "development" shall mean the performance of any man-made 6346 change to improved or unimproved real estate including, but not limited to, building or mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, 6348 excavating, or drilling operations; the permanent storage of materials and equipment; the making of any material change in the 6350 use or appearance of any structure or land; the division of land into two (2) or more parcels; and any construction of improvements to 6352 facilitate a residential, commercial, business, industrial, or public 6354 use. Development Site. The property under consideration for a development, which may contain one (1) or more Building Sites. 6356 Elevation. An exterior wall of a building. The front elevation is 6358 also known as the facade. Encroachment. Any structure or object occupying, projecting into

or obstructing any portion of a designated public right-of-way, vard,

the structure or object is not permitted by these regulations, 6362 including, but not limited to: building or other materials, all or portions of permanent or temporary buildings or other structures, 6364 fences and ornamental structures, and where appropriate to the context, vehicles; but excluding federally approved mailboxes, 6366 where permitted, and approved driveways. Encroachment, Vehicular. The projection of a motor vehicle into 6368 a landscaped area and where appropriate to the context right-of-way. *End Lot.* A lot in which one (1) side lot line is adjacent to the street. 6370 Facade. Any separate face of a Building, including Parapet walls and omitted wall lines, or any part of a Building, which encloses or 6372 covers usable space. Where separate faces are oriented in the same 6374 direction, or in the directions within forty-five (45) degrees of one another, they are to be considered as part of a single facade. 6376 Facade, Primary. An exterior wall of a structure that faces or that can largely been seen from a public right-of-way. Facade, Secondary. An exterior wall of a structure that does not 6378 face a public right-of-way. Farmers Market. Utilization of common outdoor and/or indoor 6380 space for individual vendors to conduct the selling of produce, meat products, fruits, small home craft products, food and beverages and 6382 similar goods from individual stands or booths. Fence. Any barrier constructed of wood, metal, masonry or similar 6384 material erected for the purpose of assuring privacy or protection, but excluding shrubbery or plantings. 6386 Floor Area, Gross. The sum of the horizontal areas of the stories of a building or buildings, measured from the exterior faces of 6388 exterior walls or from the centerlines of walls which separate buildings. Included within such sum shall be the areas of all stories 6390 and attic spaces providing a minimum of seven (7) feet of head room; interior balconies or mezzanines; and any other space 6392 reasonably usable for any purpose except parking, no matter where located within a building. This term does not include the area of any 6394 parking garage structure, but does include all other interior spaces including those which are not heated or air conditioned. 6396 Floor Area Ratio. The ratio of gross floor area of a building or buildings on a lot or building site, divided by the net developable 6398 area of the lot or building site. 6400 Frontage Zone. The area between a right-of-way and the build-toline or a building placement/setback line.

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building site facing the street.

Front Door. The entrance into the principal building on the

*Front Porch.* The ground floor platform attached to the front or street side of the main building.

Front Property Line. The shorter building lot line which coincides with the right-of-way of the street or other defining element such as a sidewalk or common open space. In the case of a residential corner lot, the part of the building lot having the narrowest frontage on any street shall be considered the frontage line. In the case of a nonresidential corner lot, the front property line is the width of the lot abutting the street with heaviest traffic usage.

*Green.* An open space, available for unstructured recreation. The green is surrounded by roadways or the fronts of buildings and, consist of grassy areas and trees.

Height (of a Building or Structure). The vertical distance from the ground level to the highest point of a building or structure. When applied to a building, height shall be measured to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or the ridge for gable, hip or gambrel roofs. Where no ground level has been established the height may be measured from the mean elevation of the finished lot grade at the front of the building or structure.

Impervious Surface Area. An area of ground that releases as runoff all or a majority of the precipitation that falls on it. "Impervious surface" includes buildings, rooftops, streets, vehicular use areas, or any other structure, improvement, facility or material which prevents or severely restricts natural percolation of moisture unless specifically designed, constructed and maintained to be pervious. Gravel surfaces shall be considered impervious when used for a vehicular use area, and porous otherwise. Unpaved vehicular use areas shall also be considered impervious, except those designated and approved for occasional vehicular use only. Wooden patios shall be considered pervious.

*Impervious Surface Ratio (ISR)*. The Impervious Surface Area divided by the Building or Development Site Area.

Improvements (or Site Improvements). Any grading, filling, or excavation of unimproved property; additions or alterations to existing buildings or other structures requiring alterations to the ground; the construction of new buildings or other structures, including parking lots; and street pavements, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, alley pavements, walkway pavements, water mains, sanitary sewers, storm sewers or drains, street names, signs, landscaping, permanent reference monument, permanent control points, or any other improvement required by these regulations.

*Intersection (Node).* The junction of the centerlines of any two (2) streets and/or through block pedestrian passageways.

Landscaping. Landscaping shall consist of, but not be limited to, 6448 grass, ground covers, shrubs, vines, hedges, trees, berms, and architectural landscape features and material. Land Use. A description of how land is occupied or utilized. The 6450 terms "land use" and "use of land" shall be deemed also to include 6452 building use. Loading Berth (Off-Street). An off-street storage space, either outside or within a building, used for the parking of commercial 6454 vehicles during loading or unloading. 6456 Lot, Front. Except for lots served by an alley or lane, the lot front determination shall be where the principal vehicular access to the lot abuts the approved public or private right-of-way. If the principal 6458 vehicular access is provided by an alley or lane and the lot is intended to front on a mew, greencourt, passage or pedestrian 6460 corridor, the Zoning Manager shall determine the location of the lot 6462 front. Lot width shall be measured at the mid-point of the side lot lines. Lot Line (or Property Line). Any legal boundary of a lot. Where 6464 applicable, the lot line may coincide with the right-of-way line. This term includes the front, side or rear property line. 6466 Marquee. A permanent roof-like structure projecting beyond a building wall at an entrance to a building or extending along and 6468 projecting beyond the building's wall and generally designed and constructed to provide protection against the weather. 6470 *Massing.* The width, volume and proportions of a building and its 6472 parts. Median, Restrictive. That portion of a divided roadway or divided driveway separating vehicular traffic traveling in opposite 6474 directions. Restrictive medians include physical barriers that 6476 prohibit movement of traffic across the median such as a concrete barrier, a raised concrete curb and/or island that is not designed to be mountable by a motor vehicle, and a grassed or swale median. 6478 Median Opening, Directional. An opening in a restrictive median which provides for only U-turns and/or left-turn movements. 6480 Median Opening, Full. An opening in a restrictive median designed to allow all turning movements to take place from both the 6482 roadway and the adjacent connection. Micro Brewery. An establishment that is licensed by the Florida 6484 Department of Business and Professional Regulation, Division of

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Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco to manufacture malt beverages.

The establishment may also include a tasting room and retail space

to sell malt beverages produced on the premises along with related 6488 retail items and food. Micro Winery. An establishment that is licensed by the Florida 6490 Department of Business and Professional Regulation, Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco to produce wine. The 6492 establishment may also include a tasting room and retail space to sell wine produced on the premises along with related retail items 6494 and food. Multimodal. Pertaining to transportation involving more than one 6496 (1) mode of travel (e.g., pedestrian, bike, auto, transit). Outdoor Lighting. The night-time illumination of an outside area 6498 or object by any manmade device located outdoors that produces 6500 light by any means. This includes any luminaire used to illuminate advertising signs, landscaping, architectural features, walkways, driveways and parking areas. 6502 Parapet. A low, protective wall constructed as the continuation of 6504 the exterior wall of a building and placed along the entire perimeter of the roof of a building. Parking Aisle. An area within a parking facility intended to 6506 provide ingress and egress to parking spaces. Parking Module (or Bay). A standard arrangement of parking 6508 spaces containing two (2) tiers of spaces served by a single parking aisle. 6510 Parking Lot, Surface. An off-street, ground level area for the parking of motor vehicles. 6512 Parking, Shared. Joint use of a parking area or space for more than one (1) establishment. 6514 Parking Space. An enclosed or unenclosed surfaced area permanently reserved for the temporary storage of one (1) 6516 automobile/motor vehicle, and connected with a street or alley by a surfaced driveway which affords ingress and egress for 6518 automobiles/motor vehicles. Such spaces are considered "on-street" if they are located on a dedicated street right-of-way and are 6520 considered "off-street" if they are not. Pavement, Street. The portion of a street intended for vehicular 6522 movement and parking, having an improved surface of asphalt, concrete, brick or other paving materials. 6524 Pavement Width, Street. The width of the pavement of a street, as measured from edge to edge but excluding the curbs, if any. 6526 Permitted Use. A use which is specifically authorized in a

particular zoning or land use district.

*Perimeter.* The boundaries or borders of a lot, tract, or parcel of land. 6530 *Phase.* The designated portion of a larger development, which is to be constructed as a unit and which is so designed that it can stand 6532 on its own even if the other phases of the development are never 6534 constructed. *Plaza*. An open space that is set aside for civic purposes and short 6536 term, incidental commercial activity such as a farmers market. *Porch.* An exterior appendage to a building, forming a covered approach to a doorway and which is not enclosed other than by 6538 porous screens. 6540 Principal Use or Structure. The primary or predominant use, building or structure of any lot, as distinguished from an ancillary use or accessory use, building or structure. 6542 *Primary Facade.* A side of a building that is visible from a public right-of-way or has the primary customer entrance. 6544 *Property.* Any lot, parcel, or tract of land together with the building and structures located thereon. 6546 Property Line. See Lot Line. Public Entrance. An entrance to a structure that is maintained 6548 accessible to the public and free of encumbrances that might interfere with its use by the public. 6550 Right-of-Way. Land owned or controlled by a governmental agency over which the public has a right of passage, including the 6552 streets, parkways, medians, sidewalks, and driveways constructed thereon. 6554 *Roof Line.* The top edge of a roof or building parapet, whichever is higher, excluding any cupolas, pylons, chimneys or minor 6556 projections. Scale. The apparent height, size and bulk of a structure compared 6558 to the height of adjacent buildings and to the height of a human and/or the apparent height, size and bulk of the components of the 6560 facade compared to the apparent height, size and bulk of the structure. 6562 *Setback.* See *Build-to-Line* or *Building Placement or Setback Line*. 6564 Screen Wall. A freestanding wall built along the property line, or parallel with a building facade. It may mask a parking lot from the street, provide privacy to a side yard, and/or strengthen the spatial 6566 definition of the public realm.

Sidewalk. An improved walkway intended primarily for 6568 pedestrians, usually running parallel to one (1) or both sides of the pavement of a street. 6570 Single-Loaded Street. Developments are located on one (1) side of the street and open space is located on the other side of the street. 6572 Street Frontage. The distance along which a lot line adjoins a street, public or private. 6574 Street, Stub. A street that usually ends at a property line and is designated to be extended to adjoining property in the future. 6576 *Streetscape.* This term refers to the various components that make up a street, both in the right-of-way, and on private lot frontages. It 6578 includes pavement, parking spaces, planting areas, street trees, streetlights, sidewalks, front yard fences, front yards, front porches, 6580 etc. Through-Block Pedestrian Passageway. An uninterrupted 6582 corridor which provides highly visible, inviting, and convenient pedestrian access, through the interior of the block, to the next 6584 parallel block face. Such passageways offer an unobstructed view through the block, and feature landscaping, seating, overhead shade, 6586 lighting, and a paved walkway surface along their full length. Tree Well, Street. A planting area for street trees, surrounded by 6588 paving; the tree well normally is situated in the sidewalk, between the curb and the edge of right-of-way. 6590 Vehicular Use Area. An area used for the display or parking of any and all types of vehicles and equipment, and all land upon which 6592 vehicles traverse the property. Yard. An open space at grade between a building or structure and 6594 the adjoining lot lines unoccupied and unobstructed by any portion of a building or structure from the ground upward, except as may be 6596 permitted by these regulations. For the purpose of determining the depth of front, rear and side yards, the minimum horizontal distance 6598 between the lot lines and the building or structure shall be used. Yard, Front. A yard extending across the front of a lot, between 6600 the side lot lines, and being the minimum horizontal distance between the street right-of-way line and the principal building or any 6602 projections thereof other than the projections of uncovered steps, 6604 uncovered balconies or uncovered porches. Yard, Rear. A yard extending across the rear of a lot, between the 6606 side lot lines, and being the minimum horizontal distance between the rear of the principal building or any projections thereof other than the projections of uncovered steps, uncovered balconies or 6608

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uncovered porches, to the rear lot line. On all corner lots the rear yard shall be at the opposite end of the lot from the front yard.

*Yard*, *Side*. An open unoccupied space on the same lot with a main building, situated between the side line of the building and the adjacent side line of the lot and extending from the rear line of the front yard to the front line of the rear yard.

Yard, Street Side. A yard extending across the side of a corner lot between the rear line of the front yard and front line of the rear yard, and between the principal building and the street right-of-way line, and being the minimum horizontal distance between the principal building or any projections thereof other than the projections of uncovered steps, uncovered balconies or uncovered porches, to the right-of-way line.

Secs. 39-199 – 39-200. Reserved.

#### **DIVISION 2. WALKABLE COMMUNITY STANDARDS**

#### Subdivison 1. Block standards.

## Sec. 39-201. Block standards.

(a) Purpose and Intent of Block Standards. Streets and blocks comprise the "bones" of each of the Town Center neighborhoods. The location and types of streets and pedestrian pathways inform the size and configuration of the blocks in which development is expected to occur.

The establishment of street and block plans and standards, and the consideration of substantial or nonsubstantial changes, shall be guided by the following statements of intent:

- (1) Variation of block lengths, widths and geometric configurations are encouraged in order to create diversity of place. Proposed changes in the location of streets that are designed to create variety of block size and shape should not be permitted to lessen the functionality and connectivity of the street network.
- (2) Blocks may be formed through an interconnected network of vehicular streets and, by means of an approved blockdefining pedestrian passageway. Pedestrian passageways that form blocks shall connect streets, parks, open space or other pedestrian passageways and shall comply with the requirements contained in this article.
- (3) Variability in the size and shape of blocks should be limited in areas and districts intended for higher density and

- 6648 (4) 6650 6652 6654 6656 6658 6660 6662 6664 6666 6668 6670 6672 affected by existing constraints. 6674 (b) (1) following hierarchy: 6676 a. The block 6678 6680 Framework Street. 6682 6684 6686 6688 6690
  - intensity of mixed use development in order to preserve vehicular routes and capacity of the supporting street system.
  - The interconnected network of streets and pedestrian passageways can be curvilinear, within limits established by the applicable design speed, as a means of avoiding long views, incorporating traffic calming measures and stormwater facilities, and preserving conservation areas.
  - The context and use of a development site determines the degree of flexibility permitted for street and block plans. Development sites intended for hospital, educational or other types of large scale campuses may be afforded greater flexibility in the application of block standards, for example, to accommodate the placement and physical connection of multiple buildings and associated parking facilities. The physical context of a site should also be taken into consideration where natural or man-made conditions such as the presence of major roads, conservation areas, natural water bodies or utility corridors may also constrain block and connectivity planning as required by the provisions of this Code. Consistency with the street and block standards, as well as continuation of any street pattern which may be planned or established along the perimeter of abutting properties should be maintained. Flexibility in meeting connectivity and block standards is reserved for the internal portions of a development site or those areas most directly
  - Block Attributes—Size and Shape of Blocks.
  - The primary block face is determined pursuant to the
    - face adjoining an Urban Collector/Functionally Classified Street; or
    - b. The block face adjoining a Parkway, Avenue or Main Street (Framework Street types); or
    - c. The longest face of a block adjoining any other type of
  - Primary block faces that are two hundred fifty (250) feet or less in length may be permitted to accommodate parks and open space, small scale civic uses or neighborhood scale commercial or office uses approved for locations within Urban Residential districts, and/or in other locations where the number of such blocks is limited to one (1) per one thousand two hundred (1,200) linear feet of adjoining street. However, this type of block shall not be permitted adjoining

a functionally classified street unless both sides of the block adjoin a pedestrian passageway and not a vehicular street.

(3) A block may be comprised of less than four (4) sides.

(c) Block Length and Depth Standards.

		Minimum Length - ROW to ROW along the primary	Maximum Length - ROW to ROW along the primary	Maximum Depth Perpendicular to the Primary Block Face (ROW to ROW exclusive of
Area Type	District Type	block face (4), (5)	block face (4), (5)	alleys and lanes) (4), (5)
All Blocks Adjoining a Functionally Classified Street	Applies to all Districts	600 feet (1)	800 feet (2)	600 feet
All Blocks Adjoining a Main Street	Traditional Town Center Core (TTCC), Corporate Neighborhood Center (CNC)	250 feet (3)	400 feet	400 feet
N/A	Corporate Campus Mixed Use (CCMU), Retail/Wholesale (RW), Urban Residential (UR)	250 feet (3)	600 feet	600 feet

#### Notes:

- (1) Primary block length adjacent to a functionally classified street cannot be less than six hundred (600) feet right-of-way to right-of-way where the block edges are formed by streets; however, where a block edge is defined by an approved pedestrian passageway the primary block face may be less than six hundred (600) feet.
- (2) Primary block faces that are more than six hundred (600) feet in length shall include a mid block pedestrian passageway at either: the mid-point of the primary block face; a point approximating the six hundred-foot dimension of the block face; or, at a location approved as part of the PD/UNP or PSP.
- (3) See subsection 39-201(b)(2) for limitations related to blocks with a primary block face of less than two hundred fifty (250) feet.

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- (4) Right-in and right-out driveways shall not constitute a block for the purpose of determining compliance with minimum or maximum block length standards.
- (5) A block length that is between ninety-five (95) percent and one hundred five (105) percent of the standard block length shall be considered in compliance with the block length standard, and shall not require an amendment or waiver.

# Sec. 39-202. Combination of blocks permitted; stormwater facilities exempt.

- (a) Blocks may be combined and exceed the maximum block length standards to form building or development sites without a requirement for a substantial or nonsubstantial change when all of the following criteria have been satisfied: the combination involves blocks that are perpendicular (and not parallel) to a functionally classified street; the combination maintains vehicular and/or pedestrian connections to the adjoining street network that would have been provided if the blocks were not combined; and, the combination supports development consistent with the desired character of the applicable district.
- (b) Except where restricted through standards contained in this Section, blocks may be combined to create larger development or building sites for the following purposes: to accommodate the footprint of one (1) or more single or mixed use buildings that will share off-street parking facilities immediately or through a phased development program; to accommodate an educational campus, sports complex, hospital complex; or, a park or civic use such as a place of worship or library.
- (c) The block standards shall not be applicable for lands required to accommodate a required stormwater facility designed as an amenity; or, preserve an existing wetland or protected habitat. Master planning for stormwater facilities should, to the maximum extent feasible, avoid significant disruption of the network of streets surrounding the facility and maintain connectivity. The storm amenity shall incorporate a pedestrian through block passageway which connects streets.
- (d) Blocks that adjoin a Main Street (Framework Street type) may be combined to form a single development or building site consistent with the following restrictions:
  - (1) No more than two (2) blocks adjoining the Main Street may be combined;
  - (2) One (1) combination of blocks may be permitted along each side of all street links that form a Main Street; and

- (3) The primary block face standard applicable for a Main Street shall be maintained through the inclusion of an approved civic space, pedestrian passageway or access driveway in the same location as would have occurred had the blocks not been combined.
- (e) No more than four (4) blocks (two (2) that are parallel to the street and two (2) additional blocks that adjoin perpendicular to the street) may be combined for any single purpose identified in subsection (a) above.
- (f) When blocks are combined, access driveways with sidewalks and/or pedestrian passageways shall be placed in such a manner as to form four-way intersections with the interrupted streets. Additionally, the combined development or building site shall be planned in such a manner that the interconnected street network and block pattern can be maintained.

#### Sec. 39-203. Pedestrian accommodations.

- (a) Where practical, pedestrian passageways, drive aisles with sidewalks, or standard Framework Streets shall be incorporated in combined blocks in order to provide opportunities for pedestrians to cross through the site.
- (b) Planning and Design Standards for Through-Block Pedestrian Passageways. During the initial phases of project programming and development, owners may find it necessary to combine blocks. If the resulting block length exceeds the standards of this Code, owners shall incorporate approved through-block pedestrian passageways which make a direct connection to the opposite side of the block. As development projects are redeveloped and portions of surface parking areas are replaced with structures, such passageways will eventually delineate formal pedestrian corridors between structures and outdoor urban plazas. All through-block pedestrian passageways shall meet all accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards.
  - (1) Through-block pedestrian passageways, consistent with the design standards of this chapter, shall be an acceptable substitute for required block termination. Through-block pedestrian passageways shall function as an uninterrupted continuation of the surrounding street sidewalk grid system and shall signal a safe through-block pedestrian connection to the next parallel block face.
  - (2) The entryway and full length of through-block pedestrian passageways shall be highly visible, and safely lit in a way that and invites regular and convenient use by pedestrians

seeking a destination on the opposite side of the block. Installation of security features, such as video and/or alarm systems, should be considered and may be required. These facilities shall be placed in a public easement which provides for unrestricted public access. They shall be recorded on a plat map within the plan sheets of the Preliminary Subdivision Plan application and meet all access conditions required by the Orange County Fire Rescue Division.

- (3) Regardless of the form through which public pedestrian access is provided, the costs of construction, maintenance, repair, accessibility requirements, and security of passageways shall be borne by the adjacent property owner or an entity approved by Orange County such as a property owner association, or Municipal Services Taxing Unit.
- (4) Plan submittals for all Through-Block Pedestrian Passageways shall, at a minimum, delineate the following three (3) components along their full length:
  - Walk Clear Zone. A centralized walk clear zone for safe, convenient and unimpeded pedestrian circulation that provides a minimum width of forty-eight (48) inches as a continuous pedestrian access route.
  - Tables, Seating, Shrub and Groundcover Plantings.
    Benches with backs or tables with seats, and planters
    (raised with seat walls, or cut-out style) shall be
    incorporated. Planters may include required canopy
    trees.
  - Overhead Shade and Shelter. Overhead shade and shelter, in the form of approved canopy shade trees or fabricated structures shall be provided in accordance with the spacing and weather protection requirements below. Approved overhead fabricated awnings or trellises, or public art structures, may meet the overhead shade and shelter protection requirement. Fabricated overhead shade structures are intended to provide shade and protection from inclement weather. As such, a minimum of seventy (70) percent of the area within the limits of a fabricated shade structure shall provide solid overhead weather protection. A combination of fabricated overhead shade, and canopy trees, is encouraged to meet the overhead shade and shelter requirement.
  - Customer access doors and windows. Doors and windows associated with uses directly abutting passageways are encouraged.

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(5) When provided or required, Through-Block Pedestrian Passageways shall be provided in accordance with the following standards:

GENERAL SPACING OF THROUGH-BLOCK		
PEDESTRIAN PASSAGEWAYS		
Block	Constructed	
Length	Location*	
400'—599'	Middle 1/3 of block	
600' or more	Every 300'	

<sup>\*</sup> A 10% variation in the required spacing and location (in any direction) of Passageways may be granted by the Planning Manager in order to accommodate certain land uses, and expansive building footprint requirements. Passageway spacing shall be measured from centerline of Passageway.

THROUGH-BLOCK PEDESTRIAN PASSAGEWAY		
	Design	
Amenity or measure	parameter/quantity	
Minimum width of passageway (1)	25 feet	
Minimum length of passageway	Full block depth	
Minimum clear width of walk clear zone	10 feet	
Minimum shrub and groundcover planter area (1)	25%	
Canopy tree minimum planting rate	1 tree per 35 linear feet of passageway	
Minimum seating	1 bench per 100 linear feet of passageway	

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Secs. 39-204. – 39-205. Reserved.

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## Subdivison 2. Framework Street Standards.

Sec. 39-206. Purpose.

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The purpose of Framework Street standards is to provide a network of interconnected streets that supports the needs of all users, including pedestrians, bicyclists and motor vehicles, offering multiple routes to a destination, and reducing reliance on urban arterial and collector roadways. Also, these standards are intended to result in the provision of a safe, comfortable, and attractive pedestrian environment that emphasizes accessibility, while providing secondary consideration for vehicular mobility.

#### Sec. 39-207. General requirements.

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Whenever public or private streets, rights-of-way, pedestrian passageways, bikeways or driveway approaches are to be constructed as part of any development after the effective date of this Code, they shall be utilized, designed and installed in accordance with the requirements contained herein and shall include roadway connections that are in compliance with all accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards. All streets, including pedestrian and bicycle facilities, that are or will become part of public rights-of-way shall meet all applicable standards of chapter 34 and of section 21-176. Whenever existing public streets, right-of-way, pedestrian passageways, trails, shared use paths or driveway approaches abutting and serving a specific development do not meet the requirements listed herein and the transportation impacts of the specific development would result in unsafe facility operating conditions, the DRC may recommend appropriate conditions that would require the affected facilities be improved to conform to these requirements.

## Sec. 39-208. Encroachments within a right-of-way.

No encroachment shall be erected in or on any right-of-way unless consistent with the Right-of-Way Utilization Regulations of Orange County, article VI of chapter 21.

## Sec. 39-209. Site access standards.

- (a) The provision of vehicular access to lots, building or development sites within the Town Center shall be governed by the following standards. Lots, building and development sites within blocks that adjoin an urban collector/functionally classified street, avenue or parkway may be subject to a requirement for a Unified Circulation and Access Plan and the requirements of Section 30-248. This Plan shall be established at the time of a Preliminary Subdivision Plan approval for the affected block(s). The DRC shall be authorized to designate cross-access corridors for blocks that adjoin one (1) of the aforementioned framework streets or an urban collector/functionally classified street. The following requirements apply to cross-access corridors:
  - (1) Design of Cross-Access Corridors. These corridors shall be designed to provide unified access and circulation among individual sites in order to assist in local traffic movement. Each corridor should be designed to include the following elements:

- a. A continuous linear travel corridor extending the entire length of the block which it serves.
- b. Sufficient width to accommodate two-way travel aisles designed to accommodate automobiles, service vehicles and loading vehicles.
- c. Stub-outs and other design features which made it visually obvious that the abutting properties may be tied in to provide cross-access.
- d. Linkage to other cross-access corridors in the area.
- e. Closure of pre-existing curb cuts, as applicable, that will be eliminated after the construction of the cross-access corridor, which may be required by the county engineer.

Commentary: Unified Access and Circulation Plans are intended to address vehicular circulation internal to blocks (individual or combined) and connecting lots, building sites and development sites that are intended for separate ownership. Where a block, group of blocks or combined blocks will be under common ownership, such as shopping center or apartment projects, the function of a Unified Circulation and Access Plan may be adequately addressed through the development plan review and approval process.

- (2) Easements Required to be Dedicated. Wherever a cross-access corridor is designated no other development order shall be approved unless the property owner shall grant an easement, running with the land, allowing general cross-access to and from the other properties within the PSP or DP. Such easement shall be recorded, by the property owner at his or her own expense, in the public records of Orange County and constitute a covenant running with the land. The property owner shall provide a copy of the recorded cross-access easement to the development engineering division.
- (3) Coordinated Access and Circulation Systems or Joint/Shared Parking Design. Wherever a cross-access corridor has been designated in accordance with subsection (2) above, the sites within the affected area may be so designed as to provide for coordinated access and circulation systems. When elected by the affected property owners, joint/shared parking facilities may also be included as an element of a unified system.
- (4) Development Prior to Abutting Use. In the event that a site is developed prior to an abutting property, it shall be designed to ensure that parking, access and circulation

elements may be easily tied in to create a unified system at a 6918 later date. Existing Abutting Uses. In the event that a site abuts an existing developed property, it shall be so designed as to tie 6920 into the abutting parking, access and circulation to create a unified system unless the county engineer finds that this 6922 would be impractical due to adverse topographical, soil, stormwater, or conservation conditions. 6924 Criteria for county engineer approval of mid-block driveway access include, but are not limited to those listed below, accessibility 6926 requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards, and access management requirements of section 6928 30-248. The county engineer may base an approval or denial of a driveway based on one (1) or more of the applicable criteria. 6930 The proposed driveway is connected to a cross-access easement that is part of a Unified Circulation and Access 6932 Plan approved for the associated block; 6934 Access rights along the block adjoining a functionally classified/urban collector, avenue or parkway have been dedicated to Orange County; 6936 Unrestricted access driveways may be permitted for avenues and at designated median openings along functionally 6938 classified/urban collectors and parkways; Restricted access (right-in/right-out) driveways may be 6940 permitted for two-lane framework streets with a nonraised median that is consistent with the latest edition of the Manual 6942 of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida 6944 Greenbook), as published by the Florida Department of Transportation; and 6946 The pedestrian crossing area of the driveway shall be clearly marked with thermoplastic crosswalk markings that are the 6948 maintenance responsibility of the property owner, and MUTCD consistent signage shall be erected to alert drivers 6950 exiting the block to the presence of pedestrians and 6952 bicyclists. Sec. 39-210. Framework Street Standards. The Town Center multimodal transportation system is 6954 comprised of Functionally Classified/Urban Collector and Framework Streets. The purpose of the Framework Street network 6956 is to connect Town Center Neighborhoods and Land Use Districts; provide connections to community parks internal to the Town 6958

Center; and connect the Town Center with the regional network of roads and transit facilities/services. Additional purposes associated with Framework Streets include:

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- (1) Framework Streets serve a public purpose by forming an interconnected network of streets designed to provide access to property, and provide for the movement of people and goods;
- (2) Framework Streets are intended to provide a broad range of opportunities for people to satisfy their trip making needs by the most efficient and economical modes available; and
- (3) The placement, design and naming of Framework Streets provides a means of way finding within Town Center as well as provides geographic reference points for travelers.
- On-street parking shall be required for main streets and shall either be parallel to the curb or may be angled in areas deemed appropriate by the development review committee and consistent with specifications approved by the county engineer, including designation of accessible on-street parking spaces consistent with section 34-171 and any on-street loading zones that may be needed to ensure the safe movement and interaction of people and goods. On-street parking for avenues and parkways shall always be parallel to the curb. When elected by a property owner, on-street parking for standard streets may either be parallel to the curb or angled in areas deemed appropriate by the development review committee and consistent with specifications as submitted by the applicant and approved by the county engineer. Where required, the minimum width of on-street parking is seven (7) feet. The gutter portion of a curb and gutter section shall not be included as part of the width of an on-street parking space.

Where designated on-street parking is not included as part of a standard framework street, the applicable preliminary subdivision plan or development plan shall address the type and signage required to provide notice that on-street parking of vehicles is not permitted, which must be approved by the traffic engineering division.

- (c) Bicycle lanes are always included within avenue and parkway framework street types and the minimum width shall be five (5) feet. The inclusion of bicycle lanes within any other framework street type is at the option of the developer and subject to approval at DRC in conjunction with a PSP or DP.
- (d) The typical cross-section and standards for a framework street shall not be modified through the substantial or nonsubstantial change process.

- (e) Alternative cross-sections and standards for a framework street type other than those defined herein may be proposed as a substantial change subject to the approval of the county engineer, DRC and the board of county commissioners.
- (f) The location, type and design of transit stations, stops and pull-out bays within the right-of-way of framework streets shall be determined by the county engineer during the PSP or DP review process and must be consistent with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook), as published by the Florida Department of Transportation.
- (g) The posted speed of a framework street shall be the same as the design speed unless otherwise determined by the county engineer.
- (h) Bicycle lanes shall be striped, designed, and delineated in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook), as published by the Florida Department of Transportation and the NACTO Urban Bikeway Design Guide (as it may be updated from time to time). No required part of a bicycle lane shall be included in any part of a curb and/or gutter section.
- (i) The minimum spacing of vehicular intersections with a functionally classified street/urban collector (FCS) shall be consistent with section 30-248. Driveway access to a FCS at locations between vehicular intersections may be approved by the county engineer to accommodate right-in and right-out driveway access as well as access to public facilities (fire stations, police substations, schools or libraries).
- (j) Placement of traffic signals must meet the warrant requirements of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). When signals are proposed at intervals closer than the minimum intersection spacing referenced in subsection (i) above, they shall be considered only where the need for such signals is warranted and approved by the county engineer. They shall be evaluated based upon the safe and efficient operation of the framework street or functionally classified street/urban collector. The traffic analysis supporting the signalization must show no significant reduction of service for through traffic on the functionally classified street/urban collector.
- (k) Direct vehicular access from a lot, building or development site to an avenue or parkway shall be limited to one (1) right-in/right-out per block face with an exception for public facilities such as fire stations, police substations, schools or libraries. All lots,

building or development sites that adjoin a main street shall have direct access from another street, inclusive of alleys or lanes. All lots, building or development sites that adjoin any other framework Street are encouraged to have direct access from another street, inclusive of alleys or lanes.

- (l) Utilities placed under pavement within any framework street shall include a sufficient number of lateral connections to adjoining properties to provide service without the need to cut any part of a curb, pavement or walkway.
- (m) Curb or gutter, sub-base and pavement construction standards shall be as specified by the county engineer. Durable pavement materials other than asphalt or concrete may be substituted for the wearing surface of on-street parking and within gateway intersections with the approval of the county engineer.
- (n) Streetlights, which shall be consistent with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook) published by the Florida Department of Transportation, are required along all framework streets and shall be placed within a furnishing zone (includes the area of a bulb-out), unless an alternate location is approved by the DRC.
- (o) Where framework streets are programmed to include underground utility pipes with a diameter of sixteen (16) inches, or larger, the minimum width of the framework street walking zone sidewalk over such pipe(s) shall be a minimum of twelve (12) feet. The subject underground utility pipe should be aligned under the street-side edge of the subject sidewalk, not the private property side. In no case may the facade of a building be placed within eighteen (18) feet of utility pipes possessing a diameter of sixteen (16) inches, or larger.
- (p) Bulb-out planting areas for street trees shall be required for any framework street that has been designated as a main street. Bulb-out planting areas shall be optional on all other framework streets.
- (q) Cul-de-sacs shall be subject to approval by the development review committee (DRC) on a case-by-case basis when natural or manmade constraints impede roadway connectivity. The DRC shall endeavor to ensure that pedestrian and bicycle connectivity is maintained when cul-de-sacs are considered for approval.
- (r) Front loaded lots shall not be utilized where: they front a block containing a public or private school, or a public park/civic space owned and maintained by Orange County.

- (s) Where feasible, all utilities that are intended for placement within the right-of-way of a framework street shall be placed under pavement or the sidewalk sections along either side.
- (t) Wherever a development or building site abuts unplatted land or a future development phase of the same development, street stubs shall provide pedestrian and vehicle access to abutting properties or to logically extend the street system into the surrounding area. The determination that street stubs are required shall be made by the DRC as part of the review of PSPs.:

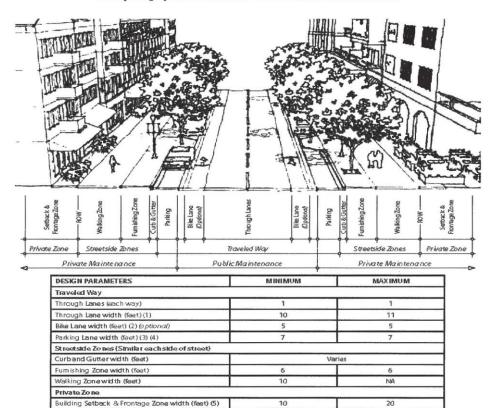
# Sec. 39-211. Framework street cross-sections and standards.

- (a) Each Framework Street cross-section is comprised of several elements including: traveled way, furnishing zone, walking zone, and frontage zone. Requirements and restrictions relative to each of these elements are provided below.
  - (1) The *traveled way* includes through lanes, bicycle lane, parking lane and edge zone. Bulb-outs may extend into the traveled way consistent with standards determined and approved by the County Engineer.
  - (2) The *furnishing zone* is intended to accommodate: street light standards; canopy or understory trees; trash receptacles and street furniture such as benches, wayfinding signage standards and kiosks; and public bicycle parking facilities.
  - (3) The *walking zone* is intended for pedestrian travel and shall be kept clear of permanent or movable obstacles to pedestrian movement. When a use agreement is approved by the county engineer, overhangs, awnings, canopies, marquees and other facilities specified in the Right-of-Way Utilization Regulations contained in chapter 21 of the Orange County Code may extend over or be placed within the walking zone to the full extent of the width of the zone or as otherwise provided in the approved use agreement, but may not conflict with accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards.
  - (4) The *frontage zone* extends beyond the public right-of-way to the face of a building or to the front edge of a required setback. This type of zone may serve a variety of purposes. The first purpose is to provide an area for outdoor seating and related activities associated with residential or nonresidential uses. The frontage zone also delineates the minimum or maximum setback for properties adjoining Framework Streets.

#### Town Center Framework Street

#### MAIN STREET

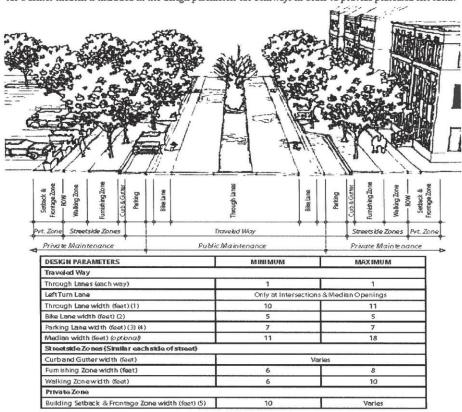
A pedestrian-scaled street suitable for neighborhood settings served by shorter block lengths and featuring smaller scale shops and restaurants. The front facade of structures on properties abutting Main Street type Framework Streets are placed between 10° and 20° from the right-of-way. Structured and surface parking and associated drive aisles for properties abutting Main Streets are located behind buildings within the block's interior. Primary access to block interior surface parking is provided in accordance with the standards described in Part 2.



<sup>(1)</sup> Wider drive lane width may be required behind angled on-street parking stall configurations – consult County Engineer or designee for specific design and/or submittal requirements.
(2) Bike lane width shall not include surface area of optional valley gutter.
(3) Gutters associated with stormwater dialeage systems at parking lane 'bulb out' islands shall accommodate uninterrupted stormwater flow within sidewalk edge gutter pan, and avoid flocoling of adjacent bike lane surface.
(4) Required on-street perking may be designed in either a parallel or angled configuration. Parking stall width includes gutter pan surface of curb and gutter systems installed at sidewalk edge.
(5) See Part 4 for addes repition of permitted 10' building setback flex zone meant to accommodate architectural projections, recesses, entryway alcoves, widened outdoor seating areas, etc.

#### **PARKWAY**

A limited distance, multimodal street which generally connects north and south locations within an urbanized setting. On-street parking, bloyde lanes and sidewalks are essential elements of this Framework Street type. Driveway curb cut access from Parkways is controlled in order to enhance safety for pedestrians and bicyclists; to preserve elements of frontage and furnishing zones; and to ensure the smooth flow of street traffic. The option for a center median is included in the design parameters for Parkways in order to provide protected left turns.



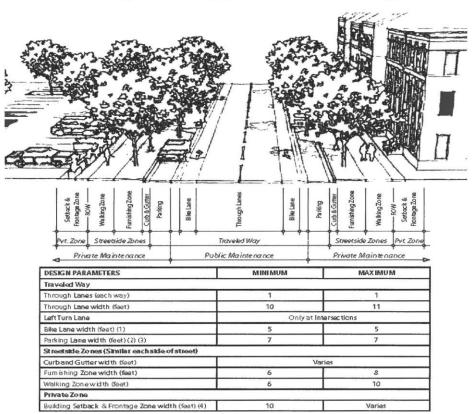
(1) When through lanes separated by median, the minimum clear width (including drive lane, bike lane, and gutter pan surfaces) shall be 17: (2) Bike lane width shall not include surface area of optional valley gutter.
(3) Gutters associated with stormweter drainage systems at parking lane foul bout islands shall accommodate uninterrupted stormweter flow within sidewalk edge gutter pan, and evoid flooding of adjacent bike lane surface.
(4) Required on-street parking stall width shall include gutter pan surface of curb and gutter systems installed at sidewalk edge. Angled on-street parking is prohibited.
(5) Building setback determined by surrounding Town Center Land Use District designation. Consult the Town Center recommended Land Use District, or approved Planned Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan.

#### Town Center Framework Street

#### **AVENUE**

A limited distance, multimodal street generally connecting east and west locations within an urbanized setting On-street parking, bicycle lanes and sidewalks are essential elements of this Framework Street type.

Driveway curb cut access from Avenues is controlled in order to enhance safety for pedestrians and bicyclists; to preserve elements of frontage and furnishing zones; and to ensure the smooth flow of street traffic. A center median is not permitted in the design parameters for this Framework Street type.

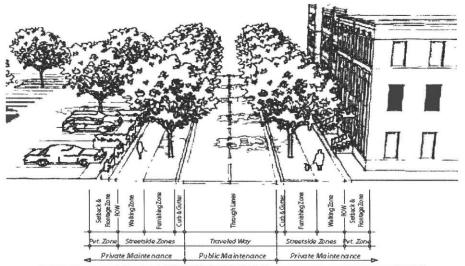


<sup>(1)</sup> Bike lane width shall not include surface area of optional valley gutter.
(2) Gutters associated with stormwater of alrage systems at parking lane bulb out islands shall accommodate uninterrupted stormwater flow with in sidewalk edge gutter pan, and avoid flooding of adjacent bike lane surface.
(3) Required on-street parking stall width shall include gutter pan surface of curb and gutter systems installed at sidewalk edge. Angled on-

street parking is prohibited.
(4) Building setbecks determined by surrounding Town Center Land Use District designation. Consult the Town Center recommended Land
Use District, or approved Planned Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan.

#### STANDARD STREET

Alimited distance, small scale, local street suitable for an urban context which provides frontage for a range of urban uses like shops, restaurants, offices, apartments, condominiums, townhomes, or small-lot detached single-family residences. On-street parking and bike lanes are optional. Street tree canopy and sidewalks are essential elements of this Framework Street type.



DESIGN PARAMETERS	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM		
Traveled Way				
Through Lanes (each way)	1	1		
Left Turn Lane	Only at In	tersections		
Through Lane width (feet) (1)	10	10		
Bike Lane width (feet) (2) (optional)	5	5		
Parking Lane width (feet) (3) (4) (optional)	7	7		
Streetside Zones (Similar each side of street)				
Curband Gutter width (feet)	Varies			
Furnishing Zone width (feet)	6	6		
Walking Zonewidth (feet)	6			
Private Zone				
Building Setback & Frontage Zone width (feet) (5)	10	Varies		

<sup>(1)</sup> Wider drive lane width may be required behind angled on-street parking stall configurations – consult County Engineer or designee for specific design and/or submittal requirements.

(2) Bike lane width shall not include surface area of optional valley gutter.

(3) Gutters associated with stormwater dialnage systems at optional parking lane 'bulb out' Islands shall accommodate uninterrupted stormwaterflow within sidewalk edge gutter pan, and awoid flooding of adjacent bike lane surface.

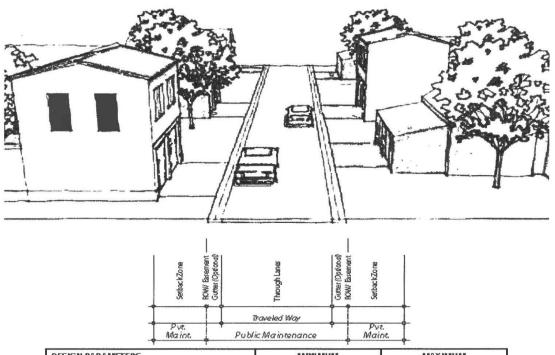
(4) Optional on-street parking may be designed in either a parallel or angled configuration. Parking stall width includes gutter pan surface of curband gutter systems installed at sidewalk edge.

(5) Building satback determined by surrounding Town Center Land Use District designation. Consult the Town Center recommended Land Use District, or approved Planned Development/Unified Naighborhood Plan.

# Town Center Framework Street

# RESIDENTIAL REAR ALLEY

This facility may contain utility and emergency access easements and generally provides access to rear-loaded residential structures.

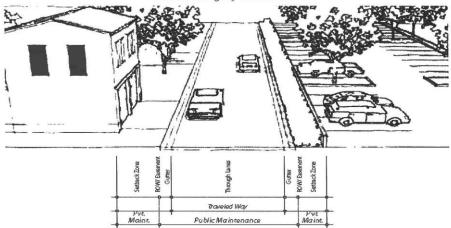


DESIGN PARAMETERS	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM		
Traveled Way				
Through Lanes (each way)	1	1		
Through Lane (non-emergency access) width (feet)	7	10		
Ernergency Access clear width (feet) (1)	20	22		
Gutterwidth (feet)	2	2		
Building Setback (feet) (2) (3)	9	NA NA		

<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum 20'clear width, and 10'wide lanes required on emergency access facilities.
(2) Building setback measured from edge of easement or right-of-way.
(3) This Framework Street type excludes Frontage Zone, Walking Zone, Furnishing Zone, and on-street parking lane.

# REAR LANE

This Framework Street may provide access to both residential and non-residential uses including delivery areas and parking lots within the block's interior. Because Rear Lanes are not placed along the front of residential or non-residential uses - typical Framework Street Frontage Zone, Furnishing Zone, and on-street parking stalls are not required. Landscaping (including knee walls along along surface parking lots) shall be provided along the non-residential property edge in accordance with the standards described below. This street type shall also facilitate emergency vehicle access.



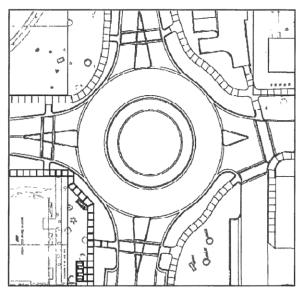
DESIGN PARAMETERS	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	
Traveled Way			
Through Lanes (each way)	1	1	
Through Lane (non-emergency access) width (feet)	10	12	
Ernergency Access clear width (feet)	20	22	
Gutterwidth (feet)	уа	ries	
Pullding Setback			
Building Setback (residential and non-res) (feet)	10	N/A	

	Surface Parking on Both Sides of Rear Lane	Rear Lane Between Residential and Surface Parking	Residential on Both Sides of Rear Lane (1)
Knee Wall Required Along Surface Parking Lot Edge (1)	No	Yes	No
Land scape buffer width along non-residential edge (feet)	5	7 (includes knee wall at parking lot edge	N/A
Required Landscaping (2)	Continuous (excluding pedestrian cut-throughs) line of shru and ground cover plant materials along full length of any parking lot edge.		

(1) With the following exception, consult Part 4 for knee wall standards. Periodic pedestrian tout-through Interruptions (maximum 6"to 8" wide) in the knee wall and a sociated land scaping shall be provided at appropriate locations and intervals (maximum 150" specing). Such cut-throughs shall incorporate a sid ewells surface or other approved stabilized walk surface.

(2) Landscaping is not required along residential edge of Rear Lanes.

# Roundabout



NOTE: The roundabout graphic above is only provided as a local roundabout example. Roundabouts along town center framework streets shall be designed and reviewed, on a case-by-case basis, in accordance with county standards. Roundabout planning and design shall factor adjacent development context, the safety of pedestrians and bicyclists, and safe visibility. For a thorough roundabout design reference resource, consult the latest edition of the FHWA document Roundabouts: An Informational Guide, subject to requirements specific to Florida published by the Florida Department of Transportation.

Design Parameters	Minimum	Maximum
Target speed	NA	20
Through lanes (each way)	1	1
Through lane width (feet)	10	11
Entry lane width (feet)		
Bike lane width (feet)	5	5
Median zone		
Landscape area radius (feet)		
Apron width (feet)		
Curb and gutter width (feet)		
Streetside zone		
Walk zone width (feet)	6	6
Curb and gutter width	2	2

# Sec. 39-212. General standards.

7150 7152		All streets and public ways shall be paved and curbed in lance with the standards for framework street types, and the ing requirements:
7154	(1)	Additional Improvements for Streets in Existence Prior to the Adoption of this Chapter. Where any street(s) lying within or abutting a proposed development requires
7156		construction of additional lanes or other improvements to meet the standards of this Code or the requirements of a pre-
7158		existing development order or agreement, the extent of the improvements required (or money escrowed) shall be
7160		commensurate with the impact of the proposed development, in accordance with the requirements of Orange County, and
7162		shall include construction of accessibility needs based on currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state
7164		standards.
7166	(2)	<i>Intersection/Access Improvements</i> . Intersection and access improvements to framework or functionally classified streets, such as acceleration, deceleration, and turning lanes,
7168		shall be installed at the developer's expense within the area of the applicable and approved PSP or development plan and
7170		on abutting streets and in accordance with standards established by the county engineer.
7172	(3)	Improvements Required to Nearest Acceptable Improved Public Street. Each development shall abut, or have as its
7174		primary access, a street whose improvements have been approved by the Orange County Development Engineering
7176		Division pursuant to the minimum requirements of this chapter. Wherever the abutting street does not meet these
7178		requirements, the developer shall construct the street where it abuts the development and to the nearest structurally
7180		acceptable paved public street as determined by the county engineer, including roadway connections that are in
7182		compliance with all accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state
7184		standards and that provide two (2) ramps per intersection quadrant on functionally-classified roadways.
7186 7188	(4)	Paving, Base Courses, Wearing Surfaces, etc. As established in chapter 34, Subdivision Regulations, of the Orange County Code.
, 100	(5)	·
7190	(5)	Pavement Markings. All travel lanes, lines, turning arrows and other pavement markings needed to control traffic flow shall be approved by the traffic engineering division and

- shall be placed on the pavement by the developer, in accordance with the Manual for Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- (6) *Traffic Control Devices*. All required regulatory, warning and/or guide signs; signalization/hazard ahead warning devices and other traffic control devices shall be approved by the Orange County Traffic Engineering Division and installed by the developer in accordance with the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- (7) *Driveway Approaches*. Driveway approaches shall be provided in accordance with the grades and specifications as established by Orange County. Such construction shall be subject to inspection and approval by the county engineer. If any paving or curb defects, or any damage from heavy equipment shall occur within one (1) year from the date of acceptance, the defects shall be remedied by the developer at the developer's expense.
- (b) Adjoining property owners shall have maintenance responsibility for required on-street parking, bulb outs, furnishing zones and walking zones, including accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards and of section 34-171. This responsibility shall be assigned to a Property Owner Association, Municipal Services Benefit Unit (MSBU), Municipal Services Taxing Unit (MSTU) or Community Development District when approved by the board of county commissioners. Such funding mechanism shall be in place prior to or concurrent with a Preliminary Subdivision Plan.
- (c) All intersections and curves shall be designed in accordance with the following or an alternative approved by the county engineer:
  - (1) Right Angle Intersections. Streets shall be designed so as to intersect as nearly as possible at right angles. The approach to an intersection should be approximately at right angles for a minimum of one hundred fifty (150) feet on framework streets.
  - (2) Non Right Angle Intersections. With the approval of the county engineer, one (1) approach to an intersection may be designed with a maximum of sixty (60) degrees of offset from a right angle.
  - (3) Relationship to Existing Intersections. New intersections to an existing street shall wherever practical be located directly across from any existing intersection on the opposite side of the street, so as to form a single four-way intersection.

7236	(d) All streets shall be designed in accordance with the latest editions of the Orange County Road Construction Specifications; the Florida Department of Transportation Manual of Uniform
7238 7240	Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook) and the following minimum standards:
7242 7244	(1) The minimum right-of-way width shall be as depicted on the applicable street type cross-section, or of sufficient width to provide for adequate ultimate drainage facilities, utilities, and sidewalks, whichever is greater.
	,
7246 7248	(2) The minimum lane/pavement widths shall be determined based on the information presented with each framework street cross-section and the anticipated vehicular volume as described in chapter 34 of the Orange County Code.
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7250	(3) The minimum pavement width for a one-way street, exclusive of alleys and lanes, shall be twenty (20) feet, not including on-street parking.
7252	(4) Minimum median width shall be consistent with the Florida Greenbook.
7254	(5) Pavement widths shall be measured exclusive of curbs.
7256	(6) Gutter curbing may be used in framework street type cross-sections where bulb outs are utilized for tree planting or to separate on-street parking spaces.
7258	(e) Intersection Design Standards and Requirements. Reserved.
	Secs. 39-213 – 39-215. Reserved.
7260	Subdivision. 3. Pedestrian and Bicycle Facility Design
7200	Standards.
7262	Sec. 39-216. Pedestrian and bicycle facility design standards.
	The purpose of this section is to identify standards that are
7264	applicable to the timing, construction, location and responsibility for pedestrian and bicycle facilities supporting specific public and civic
7266	uses, or which are in addition to those facilities included within the typical cross-sections of Framework Streets. The following
7268	standards shall be addressed during the review and approval of a PD/UNP, DP or PSP.
7270	(1) Pedestrian and bicycle access to an elementary public school is required to be available at the time of issuance of the first
7272	certificate of occupancy for a nonmodel residential dwelling unit included in an approved PSP or Development Plan. The
7274	PD/UNP that includes the area encompassed by the

Development Plan should address how pedestrian and bicycle access to the elementary school site serving the area will be accomplished. The minimum level of access shall be either a Framework Street, or a temporary or permanent Multi-use Path. In either case, the Street or Path shall connect directly to the school site or to a Framework or Functionally Classified Street abutting the school site.

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- (2) Pedestrian and/or bicycle facility connections from or to Framework Streets and an Open Space District, as required and depicted by the applicable PD/UNP, shall be provided by the applicable property owner at the time of PSP or Development Plan approval for lands that include the connection(s). The property owner may choose to provide the necessary right-of-way or easement connection and construct the connection, or to escrow funds with the County equal to the cost of construction.
- Pedestrian facility connections that are in compliance with all accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards from or to a designated or constructed Horizon West Trail shall be required from all adjoining Horizon West Village properties. The location, type and design standards for any pedestrian facility connection to a designated or constructed Trail shall be included in the PSP and approved by the board of county commissioners. If the Trail has not yet been constructed at the time of the submittal of a PD/UNP, the PD/UNP shall include sufficient information to determine the location of the Trail within the property subject to the PD/UNP, and an agreement between the property owner and Orange County shall be executed providing for the dedication of right-ofway or access easements, design of the facility, and financial responsibility for improvements associated with the Trail.
- (4) Shared Use Paths and Trails shall be designed and constructed in conformance with AASHTO standards and the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook), as published by the Florida Department of Transportation. Nonstreet sidewalks shall be constructed to the same standards as street related sidewalks, including compliance with accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards. Shared Use Paths and Sidewalks shall also be marked or signed in accordance with the AASHTO/MUTCD standards.

- 7320 7322 7324 7326 Development Plan. 7328 7330 applicant/property owner. 7332 follows: 7334 7336 7338 7340 7342 7344 7346 7348 7350 7352 7354 7356 7358 7360
- Pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities included in the crosssection of a framework street may be permitted to be located outside the right-of-way within an Open Space District, APF Park or other type of open space designated on an approved PSP or DP, but shall maintain connections to the overall network of pedestrian and bicycle facilities. The DRC shall have the authority to approve the alternative pedestrian and/or bicycle facility location as part of a PD/UNP, PSP or
  - Pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities shall not be reduced in width from the standards established herein, but widths may be increased at the discretion and cost to the
  - Design and location standards for pedestrian facilities are as
    - a. Pedestrian passageways and sidewalks shall provide a minimum width of 48 inches as a continuous pedestrian access route, shall meet all accessibility requirements of the currently-adopted editions of applicable federal and state standards, and shall be well lit and physically separated from driveways and parking spaces by landscaping, barriers, grade separations, or other means to protect pedestrians from vehicular traffic.
    - b. A special-emphasis crosswalk shall be required when a sidewalk crosses a public driveway accessing a functionally-classified roadway and shall be the maintenance responsibility of the property owner.
    - c. Crosswalks shall be designed and coordinated to move people safely to and from buildings and parking areas. Where pathways cross a parking area, driveways or onsite roadway, they shall be clearly marked with contrasting concrete, stamped or textured concrete or asphalt material, humps, or raised crossing and thermoplastic or painted striping.
    - d. Whenever walkways are provided, raised crosswalks or other traffic-calming measures may be used to slow traffic. If located within the public right-of-way or roadway, they must be approved by the Orange County Traffic Engineering Division.
    - e. Crosswalks shall be located at all points where a sidewalk crosses a lane of vehicular travel and shall be the maintenance responsibility of the property owner.

- f. Public entrance. New buildings that are open to the public shall have an entrance for pedestrians from the street to the building interior that meets all accessibility requirements of the most recent editions of applicable federal and state standards as adopted. This entrance shall be designed to be a distinctive and prominent element of the architectural design, and shall be open to the public during business hours. Buildings shall incorporate lighting and changes in mass, surface or finish which places an emphasis to the entrance.
- (8) Design and standards for off-street bicycle facilities are as follows:
  - a. Shared use paths or bicycle paths included within the right-of-way of functionally classified streets/urban collectors (or where permitted within designated open space areas adjoining the right-of-way) shall be designed and constructed to include ten (10) feet of pavement width and shall be consistent with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction and Maintenance for Streets and Highways (Florida Greenbook), as published by the Florida Department of Transportation.
  - b. All bicycle paths should provide clear signage indicating:
    - 1. Hours of operation (if limited).
    - 2. Maximum speed.
    - 3. Protocols for passing.
    - 4. Direction of flow of traffic.
    - 5. Stop signs, where needed.
- (9) Design and location standards for bicycle parking facilities are as follows:
  - a. Short-term bicycle parking devices shall be durable, have a powder-coated or galvanized weatherproof surface, be securely anchored to a concrete or pavement surface large enough to support bicycles locked to the rack, and support the frame of a bicycle in at least two (2) places. The device shall also accommodate a high security U-shaped lock that can secure the frame and at least one (1) wheel. Acceptable parking devices include, but are not limited to, inverted "U" racks, post and ring rack, or similar device that accommodates two (2)

7402 bicycle parking spaces per rack and enables users to lock the frame and both wheels. b. Long-term bicycle parking devices include, but are not 7404 limited to, bicycle lockers, bike stations, bicycle racks in covered loading dock areas or parking garages, and 7406 bicycle parking spaces that are indoors or otherwise protected from the weather and theft. Areas provided 7408 inside of multi-story multifamily or office buildings for residents, employees, and visitors may count as long-7410 term bicycle parking with an approved parking plan. c. If there is one (1) building associated with the 7412 installation, the bicycle parking device(s) shall be located as close to the primary building entrance as the 7414 nearest parking space not designated as accessible and shall maintain the accessibility of the building entrance. 7416 Bicycle racks are encouraged to be covered, such as by building soffits or by stairways in multifamily 7418 development, provided the accessibility of the building entrance is maintained. 7420 d. Bicycle parking spaces must be at least six (6) feet long and two (2) feet wide, with an overhead clearance of 7422 seven (7) feet. e. The parking device must be a minimum of three (3) feet 7424 from a parallel wall and four (4) feet from a perpendicular wall. 7426 f. An aisle at least five (5) feet shall be provided between rows of bicycle parking. 7428 g. If located on or next to a sidewalk, a minimum of five (5) feet of clear sidewalk must remain when bicycles are 7430 parked at a device. h. If a device is installed at a transit stop, its location shall 7432 not impede transit boarding or the accessibility of the 7434 transit stop. i. A bicycle parking device shall not impede pedestrian travel or freight loading and shall be accessible to users 7436 without users having to ascend or descend stairs. 7438 Bicycle parking shall be separated from vehicle parking spaces by physical barriers, such as curbs, wheel stops, bollards or other similar features, to protect bicycles 7440 from being damaged by vehicles. Where automobile parking is covered, bicycle parking shall also be covered. 7442

k. If the device is near a curb on a street with automobile parking, at least five (5) feet of space must remain between a bicycle parking device and the curb..

# Secs. 39-217 – 39-220. Reserved.

#### Subdivision 4. Transit Standards.

# Sec. 39-221. Transit facility design standards.

Transit service will play an important role in securing mobility for visitors, residents and employees of Town Center Land Use Districts. The location, design and amenities associated with transit access are addressed in the standards provided below.

(1) The provision of on-street transit access shall be addressed in the PD/UNP for Neighborhood Planning Areas, or may be deferred to the Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) process when the Master Street and Block Plan submittal requirement has also been deferred. The applicant for a PD/UNP or PSP review should coordinate transit access planning with the local service provider in order to identify preferred locations and integration with street design as well as building design plans. This planning process should be guided by the LYNX Mobility/Design Manual and the LYNX Customer Amenities Manual as may be updated from time to time.

Secs. 39-222 – 39-230. Reserved.

### **DIVISION 3. LAND USE STANDARDS**

# Sec. 39-331. Neighborhood planning area and district based development programs.

Development entitlements authorized through the PD/UNP, PSP or DP process, or assigned to an Open Space District parcel, shall be consistent with the adopted Comprehensive Plan and chapter 30 of the Orange County Code of Ordinances. Authorized development programs may be comprised of the following:

- (1) The land uses, per Neighborhood Planning Area and applicable Neighborhood Parcel, from Table 1.1 (FLU4.8.3) of the adopted Comprehensive Plan;
- (2) Any approved Transfer of a Development Right (TDR) from a sending to a receiving area authorized by chapter 30, article XIV, division 3 of the Orange County Code of Ordinances; and/or

Any development program bonus awarded with approval of a Planned Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan, 7482 Development Plan or Preliminary Subdivision Plan. Sec. 39-332. Internal transfer of uses/development program. 7484 The transfer of land uses/development program between Neighborhoods and/or Neighborhood Parcels within the same 7486 PD/UNP may be approved consistent with applicable provisions of 7488 this Development Code. This type of request for transfer can be processed with the initial PD/UNP or as a nonsubstantial change request with a subsequent Development Plan (DP) or Preliminary 7490 Subdivision Plan (PSP). (b) A land use/development program transfer from one (1) 7492 Neighborhood Planning Area Parcel to another Neighborhood Planning Area (NPA) Parcel, where one (1) of the Parcels is not 7494 included in an approved PD/UNP, shall not be permitted. Sec. 39-333. Residential density standards. 7496 (a) Net density is calculated by dividing the total number of 7498 dwelling units by the net developable acreage. Net developable acreage is defined as the area in acres, after the area included in natural water bodies, conservation (wetland areas), APF (adequate 7500 public facilities) lands, greenbelts, stormwater (when incorporated into a publicly accessible open space as a landscaped amenity), and 7502 public open space has been deducted from the total area within a property or parcel boundary. (CP Policy FLU4.8.7) 7504 The average minimum net density for Town Center, with the exception of lands designated as URD within Neighborhood Parcel 7506 UR-3, shall be four (4) dwelling units per net acre. An evaluation of the average minimum net density shall be determined for each 7508 PD/UNP, based on the total net acres of Land Use Districts that include dwelling units as part of the development program. When a 7510 PD/UNP development program does not include dwelling units, the average minimum net density evaluation shall not apply. 7512 The maximum density for lands designated as URD within Neighborhood Parcel UR-3 shall be two (2) dwelling units per net 7514 acre. The maximum residential net density for Town Center Land 7516 Use Districts, without Transfer of Development Rights (TDRs), shall be as identified below. All standards are dwellings per net acre. 7518 *Urban Residential District (UR):* Five and one-half (5.5) dwellings. 7520

• Corporate Campus Mixed Use District (CCMU): Twelve (12) dwellings. 7522 Corporate Neighborhood Center District (UNC): Five and one-half (5.5). dwellings 7524 *Retail/Wholesale District (RW):* Twelve (12) dwellings. Traditional Town Center Core District (TTCC): Forty-7526 two (42) dwellings. The maximum residential net density for Town Center Land 7528 Use Districts with Transfer of Development Rights (TDRs) shall be as identified below. All standards are dwellings per net acre. 7530 Corporate Residential District (UR): Eight (8.0) dwellings. 7532 • Corporate Campus Mixed Use District (CCMU): Twenty (20) dwellings. 7534 Urban Neighborhood Center District (UNC): Eight (8) dwellings. 7536 Retail/Wholesale District (RW): Twenty (20) dwellings. 7538 Traditional Town Center Core District (TTCC): No maximum. 7540 The maximum net density without TDRs may be increased up to the maximum net density with TDRs provided that an equivalent number of units (transfer of development rights) have 7542 been obtained in accordance with the provisions of chapter 30, article XIV, division 3, transfer of development rights (TDRs). All 7544 TDR sending and/or receiving areas shall be identified on the 7546 Planned Development/Unified Neighborhood Plan (PD/UNP). All wetlands and upland greenbelts may be designated as TDR sending areas and all Neighborhood Parcels and building or development 7548 sites may be designated as sending and receiving areas. Development rights for sending areas located outside the boundary 7550 of the receiving PD/UNP must be transmitted through a development agreement prior to or concurrent with approval of the 7552 receiving zone through a PD/UNP, Development Plan or Preliminary Subdivision Plan 7554 Sec. 39-334. Nonresidential intensity standards. Net Floor Area Ratio (FAR) is expressed as a maximum 7556 standard for each type of Land Use District. The standards are based on the total net acres of land within a Land Use District, 7558 Development Plan or a Preliminary Subdivision Plan intended for a nonresidential or a mixed nonresidential and residential use. The Net 7560

FAR calculation requires a net acreage and a gross floor area.

The maximum net FAR for Town Center Land Use Districts. 7562 without Transfer of Development Rights (TDRs), shall be as identified below. All standards are expressed as the ratio of total 7564 gross floor area to net acres of building or development site area. Urban Residential District (UR): Not applicable (when 7566 nonresidential uses in the UR District are allowed through the Permitted by Location Permission Type, the 7568 nonresidential intensity is controlled through the maximum amount of floor area per site). 7570 Corporate Campus Mixed Use District (CCMU): 0.32 FAR. 7572 Corporate Neighborhood Center District (UNC): 0.20 7574 Retail/Wholesale District (RW): 0.20 FAR. 7576 Traditional Town Center Core District (TTCC): 0.60 FAR. The maximum net FAR for Town Center Land Use Districts 7578 with Transfer of Development Rights (TDRs) shall be as identified below. All standards are expressed as the ratio of total gross floor 7580 area to net acres of building or development site area. Urban Residential District (UR): Not applicable (when 7582 nonresidential uses in the UR District are allowed through the Permitted by Location Permission Type, the 7584 nonresidential intensity is controlled through the maximum amount of floor area per site). 7586 Corporate Campus Mixed Use District (CCMU): 0.40 FAR. 7588 *Urban Neighborhood Center District (UNC):* 0.40 FAR. Retail/Wholesale District (RW): 0.40 FAR. 7590 Traditional Town Center Core District (TTCC): No maximum. 7592 Mixed Residential and Nonresidential Density or Floor Area 7594 Ratio (FAR). When a development proposal includes the vertical integration of residential and nonresidential uses, residential units may be converted to gross floor area and combined with 7596 nonresidential gross floor area to create a mixed use gross floor area for the purpose of determining compliance with maximum FAR 7598 standards. In mixed use buildings, the gross floor area of residential units is included in the calculation of floor area ratio even in the 7600 circumstance where the residential gross floor area is greater than fifty (50) percent of the total gross floor area of the building 7602

# Sec. 39-335. Town Center use table summary.

- Uses that are permitted within Town Center land use districts 7604 by right, by location as identified on an approved Unified Neighborhood Plan, special exception, with approval by the 7606 Planning and Zoning Managers, or for ancillary purposes only, are indicated, respectively, by the letters "P," "P(UNP)," "S," "PM," 7608 and "A" in the cells of the Horizon West Town Center Land Use Table as set forth in section 39-347. Any conditions that apply to a 7610 specific use are listed in section 39-348 and at the end of the table in section 39-347. No use shall be permitted in a district except in 7612 accordance with the corresponding letter that appears for that use in the appropriate cell. 7614 (b) Except as may be provided otherwise, buildings, structures, lands and premises shall be used only in accordance with the uses 7616 and conditions contained in the "Horizon West Town Center Land 7618 Use Table" set forth in section 39-347, and the "Uses Permitted by Location" criteria set forth in section 38-190. When a use is permitted in a particular Horizon West Town 7620 Center Land Use District, it is permitted in that district subject to: Compliance with all applicable requirements of the Orange 7622 County Code, in general, and chapter 38 specifically; and Compliance with all standards and conditions specified in 7624 (2)the section 39-348. 7626
  - (d) Ancillary uses (identified by the letter "A" in the Horizon West Town Center Land Use Table) must be located within the building occupied by the principal use and shall be limited in floor area to a cumulative total of ten (10) percent of the gross floor area of the ground floor of the building in which the ancillary use(s) is
  - Uses identified as "Permitted by Location" or "P(UNP)" in the Horizon West Town Center Land Use Table are limited to predesignated locations specified on an approved PD/UNP.

Secs. 39-336 – 39-340. Reserved.

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#### **DIVISION 4. PLACEMAKING**

Orange County recognizes the importance of ensuring that residents, visitors, and workers have a choice of living, working, and shopping environments. The County's goal is to facilitate a variety of lifestyles. These design standards offer Orange County residents, employers, and shoppers lifestyle choices featuring more urbanized and compact conditions within the Town Center area of Horizon West. The TCSAP expresses a preference for compact, vibrant, and pedestrian-scaled places featuring mixed-use residential, employment, and shopping choices. This Part serves as a guide to the form and placement of structures, parking and sidewalk corridors to facilitate development of safe, popular, and economically vibrant settings to work, live, shop, and recreate

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# Sec. 39-341. General Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer Standards.

Build-To and Minimum Setback Standards along Framework Streets.

Subdivision II distinguishes the Town Center's system of Framework Streets from the County's functionally classified streets (Arterials and Collectors). It also provides a series of graphic cross sections which further describe the parallel components (within the private property, and public realms) that make up the length of all Framework Streets and Through Block Pedestrian Passageways. Each of these street components plays an important role in shaping the visual character of the Town Center's many neighborhoods. The Frontage Zone component of Framework Streets plays a particularly visible and important role in shaping the street's visual character.

Structural "Build-To" Standards and Architectural Expression. When building front or side facades are placed adjacent to the public sidewalk, a continuous street wall is created which effectively delineates the sidewalk corridor's private property edge. In these settings, parking is placed behind the building (within the block's interior), and at adjacent on-street locations. Except as set forth in subsection 39-342(b)(1)a., where build-to requirements apply, but no structure is proposed for a segment of a block face adjacent to a Framework Street (e.g., a gap in the street wall, between adjacent existing buildings), then parking and drive lanes (with the exception of permissible right-in/right-out driveways) may be placed no closer than ninety (90) feet from the right-of-way. If a building is constructed within any portion of such gap between adjacent existing buildings, the ninety (90) feet parking setback requirement does not apply to the area immediately behind the new building, within the interior of the block.

Ten Inch Build-To Line. Throughout the Corporate Neighborhood Center and Traditional Town Center Land Use Districts and along all Main Street type Framework Streets, building front facades will be pulled forward, toward the street, to a build-to line located ten (10) feet from the property line. The rooflines of buildings that form sidewalk edge street walls should vary in height, and have distinguishable individual facades that give the appearance of multiple buildings and uses. A ten (10) inch deep variation in the

required build-to line, to accommodate visual interest and architectural expression, is described below.

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Ten Inch Deep Architectural Design Flex Zone. To facilitate architectural expression and visual interest, and to avoid elongated stretches of featureless and rigidly aligned street walls, buildings are allocated an additional ten (10) feet deep flex zone (a dimensional variation in the build-to line) in a direction away from the Framework Street and commencing at the back of the Frontage Zone. Within this facade design flex zone (which spans between ten (10) and twenty (20) feet from the property line), building entryways shall be emphasized, and the facade should give the appearance of individual shop fronts and residences. Incorporating street-level recessed, projected (maintain ten-foot minimum setback), and/or freestanding architectural forms including columns, colonnades, pilasters, balconies, raised seat wall planters, and/or expanded outdoor seating areas will achieve visual interest and architectural character. However, a minimum of seventy (70) percent of the length of the building's forward-most facade shall be constructed directly on the ten-foot build-to line on the front street, and on any side street.

*NOTE:* Rear Lane and Residential Rear Alley type Framework Streets are exempt from "Build-To" conditions within all Town Center Land Use Districts. See Framework Street section standards within Subdivision II.

Front and side street corner lot build-to standards occur under three (3) circumstances:

- (1) Along All Main Street Type Framework Streets. Main Streets are intended to feature a compact mixture of smaller scale office, retail, personal service, and high-density residential uses served by slower vehicular movement. Owners of all properties along Main Streets shall construct front facades in accordance with the Build-To standards described above. On-site surface parking and associated driveway access for structures along any Main Street type Framework Street, regardless of the Land Use District setting, shall be located behind structures and within the interior of the block. Vehicular access to block interior surface parking facilities may be provided along the intersecting side streets.
- (2) Build-to standards throughout the Corporate Neighborhood Center (CNC) Land Use Districts. CNC Districts feature small scale, neighborhood-serving retail, personal service, and civic uses designed and scaled for convenient walking access from the surrounding neighborhood. CNC Districts shall be designed and configured to accommodate heavy

pedestrian traffic from the surrounding Corporate Campus Mixed Use and Urban Residential Districts. Buildings on all properties within the CNC Land Use Districts shall be constructed with front and side street-facing facades in accordance with the build-to standards described herein.

(3) Build-to standards throughout the Traditional Town Center Core (TTCC) Land Use District. The TTCC Land Use District will be designed as the primary activity center of the Horizon West Town Center, and surrounding Villages. The TTCC District shall be designed and configured to accommodate busy pedestrian traffic while featuring the Town Center's shortest blocks and tightest street grid pattern. The TTCC District will incorporate mixed-use buildings featuring first floor retail, personal service, and offices. Upper floors may contain residential and office uses. Buildings on all properties within the TTCC District shall be constructed with front (and side street) facades in accordance with the Build-To standards described herein.

TABLE 4-1 BUILDING SETBACK AND BUILD-TO STANDARDS

CNC & TTCC Districts	Front	Side	Rear	Side Street	End Unit	Maximum Height
Nonresidential (1)	10-20 max(2)	0	10	10-20 max(2)	NA	45/150(7)
Residential (Detached)	10(3)	5	20	10(3)	NA	45
Residential Detached Garage	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	NA	22(4)
Residential (Apartments/Condos)	10-20 max(2)	5	20	10-20 max(2)	NA	45/150(7)
Residential (Attached & Townhomes)	10-20 max(2)	0	14	10-20 max(2)	5	45
UR, CCMU, R/W & OS DISTRICTS	Front	Side	Rear	Side	End Unit	Maximum
Nonresidential (1)	10(5)	0	10	<b>Street</b> 10(5)	NA	<b>Height</b> 45/150(7)
Residential (Detached)	10(3)	5	20	10(3)	NA	45
Residential Detached Garage	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	NA	22(4)
Residential (Apartments/Condos)	10(3),(5)	5	20	10(3)	NA	45/150(7)

Residential						
(Attached &	10(3),(5)	0	14	10	5	45
Townhomes)						

### Notes:

- (1) Includes residential uses located on top of nonresidential uses.
- (2) Must locate building at ten-foot line, but up to thirty (30) percent may be allowed at the twenty-foot line. See Flex-Zone.
- (3) Includes any porch.
- (4) 30 feet allowed for garages with apartments above.
- (5) If on a Main Street, then building must be located at ten-foot line, but up to thirty (30) percent may be allowed at the twenty-foot line.
- (6) See Garage standards in subsection 39-155(g).
- (7) CNC & UR = 45'; TTCC & CCMU = 150'

(b) Refuse and Mechanical Equipment; Placement and Visual Screening. Ground-mounted meters, valves, and mechanical equipment, outdoor storage and service areas (except those associated with single-family detached units) shall, to the extent possible, be purposely oriented away (and located remote) from visible areas where high-volume vehicular and pedestrian traffic is anticipated. Such equipment or storage areas shall be visually screened by a one hundred (100) percent opaque fence, wall, or landscaping buffer.

Wall-mounted meters and associated hardware can visually detract from the appearance of project walls and building facades. Therefore, wall-mounted meters and associated hardware shall, to the extent possible, be located on walls possessing a minimum of visual exposure to high-traffic areas. Such meters shall, to the extent possible, be placed in cabinets and painted to match the surrounding wall surfaces and trim.

Dumpsters and other refuse areas shall also be screened by a one hundred (100) percent opaque buffer, including a six-foot masonry wall. The masonry wall shall be configured to incorporate a landscaped planter strip, for planted shrubs or vines, around the entire exterior foundation of the walled area. The wall shall incorporate a continuous decorative cap feature along its full length, and replicate the architectural trim, finish, and color of the principle structure. The gate shall be opaque and self-closing.

# **Sec. 39-342. Parking.**

*NOTE*: This section will occasionally refer to development standards in the Village Planned Development Code ("Village Code" division 8, section 39-151 et seq., Orange County Code). Applicable references within the Village Code to "Village

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Roadways" or "Village Streets" shall be considered interchangeable with this Division's reference to Framework Streets.

(a) Residential Parking. Residential parking, and related vehicular access, shall be provided in accordance with section 39-155(i).

- (b) Nonresidential Parking. Nonresidential parking, and related vehicular access, shall be provided in accordance with the parking standards for Village Centers in subsection 39-167(d)(4). However, the terms "village roadways" or "village" within that section refer to projects and development within the limits of the Horizon West Town Center. Proposals for shared parking may be submitted in accordance with the provisions outlined in chapter 40, article 3. All other provisions of subsection 39-167(d)(4) shall apply, with the exception of the following modifications, deletions, and additions:
  - (1) Subsection 39-167(d)(4)b. All at-grade parking lots fronting Town Center roadways shall be set back in accordance with the Framework Street Cross Sections in Article 2 [subpart 2], and the following:
    - a. Corporate Neighborhood Center (CNC) Districts.
       Parking stalls are prohibited between CNC District buildings and the right-of-way of functionally classified roads.

Drive lanes may be permitted between CNC District buildings and the right-of-way of functionally classified roads.

No more than thirty (30) percent of an individual block face which abuts a Town Center Framework Street may include one (1) double-loaded drive aisle (e.g., single row of adjacent parking stalls placed on both sides of a two-way drive aisle). Drive lanes and parking stalls are prohibited between buildings and the adjacent roadway along the remainder of such block faces.

- b. Traditional Town Center Core (TTCC) District. On-site surface parking and associated driveway access for all structures within the TTCC District (regardless of Framework Street type or functionally classified road status) shall be located behind structures and within the interior of the block. Vehicular access to block interior surface parking facilities may be provided along the intersecting side streets or through approved right-in/right-out driveway curb cut locations.
- (2) Subsection 39-167(d)(4)d. Where off-street parking areas are permitted to adjoin Framework streets, there is no

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dimensional restriction on the maximum length of such street frontage. Within the Corporate Neighborhood Center District, limitations are placed on the percentage of individual block faces which may adjoin off-street surface parking areas.

Subsection 39-167(d)(4)h. (Parking). Off-street parking shall be located in accordance with the provisions of the Town Center Code. Landscaping for the screening and interior of off-street parking shall comply with chapter 40, and the framework street standards described in subdivision II of the Town Center Code. A masonry (with stucco finish) or brick knee wall, between forty (40) and fifty (50) inches high, including a decorative cap shall be installed along the parking lot edge, between the parking lot and the framework street, but shall be outside the vertical and/or horizontal sight distances of any intersection or driveway. The knee wall shall not extend over thirty (30) feet without an offset or projection (for insertion of accent plantings) or projected pilaster and column feature which provides aesthetic variety. The wall shall be installed along not less than seventy (70) percent of the length of any parking or drive aisles adjacent to framework streets or functionally classified roads. Opaque plantings shall be installed within any interruptions of the knee wall in accordance with the parking lot perimeter landscape buffering requirements of chapter 40.

Decorative screen fencing may be acceptable, with prior approval of the Development Review Committee (DRC), as an alternative to the masonry knee wall required along functionally classified roads. Such screen fencing shall be designed and constructed in a durable manner which minimizes the need for fence repairs. Decorative screen fencing shall be between forty (40) and sixty (60) inches high and shall feature at least fifty (50) percent opacity.

- (4) Subsection 39-167(d)(4)i. (Grocery Store Parking).
  - a. Parking and parking access for grocery stores or other retail anchor establishments shall be located in accordance with the building and parking placement standards ascribed to the individual land use districts, or Framework Street type, of the Town Center.
  - b. Regardless of the orientation of the side or rear of a grocery store, or other retail anchor establishment, relative to an adjacent roadway, parking and parking access shall be located in accordance with the building and parking placement standards ascribed to the

individual land use districts, or Framework Street type, of the Town Center. Grocery store side or rear facades, which are visible from an adjacent Framework street, shall not project blank, or featureless walls. Instead, such walls shall incorporate projected architectural features including decorative trim, pilasters, recessed window glazing (transparent or spandrel) and projected window surrounds, awnings, varied roof and eaves lines, and paint color variations.

- c. Buildings within outlying portions of parking lots for grocery stores or other retail anchor establishments shall be located in accordance with the building placement standards ascribed to the individual land use districts, or Framework Street type, of the Town Center. Notwithstanding the colors or architectural forms or finishes which may be associated with any particular formula retail company, buildings within the outlying portions of parking lots for grocery stores or other retail anchor establishments shall, at a minimum, repeat the architectural style or selected trim on any existing adjacent retail anchor development or selected architectural features established. Parking for these buildings shall be located in accordance with the building and parking placement standards ascribed to the individual land use districts, or Framework Street type, of the Town Center.
- d. Parking lots shall be configured into a series of smaller modules or sub-lots and pedestrian pathways in accordance with chapter 40, article 2.
- (5) Subsection 39-167(d)(4)j. This provision for required passthroughs in parking lots is redundant of the pedestrian pathways already required elsewhere and therefore is not applicable to the Town Center.
- (c) Front-Loaded Parking Options. Front-loaded parking configurations which place parking stalls, or drive aisles, in front of buildings (between buildings and the adjacent street) shall be limited to the following configurations. Listed from most preferred (narrowest footprint) to least preferred (widest footprint), they are:
  - (1) One-way (or two-way) drive aisle. Drive aisle (with no associated parking), with no associated parking, which provides vehicle circulation around buildings.
  - (2) Single (or double) loaded, one-way drive aisle for parallel parking stalls. One-way drive aisle which accesses a single row of parallel parking stalls, or which accesses parallel

stalls on both sides of the aisle. Single-loaded configurations which place stalls only on the building side of drive aisles (not on the street side) are preferred.

- (3) Single (or double) loaded, one-way (or two-way) drive aisle for angled parking. One-way (or two-way) drive aisle which accesses a single (or double) row of angled parking stalls. Single-loaded configurations which place stalls only on the building side of drive aisles (not on the street side) is preferred.
- (4) Single (or double) loaded, one-way (or two-way) drive aisle for head-in (ninety (90) degree) parking. One-way (or two-way) drive aisle which accesses a single (or double) row of head-in parking stalls. Single-loaded configurations which place stalls only on the building side of drive aisles (not on the street side) is preferred.
- (d) Parking Lot Sub-Lots and Pedestrian Pathways. Expansive parking lot surfaces along framework and functionally classified streets can detract from the desired visual character of town center neighborhoods. Therefore, surface parking lots of commercial projects abutting any town center streets shall be configured into a series of smaller sub-lots, in accordance with chapter 40, article 3. Crosswalks shall be located at all points where a sidewalk crosses a lane of vehicular travel and shall be the maintenance responsibility of the property owner.

NOTE: Through-block pedestrian passageways (otherwise required in order to meet block length standards), including their required components as described within subdivision II of this division, shall replace an individual parking lot pedestrian pathway whenever a pathway is coincidental with a through-block passageway. However, no individual substitution of a pedestrian passageway for a pathway may cause more than three (3) adjacent head-to-head parking stall aisles that lack a pedestrian pathway. Furthermore, projects not meeting the seventy-five thousand (75,000) square feet gross floor area definition of big box, shall (to the extent possible) align required parking lot pedestrian pathways with the entries of smaller commercial structures.

# Sec. 39-343. Framework street trees, landscaping at parking lots and building foundations.

(a) Three-Tier Landscaping Buffering. When parking facilities (drive aisles or parking stalls) are constructed adjacent to Framework Streets or functionally classified roads, the following three-tiered system of landscaping, and knee wall (or decorative screen fencing only along functionally classified roads and

intersecting framework streets to the nearest driveway), shall be required:

- (1) Parking lot perimeter landscape buffer strip in accordance with chapter 40, article 3, division 5; and any related standards described within subdivisions II and IV of this division. NOTE: The landscape buffer strip described within chapter 40, article 3, division 5 shall be deepened to extend across the full depth of a Framework Street Frontage Zone; and
- (2) A decorative masonry knee wall, installed along the rear (private property side) edge of the Frontage Zone, designed, constructed, and located in accordance with the standards described in subsection 39-342(b)(3). Decorative screen fencing may be acceptable, with prior approval of DRC, as an alternative to the masonry knee wall required along functionally classified roads; and
- (3) Eight-foot planter strip along the immediate base of the building's Primary and Secondary facades in accordance with chapter 40, article 3, division 5. When parking stalls are not proposed immediately adjacent to a building perimeter sidewalk, the required building base landscape strip may be relocated to the exterior edge (drive aisle side) of the building perimeter sidewalk. Reasonable interruptions in the relocated landscape strip, for pedestrian access, may be incorporated.
- (b) Exemptions from three-tier landscape buffering requirements. Following are exemptions from the three-tier landscape buffering requirements above:
  - (1) Where a building facade is constructed directly abutting a Framework Street Frontage Zone (e.g., no parking placed between the building and road), the above three (3) tiers of landscaping shall not be required. However, street trees shall be required along the street curb in accordance with subsection 39-155(c), and narrow planter cutouts, raised planters, or potted plantings are encouraged along building foundation edges within the Framework Street Frontage Zone.
  - (2) Residential Rear Alley type Framework Streets. No landscaping required.
  - (3) Rear Lane type Framework Streets. Nonresidential projects shall incorporate a landscape buffer, excluding street trees, along property edges which abut a Rear Lane type Framework Street in accordance with the standards

established in subdivision II, and this section. Said landscape buffer shall be fully planted with groundcover, and a continuous shrub hedge at least thirty (30) inches high at planting, with a species capable of growing to at least thirty-six (36) inches in height within eighteen (18) months, which hedge shall be maintained at a height not less than thirty-six (36) inches. In addition, whenever a surface parking lot is placed adjacent to a Rear Lane, a knee wall, as described above shall be installed along the parking lot edge of the required landscape buffer. Residential uses abutting Rear Lanes are not required to incorporate any Framework Street related landscape buffering.

(c) Framework Street Trees. Approved canopy Street trees shall be planted within the Furnishing Zone or bulb out planters of Town Center Framework streets as illustrated within subdivision II of this division. With the exception of Rear Lane type streets where street trees are not required, street trees shall be planted along all Framework streets at a maximum average spacing of forty (40) feet on-center. Trees shall have a clear trunk of six (6) feet, and minimum caliper of three (3) inches at the time of planting. Palms may not be used as Framework street trees.

# Sec. 39-344. Detached residential development standards.

- (a) With the following exceptions, detached residential structures and lots shall be developed in accordance with the residential district types described within division 8, Village Planned Development Code (e.g., Estate District, Estate Home District, Estate Rural District, Garden Home Single-Family District, Garden Home Mixed Use District, or Village Home District). Where a conflict exists between the Village Planned Development Code, and this section, the standards of this section shall prevail.
  - (b) General Development Standards.
  - (1) *Density*. Density standards shall be in accordance with those described within subdivision III.
  - (2) *Permitted Uses*. Permitted uses and all other accessory uses within any Town Center Land Use District shall be consistent with subdivision III, Land Use Standards.
  - (3) *Driveways*. Shared driveways are encouraged; when driveways are not shared, they must be set back a minimum of one (1) foot from the side property line.
  - (4) Residential building finished floor elevations [along front and side streets] shall be elevated a minimum of three (3) steps above the adjacent sidewalk grade, and shall include

	any necessary components associated with applicable ADA requirements.
	<i>NOTE</i> : Individual structures may be exempt from the above
	grade separation requirement when it can be demonstrated that no air conditioned space within the structure is less than twenty (20) feet distance from the back of sidewalk.
,	Single-Family Detached Residential Development rds. The following standards shall apply to all single-family
tache	ed residences, where such uses are permitted, in accordance e Use Table referenced in subdivision III.
1)	Maximum lot area: See the individual detached residential housing district types within the Village Code sections
	39-156 through 39-161.
2)	Minimum average lot size: See the individual detached residential housing district types within the Village Code sections 39-156 through 39-161.
3)	Minimum living area: See the individual detached residential housing district types within the Village Code sections
45	39-156 through 39-161.
4)	Minimum lot width: See the individual detached residential housing district types within the Village Code sections 39-156 through 39-161.
5)	Minimum lot depth: One hundred (100) feet, one hundred ten (110) feet with alley.
6)	Maximum building height: See individual Town Center Land Use Districts.
7)	Maximum detached garage height: Twenty-two (22) feet or thirty (30) feet with living area over garage.
8)	Maximum lot coverage: Reserved.
9)	Open space: Reserved.
10)	Building minimum setbacks*:
	a. Front: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
	b. Side: Five (5) feet.
	c. Side street: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
	d. Rear: Twenty (20) feet for primary structure.
	e. Lakefront: In accordance with chapter 30.
	f. Garages: See subsection 39-155(g).
	anda ache th th th 11)  2)  4)  5)  6)  7)  8)

The Frontage Zone of Framework Streets may [depending on the surrounding Land Use District, and the adjacent street 8078 type) function as either a build-to line, or a minimum setback 8080 line. See section 39-341 General Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer Guidelines. 8082 Sec. 39-345. Attached residential development standards. (a) With the following exceptions, attached residential 8084 development shall develop in accordance with Use Table in subdivision Ш and 39-162 section (Townhouse/Apartment/Condominium District) of the Village 8086 Code, regardless of the form of ownership. Where any conflicts exist between these development standards and those within the Village 8088 Code, the standards of this section shall prevail: 8090 (b) General Development standards. (1) Density: Attached residential projects shall meet density standards described within subdivision III of this code. 8092 Minimum building separation: Twenty (20) feet, or as may be approved otherwise by the Building Official. 8094 Permitted uses: Permitted uses, and all other accessory uses within any Town Center Land Use District shall be 8096 consistent with subdivision III of this Code. (4) Driveways: Shared driveways are encouraged; however, 8098 when driveways are not shared, they must be set back a minimum of one (1) feet from the side property line. 8100 Townhouse Development Standards. With the exceptions described below, Townhouse developments shall develop in 8102 accordance with section 39-163 of the Village Planned Development Code. 8104 Maximum building height: See individual Town Center Land Use Districts. 8106 (2) Maximum lot coverage: Reserved. 8108 (3) Open space: Reserved. Maximum number of units per building: See Subdivision III, Use Table. 8110 (5) Building setbacks\*: 8112 a. Front: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch. b. Side: Five (5) feet for end units. The Frontage Zone of Framework Streets may, depending 8114 on the surrounding Land Use District, and the adjacent street

8116	type, function as either a build-to line, or a minimum setback
9110	line. See section 39-341 General Building Placement, Site
8118	Planning, and Visual Buffer Guidelines.
8120	(d) Apartment and Condominium Development Standards. With the exceptions described below, apartment and condominium developments shall develop in accordance with sections 39-164
8122	(apartments) and 39-165 (condominiums) of the Village Planned Development Code. Where any conflict may exist between the
8124	Village Planned Development Code and this section, the standards of this section shall prevail.
8126	(1) Minimum lot depth: One hundred (100) feet, one hundred ten (110) feet with alley.
8128	(2) Minimum lot width: Reserved.
8130	(3) Maximum building height: See individual Town Center Land Use Districts.
8132	(4) Maximum detached garage height: Twenty-two (22) feet or thirty (30) feet with living area over garage.
8134	(5) Minimum living area: Five hundred (500) square feet per dwelling unit. Living area is defined as the area that is heated and cooled.
8136	(6) Maximum number of units per building: See subdivision III, Land Use Standards.
8138	(7) Maximum lot coverage: Reserved.
	(8) Open space: Reserved.
8140	(9) Maximum building length: Reserved.
	(10) Building setbacks:
8142	a. Front*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
	b. Side: Five (5) feet.
8144	c. Side street*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
	* The Frontage Zone of Framework Streets may, depending
8146	on the surrounding Land Use District, and the adjacent street type, function as either a build-to line, or a minimum setback
8148	line. See section 39-341 General Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer Guidelines.
8150	Sec. 39-346. Town Center land use districts development standards.
8152	(a) Generally. An overview description of the intended uses and character of each of the Town Center Land Use Districts is given in

8154		vision I of this Code. The following standards further delineate velopment standards of each District:
8156	(1)	Integrated, District-Wide, Non-vehicular Pathways. Each Town Center Land Use District shall feature a District-wide,
8158		integrated bicycle and sidewalk system which incorporates multiple connections to a Town Center-wide
8160		pedestrian/bikeway/recreation trail system. All bike, multi-
8162		use, and pedestrian systems shall ultimately prioritize safe and convenient access to the Traditional Town Center Core District.
8164	(2)	Subdivision Walls. Subdivision perimeter walls, along any Framework Street, are prohibited.
8166 8168	(3)	<i>Driveways</i> . Shared driveways are encouraged; however, when driveways are not shared, they must be set back a minimum of one (1) foot from the side property line.
8170	(4)	Signage. With the following exceptions, signage within the UR District shall be permitted and installed in accordance with section 38- 1389(d)(5).
8172	(b)	Urban Residential District (UR).
8174	(1)	Detached Single-Family. See section 39-344 above, and Subdivision III, Use Table.
8176	(2)	Townhome, Apartment, Condominium development guidelines. See section 39-345, and subdivision III, Use Table.
8178	(3)	Development Standards. The following standards shall apply to development within the Urban Residential District:
8180 8182		a. <i>Permitted uses</i> : See subdivision III, Use Table. See also detached residential housing district types within the Village Code sections 39-156 through 39-161.
		b. Maximum lot area: None.
8184		c. Minimum average lot size: Reserved.
		d. Minimum living area: Reserved.
8186		e. Minimum lot width: Reserved.
8188		f. <i>Minimum lot depth</i> : One hundred (100) feet, one hundred ten (110) feet with alley.
		g. Maximum lot coverage: Reserved.
8190		h. Open space: Reserved.
		i. Building setbacks:
8192		1. Front*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.

2. Side: Five (5) feet. 3. Side street\*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided 8194 porch. The Frontage Zone of Framework Streets may 8196 [depending on the surrounding Land Use District, and the adjacent street type) function as either a build-to line, 8198 or a minimum setback line. See section 39-341 General 8200 Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer Guidelines. 8202 j. Maximum building height: Three (3) stories, forty-five (45) feet maximum. 8204 k. Maximum detached garage height: Twenty-two (22) feet; thirty (30) feet with living area over garage. 8206 (c) Corporate Campus Mixed-Use District (CCMU). (1) Character and Scale. CCMU District projects will be planned and developed to achieve a campus-like setting for 8208 office development that is visually compatible with residential development. Buildings will project a primary 8210 orientation toward the adjacent streets. Visibly featureless sides of buildings are prohibited. Side facades shall, at a 8212 minimum, incorporate projected trim, architectural massing, and roof line expressions which replicate those surrounding 8214 building's primary entrance. Corner buildings will visually project entrance forms and trim along both streets. 8216 Townhome, Apartment, Condominium development guidelines. See section 39-345 above, and [subdivision III,] 8218 Use Table. (3) Development Standards. The following standards shall 8220 apply to development within the Corporate Campus Mixed Use District. 8222 a. Permitted uses: See subdivision III, Use Table. 8224 b. Maximum lot area: None. c. Minimum living area: Reserved. d. Minimum lot width: Reserved. 8226 e. Minimum lot depth: One hundred (100) feet, one hundred ten (110) feet with alley. 8228 f. Maximum lot coverage: Reserved. g. Open space: Reserved. 8230 h. Building setbacks:

8232		1. Front*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
		2. Side: Five (5) feet.
8234		3. Side street*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
8236		* The <i>Frontage Zone</i> of Framework Streets may, depending on the surrounding Land Use District, and the
8238		adjacent street type, function as either a build-to line, or a minimum setback line. See section 39-341 General
8240		Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer Guidelines.
8242		i. <i>Maximum building height</i> : Twelve (12) stories, one hundred fifty (150) feet.
8244		j. <i>Maximum detached garage height</i> : Twenty-two (22) feet; thirty (30) feet with living area over garage.
8246	(d)	Corporate Neighborhood Center District (CNC).
8248	(1)	Character and Scale. The scale, character, and convenient proximity of the CNC Districts make them ideal gathering
8250		places for neighborhood employees, visitors, and residents of the adjacent neighborhoods. Street sidewalks shall be lined with neighborhood-serving retail, personal service and
8252		civic uses, all within walkable distances of adjacent employers and residential settings. Building front facades
8254		shall be pulled-forward, and located at the rear of the Framework Street Frontage Zone, and surface parking stalls
8256		and drive surfaces shall be placed behind buildings, within the interior of the block.
8258	(2)	Public Spaces. Small passive parks, plazas and squares will be provided throughout the Corporate Neighborhood
8260		Centers Districts as areas for shaded sitting, eating, outdoor conversations and relaxation.
8262	(3)	Transportation System Connections. The Corporate Neighborhood Center District shall serve as a confluence of
8264		all modes of transportation, i.e., walking, bicycling, and automotive, bus and shuttle bus, with visible and convenient
8266		linkages provided to, from, and through the District.
8268	(4)	Development Standards. The following standards shall apply to development within the Corporate Neighborhood Center Districts.
8270		a. Permitted uses: See subdivision III, Use Table.
		b. Maximum lot area: None.
8272		c. Minimum average lot size: Reserved.

		d. Minimum living area: Reserved.
8274		e. Minimum lot width: Reserved.
8276		f. <i>Minimum lot depth</i> : One hundred (100) feet, one hundred ten (110) feet with alley.
		g. Maximum lot coverage: Reserved.
8278		h. Open space: Reserved.
		i. Building setbacks:
8280		1. Front*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
		2. Side: Five (5) feet.
8282		3. Side street*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
8284		* The Frontage Zone of Framework Streets may
8286		[depending on the surrounding Land Use District, and the adjacent street type) function as either a build-to line, or a minimum setback line. See section 39-341 General
8288		Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer Guidelines.
8290		j. <i>Maximum building height</i> : Three (3) stories, forty-five (45) feet.
8292		k. <i>Maximum detached garage height</i> : Twenty-two (22) feet; thirty (30) feet with living area over garage.
8294	(e)	Retail/Wholesale District (R/W).
8296	(1)	Character and Scale. Retail/Wholesale Districts will have a mix of retail, personal services, office, warehouse and warehouse showroom, and attached residential uses.
8298		Development sites in Retail/Wholesale Districts may be
8300		designed with internal orientation however, side and rear building facades shall replicate the trim, molding, window surfaces, and roofline details of the building's front facade.
8302	(2)	Townhome, Apartment, Condominium development guidelines: See also section 39-345 above, and subdivision
8304		III, Use Table.
8306	(3)	Development Standards. The following standards shall apply to development within the Retail/Wholesale District:
		a. <i>Permitted uses</i> : See subdivision III, Use Table.
8308		b. Maximum lot area: Reserved.
		c. Minimum average lot size: Reserved.
8310		d. Minimum lot width: Reserved.

e. *Minimum lot depth*: One hundred (100) feet, one hundred ten (110) feet with alley. 8312 f. Maximum lot coverage: Reserved. g. Open space: Reserved. 8314 h. Building setbacks: 1. Front\*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch. 8316 2. Side: Five (5) feet. 3. Side street\*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided 8318 porch. The Frontage Zone of Framework Streets may, 8320 depending on the surrounding Land Use District, and the adjacent street type, function as either a build-to line, or 8322 a minimum setback line. See section 39-341 General Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer 8324 Guidelines. i. Maximum building height: TO BE DETERMINED (so 8326 to accommodate hospital heights). 8328 (f) Traditional Town Center Core District (TTCC). (1) Character and Scale. The Traditional Town Center Core 8330 District will serve as the civic, cultural and retail heart of the Town Center, and the surrounding Villages. It will be a vibrant, mixed use center containing a variety of high-8332 density residential, retail, office, hotel, civic, and entertainment uses. Passive parks, plazas and squares will be 8334 provided throughout the TTCC as areas for outdoor public activities and events, as well as sitting, outdoor 8336 conversations, shade and relaxation. The TTCC District will be designed as a pedestrian-oriented activity center with 8338 building fronts oriented toward streets and parks. Civic spaces and public buildings will be encouraged, designed 8340 and located as focal points throughout the TTCC District. Short Blocks and Tight Grid Street System. The blocks 8342 within the TTCC District will be the shortest of the Town Center Land Use Districts and be reminiscent of traditional 8344 community downtown neighborhoods, in accordance with subdivision II. Convenient, safe, shaded, spacious, and 8346 clearly delineated pedestrian sidewalks and corridors will be the standard throughout the TTCC District. 8348 Townhome. Apartment, Condominium development guidelines: See also section 39-345 above, and subdivision 8350 III, Use Table.

8352 8354	(4)	Development standards. The following general development standards shall apply to all development within the Traditional Town Center Core District.
		a. Permitted uses: See subdivision III, Use Table.
8356		b. <i>Building setbacks</i> : See section 39-341, and Framework Street Cross Sections, subpart 2.
8358		c. Minimum average lot size: Reserved.
		d. Maximum lot width: Reserved.
8360		e. Minimum living area: Reserved.
8362		f. <i>Minimum lot depth</i> : One hundred (100) feet, one hundred ten (110) feet with alley.
8364		g. Maximum square footage of individual establishment: Reserved.
		h. Maximum lot coverage: Reserved.
8366		i. Open space: Reserved.
		j. Building setbacks:
8368		1. Front*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
		2. Side: Five (5) feet.
8370		3. Side street*: Ten (10) feet. Includes any provided porch.
8372		* The <i>Frontage Zone</i> of Framework Streets may [depending on the surrounding Land Use District, and
8374		the adjacent street type) function as either a build-to line, or a minimum setback line. See section 39-341 General
8376		Building Placement, Site Planning, and Visual Buffer Guidelines
8378		k. <i>Maximum building height</i> : Twelve (12) stories, one hundred fifty (150) feet.
8380	Sec. 3	9-347. Horizon West Town Center Planned Development Code Land Use Table.

Uses Per Zoning Code	SIC Group	Land Use	Urban Residential	Corporate Campus Mixed Use	Traditional Town Center	Retail/Wholesale (Marketplace)	Corporate Neighborhood Center	Open Space
G: 1 C :1		RESIDENTIAL	D.	- D	<b>D</b>			
Single-family detached and modular homes with customary accessory uses		Single-family detached and modular homes with customary accessory uses	P	P	P			
Residential storage as a principal use (in an enclosed structure only)		Residential storage as a principal use (in an enclosed structure only)						
Fences and walls permitted (except subdivision fences and walls) See chapter 40, article 3, division 3 and Town Center Standards		Fences and walls permitted (except subdivision fences and walls) chapter 40, article 3, division 3 and Town Center Standards						
Accessory buildings, uses and structures		Accessory buildings, uses and structures	P	P	P	P	P	P
Screen rooms (single-family residential)		Screen rooms	P(114)	P(114)				
Screen enclosures		Screen enclosures	P(18)	P(18)	P(18)		P(18)	
Fee simple duplex and patio homes		Fee simple duplex and patio homes	P(84)	P(84)			P(84)	
Home occupations		Home occupations	P	P	P		P	
Live-Work Dwelling Units			P(8)	P(8)	P(8)		P(8)	
Mobile homes as permanent residential dwelling units, including mobile home parks		Mobile homes	P(UNP) (156)	P	P	P(165)	P(156)	
Temporary mobile homes, travel trailers and recreational vehicles (For R.V. parks and campgrounds, see SIC #703)		Temporary mobile homes						
Chimneys, water & fire towers, church spires, domes, cupolas, stage towers, scenery		Chimneys, water & fire towers, church spires, domes, cupolas, stage towers, scenery lofts, cooling towers, elevator bulkheads, smokestacks,	P(5)	P(5)	P(5)	P(5)	P(5)	

1.6. 1		1	1	1	1	ı	1
lofts, cooling	flagpoles, and parapet						
towers,	walls.						
elevator bulkheads,							
smokestacks,							
flagpoles, and							
parapet walls.							
Multifamily	Multifamily Residential	P(7)	P(7)	P(7)	P(7)	P(7)	
Residential	Multifalling Residential	F(/)	F(/)	F(/)	F(/)	F(/)	
Family foster	Family foster homes (see	P(UNP)	P	P	P(UNP)		<u> </u>
homes (see	definition in chapter 40,	F(UNF)	Г	Г	(157)		
definition in	article VI)				(137)		
chapter 40,	article VI)						
artivle VI)							
	Garage Apartments on	P					
Garage Apartments on	SFR lots	P					
SFR lots	SFK lots						
	C:	D(150)	D(150)	D(150)	D(150)	D(150)	
Swimming	Swimming pools,	P(158)	P(158)	P(158)	P(158)	P(158)	
pools,	Jacuzzis, tennis courts,			1			
Jacuzzis, tennis	spas, hot tubs, including						
courts, spas,	appurtenances to such						
hot tubs, including	uses			1			
appurtenances							
to such uses Community	Community Residential	P(10)	P(10)	P(10)	P(10)		D(10)
Residential		P(10)	P(10)	P(10)	P(10)		P(10)
Homes (max. 6	Homes (max. 6 clients)						
clients)							
	Community Residential	P	+	-	+		
Community Residential	Homes (7 to 14 clients-)	P					
Homes (7 to 14	Homes (7 to 14 chems-)						
clients)							
Community	Community Residential		P	P		P	
Residential	Homes (greater than 14		1	1		1	
Homes (greater	clients)						
than 14 clients)	chents)						
Family lot	Family lot provision		P	P			
provision	Talling for provision		1	1			
Guest house	Guest house				1		
Townhouses	Townhouses and triplexes						
and triplexes	and quadraplexes with fee			1			
and	simple units, up to eight						
quadraplexes	dwellings per building			1			
with fee simple	a chings per building						
units							
	Townhouses, mansion	P(156)	P(156)	P(156)	1	P(156)	
	homes and other housing		(/			\/	
	types with more than five			1			
	and up to eight dwellings						
	per building						
Zero side yard	Zero side yard	P(156)	P(156)	P(156)		P(156)	
development	development						
Boarding,	Boarding, lodging and	P	P				
lodging and	rooming houses						
rooming							
houses							
Student	Student housing						
housing				1			
		-	•	•			

Single-family		Single-family transient		P	P			
transient rental		rental						
Adult/child		Adult/child day care		P	P			
day care homes		homes						
Family day		Family day care homes	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)(	
care homes			(26)				26)	
Adult/child		Adult/child day care		P	P	P	P	
day care		centers						
centers		T		D	D	D	- D	
Tents		Tents	<u> </u>	P	P	P	P	
Single-family unit in		Single-family unit in conjunction with a						
conjunction		commercial use						
with a		commercial use						
commercial								
use								
Model homes		Model homes						
Recreational		Recreational vehicle or	P	P	P	P	P	
vehicle or boat		boat storage and parking						
storage and		(Residential only)	1					
parking								
(Residential								
only)		A CDICLU TUDE		_				
		AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, &						
		FISHING						
	01	AGRICULTURAL	†					
	01	PRODUCTION (crops)						
Wheat, corn,	011	Cash grains	1					
soybeans, etc.		· ·						
Vegetable	0161	Vegetables & Melons						
farms								
Truck farms	0161	Vegetables & Melons		PM	PM	PM		
Citrus and fruit	0174	Citrus fruits						
crops								
cultivation	0101	01	1	D) f	D) f	DM		
Commercial plant nurseries	0181	Ornamental nursery		PM	PM	PM		
and,		products						
greenhouses								
(no retailing)								
Crop farms	0191	General farms, primarily						
_		crops						
Washing &	-	Washing & packaging of						
packaging of		fruit and vegetables						
fruit and								
vegetables		On an air 1 C	1	D) 4	DM #	D) f		
Open air sales		Open air sales of	1	PM	PM	PM		
of agricultural or farm		agricultural or farm products						
products		products						
Outdoor		Outdoor storage of	1					
storage of		operative agriculturally	1					
operative		related equipment						
agriculturally			1					
related								
equipment			<b></b>					
			1					

	02	AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION (livestock)				
Commercial kennels		Commercial kennels				
Boarding of horses and ponies and riding stables for commercial purposes; raising of horses and ponies for commercial purposes		Boarding of horses and ponies and riding stables for commercial purposes; raising of horses and ponies for commercial purposes				
Animal stock grazing, stock yards	0211	Beef cattle (grazing)				
Dairy farms	0241	Dairy farms				
Poultry raising or keeping	025	Poultry & eggs				
Raising or keeping of cows, horses & ponies for domestic purposes	0272	Horses & equines				
Commercial aviculture, aviaries	0279	Commercial aviculture				
Breeding, keeping and raising of farm animals (ex. goats, swine, pot-bellied pigs, etc.) for sale or profit (not for domestic purposes)		Breeding, keeping and raising of farm animals (ex. goats, swine, potbellied pigs, etc.) for sale or profit (not for domestic purposes)				
Breeding, keeping and raising of farm animals (ex. goats, swine, pot-bellied pigs, etc.) for domestic purposes only		Breeding, keeping and raising of farm animals (ex. goats, swine, pot- bellied pigs, etc.) for domestic purposes only				
	07	AGRICULTURAL SERVICES				
Grove caretaking, harvesting business	0722					
Veterinarians for livestock	0741	Veterinary services for livestock				
Veterinary service with no	0742	Veterinary services	220			

. 1		T	1	Ī				
outdoor runs or								
compound	05.15	***		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	D/1 :5:	
Veterinary	0742	Veterinary services		P	P	P	P(163)	
services with							(112)	
outdoor runs or								
compounds								
(domestic pets)								
Animal	0752	Animal specialties						
shelters,		services (not veterinary)						
boarding								
kennels,								
animal pounds,								
training of								
animals, with								
no outdoor								
runs or outdoor								
compounds								
Animal	0752	Animal specialties'		P	P	P		
shelters,		services (not veterinary)						
boarding		(						
kennels,								
animal								
compounds,								
training of								
animals, with								
outdoor runs or								
outdoor								
compounds								
	0752	Animal specialties'						
Dog and cat	0/32							
grooming	0700	services	D/IDID)	D.	D	D	D(1.62)	
Landscaping	0782	Lawn and garden service	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
and irrigation			(162)(112)				(112)	
business, lawn								
care, tree								
service								
	08	FORESTRY						
Tree farms,	0811	Timber tracts						
including								
logging								
Forest	0831	Forest nurseries						
nurseries								
Silviculture	0851	Forestry services						
Woodchipping,		Woodchipping, mulching	1	1				
mulching and		and composting						
composting		and composing						
composting	<del>                                     </del>			+	+	<del>                                     </del>		
Lunting	09	HUNTING, FISHING &	1	+	+	+	1	
Hunting	09							
preserves,		TRAPPING						
commercial								
fishing, animal								
trapping,								
private/public								
hunting clubs						ļ	ļ	
	I				1			
		MINING						
		MINING						
Iron, copper,	010	MINING  METAL MINING						
-	010							

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prospect & test drilling								
ariling								
D'. '	012	COAL MINING						
Bituminous coal & lignite	012	COAL MINING						
mining								
mining								
Petroleum &	013	OIL AND GAS						
natural gas	013	EXTRACTION						
production		Little Holy						
production								
	014	NONMETALILIC						
	014	MINERALS, EXCEPT						
		FUELS						
Cement, rock,	1422	Crushed and broken			1			
limestone,	1.22	limestone						
crushing and		Immestone						
grinding of								
asphalt,								
concrete &								
cement								
Cement,		Cement, concrete, asphalt						
concrete,		batch plants	1					
asphalt batch		1						
plants							<u>L</u>	
Operation of	1442	Construction sand and						
sand & gravel		gravel						
pits for								
construction,								
sand & gravel								
mining								
Operation of	1446	Industrial sand						
sand & gravel								
pits for								
glassmaking,								
molding &								
abrasives								
Preparation of	1475	Phosphate rock						
phosphate rock								
Borrow pits,	1499	Borrow pits						
excavation and								
fıll								
		GONGERNIGERON						
	0.1.5	CONSTRUCTION						
	016	HEAVY	1					
		CONSTRUCTION (not	1					
D ' '	1.620	bldg. const.)		1	ļ			
Retention,	1629	Retention/detention	1					
detention,								
drainage ponds for associated								
development								
aevelopilient	1		P	P	P	P	P	P
	017	SPECIAL TRADE	1	1	1	Г	Г	Г
	017	CONTRACTORS	1					
Contractors	017	Special Trade Contractors		1				
storage, trade	017	Special Trade Contractors						
shops,			1					
equipment			1					
yards, and								
j ar ao, ana		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

offices with							
outdoor							
storage		C + CC (					
Contractors		Contractors offices (no					
offices (no		outdoor storage or					
outdoor		overnight parking of					
storage or		vehicles					
overnight							
parking of							
vehicles)	<u> </u>		 				
		NOTE: ALL RETAIL TRADE USES (SIC GROUP #52—#59) AND SERVICE USES (SIC GROUP #70—#89) ARE	P	P			
		PERMITTED IN INDUSTRIAL ZONING DISTRICTS AS					
		ACCESSORY USES ONLY, UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED, SUBJECT					
		TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE STANDARDS OUTLINED IN					
		CONDITION #106					
	ļ	MANUELOGIDANO					
		MANUFACTURING					
	20	FOOD, KINDRED PRODUCTS					
Food processing & packaging	203	Canned, frozen & preserved fruits & veggies					
Meat storage, cutting & distribution, animal	2011	Meat packing plants/animal slaughtering		PM(170)	PM(170 )	PM(17 0)	
slaughtering Dairy products	202	Dairy products					
manufacturing							
Ice cream manufacturing	2024	Ice cream & frozen desserts		PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17 0)	
Citrus	2033	Canned fruits, vegetables,		PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17	
processing plants		preserves, jams & jellies		12.1(110)	)	0)	
Bakery	205	Bakery products		PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17	
products manufacturing, bakery plants	203	Zancij producio		11.1(170)	)	0)	
Candy and confectionery manufacturing	206	Sugar & confectionery products		PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17 0)	
Tallow, grease & lard manufacturing	207	Fats & oils		PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17 0)	
Beverage processing & storage, milk bottling &	208	Beverages					

distribution,	I	T	T	1	I	1	l	l
soft drink								
bottling								
	2082	D		PM(170)	PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17	
Beverage	2082	Beverages		PM(170)	PM(170)		0)	
processing & storage,						)	0)	
bottling & distribution of								
malt beverages				D) ((150)	D) ((170)	D) 5/150	D) 4/15	
				PM(170)	PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17	
		mon Lago propisama				)	0)	
Tobacco,	21	TOBACCO PRODUCTS						
cigarettes,								
cigars								
manufacturing								
Textile	22	TEXTILE MILL			PM(170)	PM(170	PM(17	
manufacturing		PRODUCTS				)	0)	
Upholstery and	22	Textile mill products		P(171)	P(171)	P(171)		
dye								
manufacturing								
Clothing	23	APPAREL & OTHER						
production;		TEXTILE PRODUCTS						
cutting, sewing								
of fabrics,								
garment								
manufacturing								
Decorating	2395	Pleating & stitching		P(171)	P(171)	P(171)		
materials	2373	Treating & strening		1 (171)	1(1/1)	1(1/1)		
manufacturing								
manaractaring				P(171)	P(171)	P(171)		
Wood products	24	LUMBER WOOD		1(1/1)	1(1/1)	1(1/1)		
manufacturing	24	PRODUCTS						
	24			D(171)	D(171)	D(171)		
Building	24	Lumber wood products		P(171)	P(171)	P(171)		
products								
manufacturing	2411							
Logging	2411	Logging						
Sawmills and	2421	Sawmills, planning mills						
planning mills								
Hardwood	2426	Hardwood dimension &						
flooring		flooring mills						
manufacturing								
Wood	2431	Millwork						
awnings, wood								
shutters, wood								
railing,								
window frames								
Cabinet	2434	Wood kitchen cabinets		PM				
makers and								
manufacturers	<u></u>							
Manufacturing	2435	Hardwood veneer &		PM				
of plywood		plywood						
Mobile Homes	2451	Mobile homes						
manufacturing								
Manufacturing	2452	Prefabricated wood						
of	2-32	buildings and						
prefabricated		components						
wood buildings		- Janponones						
.700a bullanigs			-			<del> </del>	1	1
	<u> </u>				1	l		

Manufacturing of household, office, public building furniture & fixtures	25	FURNITURE & FIXTURES			
Cardboard, pulp, & paper manufacturing	26	PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS (Paper mills)			
Cardboard containers manufacturing	2631	Paperboard mills			
Printing, bookbinding, publishing plants	27	PRINTING & PUBLISHING			
Manufacturing of chemical products, liquid fertilizer, corrosive acid, pharmaceutical s, soap, cosmetics, glue, explosive, paint, varnish and bulk paint mixing	28	CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	PM		
Manufacturing of bulk organic and inorganic medicinal chemicals	2833	Medicinal chemicals and botanical products			
Fertilizer manufacturing, agricultural chemicals manufacturing	287	Agricultural chemicals	PM		
	29	PETROLEUM COAL PRODUCTS			
Petroleum refining, bulk storage of petroleum products	2911	Petroleum refining			
Asphalt manufacturing	295	Asphalt paving & roofing materials			
Lubricating oils & greases manufacturing	2992	Lubricating oils & greases			
Plastic, rubber & tire manufacturing	30	RUBBER & MISC. PLASTIC PRODUCTS			

Plastic	3089	Plastics products	1			I	I	
containers	3089	Plastics products						
manufacturing								
J								
Shoes manufacturing	31	LEATHER PRODUCTS						
Leather	3111	Leather products		PM(171)	PM(171)	PM(171		
processing				PM(171)	PM(171)	) PM(171		
				133(171)	1111(171)	)		
Cement, lime, gypsum, plaster manufacturing	32	STONE, CLAY, GLASS PRODUCTS						
Glass products and glass containers manufacturing	32	Stone, clay & glass products						
Pressed and blown glass	3229	Pressed and blown glass						
Novelties & souvenirs manufacturing	326	Pottery and related products		PM(171)	PM(171)	PM(171 )	PM(17 1)	
Manufacturing of ceramics	3269	Pottery products						
Concrete block and brick manufacturing	3271	Concrete block & brick		PM(171)	PM(171)	PM(171 )	PM(17 1)	
Manufacturing of floor slabs, incinerators, septic tanks & silos	3272	Concrete products						
Blast furnace manufacturing, manufacturing of iron, steel, & aluminum, smelting	33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES						
Primary metal industries	33	Primary metal industries						
Metal, cans, barrels, tools & hardware manufacturing	34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS						
Metal containers manufacturing	3411	Metal cans & shipping containers						
Testing of sandblasting nozzles	3471	Plating & polishing						
Industrial & commercial machinery	35	INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL MACHINERY						
Steam, gas, hydraulic engines manufacturing	351	Engines & turbines						

Manufacturing	352	Farm & garden						
of farm		machinery						
Machinery		1						
	353	Mining						
Concrete	333	Mining machinery,						
manufacturing,		construction						
paving &								
mixing,								
temporary								
asphalt plants								
Computer	357	Computer and office						
equipment		equipment						
manufacturing		equipment						
Machine	359	Miscellaneous industrial		PM	PM			
shops,		equipment						
carburetors,		1						
pistons,								
_								
amusement								
apparatus								
manufacturing					1			
	l		1	PM	PM	1	1	
TIL	2.5	EL ECORPACIA A		1 171	1 141	1	<del> </del>	<del>  </del>
Electric	36	ELECTRICAL &					I	
machinery &		OTHER ELECTRICAL			1			
equipment		EQUIP.			1			
manuf.,								
manufacturing								
& assembly of								
scientific								
instruments,								
manufacturing								
of household								
appliances,								
electronic								
components &								
accessories,								
burglar alarm								
apparatus,								
satellite dishes,								
electrical fuses					<u> </u>			
Building	3648	Lighting equipment		PM	PM			
products								
manufacturing								
		Instrument for	i e	l		1	<del>l</del>	
Instruments for		Instruments for			1			
measuring and		measuring and testing of			1			
testing of		electricity and electrical				1	I	
electricity and		signals			1			
electrical						1	I	
						1	I	
signals								
Semi-	3674	Semi-conductors and		PM	PM			
conductors and		related devices				1	I	
related devices					1			
	2601	Ct	1	D	D	D	<del>                                     </del>	}
Battery	3691	Storage and primary		P	P	P		
manufacturing	3692	batteries	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	37	TRANSPORTATION					<del> </del>	
1	31				1			
		EQUIPMENT						
Motor vehicle	3711	Motor vehicles & car			1			
assembly		bodies			1			
Boat	3732	Boat building and repair			†	1	<del>l</del>	
manufacturing	3132	Boat building and repair			1			
monutocturing	1	ĺ			1	I	I	1

Avionics	372	Aircraft & parts					1	
testing, aircraft	312	Aircraft & parts						
maintenance								
and								
manufacturing								
Boat trailer	3799	Transportation equipment		PM	PM			
manufacturing	3177	Transportation equipment		1 141	1 1/1			
Parking and		Parking and storage of						
storage of dual		dual rear wheel vehicles						
rear wheel		dual real wheel vehicles						
vehicles								
Venicies	38	INSTRUMENTS &			1			
		RELATED PRODUCTS						
Manufacture	3827	Optical instruments and						
and assembly	3027	lenses						
of optical		Tempes						
instruments								
Photographic	3861	Photographic, equipment		P	Р	P		
equipment		& supplies						
supplies		T. C.						
manuf.								
Manufacturing	3873	Watches, clocks & parts		P	P	P		
of watches,		1						
clocks & parts								
				PM	PM			
	39	MISC.						
		MANUFACTURING						
		INDUSTRIES						
Toys &	394	Toys & sporting goods						
sporting goods								
manufacturing								
Sign	3993	Signs & advertising		PM	PM	PM(171		
manufacturing		specialties				)		
				PM				
		TRANSPORTATION/U						
		TILITIES						
Railroad	40	RAILROAD						
transportation		TRANSPORTATION						
Railroad, bus,	41	LOCAL & INTER-						
taxi, carpool,		URBAN PASSENGER						
vanpool,		TRANSIT						
limousine, and								
ambulance								
terminals for								
passenger								
transportation								
with on-site								
pick-up and								
drop-off areas								
for passengers,								
shuttle								
operation (see 7514 for car								
rental, 4581 for								
airports, 4231								
for truck								
terminals)								
Railroad, bus,	41	LOCAL & INTER-	PM	PM	PM	PM	PM	
taxi, carpool,	71	URBAN PASSENGER	****	1 171	1 171	1 1/1	1 1/1	
vanpool, and		TRANSIT						
1,				1				

1 1 1	ī	Г	1	1	T .		I	
ambulance and								
limousine								
charter service								
and storage								
facilities								
without on-site								
pick-up or								
drop-off areas								
for passengers								
Limousine	4119							
service, home-								
based								
Indoor storage	42	WAREHOUSING						
of products,								
furniture,								
household &								
commercial								
goods,								
machinery,								
equipment								
storage of								
building								
materials	10:-			77.6	51.6	7.00		
Courier	4215	Courier services, except		PM	PM	P(30)		
services		air				(111)		
Portable toilet	422	Warehousing & storage		P	PM	P	P	
storage								
Warehousing	422	Warehousing & storage						
Dead storage		Dead storage yard				P(30)		
yard		,				(111)		
Cold storage	4222	Refrigerated warehousing						
frozen food	1.222	& storage						
lockers		a storage						
Self-storage	4225	General warehousing &				P(30)		
facility	4223	storage				(111)		
	1226			D(172)	D(172)			
Bulk storage of	4226	Special warehousing and		P(173)	P(173)	P(30)		
petroleum,		storage				(111)(1		
storage of						73)		
wrecked								
automobiles,								
oil, hazardous								
chemicals,								
explosives,								
gasoline, and								
ammunition								
Truck	4231	Trucking terminal						
terminals,		facilities						
truck stop, bus,								
cab, truck								
repair, storage								
and terminals,								
parking and/or								
storage of								
trucks								
Temporary		<del> </del>						
portable								
storage								
					•			
containers	12	HC DOCTAL CEDVICE						
Post office	43	U.S. POSTAL SERVICE		P	P	P	P	

Manina	44	WATED	1	ı	T .	ı	ı	
Marinas,	44	WATER						
commercial		TRANSPORTATION						
boat rentals,								
airboat rides								
Dismantling	4499	Water transportation		PM	PM	PM		
boats, marine		services						
wrecking								
	45	TRANSPORTATION						
		BY AIR						
Airports,	4581	Airports, flying fields &						
airplane	4301	services						
landing		scrvices						
facilities,								
aircraft								
maintenance,								
seaplane base								
	4501	A:						
Helicopter	4581	Airports, flying fields &						
landing		services						
facility,								
vertiport,								
airship/blimp								
hanger facility								
and hangers								
				S	S	S		
Pipeline	46	PIPELINES, EXCEPT						
transportation		NATURAL GAS						
of petroleum &								
other								
commodities,								
underground								
pipeline unless								
required to be								
above ground								
due to physical								
conditions								
Conditions								
	47	TRANSPORTATION						
		SERVICES						
Travel	4724	Travel agencies						
agencies, tour								
brokers and								
tour operators		1						
Ticket	4729	Airline, bus, rail, ticket		P	P	P	P	
agencies		agencies						
				P	P	P	P	
	48	COMMUNICATIONS	1	<u> </u>	†	_	_	
Cellular	4812	Radio broadcasting	+	1				
telephone sales	4012	stations						
& service,		Stations						
beeper & pager services		1						
SEI VICES	4012	Tala Carrera i di	-	D.	<u> </u>	D	D	
- ·	4813	Tele Communication		P	P	P	P	
Radio,	4832	Radio broadcasting						
television or		stations						
movie studios								
(excluding		1						
towers)	<u> </u>							
Communicatio		Communication towers		P	P	P		
n towers (See		1						
chapter 40,								
		•			•			

4: -1 - A	I	ı	I	1	I	I		
article 4,								
division 6)			-					
Lattice (Ord. No. 95-25, § 2,								
8-29-95)								
Guyed (Ord.			<del>                                     </del>	P(UNP)		P(UNP)	P(UNP)	P(UN
No. 95-25, § 2,				I (ONI)		I (UNI)	I (UNI)	P)
8-19-95)								1)
Monopole				P(UNP)		P(UNP)	P(UNP)	P(UN
(Ord. No. 95-				1(0111)		1(01(1)	1(0111)	P)
25, § 2, 8-29-								- /
95)								
T.V. studios	4822	T.V. broadcasting		P(UNP)		P(UNP)	P(UNP)	P(UN
(excluding		stations		, ,		, ,	, ,	P)
towers)								,
Satellite dish	4841	Cable and other pay		P	P	P		
service		television services						
				P	P	P		
	49	ELECTRIC, GAS,						
		SANITARY SERVICES						
Gas	49	Substations, telephone						
substations,		switch stations, water	1	1				
TV		plants						
substations,								
radio								
substations, telephone								
substations								
Distribution	49		P(81)	P(81)	P(81)	P(81)	P(81)	P(81)
electric	47		1 (61)	1 (61)	1 (61)	1 (61)	1 (01)	1 (01)
substation								
Alternative	49		P(81)	P(81)	P(81)	P(81)	P(81)	P(81)
energy devices			(- )	(- )	(- )	(- )	(- )	(- )
as an accessory								
structure or use								
(wind turbines								
solar panels,								
etc.)								
Power plants,	49	Power plants, transfer	P(83)	P(83)	P	P	P	P(83)
transfer		stations, refuse storage						
stations, refuse		sites, wastewater and	1	1				
storage sites, wastewater and		water plants, septic disposal sites, line						
wastewater and water plants,		stabilization and dewater,						
septic disposal		septage and wastewater						
sites, line		sludge						
stabilization			1	1				
and dewater,								
septage and								
wastewater			1	1				
sludges			ļ	1				
Electrical, gas,	49	Electric, gas, sanitary						
sanitary		services						
services				1				
Solid waste	4953	Solid waste management						
management		facilities						
facilities (Ord.			1	1				
No. 2009-11, §								
4(App. A), 4- 28-09)								
20-07)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I	i	I	<u> </u>		

		1		т	•	Т	T	
Hazardous	4953	Hazardous waste		[	[			P(UN
waste		treatment, storage and						P)
treatment,		disposal facilities						(120)
storage and		uisposai raemines						(120)
disposal								
facilities (Ord.								
No. 2009-11, §								
4(App. A), 4-								
28-09)								
	40.50	- ·						
Incinerators	4953	Incinerators						
(Ord. No.								
2009-11, §								
4(App. A), 4-								
28-09)								
		A1 ' 1'	<u> </u>					
Aluminum		Aluminum recycling						
recycling		collection drop-off sites						
collection								
drop-off sites								
Clean Tech -								
	1							
renewable	1							
energy				1	1	ĺ		
production;	1							
energy				1	1	ĺ		
				1	1	ĺ		
management,	1							
storage				1	1	ĺ		
transmission								
and								
distribution;								
green building								
products;								
advanced								
materials and								
environmental								
products;								
environmental								
remediation &								
pollution								
prevention								
services &								
products								
				P(169)	P(169)	P(169)	P(169)	
		WHOLESALE TRADE	†	†	†			
*****	50		-	-	-			
Wholesale	50	WHOLESALE		1	1	ĺ		
meat &		DISTRIBUTING OF		1	1	ĺ		
produce, and		DURABLE AND		1	1	ĺ		
soft drink		NONDURABLE		1	1	ĺ		
bottling		GOODS		1	1	ĺ		
		GOODS		1	1	ĺ		
distribution				ļ	ļ			
Wholesale	50	Wholesale bakeries, with				P		
bakeries		Groceries and related		1	1	ĺ		
1		products		1	1	ĺ		
Wholesale	502	Furniture and home	<del> </del>	P	P	P		
	302			<sup>r</sup>	<sup>r</sup>	"		
distribution of		furnishings		1	1	ĺ		
bedding,				1	1	ĺ		
chairs, desks,	1							
mattresses,	1							
	1							
waterbeds,	1							
carpets, lamps,	1							
curtains and	1							
linens				1	1	ĺ		

		T				
Wholesale	5039	Construction materials			P	
distribution of						
awnings,						
fencing, septic						
tanks, mobile						
homes						
	5002	F 1 1				
Wholesale	5083	Farm and garden				
distribution of		machinery and equipment				
irrigation						
equipment,						
garden						
machinery,						
lawn						
machinery, and						
power mowers						
•						
Wholesale	5065	Wholesale distribution of				
distribution of		electronic parts and				
electronic parts		equipment				
and equipment		1				
	5001	T 1			D	
Wholesale	5084	Industrial machinery			P	
distribution of		equipment				
pumps,						
pumping						
equipment,						
paint spray						
equipment,						
chainsaws,						
cranes, ladders,						
lift trucks, and						
tractors						
Fireworks,	5092	Fireworks, wholesale				
wholesale	0072	The works, wholesare				
	5000	<b>.</b>				
Junk, salvage	5093	Junk yards (scrap and				
or wrecking		waste)				
yards, sales						
and storage of						
wrecked cars						
Commercial	5099	Miscellaneous durable				
firewood sales		goods				
and storage						
	5140	Doolsood fro f1-			D	
Wholesale	5142	Packaged frozen foods			P	
distribution of						
frozen food						
Wholesale	5147	Meats and meat products			P	
distribution of	514/	irreats and meat products			1	
meat						
Wholesale	5143	Dairy products		<b> </b>	P	
distribution of		' '				
dairy products						
Wholesale	5148	Fresh fruits and			P	
distribution of		vegetables				
produce and/or						
plant materials						
	£1.40	G 1 1 1 1			D	
Wholesale	5149	Groceries and related			P	
distribution of		products				
bakery						
products,						
bottled water,						
canned goods,						
soft drinks, and						

fruits, beverage			l				
distributors							
Wholesale distribution storage of gasoline, liquid petroleum, gas, oil, or other inflammable liquids	5172	Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers			P		
Wholesale distribution and/or storage of Beer, Wine, and Distilled Alcoholic Beverages	5182	Beer, Wine and related products					
				PM	P		
Storage yards for automobiles, trucks, boats, and commercial vehicles (regardless if for sale, lease or not) For storage of wrecked or inoperable vehicles Outdoor storage and		RETAIL TRADE  Storage yards for automobiles, trucks, boats, and commercial vehicles (regardless if for sale, lease or not) For storage of wrecked or inoperable vehicles  Outdoor storage and display of equipment,					
display of equipment, products and merchandise		products and merchandise					
	52	BUILDING MATERIALS & GARDEN SUPPLIES					
Lumber and other building materials, building materials storage and sales	521	Lumber and other building materials					
Paint & wallpaper stores	5231	Paint, glass & wallpaper stores		P(153 x)	P(153 x)		
Hardware stores	5251	Hardware stores	Р	P(153 x)	P(153 x)	P	
Nurseries (retail), garden stores	5261	Retail nurseries & garden stores	P	P(153 x)	P(153 x)	P	
Mobile home dealers	5271	Mobile home dealers	P	P	P	P	

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Shopping centers (see definitions in chapter 40, article VI)  Big box developments (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Big box developments (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping centers (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Big box developments (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping centers (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Big box developments (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping centers (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping centers (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping centers (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Big box developments (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  Big box developments (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  FOOD STORES  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  FOOD STORES  Shopping center (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  FOOD STORES  P(UNP) P(UNP) P P(153 x)  P(164)  FUINP) P P P P P(163)  FOOD STORES  Shopping center (see chapter)  FOOD STORES  Shopping center (see chapter)  FOOD STORES  P(UNP) P(UNP) P(ST) P(ST)  P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P(163)  P(ST) P		53	GENERAL						
Shopping centers (see definitions in chapter 40, article VI)  Big box developments (see definition in chapter 40, article VI)  S4 FOOD STORES  Convenience food stores, grocery stores with no ful sistes.  Convenience food stores, grocery stores with no ful sistes frout, produce.  Convenience food stores, grocery stores with no ful sistes.  Convenience food stores, grocery stores with full states.  Fruit, produce.  S411 Grocery stores  With fuel sales  Fruit, produce.  Fruit & vegetable markets flower and vegetable stands  Portable food and drink vendors (including hot dog stands)  Candy stands  S412 Candy, nut & conding stands of Christmas trees, sparklers, and pumpkins  Temporary sales of salutionobiles, boots, recreation vehicles, morrocycles and all-terrain vehicles  Retail bakery  By District Dy developments developments developments size of salutionobiles, boots, recreation vehicles.  P(UNP) P(66) P(66) P(66)  Pofficial valuations of the produce o									
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Stands   Portable food and drink   P(UNP)   P(UNP)   P(137)   P(163)   P(163)   P(187)   P(									
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541 Gasoline stations, exceptruck stops  Pump islands for gasolin sales			P (67)	P (67)		
sales	ne			1 (0/)		
541 Truck stops		P (68)(138)	P (68) (138)	P (68) (138)		
Boat dealers						
Recreational vehicle dealers						
571 Motorcycle dealers						
599 Automotive dealers			PM(174)	PM(174 )		
			PM(174)	PM(174		
6 APPAREL & ACCESSORY STORES	S					
Women's clothing stores	S					
Family clothing store			P(153 x)	P(153 x)	P	
			P(153 x)	P(153 x)	P	
7 FURNITURE STORES 712 Furniture stores						
557	dealers  Motorcycle dealers  Automotive dealers  APPAREL & ACCESSORY STORES Women's clothing store  FURNITURE STORES	dealers  Motorcycle dealers  Automotive dealers  APPAREL & ACCESSORY STORES  Women's clothing stores  FURNITURE STORES	dealers  Motorcycle dealers  Automotive dealers  APPAREL & ACCESSORY STORES  Women's clothing stores  FURNITURE STORES	dealers  Motorcycle dealers  PM(174)  Automotive dealers  PM(174)  APPAREL & ACCESSORY STORES  Women's clothing stores  Family clothing store  P(153 x)  FURNITURE STORES	dealers  Motorcycle dealers  PM(174)  PM(174)  PM(174)  PM(174)  PM(174)  APPAREL & ACCESSORY STORES  Women's clothing stores  Family clothing store  P(153 x)  P(153 x)  P(153 x)  FURNITURE STORES	dealers

Carpet stores	5713	Floor covering stores			P(153 x)	P(153	P	
Appliance	5722	Household appliance			P(153 x)	x) P(153	P	
stores,	3122	stores			1 (133 A)	x)	1	
refrigerators,								
ovens, retail sales of air								
conditioners &								
parts (with no								
outdoor								
storage)								
Appliance		Appliance stores,			P(153 x)	P(153		
stores, refrigerators,		refrigerators, ovens, air conditioners and parts				x)		
ovens, air		with outdoor storage						
conditions and		With outdoor storage						
parts with								
outdoor								
storage	5721	D-1:- T.V. 1					1	<u> </u>
Radio & T.V. sales & service	5731	Radio, T.V. electronic stores						
Record & tape	5735	Record & tape stores			P	P		
stores	3733	record at tape stores						
			P(UNP)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)	
	58	EATING & DRINKING PLACES						
Restaurants	5812	Eating places						
with no drive-								
thru or walk-up windows								
Restaurants,	5812	Eating places	P(UNP)	P(UNP)	P	P	P(163)	
drive-in	3612	Lating places	(162)	(164)	1	1	1 (103)	
restaurants,								
snack bars,								
lunch stands,								
food-vending commissaries								
(permanent								
buildings)								
Restaurants	5812	Eating places		PM(86)	P	P	PM	
with outdoor								
seating Snack bars,			P(UNP)(86)	P(86)	P	P	P	
lunch stands,			(162)	F(00)	Г	Г	Г	
ice cream,			(102)					
coffee shops								
Caterers	5812	Eating places	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)	
Alcoholic				P	P	P	P	
beverage sales								
(see Chapter 4 and Chapter								
40, Article 4, ).								
See condition								
#103								]
Cocktail	5813	Drinking places (cocktail		P	P	P	P	
lounges, pubs		lounges)						
and bars		l			1	J	l .	

Micro-brewers, micro- wineries, craft distilleries, and	5813	Drinking places		P(UNP) (164)	P(180)	P(180)	P(163)( 180)
brew pubs					PM(180)	PM(180	PM(18 0)
	59	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL					
Drug stores, apothecary shops, pharmacies	5912	Drug stores					
Liquor stores	5921	Liquor stores		P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)
Pawn shops Sporting goods, firearms sales, & bicycle shops	5932 5941	Used merchandise stores Sporting goods & bicycle shops			P (126)	P (126)	P (126)
Book stores	5942	Book stores	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)
Office supplies	5943	Office supplies	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)
Jewelry stores	5944	Jewelry stores	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)
Ceramic shops, hobby shops	5945	Hobby, toy & game shops	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)
Photographic supply stores	5946	Camera & photographic supply stores	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	Р	P
Gift shops	5947	Gift, novelty, souvenir shops	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	Р	P(163)
Leather goods	5948	Luggage & leather products stores	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	Р	P(163)
Retail sale of products by T.V., catalog, mail order, telephone, vending machines, or from other temporary locations	596	Nonstore retailers	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P(163)
Fuel oil dealers, propane gas dealers	598	Fuel dealers					
Florists	5992	Florists					
Tobacco shops	5993	Tobacco stores	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P
Newsstands, magazine stands	5994	Newsstands	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P
Optical goods, eyeglass stores	5995	Optical goods	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P
Art & antique stores	5999	Cell phone stores	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	Р

		T = -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,		T	Τ =	T =	_	1
Outdoor auctions, auto auctions	5999	Miscellaneous retail	P(UNP) (162)	P(UNP) (164)	P	P	P	
Indoor auctions	5999	Miscellaneous retail						
Sparklers, retail	5999	Sparklers retail						
Open air markets		Open air markets						
Farmers markets		Open air markets						
Indoor markets		Indoor markets	PM(160)	PM(160)	P(160) (166)	P(160) (166)	PM(16 0)	
Spas, hot tubs, pool sales			PM(160)	PM(160)	P(160) (166)	P(160) (166)	PM	
		FINANCE/INSURANCE REAL ESTATE			P(166)	P(166)		
Office use buildings in excess of 1 story in height within 100 feet of the side or rear lot lines of any lot in a single-family residential district		Office use buildings in excess of 1 story in height within 100 feet of the side or rear lot lines of any lot in a single-family residential district						
				PM	PM	PM	PM	
Banks	60	DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS						
Credit bureaus, mortgage loan companies, finance offices	61	NONDEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS		P	P	P	P(163)	
Pay-day loans, cash advance facilities				P	P	P	P(163)	
Brokers	62	SECURITY & COMMODITY BROKERS						
Major insurance underwriters	63	INSURANCE CARRIERS		P	P	P	P	
				P	P	P	P	
Brokers, underwriters, insurance agencies	64	INSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS & SERVICE						
			P(UNP) (162)	P	Р	P	P(163)	
	65	REAL ESTATE						
Real estate offices & agents, apartment finding, rental	6531	Real estate agents & managers						

service,								1
appraisers								
Abstract & title	6541	Title abstract offices	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	<del>                                     </del>
services	5571	The abbract offices	(162)	1	1	*	1 (103)	
Cemeteries,	6553	Cemetery, subdividers &	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	1
mausoleums		developers	(162)		1	1	1 (103)	
madsore and	67	HOLDING & OTHER	(102)			1		
		INVESTMENT						
		OFFICES						
Investment	672	Investment offices						
offices &								
companies								
Estate planning	673	Trusts	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
& management			(162)					
		SERVICES	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
			(162)					
	70	HOTELS & OTHER LODGING PLACES						
Hotels &	7011	Hotels & motels,				Ī		Ī
motels,		timeshare units						
timeshare units								
Camps & R.V.	703	Camps & R.V. parks		P	P	P	P(161)	P(161
parks, R.V.								)
resort,								
campgrounds	5011	H. 1 0	-				1	
Bed and	7011	Hotels & motels						
breakfast								
homestay, 6- rooms max								
(not 5 or 7)								
Bed and	7011	Hotels & motels	P(UNP)	P(UNP)	P(UNP)	+	P	
breakfast inn,	7011	Hotels & motels	I (ONI)	I (OIVI)	I (ONI)		1	
7-12 rooms								
(aka medium-								
scale)(aka								
large-scale)								
Country inn	7011	Hotels & motels		P	P		P	
	72	PERSONAL SERVICES						
Laundry	7211	Power laundries						
plants,								
processing of								
laundry and								
dry cleaning,								
dry cleaning								
plants Laundry & dry	7212	Dry cleaning	1			1	+	-
cleaning retail	1212	Dry cleaning						
Laundering	7215	Coin-operated laundries	1	P	P	P	P(163)	1
(coin-operated)	1213	Com-operated faulturies		I	1	1	1 (103)	
Dyeing, dry	7216	Dry cleaning plants		P	P	P	P(163)	<del>                                     </del>
cleaning plant	1210	Dry cicaning plants		•	1	1	1 (103)	
Carpet & rug	7217	Carpet & upholstery	1			1		1
cleaning	, 21,	cleaning						
Tailoring	7219	Tailoring	1	P		<b>T</b>	1	
Photographic	7221	Photographic studios,	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	<del> </del>
artists,	, 221	portraits	(162)	1	1	1	1 (103)	
sculptors,		1	(= 52)					
musicians, and								
studios								
						•	•	

Beauty shops,	7231	Beauty shops, beauty	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
beauty salons	7231	salons	(162)	1	1	1	1 (103)	
Barber shops,	7241	Barber shops	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
hair stylists	7241	Barber shops	(162)	1	ľ	1	1 (103)	
Shoe repair	7251	Shoe repair & shoeshine	P(UNP)	P	P	P	D(162)	
Shoe repair	1231	Shoe repair & shoeshine		P	r	P	P(163)	
E 11	70.61	Б 1 .	(162)	P	P	P	D(1.62)	
Funeral homes,	7261	Funeral service, except	P(UNP)	P	P	l P	P(163)	
funeral		crematories, and	(162)					
directors,		embalming						
funeral chapter								
Crematories	7261	Funeral service,		P	P	P		
(animal or		crematories, embalming						
human)(See								
Ord. 92-41)								
Costume	7299	Miscellaneous personal						
rental, dating		services						
services, escort								
services,								
tanning salons,								
tattoo parlors,								
valet parking			1					
Adult	7299	Adult entertainment	1	P	P	P	Р	
entertainment,	, 200	- real officialismont	1	1	1	1	1	
body scrub			1					
parlors								
pariors	73	BUSINESS SERVICES						
Advertising			+					
	7311	Advertising agencies						
agencies	5004	DI .		-	-	-	D(1.60)	
Quick print,	7334	Photocopying		P	P	P	P(163)	
duplicating								
services								
Secretarial	7338	Secretarial & court		P	P	P	P(163)	
services		reporting						
Exterminating	7342	Disinfecting & pest		P	P	P	P(163)	
& pest control		control service						
service, pest								
control								
supplies,								
disinfecting								
service,								
fumigating								
service								
Office	7349	Building cleaning &	1	P				
cleaning,		maintenance services	1					
janitorial &			1					
maid service,			1					
chimney			1					
cleaning,			1					
window			1					
cleaning			1					
Rental and	7353	Heavy construction	†	PM	1	_		
storage of	1333	equipment (rental &	1	1 1/1				
heavy		storage)	1					
		siorage)	1					
construction								
equipment,			1					
bulldozers and			1					
cranes	<b>-</b>		+					
Appliance,	7359	Equipment rental &	1					
T.V., VCF,		leasing	1					
furniture and			1					

	I	Π	1		1		1	
vending								
machine rental with no								
outdoor								
storage	7250	E		P				
Equipment	7359	Equipment; rental &		P				
rental &		leasing						
leasing with								
outdoor								
storage								
Employment	7361	Employment agencies						
agencies								
(excluding								
labor pools),								
nursing								
registries								
Labor pools		Labor pools and labor		P	P			
and labor halls		halls						
Data	7374	Data processing						
processing,								
data entry								
service								
Computer	7378	Computer maintenance &	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
repair and		repair	(162)					
maintenance								
Computer	7379	Computer-related	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
software		services	(162)					
consultants								
Lie detector	7381	Detective & armored car	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
services,		service	(162)					
detective								
agencies,								
investigators								
Security	7382	Security systems services	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
operations,			(162)					
burglar and fire								
alarm								
monitoring								
Film	7384	Photo finishing	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
processing &		laboratories	(162)	1		1		
developing								
Justices of the	7389	Business services	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
peace, notaries			(162)				/	
public,								
bondspersons,								
credit card								
service,								
telephone								
answering				1		1		
service, and								
trade shows								
Call centers		Business services		P	P	P	P(163)	
Convention		Business services		P	P	P	P(163)	
facilities				1		1	,	
Auto and	7389	Business services		P	P	P	P(163)	P(161
vehicle							( == /	)
repossession				1		1		^
	75	AUTO REPAIR				1		
		SERVICES & PARKING						
			1		1		1	

Truck rental,	7513	Truck rental & leasing					
sales and	7010	Truck remain to rousing					
leasing (see							
condition							
#138)							
Car rental and	7514	Passenger car rental	PM	PM	PM		
leasing							
Parking lots &	7521	Automobile parking	P	P	P		
parking							
garages for office,							
commercial or							
industrial uses							
General auto	753	Automotive repair shops	P	P	P	P	
repair	733	rationouve repair shops		•	1	1	
Auto painting	7532	Auto painting; paint and	PM		P		
and paint and	7552	body shops	1111		1		
body shop							
Muffler shops	7533	Auto, exhaust repair	PM		P		
	, , , ,	shops					
Automotive	7549	Automotive services,	PM		P		
lube shops		except repair					
Automotive			PM		P		
tire dealers							
(See SIC							
#5531)							
Automotive	7537	Automotive transmission	PM	PM	P		
transmission		repair					
repair							
Enclosed	7538	General automotive	PM		P		
mechanical		repair shops					
garages, bus,							
cab, truck							
repair			73.6		D) (	_	
Carwashes	7542	Carwashes	PM		PM		
Automobile	7549	Towing services	PM		PM	PM	
towing							
services (does not include the							
storage, sales							
or dismantling							
of wrecked/in							
operative							
vehicles),							
window tinting							
	76	MISCELLANEOUS	PM		PM		
		REPAIR SERVICES					
Radio & T.V.	7622	Radio & T.V. repair					
repair, auto							
radio, VCR							
and stereo							
repair.							
Heating, air	7623	Refrigeration service	P	P	P	P(163)	
conditioning		repair					
and							
refrigeration							
sales & service Electric	7620	Ampliance remain	P	P	P	D(162)	1
appliances	7629	Appliance repair	l P	P	P	P(163)	
repair, electric							
repair, electric		1					1

		1		1	1	r	ı
7621	Watah & alask manain		D	D	D	D(162)	
/031	watch & clock repair		r	r	r	F(103)	
7641	Reunholster & furniture		P	P	P	P(163)	
, 0-1	-		•	*	*	1 (103)	
	repair						
7692	Welding repair		P	PM	PM		
	Machine shops						
7699	Repair services,						
	locksmiths						
<b>5</b> 0	A COTTION DISCOVERS			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	D/1 :23	
			Р	P	P	P(163)	
781							
7010			l D	D	P	D(1.53)	
/812			P	P	P	P(163)	
	tape production						
7831	Motion picture theaters		P	P	P	P(163)	
7833	Drive-in theaters			P	P		
7841	Video tape rental						
79	AMUSEMENT &			P	P	P(163)	
				ļ	ļ		ļ
7911							
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
7022			Р			Р	
7922	Theatrical producers			P	P		
7022	Rowling contage		D	D	D	D	-
1922	bowning centers		r	[	r	r 	
70/1	Sports clube (franchica			P	P		
1741				1	1		
7941	Sports clubs		P(LINP)	P(LIND)	P(LIND)	<del> </del>	
1,771			1 (0111)	1 (0111)	1 (0111)		
	(						
			•				ł — — — —
7948	Racing, including track		P	P	P		
7948	Racing, including track operation		Р	P	P		
7948	Racing, including track operation		P	P	P		
7948 7991			P	P	P		
	operation  Recreational facilities provided by the employer		P	P	P		
	operation  Recreational facilities		P	P	P		
	7699 78 781 7812 7831 7833 7841	7641 Reupholster & furniture repair  7692 Welding repair  Machine shops  7699 Repair services, locksmiths  78 MOTION PICTURES  781 Motion picture & video tape production  7812 Motion picture & video tape production  7831 Motion picture theaters  7833 Drive-in theaters  7841 Video tape rental  79 AMUSEMENT & RECREATION SERVICES  7911 Dance studios, schools and halls  Theatrical producers  7922 Theatrical producers  7922 Bowling centers  7941 Sports clubs (franchise sports)	7641 Reupholster & furniture repair  7692 Welding repair Machine shops 7699 Repair services, locksmiths  78 MOTION PICTURES 781 Motion picture & video tape production 7812 Motion picture & video tape production  7831 Motion picture theaters 7833 Drive-in theaters  7841 Video tape rental  79 AMUSEMENT & RECREATION SERVICES  7911 Dance studios, schools and halls Theatrical producers  7922 Theatrical producers  7922 Bowling centers  7941 Sports clubs (franchise sports)  7941 Sports clubs	7641 Reupholster & furniture repair  7692 Welding repair  Machine shops 7699 Repair services, locksmiths  78 MOTION PICTURES 781 Motion picture & video tape production 7812 Motion picture & video tape production  7831 Motion picture & video tape production  7841 Video tape rental  79 AMUSEMENT & RECREATION SERVICES 7911 Dance studios, schools and halls 7922 Theatrical producers  7922 Bowling centers  P  7941 Sports clubs (franchise sports)  7941 Sports clubs  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P	7641 Reupholster & furniture repair  7692 Welding repair  Machine shops 7699 Repair services, locksmiths  78 MOTION PICTURES 781 Motion picture & video tape production  7812 Motion picture & video tape production  7831 Motion picture & video tape production  7841 Video tape rental  79 AMUSEMENT & RECREATION SERVICES  7911 Dance studios, schools and halls  Theatrical producers  7922 Bowling centers  P P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P	Reupholster & furniture	Reupholster & furniture repair

			T	1		_		ı
of the district		employees, their families						
for exclusive		& guests						
use of								
employees,								
their families								
& guests								
Health spas,	7991	Physical fitness facilities	PM(165)	P(166)	P(166)	P	PM(16	
exercising							5)	
centers,							,	
aerobic classes								
Golf courses	7992	Golf courses	P (UNP)	P(166)	P(166)	P	P	PM
Gon courses	1,,,2	Con courses	(162)(165)	1 (100)	1 (100)	1	(163)(1	(167)
			(102)(103)				65)	(107)
A 1 '1	7002	G : 4 1			+	-	03)	D/LIM
Arcades, video	7993	Coin-operated						P(UN
game		amusement centers						P)
Simulated		Simulated gambling			P	P		
gambling		establishments						
establishments								
Amusement	7996	Amusement parks						
parks		1						
Indoor clubs,	7997	Membership sports &			1			
bowling clubs,	1771	recreation clubs (indoor						
private indoor		uses)						
clubs, bridge								
clubs, indoor								
recreational								
uses								
Outdoor clubs,	7997	Membership sports &		A	P	P	P (163)	P
golf and		recreation clubs (outdoor						(UNP
country clubs,		uses)						)
private outdoor								
clubs, tennis								
clubs,								
swimming								
clubs,								
nonprofit parks								
and recreation								
areas, outdoor								
recreation uses,								
private								
recreation								
areas for a								
single-family								
development								
Fortune tellers,	7999	Amusement & recreation	PM(165)	P(166)	P(166)	<del>                                     </del>	P(UNP)	P(UN
,	1777		LM(103)	F(100)	F(100)			
billiard parlors,		(indoor uses)			1		(165)	P)
bingo parlors,					1			(167)
indoor skating								
rinks, karate								
instruction					1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Golf driving	7999	Amusement & recreation		P	P	P		
ranges, golf		(outdoor uses)			1			
cart rentals, ski					1	1		
instruction,								
swimming					1	1		
pools, tennis								
courts, little								
league and								
softball fields,								
outdoor								
skating rinks,					1	1		
,		1	1			1		

			•				•	,
amusement								
rides, paintball								
operations, day								
camps, rodeos,								
and go-cart								
raceway								
Ticket booths		Ticket booths (See Sec.	PM(165)	P(172)	P(172)	P(172)	P(UNP)	P(UN
			1 M(103)			1(172)		
(See Sec. 38-		38-1424)		(166)	(166)		(165)	P)
1424)								(167)
	80	HEALTH SERVICES						
Office and	8011	Offices & clinics of						
clinics of		medical doctors						
doctors of								
medicine								
Ophthalmologi	8011	Offices & clinics of	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
sts &	0011	medical doctors	(162)	1	1	1	1 (103)	
		medical doctors	(102)					
optometrists,								
emergency			1	1			1	
clinics								
Dentists &	8021	Offices & clinics of	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
dental labs		dentists	(162)	1				
Osteopathic	8031	Offices of osteopathic	P(UNP)	P	Р	Р	P(163)	
physicians	0031	physicians	(162)	1	1	1	1 (103)	
Offices and	804	Office of clinics of other	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
	004			1	r	l r	P(103)	
clinics of		health practitioners	(162)					
chiropractors,								
optometrists,								
podiatrists, etc.			1	1			1	
Nursing	805	Skilled nursing care	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
homes,		facilities	(162)	[ -	_	1	- (-00)	
sanitariums,			\-\-	1				
and			1	1			1	
			1	1			1	
convalescent								
homes and			1	1			1	
assisted living								
facilities	<u> </u>		<u>l</u> _					
Ambulatory	8062	General, medical &		P	P	P	P	
surgical		surgical	1	1			1	
facilities				1		1		
Hospitals	8062	Hognitals	1	P	P	P	P	
		Hospitals	+				Г	
Psychiatric	8063	Psychiatric hospitals	1	P	P	P		
treatment			1			1		
Cancer	8069	Specialty hospitals,	1	P	P	P		
hospitals,		except psychiatric	1	1			1	
children's		1	1	1			1	
hospitals,				1				
maternity, ear,			1	1			1	
eyes, throat,				1		1		
				1				
rehabilitation			1	1			1	
hospitals, etc.			<u> </u>					
Medical	8071	Medical and dental		P	P	P	P	
laboratories,		laboratories	1		1		1	
imaging &				1				
testing			1	1			1	
facilities, etc.				1		1		
	0072	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	- P		<u> </u>	
Dental	8072	Medical and dental		P	P	P	P	
laboratories		laboratories	<u> </u>					
Birthing	8093	Specialty outpatient	1	P	P	P	P	
facilities,		facilities	1	1				
alcohol and			1	1			1	
·		•						

drug treatment,								
aids treatment,								
outpatient								
clinics, birth								
control centers								
81	1	LEGAL SERVICES		P	P	P	P	
	111			1	1	1	1	
	111	Legal services						
services &								
offices								
82	2	EDUCATIONAL	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
		SERVICES	(162)					
Private 82	211	Elementary, & middle &						
kindergarten,		K-12 schools						
elementary,								
junior high,								
middle and								
high schools								
Charter		Charter schools	P(UNP)	P	P	Р	Р	
		Charter schools	F(UNF)	Г	Г	Г	Г	
schools	221	TT' 1 1 1 11 11 0	D/IND\/120	D(120)	D(120)	D(120)	D(120)	
	221	High schools, colleges, &	P(UNP)(139	P(139)	P(139)	P(139)	P(139)	
private high		universities	)					
schools,								
colleges &								
universities								
Public 82	211	Schools (public)		P(139)	P(139)	P(139)	P(139)	
kindergarten		4 /		, ,	, ,		, ,	
schools								
	211	Schools (public)	P(UNP)	P(139)	P(139)			
	211	Schools (public)		F(139)	F(139)			
elementary			(139)					
schools								
	211	Schools (public)	P(UNP)	P(139)	P(139)	P(139)		
schools			(139)					
Libraries 82	231	Libraries	P(UNP)	P(139)	P(139)	P(139)		
			(139)					
Technical & 82	24	Vocational schools		P	P	P	P	
trade schools,								
vocational								
schools,								
computer								
software								
schools,	l							
aviation	l							
	l							
schools					1			
(excluding								
flying								
instruction)								
	299	Auto driving instruction		P	P	P	P	
instruction,	l							
music and	l							
drama schools,					1			
vocational								
counseling,	l							
exam	l							
preparatory								
schools,								
ceramics			I		I			
11-								
schools,								
modeling								
modeling schools,								
modeling								

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schools, tutoring								
tutoring				P	P	P	P	
	83	SOCIAL SERVICES		r	Г	Г	Г	
Marriage	8322	Individual & family		+	+		<u> </u>	
counselors,	0322	services (except adult day						
diet		care centers)						
counseling,		care centers)						
human								
services, social								
services, youth								
counselors								
Community		Community centers	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P	
centers			(162)	1	1	-	1	
Job counseling,	8331	Job training & related	( ' '	P	P			
job training,		services						
skill training								
workshops,								
vocational								
rehabilitation								
agencies								
Crisis center,	8361	Residential care		P	P	P	P(163)	
juvenile								
correction								
home, training								
schools for								
delinquents,								
drug rehab								
center and								
juvenile group								
homes,								
children's								
homes, alcohol rehab centers,								
halfway homes								
for delinquents								
Community	8361	Community correction						
correction	0501	centers; juvenile						
centers;		correction homes						
juvenile								
correction								
homes								
Privately run	8744	Facilities support						
adult		management services						
correctional								
facilities and								
prisons								
	84	MUSEUMS,						
		BOTANICAL,						
-	0.4:-	ZOOLOGICAL						
Museums & art galleries	8412	Museums, art galleries						
Botanical	8422	Botanical zoological	P(UNP)	P(166)	P(166)	P	P(165)	
zoological		gardens	(165)					
gardens &								
facilities								
	86	MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS	PM(165)	P(166)	P(166)		PM(16 5)	PM (167)
Dorms, frats,	8641	Civic, social, fraternal						
sorority houses		associations						

Cl. 1	0651	In the second	1	l p	I D	D/IDID:		
Churches,	8661	Religious institutions		P	P	P(UNP)		
mosques,								
synagogues,								
temples and other religious								
institutions								
with or without								
attendant								
schools,								
educational								
buildings								
and/or								
recreational								
facilities								
	87	ENGINEERING &	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(UNP)	
		MANAGEMENT	(162)				(163)	
		SERVICES					` ′	
Engineering	871	Engineering &						
offices,		architectural services						
surveyors								
Architects	8712	Architectural services	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
	<u> </u>		(162)	1	<u> </u>			<u></u>
Accountants	8721	Accounting, auditing,	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
offices and tax		bookkeeping	(162)					
consultants,								
bookkeeping								
Research	873	Research & development,	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
services, public		testing services	(162)					
relations								
councils								
Biotechnology				P	P	P	P(163)	
research,								
design,								
laboratories &								
testing								
facilities	07.40	3.6		D(1.60)	D(1.60)	D(1.60)	D(1.62)	
Market	8742	Management consulting		P(168)	P(168)	P(168)	P(163)	
researchers,		services						
manufacturing								
representatives	8743	Public relations services	D(LIND)	P	P	P	D(1(2)	
Public relations	8/43	rublic relations services	P(UNP)		P	P	P(163)	
councils			(162)					
Safety	8748	Business consulting	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
consultants	0740	Dusiness consuming	(162)	1	1	1	1 (103)	
Aerospace or	<b>-</b>	Engineering &	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
military-related		management services	(162)	*	*	•	1 (103)	
development		management services	(102)					
offices,								
laboratories or								
(indoor) testing								
facilities	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
	89	SERVICES, not elsewhere classified		P(168)	P(168)	P(168)		
Authors,	8999	Services, authors &						
composers,		composers						
geologists,								
actuaries,								
planners								
		PUBLIC	P(UNP)	P	P	P	P(163)	
		ADMINISTRATION	(162)	1				

	0.1	EVECUTIVE	1	1	1		1	1
	91	EXECUTIVE,						
0 0	ļ	LEGISLATIVE					+	<u> </u>
Orange County		Orange County						
governmental		governmental facilities						
facilities and		and uses. See Chapter 40,						
uses. See		Division 1, Sec. 1-1.3.6						
Chapter 40,								
Division 1,								
Sec. 1-1.3.6								
Government	911	Executive offices	SEE	SE	CT	ION	38-	5
offices								
	92	JUSTICE, PUBLIC		P	P	P	P(163)	
		ORDER & SAFETY						
Courthouses	921	Courts						
Highway	9221	Public order and safety		P	P			
patrols,		,						
sheriff's								
offices, police								
depts.								
Jails,	9223	Correctional institutions	1	Р	Р		P(163)	1
correctional	- 223			1	1		(100)	
institutions								
Fire stations	9224	Fire protection	<del> </del>				+	
Public finance	93	PUBLIC FINANCE,	P(UNP)	P	P		P(163)	1
& taxation	93	TAXATION &		P	P		P(103)	
offices			(162)					
	0.4	MONETARY POLICY		D		- D	D	
Public health,	94	ADMINISTRATION OF		P	P	P	P	
education,		HUMAN RESOURCE						
social human		PROGRAMS						
resource								
offices								
Environmental,	95	ADMINISTRATION OF		P	P	P	P	
housing, urban		ENVIRONMENTAL						
planning &		QUALITY & HOUSING						
land		PROGRAMS						
management								
offices								
Housing	9531	Administration of		P	P	P	P	
authorities		housing programs						
Economic	96	ADMINISTRATION OF		P	P	P	P	
development		ECONOMIC					1	
commissions,		PROGRAMS						
transportation								
program,								
public utilities								
& agricultural								
programs								
	97	NATIONAL SECURITY		P	P	P	P	
Uses of	971	National security						
national		1					1	
defense							1	
P = Permitted				P	P		P	
use				1 -			1	
S = Permitted								
by Special								
Exception								
(#) =							1	
Conditions							1	
apply							1	
PM =							1	
1 IVI —		l						

Permitted with						
approval of the						
Planning and						
Zoning						
managers						
P(UNP)=						
Permitted						
when						
identified on						
an approved						
UNP (Unified						
Neighborhood						
Plan).						
(A) = Ancillary						
Use Only						
	•			•	•	

## Sec. 39-348. Conditions for permitted uses, special exceptions.

The following numbered conditions shall correlate with the numbers listed in the use table set forth the Horizon West Town Center Land Use Table set forth in section 39-371.

- (1) A modular home shall be permitted, provided it is licensed by the State of Florida. No parcel shall have more than one (1) single-family unit or modular unit unless otherwise permitted by chapter 39.
- (2) A duplex shall be a permitted use, provided that the following requirements are met:
  - a. The duplex shall comply with the applicable site and building requirements in section 38-1501;
  - b. Each unit of the duplex shall be constructed at the same time; and
  - c. A portion of the common party wall serving the adjoining dwelling unit may be located on the adjoining parcel.
- (3) Fruits, produce, flowers and vegetables shall be sold on the site from which they are grown.
- (4) Mobile home provisions in A-1, A-2, and A-R.
  - a. Mobile homes may be permitted on individual lots in agricultural A-1, A-2, and A-R districts, subject to the following:
    - 1. A mobile home may be used for residential purposes provided that the property contains a minimum of two (2) acres in the A-1 and A-2 districts. Minimum lot width and setbacks shall be per article XII.

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Minimum lot size in the A-R district shall be two and one-half (2½) acres. Other site and building requirements shall be per article XIII. Such mobile home use shall require, before the mobile home is located on the property in question, a permit which shall be issued to the recorded property owner by the zoning division.

- 2. Setbacks from lot lines shall be not less than is required for a site-built dwelling in the district in which it is located.
- 3. Building height shall be limited to thirty-five (35) feet
- b. *R-T mobile home park district regulations*. The following regulations shall apply within the R-T mobile home park district:
  - 1. A use shall be permitted in the R-T district if the use is identified by the letter "P" in the use table set forth in section 38-77. A use shall be prohibited in the R-T district if the space for that use is blank in the use table set forth in section 38-77. A customary accessory use may include, among other things, the sale of mobile homes on the following conditions:
    - (i) The mobile home must have all of the facilities and utility connections for use as a dwelling.
    - (ii) The buyer of a new mobile home which is purchased from a mobile home park owner or operator must be offered a six-month lease with an option to renew for six (6) months for the mobile home space on which the mobile home is located at the time of purchase.
    - (iii) The seller and buyer of a new mobile home must intend that the buyer live in the mobile home on the space where it is situated at the time of the sale.
    - (iv) The number of mobile homes for sale shall not exceed ten (10) percent of the total number of approved mobile home spaces in a mobile home park at any one (1) time.
    - (v) Mobile homes for sale shall be located only on mobile home spaces in the mobile home park and subject to the same setbacks and

yard requirements as occupied mobile

- 2. A land use permit shall be required to establish a mobile home park before building permits are issued. A land use permit application shall include a site plan drawn to scale showing property lines, rights-ofway, locations of buildings, parking areas, curb cuts, driveways, cross section of pavement, a landscape plan, streetlights, fire hydrants and fire extinguishers.
- 3. The following design standards shall apply to mobile
  - Each mobile home park shall contain at least five (5) acres, shall be limited to seven (7) mobile home spaces per gross acre, and shall have not less than ten (10) mobile home spaces completed and available at first occupancy. The park shall have unobstructed access to a publicly-maintained street or road.
  - No mobile home space shall contain less than three thousand (3,000) square feet in area.
  - (iii) Minimum separation between mobile homes shall be fifteen (15) feet. Certain additions to mobile homes are permitted, provided minimum separation between the addition and any other mobile home, or addition thereto, shall be ten (10) feet. Such additions are limited to screened rooms, carports, accessory buildings to store personal items and gardening equipment. Any other addition shall provide a minimum of fifteen (15) feet
  - (iv) Landscaping, buffering and open space requirements shall be as provided for in chapter 40 of this code, as it may be amended.
  - All porches, rooms and additions to a mobile home shall comply with these regulations and the county building department's codes and
  - (vi) A recreation area shall be provided equivalent to two hundred (200) square feet of area for each mobile home space; however, in no case shall such recreation area be less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet in

area. Such recreation area shall be no longer than twice its width. This area shall remain in a clean and presentable condition, and shall be adequately lighted. Such recreation area shall not be located in an area where such use will adversely affect surrounding property.

- (vii) Each mobile home space shall have a minimum of fifteen (15) feet of frontage on a street or lane within the boundary of the park. Such streets or lanes shall have an unobstructed right-of-way thirty (30) feet in width and a hard surface of not less than twenty (20) feet in width for two-way drives, or twenty (20) feet in width and a hard surface of not less than twelve (12) feet in width for one-way drives. Hard surfacing shall consist of a base at least six (6) inches thick of lime rock or soil cement or an equivalent material and a top of at least one (1) inch thick made of asphaltic concrete or an equivalent material. Such streets shall be lighted by a system which consists of a onehundred-watt mercury light for every one hundred twenty (120) linear feet of roadway or a two-hundred-watt incandescent light for every one hundred twenty (120) linear feet of roadway or shall with some other system supply two-tenths lumen per square foot of roadway.
- (viii) There shall be a minimum of two (2) offstreet parking spaces for each mobile home space. Each mobile home space shall be equipped with at least one (1) paved parked space; the remainder of the required spaces may be located either on mobile home spaces or in common parking lots.
- (ix) Paved driveways shall be provided to each parking space on each individual mobile home space. Driveways shall be at least nine (9) feet wide. Common driveway may be used to serve more than one (1) mobile home space, but shall serve no more than four (4) mobile home spaces.
- (x) Common walks shall be provided around recreation, management, and service areas.

8542		Common walks shall be at least four (4) feet wide except where such walks are adjacent to
8544		an arterial street, in which case such walks shall be at least five (5) feet wide. No walk
8546		required herein shall be used as a drainage way.
8548		(xi) Each mobile home space shall be provided with a concrete patio at least eight (8) feet
8550		wide and ten (10) feet long. Such patio shall conform to the setback provisions outlined in
8552		subsection 3.(iii) above. Double-wide mobile homes need not have a patio. Each mobile
8554		home space shall be landscaped with turf, shrubs, trees, or other plantings.
8556		(xii) Each mobile home space shall be connected with a water system and sewage treatment
8558		and disposal system approved by the county and state health department.
8560		(xiii) It shall be unlawful for any person to maintain or operate a mobile home park
8562		within the county without the appropriate permits and licenses.
8564		c. <i>Dimensions</i> . Lot size and setback requirements in the R-T-1 district shall be the same as those established for the
8566		R-2 single-family dwelling districts.
8568		d. Site and building requirements. Site and building requirements for the R-T-2 district are as follows:
8570		1. Minimum lot area shall be twenty-one thousand seven hundred eighty (21,780) square feet (one-half acre).
8572		2. Minimum lot width shall be one hundred (100) feet.
8574		3. Minimum front yard setback shall be thirty-five (35) feet.
		4. Minimum rear yard setback shall be fifty (50) feet.
8576		5. Minimum side yard setback shall be ten (10) feet.
8578		6. Single-family dwelling units shall contain a minimum of six hundred (600) square feet of living area.
8580	(5)	Temporary structures.
8582		a. Subject to the following regulations, temporary structures, including mobile homes and travel trailers, 263

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may be used as construction field offices and tool sheds when accessory to the development of a subdivision:

- 1. Such use shall be temporary and shall expire when ninety (90) percent of the buildings within the subdivision are completed or within one (1) year from the date the temporary structure permit is issued, whichever comes first.
- 2. In the case of temporary and permanent structures being erected on the same parcel of land, such temporary structures shall be removed not later than one hundred eighty (180) days following erection of the temporary structure or not later than ten (10) days after completion of the permanent structure, whichever comes first.
- b. Permits for temporary structures shall be obtained from the zoning manager. When such permits expire, they may be renewed by the zoning manager for a period not to exceed an additional ninety (90) days. Upon expiration of any permit for a temporary structure, such structure shall be removed from the premises.
- c. A mobile home or recreational vehicle may be temporarily parked and occupied on a lot or specified tract of land in A-1, A-2, and A-R districts during the construction of a permanent residence or building on such lot or tract of land. A temporary permit for such use will be issued by the county only after a building permit has been secured for the permanent residence or building. The mobile home or recreational vehicle shall be removed within three hundred sixty-five (365) days or ten (10) days after completion of the permanent residence or building, whichever comes first. To the extent this subsection (5)c. may be inconsistent or conflict with F.S. § 125.023, relating to a temporary shelter placed on residential property following a natural emergency where the resident is making a good faith effort to rebuild or renovate a damaged permanent residential structure, F.S. § 125.023 shall control.
- d. Temporary structures, including mobile homes and travel trailers, may be used as construction office trailers for road improvement and/or utility development projects in any zoning district subject to the following:
  - 1. The use of limited to the placement of construction/office trailers only.

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- 2. No accessory or storage buildings shall be permitted.
- 3. Only the parking of passenger vehicles/trucks shall be permitted.
- 4. Any outdoor staging areas and storage of products and equipment shall require written authorization which may be issued by the zoning manager as part of the temporary structure permit, with or without conditions.
- 5. All temporary structures shall be removed no later than one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the permit is issued or within ten (10) days after completion of the project, whichever comes first.
- 6. Permits for temporary structures shall be obtained from the zoning manager. The zoning manager may require a notarized statement of no objection from abutting property owners. When such permits expire, they may be renewed by the zoning manager for a period not to exceed an additional ninety (90) days.
- e. Mobile homes used as offices shall be permitted as a permanent use when accessory to a mobile home sales lot.
- f. A mobile home or recreational vehicle may be used as quarters for a night watchman or on-site security on property zoned commercial or industrial. On properties zoned agricultural that have an institutional use (such as a religious institution or an educational institution) or other non-residential use, a recreational vehicle or mobile home may be used as quarters for a night watchman, if approved as a special exception. Night watchman quarters shall not be allowed on properties where a tenant dwelling exists.
- g. Subject to prior approval by the zoning manager, who may impose appropriate conditions (such as a time period), a recreational vehicle may be occupied as a temporary shelter where a single-family residence is located on-site but is uninhabitable and undergoing repairs. For purposes of this provision, the term "uninhabitable" means the on-site single-family residence cannot be occupied because it has been damaged by a natural disaster or accident, such as a hurricane, storm or fire, not that it cannot be occupied for some other reason, including because it is being renovated or enlarged. To the extent this subsection (5)g.

8670 8672 8674		may be inconsistent or conflict with F.S. § 125.023, relating to a temporary shelter placed on residential property following a natural emergency where the resident is making a good faith effort to rebuild or renovate a damaged permanent residential structure, F.S. § 125.023 shall control.
8676 8678		h. Mobile homes and recreational vehicles may be located, for an indefinite period of time, at a hunting camp of one hundred (100) acres or more; subject to obtaining all appropriate permits and licenses.
8680		i. Recreational vehicles may be parked in residential and agricultural districts as provided in subsection 39-348(45).
8682		j. Mobile homes and recreational vehicles may be permitted on individual lots in commercial or industrial
8684		districts, subject to the following: A mobile home or recreational vehicle may be temporarily parked and
8686		occupied on a specified tract of land in commercial or industrial districts, to be used for offices, storage or
8688		security purposes, during the construction of permanent building on the tract of land. The mobile home or
8690		recreational vehicle shall be removed after the certificate of occupancy is issued.
8692	(6)	Outdoor display of operative agricultural equipment is permitted, subject to the following conditions.
8694 8696		a. The equipment may be stored outdoors on parcels adjacent to the parcels containing the agricultural uses provided they are commonly owned or leased;
8698		<ul><li>b. The owner or lessee of the equipment and the owner or lessee of the site must be one and the same; and</li></ul>
8038		c. The equipment must be used in conjunction with active
8700		agricultural operations/uses on-site.
8702		d. Landscaping/lawn service business and storage of equipment associated with such use shall be subject to SIC 0782.
8704	(7)	Reserved.
8706	(8)	Such retail sales shall be a permitted use, provided as follows: only paperwork and phone work, no merchandise on site, drop-shipment only, home occupations only.
8708	(9)	A junkyard use shall meet the following requirements:
		a. A building permit shall be obtained;

8710 b. All facilities shall construct and use an incoming material receiving pad that is impervious to used oil and other regulated liquids. The pad shall be designed to 8712 contain any inadvertently accepted regulated liquids that may drain from incoming material and to prevent any 8714 discharges, including as stormwater runoff, and shall be subject to review by the Environmental Protection 8716 Division; and c. By January 1, 1996, all junkyards that are not otherwise 8718 presently subject to screening requirements shall be required to have an eight (8) foot high masonry wall, 8720 eight (8) foot high maintained fence, or other screening acceptable to the zoning manager. 8722 (10) A swimming pool, wading pool, jacuzzi, spa or hot tub, basketball court, pickleball court, tennis court or other 8724 similar sports court (including all appurtenances thereto, such as pool decks, security fences, or screen enclosures, but 8726 excluding lighting) shall be a permitted accessory use, provided it complies with the following criteria: 8728 a. It shall not be constructed prior to the construction of the principal building or use. 8730 b. It shall not be located in the front yard or side street yard. 8732 c. It shall be subject to the setback requirements from the normal high-water elevation contour for water bodies in section 38-1501. 8734 d. A pool, jacuzzi, spa, hot tub or pool screen enclosures shall maintain a minimum side and rear yard setback of 8736 five (5) feet, and a minimum side street yard setback of fifteen (15) feet. 8738 e. A basketball court, pickleball court, tennis court or other similar sports court (including all appurtenances 8740 thereto), shall not be located closer than ten (10) feet from any side or rear property line, or fifteen (15) feet 8742 from any side street property line. f. No fence enclosing a basketball court, pickleball court, 8744 tennis court or other similar sports court shall exceed ten (10) feet in height above finished grade level, unless the 8746 court maintains a minimum ten (10) foot side yard setback and the minimum front, side street and rear yard 8748 setbacks for the principal structure. However, in no instance shall such fencing exceed twenty (20) feet in 8750 height.

- g. Pool equipment shall be subject to the mechanical equipment requirements in subsection 39-348(16).
  - (11) Reserved.

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- (12) A home of six (6) or fewer residents which otherwise meets the definition of a community residential home shall be deemed a single-family unit and a noncommercial, residential use. Such a home shall be allowed in singlefamily or multifamily zoning without approval by the county, provided that such a home shall not be located within a radius of one thousand (1,000) feet of another existing such home with six (6) or fewer residents or within a radius of one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another existing community residential home. Distance requirements shall be documented by the applicant and submitted to the zoning division with the application. All distance requirements pertaining to such a home with six (6) or fewer residents shall be measured from the nearest point of the existing such home with six (6) or fewer residents or existing community residential home to the nearest point of the proposed home. (Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, any application for a community residential home which has been submitted to the zoning division for distance separation review on or prior to June 18, 1991, shall be deemed consistent with this section, provided such application could have met the distance separation requirements in effect upon the date of submission of such application.
- (13) A community residential home in a U-V zoned district may be permitted in a residential area only.
- (14) A community residential home shall not be located within a radius of one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another existing community residential home and shall not be located within five hundred (500) feet of any single-family residential district. Distance requirements shall be documented by the applicant and submitted to the zoning division with the application. All distance requirements pertaining to community residential homes shall be measured from the nearest point of the existing community residential home or area of single-family zoning to the nearest point of the proposed home. (Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, any application for a community residential home which has been submitted to the zoning division for distance separation review on or prior to June 18, 1991, shall be deemed consistent with this section, provided such application could have met the distance

8796			equirements in effect upon the date of f such application.)
8798 8800	(15)		reakfast homestay, bed and breakfast inn, or hall be subject to the requirements outlined in
8800	(1.6)		
8802	(16)	following req	equipment shall be allowed, subject to the uirements:
8804		screened	nd mounted mechanical equipment shall be from view at ground level, as viewed from any private right-of-way and abutting property, by
8806		walls, fer thereof, su	ices, dense plant materials, or a combination ach that it is one hundred (100) percent opaque,
8808			e of installation.
8810		or betwee	of the located in the front yard, side street yard en any portion of the principal structure and private right-of-way. A townhouse that is alley
8812		loaded ma	ay place the air conditioning unit in front of the
8814		yard setba	
8816		c. The minimum be as follows:	num setbacks for mechanical equipment shall ows:
		1. Reside	ential. Single-family, duplex, or townhouse.
8818		1. <i>Reside</i> (i)	ential. Single-family, duplex, or townhouse.  Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.
8818 8820			Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side
		(i)	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and
8820		(i) (ii) (iii)	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and  Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE)
8822 8824		(i) (ii) (iii)	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and  Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501.  esidential and multifamily projects.  Mechanical equipment shall be subject to the same setback requirement for principal
8820 8822		(i) (ii) (iii) 2. Non-r (i)	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and  Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501.  esidential and multifamily projects.  Mechanical equipment shall be subject to the same setback requirement for principal structures within the zoning district.
8822 8824		(i) (ii) (iii) 2. Non-r	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and  Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501.  esidential and multifamily projects.  Mechanical equipment shall be subject to the same setback requirement for principal
8820 8822 8824 8826		(i) (ii) (iii) 2. Non-r (i) (ii)	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and  Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501.  esidential and multifamily projects.  Mechanical equipment shall be subject to the same setback requirement for principal structures within the zoning district.  Mechanical equipment mounted on the roof shall be screened in accordance with section 9-556(d).  comply with chapter 15, article V, Noise
8822 8824 8826 8828		(i) (ii) (iii) 2. Non-r (i) (ii)  d. It shall repollution e. Manual a generator	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and  Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501.  esidential and multifamily projects.  Mechanical equipment shall be subject to the same setback requirement for principal structures within the zoning district.  Mechanical equipment mounted on the roof shall be screened in accordance with section 9-556(d).  comply with chapter 15, article V, Noise Control.  and automatic exercising or testing of any shall be limited to the hours of 8:00 a.m. to
8822 8824 8826 8828 8830		(i) (ii) (iii) 2. Non-r (i) (ii)  d. It shall repollution e. Manual a generator	Side yard setback: two (2) feet from a side property line.  Rear yard setback: five (5) feet; and  Normal High-Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501.  esidential and multifamily projects.  Mechanical equipment shall be subject to the same setback requirement for principal structures within the zoning district.  Mechanical equipment mounted on the roof shall be screened in accordance with section 9-556(d).  comply with chapter 15, article V, Noise Control.  and automatic exercising or testing of any

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- 1. Mechanical equipment in existence prior to December 12, 2023, but not in conformance with this section, shall be considered legal nonconforming structures and may be repaired, improved, or replaced when such replacement retains the same footprint, or such footprint is only altered as necessary to allow a more energy efficient or lower emission unit of mechanical equipment. However, the screening requirements in subsection (16)(a) shall be met.
- 2. Temporary generators that are used to provide power during an outage are exempt, providing that the generator is operating in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, with all standard equipment, and is in proper operating condition.
- (17) The construction of more than one (1) dwelling unit on a parcel of land and thereafter the subdivision of such parcel may be permitted as a special exception in the A-1, A-2, A-R, R-CE, R-CE-2, and R-CE-5 zoned districts in rural designated areas, provided the following requirements are met:
  - a. The parcel is designated rural/agricultural (one (1) unit per ten (10) acres) on the future land use map;
  - b. The parcel was legally created according to zoning division records as of May 21, 1991, and the applicant was the official owner of record as of the date of the adoption of the County's comprehensive plan on July 1, 1991;
  - c. Subject to the exceptions specified below, the dwelling unit(s) shall only be for the primary residence of an immediate family member of the fee simple parcel owner, which immediate family member must be living at the time the building permit for such dwelling unit(s) is issued (the phrase "immediate family member" is defined in this subsection as a spouse, sister, brother, lineal ascendant or lineal descendant of the parcel owner or spouse);
  - d. Adequate documentation must be furnished to the board of county commissioners ("BCC") or its designee evidencing the relationship between the parcel owner and the immediate family member whose primary residence is to be placed or constructed upon the parcel and the intent of the immediate family member to actually construct such residence and reside therein;

8880	1		The density approved shall not exceed one (1) unit per two (2) acres (excluding conservation areas and natural
8882			water bodies);
8884 8886			In addition to the other special exception requirements, the required site plan shall take into account future subdivision of the parcel consistent with the subdivision regulations;
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8888			Subject to the exceptions listed below, the parcel which is the subject of the special exception shall only be subsequently subdivided if:
8890			1. A future land use designation is adopted by the board of county commissioners ("BCC") which would
8892			permit development at the current residential density of the entire parcel; or
8894			2. A mortgage lender, or its assignee, holding a mortgage on the parcel, or such portion thereof as is
8896			the subject matter of the special exception, acquires the portion so encumbered through foreclosure or by
8898			deed in lieu of foreclosure and, thereafter, such lender or its assignee or successor-in-interest and/or
8900			title applies for a subdivision of the parcel; or
8902			3. The owner of the portion of the parcel which has been so improved by the construction of a dwelling unit thereon either (a) acquired title thereto by devise
8904			or inheritance from the immediate family member for whom the special exception was granted and who
8906			has since died or (b) is a bona fide purchaser for value from the estate of such deceased immediate family
8908			member; or
8910			4. The subdivision of the property is necessary to secure financing from a mortgage lender or its assignee.
			Building permits may only be issued to (i) the immediate
8912			family member, or the agent of the immediate family member, specified at the time of approval of the special
8914			exception, or (ii) such other person or entity which acquires title to the land as provided for in subparagraph
8916			g. above.
8918		area	creen room located in a residential district or residential within a planned development shall comply with the owing requirements:
8920			Front yard setback: Same as the principal structure for the respective zoning district.

8922	b. Side yard setback: Same as the principal structure for the respective zoning district.
8924	c. Side street setback: Fifteen (15) feet.
8926 8928 8930	d. Rear yard setback: A screen room may extend up to fifty (50) percent into the required rear yard setback for the principal structure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where an alley is present, the screen room shall not be located closer than five (5) feet to the edge of the alley easement.
	e. Normal High Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: 50 feet.
8932	f. Maximum height: 35 feet.
8934	Any facility used for storage, manufacturing, or wholesale distribution of explosives, or fireworks, shall not be located within two thousand (2,000) feet of any residentially zoned
8936 8938	district or use, and distance shall be measured from the property line of the facility to the closest property line of the residentially zoned district or use.
	Townhouses are subject to the following requirements:
8940 8942	a. A subdivision plan which satisfies all of the county subdivision regulations in chapter 34 shall have been approved, and all platting requirements met.
0942	<ul><li>b. Each building shall contain not less than three (3) and</li></ul>
8944	not more than ten (10) dwelling units.
8946	c. Minimum distance separation between buildings: Twenty (20) feet.
8948	d. Each unit shall be self-contained with respect to utilities, heating and air conditioning. Each unit shall have independent entrances, and common stairwells shall be
8950	prohibited. Units shall be separated by a firewall which extends to the roof.
8952	e. Offsite guest parking shall be provided within the development at half (0.5) parking spaces per dwelling
8954	unit.
8956	f. The following development standards shall apply to individual lots:
	1. Minimum lot width: Twenty (20) feet.
8958	2. Minimum lot area: Two thousand (2,000) square feet.
8960	3. Front yard setback: Twenty (20) feet.

8962		4.	Side yard setback: Zero (0) feet internal lot lines, and ten (10) feet for end units.
8964		5.	Side street yard setback: Fifteen (15) feet, or Major Street Setbacks per art. XV, when applicable.
		6.	Rear yard setback: Twenty (20) feet.
8966		7.	Normal High Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Fifty (50) feet.
8968		8.	Minimum living area: Five hundred (500) square feet.
8970		9.	Maximum building height: Thirty-five (35) feet.
		10	). Maximum lot coverage: Seventy-five (75) percent.
8972		11	. Porches, screen rooms, and screen enclosures may be installed with a zero (0) foot side setback where the
8974			principal structure has a zero (0) foot side setback. However, screen rooms and screen enclosures shall
8976			have the same rear yard setback as required in subsection 39-348(18)d.
8978	(21)		side yard development. A zero side yard, where the side ng setback line is on the side lot line, may be permitted
8980		on one	e side of each single-family lot in all residential zoning ets, except R-CE-5, R-CE-2, R-CE, R-1AAAA, and R-
8982		T-2, p	provided that all of the following standards are met:
8984		sc	ne applicant shall submit a detailed site plan drawn to ale indicating the location of the proposed zero side and dwelling unit and any existing or proposed
8986		•	ructures on the adjacent lot(s) or parcel(s).
		b. Th	ne zero side yard shall be developed on a multi-parcel
8988		ba	sis. The zero side yard concept may be utilized with
8990		_	w subdivisions (subdivisions for which the eliminary subdivision plans received approval by the pard of county commissioners on or subsequent to the
8992		da	te of adoption of this regulation) provided that such quest is made during the preliminary subdivision plan
8994		sta	age and the zero side yard lots are clearly identified, or ithin existing subdivisions subsequent to a replat
8996		in	dicating the location of the zero side yard lots. The bdivision shall be designed so that the exterior side
8998		sh	rd of all lots located at the periphery of the subdivision all comply with the minimum side yard setbacks for
9000		th	e zoning district in which the property is located.
9002			five-foot maintenance easement shall be recorded on e adjacent lot or parcel along the length of the zero side

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- yard lot line and shall assure ready access to the lot line wall at reasonable periods of the day for normal maintenance.
- d. The wall of any dwelling unit located on a zero side yard shall be constructed without doors.
- e. No portion of the dwelling unit shall project over any property line except for the eaves of the roof, window sills and similar minor appurtenances, with a maximum encroachment of two (2) feet.
- f. Gutters shall be designed so as to not flow onto the adjacent zero side yard lot or parcel.
- g. The minimum separation between the zero side yard dwelling unit and any structure on the adjacent lot or parcel shall be equal to or greater than the sum of both the minimum required side yard setbacks in residential zoning districts.
- (22) Simulated gambling establishments. If the ordinance prohibiting simulated gambling devices, codified as sections 26-150 through 26-159 of the Orange County Code, is declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, and the time expires to file an appeal without one being filed or an appeal is timely filed but the appeal is ultimately unsuccessful, or is found to be preempted by state law or state statute, simulated gambling establishments may be a permitted use, subject to all the following requirements and conditions in this paragraph. No alcoholic beverages shall be served or consumed at a simulated gambling establishment. A simulated gambling establishment shall not be open for business between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. of any particular day. A simulated gambling establishment shall be located at least one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from a preexisting religious institution, educational institution, school, area zoned in the county or municipality for residential use, area designated as residential on the future land use map of the county's or any municipality's comprehensive plan, park, or commercial establishment that in any manner sells or dispenses alcohol for on-premises consumption. For purposes of the distance separation requirements, measurement shall be measured from property line to property line.
- (23) Sparklers and fireworks.
  - a. *Retail sale of sparklers*. Retail sale of sparklers shall be permitted in C-1, C-2, and C-3 zoning districts, or as

9046		expressly permitted in a Planned Development. Retail
		sale of sparklers to minors shall be prohibited.
9048		b. Wholesale sale of fireworks. Wholesale sale of fireworks shall be permitted in C-3, I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3, and I-4 zoning
9050		districts, or as expressly permitted in a Planned Development. Such businesses shall be separated from
9052		educational institutions and schools by a minimum of five thousand (5,000) feet, and measurement shall be
9054		measured from property line to property line. The wholesale sale of fireworks to minors shall be prohibited.
9056		c. Retail sale of fireworks prohibited. Retail sale of fireworks (which does not include sparklers) shall be
9058		prohibited in all zoning districts (retail sale of fireworks not being permitted under F.S. ch. 791).
9060		d. Permitted, unless otherwise prohibited by the standards outlined in subsection 39-348(19).
9062	(24)	Multifamily development shall comply with F.S. § 125.01055, relating to affordable housing, commonly known
9064		as the Live Local Act, any ordinances, regulations, and procedures adopted by the board of county commissioners
9066		implementing F.S. § 125.01055, and all other applicable state and County laws and regulations.
9068	(25)	A family day care home shall be a permitted use in all residential and agricultural zoned districts pursuant to F.S. §
9070		125.0109, provided that a fence at least four (4) feet in height shall be placed around all outdoor recreation/play areas or
9072		outdoor use areas.
	(26)	Adult or child day care home.
9074		a. An adult or child day care home shall comply with the following requirements:
9076		1. Hours of operation. A day care home may operate twenty-four (24) hours per day.
9078		2. Fence. A fence at least four (4) feet in height shall be placed around all outdoor recreation/play areas or
9080		outdoor use areas.
9082		3. Parking spaces. At least three (3) paved parking spaces shall be provided.
9084		4. Recreation. Indoor and outdoor recreation/play areas or outdoor use areas shall be provided as required by the State of Florida.

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- 5. Separation. A day care home located in a residential zoning district shall not be located within seven hundred (700) feet of another day care home or one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of a day care center located in a residential zoning district. Distance requirements shall be documented by the applicant and submitted to the zoning division with the application. Distance shall be measured by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel along the public thoroughfare from the closest property boundary of a day care home to the closest property boundary of another day care home or shelter.
- 6. A Type D opaque buffer shall be provided where outdoor recreation areas are adjacent to single-family zoning districts or single-family uses.
- b. An adult or child day care center shall comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Hours of operation. A day care center may operate twenty-four (24) hours per day in nonresidential and R-3 zoning districts. In all other residential zoning districts, a day care center shall open no earlier than 6:00 a.m., and close no later than 7:00 p.m.
  - 2. Location. A day care center shall be a permitted use in the R-3, U-V (town center), and any professional office, commercial or industrial zoned district, and shall be a special exception in all other districts except R-T, R-T-1, and-R-T 2.
  - 3. Parking spaces. Permanent parking shall be provided in accordance with article XI of chapter 38, except for centers where there is no pick-up or drop-off area available on the property. In these types of centers, one (1) off-street parking space for each five (5) children shall be required.
  - 4. Recreation. Indoor and outdoor recreation/play areas or outdoor use areas shall be provided as required by the State of Florida.
  - 5. Fence. A fence at least four (4) feet in height shall be placed around all outdoor recreation/play areas or outdoor use areas.
  - 6. Buffer. A ten (10) foot wide buffer shall be provided to separate this use from any adjoining residential zoned district. This buffer shall consist of

9130 9132			in height that constitutes thirty buffer length. The buffer shall c berms, planted and/or existing ve
9134			7. Ancillary use. A day care center a special exception in conjunct ancillary use to institutional uses
9136 9138			uses or are allowed as a special but not limited to, religious instit nonprofit institutional uses.
9140	(27)		adult or child day care center shall e in a neighborhood center of the U-V
9142	(28)	Teı	nts may be permitted, subject uirements:
9144		a.	Application and submittal requirem occupant of the parcel or lot shall f division the following information:
9146			1. A completed tent assembly perm
9148			2. A fully dimensioned site plan (so showing the location of the prop all improvements and required of
9150			legal description or parcel ident the property; the notarized write
9152			property owner; existing and prosite; the location of all existi
9154			parking calculations showing that is available for all uses on the sit
9156		b.	Setbacks. The tent shall be set back a minimum of five (5) feet, or sha
9158			principal building setbacks for the whichever is less. (In no case shall
9160			extend onto adjacent properties or ro
9162		c.	Parking. No additional parking shall tent. However, the tent shall be erected or impede access to any required pa
9164			principal use(s) on site.
9166		d.	Outdoor display of merchandise. Of merchandise shall be permitted in contact of the contact of t
9168		e.	Signs. The only signage which is conjunction with a tent is temporary by the sign ordinance.

intermittently placed screening at least three (3) feet (30) percent of the consist elsewhere of egetation.

- may be permitted as tion with and as an which are permitted exception, such as, tutions, schools, and
- only be a permitted zoned district.
- to the following
  - nents. The owner or file with the zoning
    - nit application.
    - survey not required), posed tent, including on-site parking; the tification number of tten consent of the oposed access to the ting structures; and at sufficient parking
  - from property lines all comply with the the zoning district, any part of the tent oad rights-of-ways.)
  - all be required for a ed so as not to block arking space for the
  - Outdoor display of onnection with a tent.
  - may be allowed in y signage authorized

- f. Renewals and time extensions for permits. Notwithstanding the frequency limitations set forth in subsections h. and i. below, a tent permit may be renewed or additional permits and time extensions may be allowed subject to the prior review and approval of the zoning division.
- g. Permitted zoning districts. For non-seasonal tent sales, a tent may be permitted in any zoning district, provided the products and merchandise for sale or on display in association with the tent are the same as those sold or displayed at the principal business(es) on the site. For seasonal tent sales, a tent may be permitted on a parcel or lot that is zoned to allow institutional, commercial or industrial uses.
- h. Frequency limitations for non-seasonal tent sales.
  - 1. Tents on C1, C-2, C-3 and/or industrial zoned parcels or lots. Tents, and all structures accessory to the tents, may be permitted on a parcel or lot for a period not to exceed fourteen (14) consecutive days, provided a tent has not been erected on the parcel during the preceding forty-five (45) days period. However, no more than four (4) events utilizing tent permits may be allowed per parcel or lot per calendar year, and the tent sales shall not operate for more than a total of twenty-eight (28) days of any calendar year.
  - 2. Tents on residential and/or agricultural parcels or lots. Tents, and all structures accessory to the tents, may be permitted on a parcel or lot for special events, including weddings and parties, and for those uses permitted in residential and/or agricultural zoned districts, for a period not to exceed seven (7) consecutive days, provided a tent has not been erected on the parcel during the preceding forty-five (45) day period. However, no more than four (4) events utilizing tent permits may be allowed per parcel or lot per calendar year. A tent on residentially zoned land that is one hundred fifty (150) square feet or less may be erected pursuant to these standards without a permit.
  - 3. Tents in conjunction with institutional uses, including churches, schools, and nonprofit organizations (excluding tents for seasonal sales or events which are controlled by subsection i. below).

9214		Tents, and all structures accessory to the tents, may be permitted on a parcel or lot for a period not to
9216		exceed fourteen (14) consecutive days. However, no more than four (4) events utilizing tent permits may
9218		be allowed per parcel or lot per calendar year, and the tent shall not be present for more than a total of
9220		twenty-eight (28) of any calendar year.
9222 9224		4. Tents in public parks and county lands. Tents erected in public parks and on county lands are exempt from the four (4) events per year and forty-five (45) day restriction.
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9226		i. Frequency limitation for seasonal tent sales. For seasonal events, such as, but not limited to, the sale of Christmas trees, pumpkins, and sparklers, tents may be permitted.
9228		However, no more than four (4) seasonal events utilizing a tent permit may be allowed per parcel or lot per
9230		calendar year, and the tent sales shall not operate for more than a total of thirty (30) days of any calendar year.
9232		The frequency limitation for seasonal tent sales are calculated separately from the frequency limitations for
9234		non-seasonal tent sales. Where both seasonal and non-seasonal tent sales occur on the same property, the
9236		number of events and the total number of days of a calendar year for the seasonal and non-seasonal tent sales
9238		may be aggregated (i.e. where there are both seasonal and non-seasonal tent sales or events on the same
9240		property, there shall not be more than eight (8) events utilizing a tent permit per parcel or lot per calendar year,
9242		and the tent sales shall not operate for more than a total of fifty-eight (58) days of any calendar year).
9244	(29)	Reserved.
9246 9248	(30)	At warehouse and self-storage facilities, plumbing shall not be provided to individual storage spaces, and plumbing fixtures such as sinks, toilets, and the like shall not be installed.
	(31)	Reserved.
	` /	A special exception is required for agriculturally and
9252	(32)	residentially zoned lands located in a Rural Settlement (RS) designated on the CP Future Land Use Element Map.
	(33)	Pawn shops shall be prohibited.
9254	(34)	The washing and packaging of fruit or vegetables shall be a permitted use when accessory to retail, fruit or vegetable
9256		sales on the premises.

9258 9260	(35)	or prov	open-air sale of agricultural or farming products grown produced on the premises shall be a permitted use vided that the structures for such activity are set back at t twenty-five (25) feet from any front or side property
9262 9264	(36)	Exc	ept as set forth in subsection 39-348(36)h. below, the ing or keeping of poultry shall comply with the following airements:
9266			No commercial on-site slaughtering in agricultural and residential zoned districts;
9268 9270			An agriculturally zoned parcel up to five (5) acres shall be limited to not more than thirty (30) poultry; an amount of poultry in excess of this limit shall require a special exception;
9272 9274		c. :	An agriculturally zoned parcel more than five (5) acres and less than ten (10) acres shall be limited to not more than one hundred (100) poultry; an amount of poultry ir excess of this limit shall require a special exception;
9276		d.	An agriculturally zoned parcel ten (10) acres or greater shall have no limit on the number of poultry;
9278			The following requirements shall apply in the RCE RCE-2 and RCE-5 zoning districts:
			<ol> <li>Roosters shall be prohibited;</li> </ol>
9280			2. All poultry shall be for domestic use only;
9282			3. Not more than twelve (12) poultry; an amount of poultry in excess of this limit shall require a special exception;
9284			Any cage, pen, covered enclosure, barn, or other holding
9286			area shall be setback at least thirty (30) feet from all property lines and at least fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation of any lakes or natural water
9288			bodies;
9290			Excrement and waste shall not be piled or stored within one hundred (100) feet of any residentially zoned district, and from the NHWE;
9292			A bona fide agricultural business or use that is exemp
9294			from local government zoning regulations under the Florida Statutes shall not be subject to the requirements of this subsection 39-348(36); and
9296			The keeping of poultry for an approved 4H or Future Farmers of America (FFA) educational program shall be

9298 9300		permitted, provided the number of poultry does not exceed twelve (12) and the duration of the program does not exceed six (6) months.
9302	(37)	Subject to the following standards and conditions, chickens shall be permitted to be raised or kept only on a lot or parcel
9304		with an owner-occupied single-family detached residence or owner-occupied mobile home, upon the issuance of a single
9306		permit per parcel by the zoning division and payment of an administrative fee as established by the board of county commissioners.
9308 9310		a. <i>Definitions</i> . For purposes of this subsection (37), the following terms and words have the following definitions:
9312		Chicken means the female of a type of domesticated fowl of the species Gallus gallus domesticus.
9314 9316		Chicken coop means a covered enclosure designed for roosting of chickens that provides ventilation and protection from drafts, sunlight, the effects of weather, and predators.
9318		Pen area means an area around the chicken coop used by chickens for exercising and foraging.
9320		b. <i>Application requirements</i> . An applicant shall comply with the following requirements:
9322		1. Training class and application. An applicant shall attend and successfully complete the University of
9324		Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (UF/IFAS) Extension Orange County Backyard Chicken Training Class and present a signed
9326		certificate of completion of that class to the Zoning Division, along with the applicant's completed
9328		application and any other information required by the Zoning Division as part of the process for application
9330		for a permit.
9332		2. Site plan. An applicant shall submit a site plan to the Zoning Division for the chicken coop and pen area. The chicken coop and pen area shall meet the
9334		following requirements:  (i) The chicken coop and pen area shall be
9336		designed and constructed to protect the chickens from natural predators and domestic
9338		pets by being fully enclosed with welded wire mesh, hardware cloth, or other material of

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- similar strength. Chicken wire fencing shall not be used. Additionally, the enclosure material shall be buried at least twelve (12) inches to obstruct or deter digging predators.
- (ii) The chicken coop and pen area shall be tied down to the ground for wind resistance.
- (iii) The maximum size of the chicken coop and pen area together shall be one hundred (100) square feet. The minimum size of the chicken coop shall be four (4) square feet per chicken. The minimum size of the pen area shall be ten (10) square feet per chicken.
- (iv) The maximum height of the chicken coop and pen area shall be six (6) feet, as measured from the existing grade to the highest part of the chicken coop or pen area.
- (v) The chicken coop and pen area shall be located only in the rear yard (not in a side yard, side street yard, or the front yard) and be set back a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from any side or side street property boundary; a minimum of ten (10) feet from the rear property boundary, any wetlands, upland buffers, berms, swales, conservation areas, and platted development right tracts; and fifty (50) feet from any normal highwater elevation.
- (vi) The chicken coop and pen area shall be cleaned regularly to foster healthy chickens; to prevent attracting insects and other vermin; to avoid objectionable odors detectable beyond the property line; and to comply with the requirements in Section 5-42 of the Orange County Code, entitled Nuisance Animals, which prohibits owners or keepers of domestic animals from permitting or allowing animals to engage in certain prohibited behaviors. Repairs to the pen area and chicken coop shall be made as necessary to ensure safety for chickens and caretakers.
- (vii) Opaque fencing or vegetation shall exist or be installed to match the height of the chicken coop or pen area, whichever height is greater,

to serve as a visual barrier for neighboring 9384 properties. The maximum height of the fencing or vegetation shall be six (6) feet. 9386 3. Posting of notice. Upon issuance of a permit, the permittee shall post a sign provided by the Zoning 9388 Division on his or her property for a period of at least seven (7) days informing neighboring property 9390 owners of the permit. c. Number of chickens. A maximum number of four (4) 9392 chickens is permitted. d. Care, maintenance, and disposal of chickens. 9394 1. Food and water. Chickens shall have access to food and water at all times. Feed shall be distributed in a 9396 rodent-proof feeder. Feed shall be stored in a covered 9398 metal or plastic rodent and wildlife-proof container. 2. Housing and custody. Chickens shall be housed at all times within the chicken coop or pen area, except 9400 they may be removed from the chicken coop or pen area by a resident of the single-family residence or 9402 mobile home, provided the resident keeps them under his or her continuous custody and control on 9404 the property while they are outside the chicken coop 9406 or pen area. 3. Waste materials. Composting of manure produced by chickens, including soiled bedding materials, is 9408 allowed in an enclosed bin. Composting of chicken manure or soiled bedding materials is subject to the 9410 requirements of section 28-35 of the Orange County Code, except that any compost bin that contains 9412 chicken manure or soiled bedding materials shall be kept a minimum of twenty (20) feet from the 9414 property's boundary. Waste materials (feed, manure and litter) that are not composted shall be discarded 9416 in a sealed bag and placed in a residential garbage container for pick-up by waste collection services. 9418 4. Purpose of keeping chickens. Chickens shall be kept for the purpose of producing eggs for consumption 9420 on the property only. Chickens, their eggs, feathers and manure shall not be sold. In addition, chickens 9422 shall not be bred; slaughtered, except as provided in Section 828.05, Florida Statutes, and any other 9424 applicable laws for the humane and proficient

- destruction of injured or diseased animals; or consumed.
- 5. Transfer of chickens. Any owner who decides to cease keeping any chicken shall relocate that chicken to a farm or agribusiness that is licensed or otherwise permitted to accept chickens, or to another Orange County resident who has a valid permit in good standing and whose property is in compliance with the requirements of this subsection (37). Chickens shall not be taken to the Orange County Animal Services Division or released into the wild.
- 6. Disposal of deceased chickens. Owners shall dispose of deceased chickens in compliance with the requirements of section 823.041, Florida Statutes, and rules 62-701.520(5)(a) and (c), Florida Administrative Code, as either or both may be applicable.
- e. Additional terms and conditions for permits.
  - 1. Maximum number of permits. A certain maximum number of permits, as established or revised by the Board of County Commissioners, may be issued on a first-come, first-served basis, pursuant to this subsection (37).
  - 2. Non-transferable nature of permits. Permits are personal to a permittee as the owner of the subject property and are not transferable.
  - Property covenants and restrictions. Nothing herein shall be construed or interpreted to mean that the chickens are permitted where private covenants or restrictions prohibit such use, or where rules promulgated under such covenants and restrictions prohibit such use.
  - 4. Noncompliance. The failure to comply with any of the standards and conditions set forth above may result in the revocation of a permit, and may be enforced by issuance of a notice of violation or civil citation. In the event that a permit is revoked, the owner shall relocate the chickens, within fifteen (15) days, to a farm or agribusiness that is licensed or otherwise permitted to accept chickens, or to another Orange County resident who has a valid permit in good standing and whose property is in compliance with the requirements of this subsection (37).

Chickens shall not be taken to the Orange County Animal Services Division or released into the wild. Upon revocation of a permit, the permittee shall not be eligible to apply for another permit for a period of two (2) years.

- 5. Right of entry onto private property; revocation of permit. By applying for a permit under this subsection (37), the applicant grants (a) authorized County employees and agents, upon reasonable notice, a right of entry upon the exterior of the property to determine whether the standards and conditions of this section are being satisfied; and (b) the County the right to revoke a permit upon a determination of noncompliance with this subsection (37). To that end, any code enforcement officer shall be immune from prosecution, civil or criminal, for reasonable, good-faith trespass upon private property while in the discharge of responsibilities under this section.
- f. Prohibited poultry and fowl. Roosters and other poultry or fowl, including turkeys, ducks, geese, pigeons, quail, and peafowl, shall be prohibited.
- g. Effective period. This subsection (37) allowing chickens on a lot or parcel is a permitted program and shall remain in effect unless repealed. If this subsection (37) is repealed, the chickens, along with the chicken coop and pen area shall be removed from the lot or parcel within ten (10) years after the date of such repeal.
- (38) A freestanding carwash is a permitted use if all of the following requirements can be met, but if any of the following requirements cannot be met, a special exception is required:
  - a. Hours of operation shall be limited from 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.;
  - b. The equipment shall be on timers and shall be shut down before and after the hours of operation listed above;
  - c. A six (6) foot high masonry wall or PVC fence shall be constructed along any property lines abutting single family residential uses or zoning; and
  - d. A security system shall be installed to include electronic cameras, with signs posted notifying patrons of the security cameras.

- 9512 9514 9516 9518 9520 services. 9522 9524 applicable. 9526 the Public Works Department. 9528 9530 Code. 9532 9534 9536 on the Land Use Plan. 9538 f. A special event in residential, agricultural, P-O and 9540 9542 9544 subject to the following standards: 9546 9548 9550 9552
- (39) A special event, as defined in chapter 40, article VI, may be permitted, subject to the following requirements:
  - a. Special event parking shall be provided at a ratio of one space per every three anticipated attendees and shall be located on-site, unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Manager for parking off-site. Factors that will be considered when reviewing proposed off-site parking include, but shall not be limited to, distance from the special event, walkability from the parking area to the special event, and/or the provision of any shuttle
  - b. An outdoor special event permit must be obtained from the Orange County Fire Marshal's Office, where
  - c. A special event that would require use of rights-of-way must have maintenance of traffic consistent with section 21-236 and a right-of-way utilization permit issued by
  - d. Any tents or signage in association with a special event shall comply with and be permitted in accordance with
  - e. A special event in a PD zoning district shall be permitted on those portions of the PD designated for commercial or industrial uses and shall comply with subsection 39-348(39)h. below. A special event on land designated for other than commercial or industrial uses are not permitted, unless expressly allowed as a permitted use
  - neighborhood residential (NR) districts may be permitted in association with existing uses on developed sites that are permitted in the district, have approved special exceptions, or are recognized as legal nonconforming uses, and have obtained all required permits
    - 1. Frequency and duration limitations. Limited to a maximum of four times per calendar year, with each event not to exceed a maximum of four days. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 9:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. However, for good cause shown, the Zoning Manager may grant extensions to the frequency and/or duration limitations.
    - 2. Restrictions and prohibitions on special events:

9554		(i)	A special event that includes amusement rides or attractions (such as a carnival) or a
9556			farmer's market shall require a special exception.
9558		(ii)	A special event that consists of the sale of vehicles, boats or RVs shall be prohibited.
9560		(iii)	A maximum of two (2) food trucks may be permitted in association with a special event.
9562	g.	_	l event in residential, agricultural, and ood residential (NR) districts on vacant and
9564		undevelop	ed land shall be permitted only by special However, the Zoning Manager may approve
9566 9568		shall be	ne-time only special event, and if approved, it subject to the requirements set forth in 39-348(39) a.—d.
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9570	h.	-	event in commercial, industrial, NC, and NAC nay be permitted, subject to the following
9572		-	ency and duration limitations: Special events in ercial and industrial districts may occur a
9574		maxim	num of twelve (12) times per year, with each
9576		of open	limited to a maximum of four (4) days. Hours ration shall be limited to between 7:00a.m. and
9578		Zoning	o.m. However, for good cause shown, the g Manager may grant extensions to the ncy and/or duration limitations.
9580		2. Restric	ctions and prohibitions on special events:
9582		(i)	A special event that includes amusement rides or attractions (such as a carnival) or a farmer's market shall require a special
9584			exception in the C-1, NC, and NAC zoning districts.
9586		(ii)	A special event that consists of the sale of vehicles, boats or RVs shall be prohibited in
9588			the C-1, NC, and NAC zoning districts.
9590		(iii)	A maximum of two (2) food trucks may be permitted in association with a special event, however, additional food trucks may be
9592			allowed when approved by the Zoning Manager.
9594	(40) Re	served.	

(41) Except as set forth in subsection 39-348(41)h. below, the 9596 raising or keeping of horses, ponies, donkeys and mules shall comply with the following requirements: a. No on-site slaughtering, commercial or otherwise; 9598 b. In A-1, A-2, A-R, RCE, RCE-2 and RCE-5 zoning districts not more than one (1) animal per acre for 9600 grazing purposes only (not kept in holding areas too); more than one (1) animal per acre for grazing only 9602 requires a special exception; c. In A-1, A-2, A-R, RCE, RCE-2 and RCE-5 zoning 9604 districts not more than one (1) animal per acre for grazing purposes; if animals are permanently kept in 9606 holding areas such as a barn, paddock, stall, or corral, no more than four (4) animals per conforming lot or parcel, 9608 and if more than four (4) animals are kept in holding areas, a special exception shall be required; the 9610 requirements for property where animals only graze and where animals are kept in holding areas shall be mutually 9612 exclusive: d. Any barn, paddock, stall, or corral shall be setback at 9614 least fifteen (15) feet from all property lines and at least fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation of 9616 any lakes or natural water bodies; e. Manure and compost shall not be piled or stored within 9618 thirty (30) feet of any property line, or within one hundred (100) feet from the NHWE; 9620 f. Boarding of animals for commercial purposes in agricultural and residential zoned districts requires a 9622 special exception, and is subject to the requirements in subsections 39-348(41)b. through e.; 9624 g. Boarding of animals for commercial purposes in commercial and industrial zoned districts is permitted, 9626 subject to the requirements in subsections 39-348(41)e. 9628 and f.: h. A bona fide agricultural business or use that is exempt from local government zoning regulations under the 9630 Florida Statutes shall not be subject to the requirements 9632 of this subsection 39-348(41); i. The keeping of animals for an approved 4H or FFA educational program shall be permitted, provided the 9634 number of animals does not exceed six (6) and the duration of the program does not exceed six (6) months. 9636

(42) Dual rear wheel vehicles are permitted subject to the 9638 following conditions: a. In the A-1, A-2, RCE-5, RCE-2, RCE zoning districts, dual rear wheel vehicles are permitted provided they are 9640 used in conjunction with an active agricultural 9642 operation/use on-site; b. The overnight parking and/or storage of a dual rear wheel vehicle shall be subject to all applicable Orange 9644 County Code requirements, including paved parking, buffers and screening to adjacent properties, and 9646 drainage, except that active agricultural operations/uses shall be exempt from the paved parking, buffer, drainage 9648 and screening requirements; and c. Unless otherwise permitted by the Orange County Code, 9650 no person shall park or store outdoors a dual rear wheel vehicle in any area of unincorporated Orange County 9652 including streets and rights-of-way, except temporarily while engaged in the loading or unloading of persons or 9654 property. (43) The sale or storage of firewood in any amount shall be 9656 permitted in the C-2, C-3, I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3 and I-4 zoning districts. The sale or storage of firewood in any amount shall 9658 only be permitted indoors in the C-1 zoning district. The sale or storage of two (2) or less cords of firewood during any 9660 single calendar year not grown on-site and the sale or storage of firewood in any amount grown on-site shall be permitted 9662 in the A-1 and A-2 zoning districts. The sale or storage of more than two (2) cords of firewood not grown on-site in the 9664 A-1 and A-2 zoning districts requires a special exception. All sites selling or storing firewood not grown on-site shall be 9666 subject to the following restrictions: a. If more than two (2) cords of firewood are being sold or 9668 offered for sale, the site shall have a minimum of two (2) parking spaces for customers; 9670 b. The firewood and associated equipment shall be located a minimum of fifty (50) feet from all off-site residences 9672 and twenty-five (25) feet from all property lines; 9674 c. Stacks or piles of firewood cannot exceed four (4) feet in height; and d. A six (6) foot high solid screened wooden fence or wall 9676 or a twenty-five (25) foot wide landscape buffer containing minimum eight (8) foot high trees and 9678 twenty-four (24) inch hedges shall be installed or planted

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adjacent to all residential property lines. A landscape plan shall be subject to the zoning manager's approval. A site where two (2) or less cords of firewood are being stored, sold or offered for sale shall be exempt from this requirement.

- (44) Plant nurseries and greenhouses shall be permitted, provided there is no retailing of products on site. Plant nurseries shall include the production, wholesaling, and distribution of plant materials grown or cultivated on site. Seedlings may be transported to the site. However, the majority of plant materials shall be grown on site.
- (45) Except as provided in subsections (45)a. through f. for boats and boat trailers and subsections (45)g. through j. for recreational vehicles, no boat or boat trailer, regardless of its length, and no recreational vehicle, may be parked, stored, or otherwise kept on a lot or parcel. For purposes of this subsection (45), a "boat" shall not include a canoe sixteen (16) feet or less in length, a sailboat sixteen (16) feet or less in length with the mast down, a jon boat sixteen (16) feet or less in length, or a personal watercraft (e.g. a jet ski). Also for purposes of this subsection, the length of a boat shall be measured from the front of the bow to the back of the stern, excluding the motor or propeller.
  - a. The maximum number of boats and boat trailers permitted to be parked, stored or kept on the lot or parcel shall be calculated as follows depending on the size of the lot or parcel:
    - 1. For a lot or parcel less than or equal to one-quarter acre, the maximum total number is two (2) boats and boat trailers, with a maximum number of one (1) boat in the front yard;
    - 2. For a lot or parcel greater than one-quarter (1/4) acre and less than or equal to one-half (1/2) acre, the maximum total number is three (3) boats and boat trailers, with maximum number of one (1) boat in the front yard; and
    - 3. For a lot or parcel greater than one-half (½) acre, the maximum total number is four (4) boats and boat trailers, with a maximum number of one (1) boat in the front yard.
  - b. The registered owner of the boat and/or boat trailer shall be the owner or lessee of the principal structure at the lot or parcel.

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- c. No boat or boat trailer may be parked, stored, or kept wholly or partially within the public or private right-of-way, including the sidewalk.
- d. No boat may be occupied or used for storage purposes.
- e. A boat or boat trailer less than or equal to twenty-four (24) feet in length may be parked, stored, or kept inside a garage, under a carport, in the driveway, in the front vard on an approved surface, in the side vard, or in the rear half (½) of the lot or parcel. An approved surface situated in the front half (1/2) of the lot or parcel shall be placed immediately contiguous to the driveway, and not anywhere else in the front yard or side yard. Such a boat or boat trailer on the rear half (1/2) of the lot or parcel shall be screened from view from the right-of-way when it is parked or stored behind the principal structure, and shall be at least ten (10) feet from the side lot lines and at least five (5) feet from the rear lot line. Setbacks may be reduced to zero (0) feet if a six-foot high fence, wall, or vegetative buffer, exists along the lot line. (For purposes of this subsection (45), an "approved surface" shall mean a surface consisting of asphalt, gravel, pavers, or concrete.)
- f. A boat or boat trailer greater than twenty-four (24) feet in length may be parked, stored or kept inside a garage, under a carport, or in the rear half of the lot or parcel, but not in the driveway or in the front yard. Such a boat or boat trailer on the rear half of the lot or parcel shall be screened from view from the right-of-way when it is parked or stored behind the principal structure, and shall be at least ten (10) feet from the side lot lines and at least five (5) feet from the rear lot line. Setbacks may be reduced to zero (0) if a six-foot high fence, wall, or vegetative buffer, exists along the lot line. Furthermore, the owner of such a boat or boat trailer shall obtain a permit from the zoning division in order to park, store or keep the boat or boat trailer at the lot or parcel.
- g. Not more than one (1) recreational vehicle may be parked, stored or kept on the lot or parcel.
- h. The owner of the recreational vehicle shall be the owner or lessee of the principal structure at the lot or parcel.
- i. No recreational vehicle may be occupied while it is parked, stored or kept on the parcel.

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- j. A recreational vehicle may be parked, stored or kept only on an approved surface in the front half (½) of the lot or parcel (behind the front yard setback) or on an unimproved surface in the rear half (½) of the lot or parcel. The recreational vehicle shall not obscure the view of the principal structure from the right-of-way adjoining the front of the subject property, and shall be at least ten (10) feet from the side lot lines and at least five (5) feet from the rear lot line. Setbacks may be reduced to zero (0) feet if a six-foot high fence, wall, or vegetative buffer, exists along the lot line. Furthermore, the owner of such a recreational vehicle shall obtain a permit from the zoning division in order to park, store or keep the recreational vehicle at the lot or parcel.
- (46) Restaurants without drive-through or walk-up windows may be permitted as a special exception only. Every application for such a special exception shall be accompanied by a notarized letter from the property owner or his authorized representative stating that he understands and agrees that drive-through or walk-up windows are prohibited.
- (47) Travel agencies, tour brokers, and tour operators shall be permitted uses, subject to no parking of transportation vehicles on site, no servicing or maintenance of company vehicles on site, and no pick-up or drop-off of customers on-site.
- (48) Reserved.
- (49) Except as set forth in subsection 39-348(49)e. below, the raising or keeping of goats, sheep, lambs, and pigs shall comply with the following requirements:
  - a. No commercial on-site slaughtering in agricultural and residential zoned districts;
  - b. Not more than eight (8) animals per acre; more than that amount requires a special exception;
  - c. Any barn, paddock, stall, pen, or corral shall be setback at least fifteen (15) feet from all property lines and at least fifty (50) feet from the normal high-water elevation of any lakes or natural water bodies;
  - d. Manure and compost shall not be piled or stored within thirty (30) feet of any property line, or within one hundred (100) feet from the NHWE;
  - e. A bona fide agricultural business or use that is exempt from local government zoning regulations under the

Florida Statutes shall not be subject to the requirements 9808 of this subsection 39-348(49); f. The keeping of animals for an approved 4H or FFA educational program shall be permitted, provided the 9810 number of animals does not exceed six (6) and the 9812 duration of the program does not exceed six (6) months. (50) To the extent not inconsistent or in conflict with any 9814 applicable federal or state law, including F.S. § 163.04, solar panels, wind turbines, and other energy devices based on renewable resources may be permitted, provided they 9816 comply with the following requirements: a. Solar panels, wind turbines and other energy devices 9818 shall be located at least two hundred (200) feet from any residential use or district or P-D with residential land use 9820 approval; b. Solar panels, wind turbines and other energy devices 9822 shall comply with all other applicable laws and regulations. 9824 In an A-1, A-2, I-2/I-3, or I-4 zoned district, the location (51) a. depicted on the approved commercial site plan for this 9826 type of use or operation that will have equipment or machines, including a crusher, stockpiles, 9828 loading/unloading activity, but excluding a truck or other motor vehicle or an internal access road, shall be at least 9830 one thousand (1,000) feet from the nearest property line of any residential zoned district, residential use, or 9832 school. b. The type of use or operation allowed under subsection 9834 39-348(51)a. shall meet the following location, design and operational criteria: 9836 1. The use or operation shall be subject to an approved commercial site plan, and shall comply with all 9838 applicable laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations, including the air quality rules codified at article III, 9840 chapter 15, Orange County Code, the noise control 9842 ordinance codified at article V, chapter 15, Orange County Code, and the vibration requirements in section 38-1454, Orange County Code. 9844 2. Unconfined or uncontrolled emissions of particulate matter from any crushing activity, screening activity, 9846 conveying activity, stockpiling, loading/unloading activity, or vehicular traffic shall be controlled using 9848

- zoned districts.
  - water suppression systems, dust suppressants, or other engineering controls acceptable to the County.
  - 3. Buffer requirements at any abutting residential or institutional use property line shall be Type A opaque with landscaping, consistent with the landscaping and buffering requirements of chapter 40.
  - 4. Stockpile heights shall not exceed thirty-five (35) feet above the finished grade elevation in A-1 and A-2 zoned districts, and shall not exceed fifty (50) feet above the finished grade elevation in I-2/I-3 and I-4 zoned districts
  - 5. Building heights shall not exceed fifty (50) feet, or thirty-five (35) feet when located within one hundred (100) feet of a residential zoning district or residential designation on the future land use map, or one hundred (100) feet when located more than five hundred (500) feet of a residential zoning district or residential designation on the future land use map, whichever is applicable.
  - 6. Hours of operation shall be limited to 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on Saturday at a plant or facility in an A-1, A-2, I-2/I-3, or I-4 zoned district. No such plant or facility may operate on Sunday.
  - c. Notwithstanding anything that may or seem to be contrary in section 38-77 or this subsection 39-348(51), excavation pits shall be a permitted use in the I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3, I-4, A-1, and A-2 zoned districts, subject to complying with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations, including the excavation and fill ordinance codified at chapter 16, Orange County Code. Any crushing activity or crushing equipment at an excavation pit shall comply with the one thousand (1,000) foot distance separation requirement described in subsection 39-348(51)a.
  - (52) The raising or keeping of not more than two (2) swine to be used for domestic purposes only shall be a permitted use, provided that the occupied sty is not less than one hundred (100) feet from any property line.
  - (53) Grove caretaking and harvesting in conjunction with the care and maintenance of agricultural commodities shall be a permitted use.

(54) Veterinary hospitals or dog and cat grooming may be permitted in a completely enclosed, soundproofed building. 9892 No outdoor animal runs may be permitted and no animal 9894 containment facilities may be located except in a completely enclosed, soundproof structure. 9896 (55) Temporary portable storage containers (TPSC) are permitted in a manner that is safe and compatible with adjacent surrounding uses and activities and in compliance with this 9898 subsection. A TPSC to be placed on property for less than one hundred eighty (180) days requires a zoning permit. A 9900 TPSC to be placed on property for one hundred eighty (180) days or more requires a zoning permit and a building permit. 9902 a. A TPSC may be permitted for the following periods of 9904 time, but the zoning manager may authorize a time extension of the applicable duration period if the that owner demonstrates extenuating 9906 circumstances exist to justify the extension: 1. A TPSC placed in conjunction with moving, 9908 remodeling, or reconstruction activities may be permitted for a maximum of ninety (90) days. 9910 2. A TPSC placed for new construction may be permitted for a maximum of one hundred eighty 9912 (180) days. A building permit, when required for the associated work, shall be issued prior to issuance of 9914 a zoning permit for a TPSC. 3. Once a permit for a TPSC has utilized its maximum 9916 duration, or has been removed from the site, no additional permits for a TPSC may be issued until 9918 after a period conjunction with a Seasonal Sales Tent Permit (see d.7 below). 9920 4. The TPSC shall be removed upon expiration of the zoning permit, or within seven (7) days of 9922 completion of permitted work, whichever occurs earlier. 9924 b. A TPSC located in a single-family residential or 9926 agricultural district shall comply with the following location and size requirements: 9928 1. A TPSC shall be located a minimum of five (5) feet from any property line. 9930 2. The maximum allowable size for a TPSC in a residential district is one hundred sixty (160) square feet. 9932

9934 9936		3. A TPSC shall not be located in a manner that impairs a motor vehicle operator's view of other vehicles, bicycles or pedestrians utilizing, entering or exiting a right-of-way, or in a manner that obstructs the flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
9938 9940		4. Unless the site is new construction, a TPSC shall be placed on an improved surface only. A TPSC shall not be placed within a required landscape or buffer area, wetland, or designated conservation area.
9942 9944	c.	A TPSC located in a non-residential or multi-family zoning district shall adhere to the following location and size requirements:
9946		1. A TPSC shall be located a minimum of five (5) feet from a side or rear property line, and a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from any right-of-way.
9948 9950		2. A TPSC may not be located in any required parking spaces if duration exceeds thirty (30) days, or unless otherwise approved by the zoning manager.
9952 9954		3. A TPSC shall not be located in a manner that impairs a motor vehicle operator's view of other vehicles, bicycles or pedestrians utilizing, entering or exiting a right-of-way, or in a manner that obstructs the flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
9956 9958		4. Unless the site is new construction, a TPSC shall be placed on an improved surface only. A TPSC shall not be placed within a required landscape or buffer area, wetland, or designated conservation area.
9960	d.	A TPSC may be permitted for seasonal sales, subject to the following requirements:
9962		1. A seasonal sales tent permit shall be issued prior to or in conjunction with the TPSC.
9964 9966		2. A TPSC shall be located a minimum of five (5) feet from a side or rear property line, and a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from any right-of-way.
9968		3. A TPSC may be located in a grassed area, but shall not be placed within a required landscape or buffer area, wetland, or designated conservation area.
9970		4. A TPSC shall not be located in a manner that impairs a motor vehicle operator's view of other vehicles,
9972		bicycles or pedestrians utilizing, entering or exiting a right-of-way, or in a manner that obstructs the flow
9974		of pedestrian or vehicular traffic.

5. A TPSC shall not be placed in any required parking 9976 areas. 6. A TPSC shall be removed within seven (7) days of the tent permit's expiration. 9978 7. A TPSC utilized for seasonal sales shall not be considered a TPSC that must adhere to the 180-day 9980 TPSC prohibition period referenced in subsection 9982 39-348(55)a.3. (56) Reserved. (57) Borrow pits, and excavation and fill activity shall be a 9984 permitted use subject to meeting the requirements of chapter 16 (Excavation and Fill). 9986 (58) Reserved. (59) Reserved. 9988 (60) No storage of recreational vehicles, boats or similar items shall be permitted on-site. Outdoor storage is not permitted. 9990 (61) Gas substations, telephone dial exchange buildings, and radio and television substations and towers shall be 9992 permitted in industrial districts. Such structures may be permitted in any other district only as a special exception. 9994 Security fences, minimum of six (6) feet in height, shall be required around any substation. (Electric substations, also 9996 known as distribution electric substations, are addressed under subsection 39-348(81).) 9998 Structures, buildings, or uses required for public or private sewer and water facilities shall be permitted in industrial 10000 districts. Such structures may be permitted in any other district only as a special exception. 10002 (62) Citrus and other agricultural crops, cultivation and production shall be a permitted use, provided that no 10004 retailing shall be permitted on-site. (63) With respect to animal slaughtering, and the confinement of 10006 animals for finishing and preparation for slaughter, all storage and processing activities shall be enclosed within a 10008 wall or structure constructed and maintained in a manner such that storage, slaughtering, or processing activity is not 10010 visible from any public or private street or any point on abutting property lines. 10012 (64) Such use shall be only light assembly of pre-manufactured components. Industrial equipment shall be prohibited; only 10014 hand tools shall be permitted.

- (65) The following uses may be permitted when integrated within a primary use structure and primarily oriented towards serving the individuals employed within or served by the primary use structure:
  - a. Restaurants, lunch stands, snack bars (including outside/patio seating).
  - b. Tobacco, candy, newspaper, and magazine counters.
  - c. Day care, laundry/dry cleaning (pick-up/drop off only), and quick printing services.
  - d. Exercise centers.

The uses permitted in subsections a. through d., above are intended to be limited in scope and ancillary to the uses in the primary use structures. The ancillary uses are intended to function primarily as a convenient means of providing meals, sundries and services to individuals employed within, or served by, the primary use structure, and may be open only during normal hours of operation of a majority of the businesses in the primary use structure. Ancillary uses shall not occupy more than twenty (20) percent of the gross floor area of any building, nor shall such uses have individual outside entrances designed as the primary ingress to the facility. No accessory use shall be permitted any display of advertising signs or merchandise visible from outside the building.

- (66) Bakery shops, the products of which are sold only at retail on the premises, shall be a permitted use.
- (67) Automobile parts, new and reconditioned, with no on-site installation, shall be a permitted use. Installation may be permitted as an ancillary use only, when conducted within an enclosed structure. Further, only those items sold on premises may be installed on premise.
- (68) An automobile service station shall be a permitted use, subject to the following standards:
  - a. All pump islands shall be set back at least fifteen (15) feet from the right-of-way line, or, where a major street setback distance has been established under article XV of chapter 38, pump islands shall not encroach into the setback distance more than fifteen (15) feet.
  - b. The overhang of a pump island canopy not attached to the service station structure shall be set back at least five
    (5) feet from the right-of-way line, or, where a major street setback distance has been established, such

10058		overhang shall not encroach into the setback distance more than twenty-five (25) feet.
10060		c. The overhang of a pump island canopy attached to the service station structure shall be deemed part of the
10062		structure and subject to building setback requirements.
10064		d. When the service station abuts a residential district, buffers shall comply with the requirements in chapter 40.
10066		e. Automobile towing may be permitted as an accessory use. However, towed vehicles shall not be stored on site.
10068 10070	(69)	The keeping of animals for an approved 4H or FFA educational program shall be permitted, provided the number of animals does not exceed six (6) and the duration of the program does not exceed six (6) months.
10070	(70)	
10072	(70)	Pump islands for dispensation of motor fuel shall be a permitted ancillary use in conjunction with convenience stores. All pump islands shall comply with the requirements
10074		of subsection 39-348(68).
10076	(71)	Subject to chapter 3 (Adult Entertainment Code) and chapter 40, as they may be amended from time to time.
10078	(72)	Pawn shops (no boats or motor vehicles) shall be a permitted use.
10080	(73)	A labor pool or labor hall shall be located a minimum of five hundred (500) feet from residential and agricultural zoning district boundary lines.
10082	(74)	Reserved.
10084 10086	(75)	A barbershop or beauty shop may be permitted, provided that retail sales of beauty or barber products shall be permitted only if ancillary to the beauty or barber shop, and that such retail sales occur only within the interior of the
10000		shop structure or tenant lease space.
10088	(76)	An entity involved in the utilization of various types of materials in a finished or an unfinished condition, and
10090		processing them with various manufacturing machinery and labor techniques in order to produce a marketable product.
10092		For any entity existing as of January 1, 2013, this shall be a permitted use. For any entity opened after January 1, 2013,
10094		this use shall be allowed only as a special exception.
10096		Such light manufacturing activity shall be confined within a structure on the property, but allowances may be made for outside storage of materials directly related to manufacturing
10098		activities and recyclable materials, but should be confined, 299

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whenever practical, in containers suitable for the volume and type of material being stored. Depending on the circumstances, such storage devices may be semi trailers or other similar structures, so long as they are maintained in a condition that is compatible with the area. Notwithstanding the foregoing, outside storage shall not be visible from the South Orange Blossom Trail, Michigan Street, Kaley Avenue, or Rio Grande Avenue right-of-way.

- (77) Reserved.
- (78) Organizations that offer supervised recreation, education, career tutoring, and character building activities to youth (those under 18 years of age).
- (79) An employment agency, excluding a temporary labor pool, shall be a permitted use.
- (80) A trade show shall be a permitted use, provided that the operation involves the congregation of manufacturing representatives for the purpose of displaying products to potential merchant purchasers, the operation is conducted entirely on a wholesale basis, the operation is not open to the public, and all sales orders are shipped and/or delivered directly from the manufacturer's warehouse.
- (81) Distribution electric substations, as that term is defined in F.S. § 163.3208(2), shall be permitted in all zoning districts, except in those areas designated as preservation, conservation, or historic preservation on the future land use map or duly adopted ordinance. Security fencing, a minimum of six (6) feet in height, shall be required around the substation. In addition, applicants for such uses shall be required to implement reasonable setback, landscaping, screening, buffering, lighting, and other aesthetic compatibility standards. Vegetated buffers or screening beneath aerial access points to the substation equipment shall not be required to have a mature height in excess of fourteen (14) feet. Unless and until the county adopts reasonable standards for substation siting in accordance with section 163.3208(3), the standards set forth in section 163.3208(4), shall apply. Prior to submitting an application for the location of a new distribution electric substation in a residential area, the utility shall consult with the county regarding the selection of the site, and both the utility and the county shall comply with section 163.3208(6). If the county adopts standards for the siting of new distribution electric substations, the county shall be subject to the timeframes set forth in section 163.3208(8) for granting or

denying a properly completed application for a permit and for notifying the permit applicant as to whether the application is, for administrative purposes only, properly completed and has been properly submitted.

- (51) a. In the C-3 zoning district, a truck terminal shall require a special exception if the parcel is located within one thousand (1,000) feet of any residentially zoned property, as measured from the property line of the C-3 zoned parcel, to the closest property line of the residentially zoned parcel.
  - b. All paint, body, automotive and mechanical repairs and work shall be conducted and confined within an enclosed structure.
- (83) To the extent this subsection relating to energy devices based on renewable resources, or any portion thereof, may not be consistent with or may conflict with an applicable federal or state law, including F.S. §§ 163.04 and 163.32051, the applicable federal or state law shall control. Solar panels, wind turbines, and other energy devices based on renewable resources may be permitted as an accessory structure or use. Solar panels that are not free-standing, ground-mounted, or floating shall be located on the roof or top of a building or structure, provided they do not exceed the maximum building height requirement. Wind turbines may be only free-standing or ground-mounted. Free-standing and ground-mounted wind turbines and solar panels shall comply with the following additional requirements:
  - a. The maximum height of wind turbines shall be fifteen (15) feet, and the maximum height of solar panels shall be eight (8) feet;
  - b. Maximum of one (1) wind turbine per parcel;
  - c. Free-standing or ground-mounted solar panels shall be screened from the right-of-way view and any adjacent properties by an opaque fence, wall, planting and/or existing vegetation, or any combination thereof, that maintains an opaque buffer up to eight (8) feet in height or the height of the solar panel, whichever is less. The vegetative buffer, where applicable, must be at least four (4) feet high and seventy (70) percent opaque at planting and be capable of attaining full height and complete opacity within three (3) years, except that where the side, side street and rear setbacks of solar panels exceed thirty (30) feet, the screening requirements of this subsection c. shall not apply;

10186 10188		d.	Minimum setback shall be five (5) feet from side and rear property lines, and fifteen (15) feet from the side street property line;
10190		e.	The square footage of any ground mounted solar panel system shall not count towards the allowed square footage for other accessory structures;
10192		f.	Wind turbines and solar panels shall be located only in a side or rear yard; and
10194 10196		g.	Wind turbines, solar panels and other energy devices shall comply with all other applicable laws and regulations.
10198	(84)	res	screen enclosure located in a residential district or idential area within a planned development shall comply the following requirements:
10200 10202		a.	Aluminum posts shall only support the screen mesh and solid aluminum kick panels up to twenty-four (24) inches in height above the floor of the enclosure.
10202		b.	The maximum height of a screen enclosure shall be thirty-five (35) feet.
10206		c.	Setbacks for a screen enclosure on a detached single-family dwelling or multifamily dwelling:
10208			1. Front yard setback: Same as the principal structure for the respective zoning district.
			2. Side street yard setback: Fifteen (15) feet.
10210			3. Side yard setback: Five (5) feet.
			4. Rear yard setback: Five (5) feet.
10212			5. Normal High Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501, footnote A.
10214		d.	Setbacks for a screen enclosure on an attached single family dwelling unit (townhouse unit) or attached
10216			duplex:
10218			1. Front yard setback: Same as the principal structure for the respective zoning district.
			2. Side street yard setback: Fifteen (15) feet.
10220			3. Side yard setback: Zero (0) feet internal/five (5) feet end unit.
10222			4. Rear yard setback: A screen enclosure may extend up to fifty (50) percent into the required rear yard
10224			setback for the principal structure. Notwithstanding

10226		the foregoing, where an alley is present, the screen enclosure shall not be located closer than five (5) feet to the edge of the alley easement.
10228		5. Normal High Water Elevation (NHWE) setback: Per section 38-1501, footnote A.
10230 10232	(85)	A skating rink, billiard parlor or bowling alley shall be a permitted use, provided that such activity and facility is enclosed within a completely enclosed, soundproofed
		building.
10234	(86)	Outdoor seating is permitted subject to the following conditions:
10236		a. All lighting at outdoor seating areas shall be directed away from all residential uses or residential zoning
10238		districts;
10240		b. Activity at outdoor seating areas shall comply with chapter 15, article V (noise pollution control) Orange County Code;
10242		c. All outdoor seating shall be depicted on site plans; and
10244		d. Any outdoor seating permitting dogs must comply with section 38-1402 (dog-friendly restaurants).
	(87)	A single portable food vendor, including a food truck or
10246		vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be
10248		vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in
		vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in subsections a. through h. and j.:
10248		vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in
10248 10250		vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in subsections a. through h. and j.:  a. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m.
10248 10250		vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in subsections a. through h. and j.:  a. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 12:00 a.m.;
10248 10250 10252		<ul> <li>vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in subsections a. through h. and j.:</li> <li>a. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 12:00 a.m.;</li> <li>b. Outdoor seating shall be prohibited;</li> <li>c. Audio equipment and video equipment shall be prohibited;</li> <li>d. Overnight stay shall be prohibited unless the use is</li> </ul>
10248 10250 10252 10254 10256 10258		<ul> <li>vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in subsections a. through h. and j.:</li> <li>a. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 12:00 a.m.;</li> <li>b. Outdoor seating shall be prohibited;</li> <li>c. Audio equipment and video equipment shall be prohibited;</li> <li>d. Overnight stay shall be prohibited unless the use is located in a zoning district that permits outdoor storage, in which case the vehicle, truck and any other equipment stored overnight shall be placed in an area that is not</li> </ul>
10248 10250 10252 10254 10256		<ul> <li>vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in subsections a. through h. and j.:</li> <li>a. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 12:00 a.m.;</li> <li>b. Outdoor seating shall be prohibited;</li> <li>c. Audio equipment and video equipment shall be prohibited;</li> <li>d. Overnight stay shall be prohibited unless the use is located in a zoning district that permits outdoor storage, in which case the vehicle, truck and any other equipment stored overnight shall be placed in an area that is not visible from a public right-of-way.</li> </ul>
10248 10250 10252 10254 10256 10258		<ul> <li>vehicle, shall be a permitted use on a parcel or lot, subject to the requirements in subsections a. through i., or it may be permitted as a special exception in a C-1 zoned district pursuant to subsection k., subject to the requirements in subsections a. through h. and j.:</li> <li>a. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 12:00 a.m.;</li> <li>b. Outdoor seating shall be prohibited;</li> <li>c. Audio equipment and video equipment shall be prohibited;</li> <li>d. Overnight stay shall be prohibited unless the use is located in a zoning district that permits outdoor storage, in which case the vehicle, truck and any other equipment stored overnight shall be placed in an area that is not</li> </ul>

10266		Code, and the operation shall be setback a minimum of ten (10) feet from any such public right-of-way;
10268		f. Pursuant to chapter 40, signage is prohibited.
10270		g. The operation shall not be located within any driveway, driving aisle or on any parking spaces required pursuant to article XI of chapter 38 of the Orange County Code;
10272 10274		h. The operation shall not be permitted on any property not containing a licensed and approved business or on any vacant property or vacant building;
10276		i. The vendor shall provide the county with a notarized affidavit from the property owner approving a food vending operation.
10278		j. In the C-1 zoning district, a portable food vendor (not including a food truck or vehicle) may be permitted if it
10280		is located entirely under the canopy of the principal building on-site. A single portable food vendor,
10282		including a food truck or vehicle may be permitted as a special exception under subsection k.;
10284		k. In the C-1 zoned district, an operation may be permitted as a special exception in an area that is not located under
10286		the canopy of the principal building on-site, provided the length and width of the mobile trailer are equal to or
10288		greater than seven (7) feet by fourteen (14) feet, such an operation satisfies the standards in subsections a.
10290		through i., and such an operation is situated at least one thousand (1,000) feet from any other such operation (the
10292		distance being measured from property line to property line).
10294		If more than one (1) portable food vendor is proposed on a lot or parcel, the operation shall be deemed an open air
10296		market, and may be allowed only if approved by special exception.
10298	(88)	An ambulatory surgical facility in conjunction with, and ancillary to, a doctor's office, shall be a permitted use,
10300		provided that such facility does not allow overnight stays.
10302 10304	(89)	A private psychiatric treatment and study center with inpatient service in conjunction with a university or other institution of higher learning for the purpose of cooperative research shall be a permitted use.
	(00)	A birthing facility shall be a permitted use, provided that it
10306	(30)	provides outpatient service only.

10308	(91)	A technical or trade school for persons eighteen (18) years of age or older may be permitted as a special exception.
10310	(92)	A diet counseling center shall be a permitted use, provided that no products or merchandise are sold except to clientele in conjunction with such counseling services, and no
10312	(0.2)	exercise classes are conducted.
10314	(93)	Authors and composers (excluding musical studios) shall be a permitted use.
10316	(94)	National defense related uses may be permitted as a special exception which, either because of (i) the activities to be performed or carried out on the land, (ii) the improvements
10318		then existing or thereafter to be placed on the land, (iii) the
10320		products and/or materials necessarily or incidentally associated with the use of the land or improvements then existing or thereafter to be placed thereon, or (iv) the testing
10322		or other development of fabrication activities occurring or to
10324		occur on the land or in the improvements then or thereafter to be located thereon:
10326		a. Constitutes a potential security or safety concern which, in the interest of public health, safety and welfare, is more appropriately carried out in remote rural locations
10328		away from population centers; and
10330		b. Is the subject of and are required to comply with national security regulations and classifications promulgated by the United States government or any division or
10332		department thereof; and
10334		c. Is directly related to, is the subject and a part of the national defense program of the United States of America.
10336		d. Application for such use shall include a site plan including the following:
10338		1. Title and date of plan;
10340		<ol> <li>Name, address and telephone numbers of owner/developer/surveyor, engineer and other consultants;</li> </ol>
10342		3. Scale of plan (preferably one (1) inch equals one hundred (100) feet) and north arrow;
10344		<ol> <li>Location map showing the site in relation to existing roads and development;</li> </ol>
10346		5. Legal description and approximate acreage;
		6. Boundary of tract shown by a heavy line;

10348		7. Zoning of adjacent property;
10350		8. Building location with dimensions from property line;
		9. Egress and ingress point to primary access roads;
10352		10. Off-street parking requirements and location;
		11. Height of building;
10354		12. Exterior lighting plan;
		13. Landscape/buffer plan;
10356		14. Potential traffic generation (based on Institute of Transportation Engineers Standards);
10358		15. Security plan;
		16. Method of wastewater management;
10360		17. Method of potable and nonpotable water supply;
10362		18. Generation and disposal of hazardous waste (type and amount);
		19. Existing natural features; and
10364		20. Typographical survey (at one-foot intervals).
	(95)	Docks shall be permitted, subject to the following standards:
10366		<ul> <li>a. Dock construction shall comply with article IX, chapter</li> <li>15, Orange County Code;</li> </ul>
10368		b. Any part of the dock that is landward of the normal high-
10370		water elevation shall have a minimum side yard setback of five (5) feet;
10372		c. The dock shall be located on the parcel with the dock owner's residence or it may be located on an abutting parcel that is aggregated with the parcel with the dock
10374		owner's residence;
10376		d. An uncovered boardwalk may connect the dock to a principal or accessory structure on the parcel;
10378		e. Any accessory structure attached to an uncovered boardwalk shall meet the required setback from the normal high-water elevation; and
10380 10382		f. A covered boardwalk shall constitute an accessory structure that is subject to all applicable laws and regulations, including height and setback requirements.
	(96)	Wood chipping, wood mulching and composting operations
10384	(20)	that store over two hundred (200) cubic yards of a total

combined volume of yard trash or yard trash derived materials are subject to the requirements set forth in subsection 39-348(120), not the requirements set forth in this subsection (96). Wood chipping, wood mulching and composting for commercial purposes shall require special exception approval in the A-1 or A-2 zoning districts. However, when not operated for commercial purposes, wood chipping, wood mulching and composting is permitted provided that no machinery is operated within a one hundred-foot setback from all property lines and within a two hundred-foot setback from any residentially-zoned property. Within all required setbacks, landscaping shall be provided consistent with subsection 24-31(2), as it may be amended from time to time, notwithstanding any references to paved areas. Furthermore, the site shall meet the requirements of chapter 30, article VIII (pertaining to site plans), as it may be amended from time to time, and the performance standards regarding smoke and particulate matter, odor, vibration, glare and heat, and industrial sewage and water as found in article X of this chapter, and the requirements set forth in chapter 15, article V (pertaining to noise), as it may be amended from time to time.

The following minimum yard requirements shall apply for buildings, structures, and materials stored outdoors.

- a. Front yards: Fifty (50) feet (except as required by article XV).
- b. Side yards: Fifty (50) feet.
- c. Rear yards: Fifty (50) feet.
- d. Maximum building height: Fifty (50) feet.
- (97) Reserved.
- (98) Reserved.
- (99) Building material storage and sales shall be a permitted use, provided that the material is new (it shall not be used material or junk).
- (100) A drug correctional institution which provides drug treatment as an alternative to jail sentencing for drug offenders may be permitted provided that it is a lock-up facility surrounded by fencing, including barbed wire. This facility shall serve more as a correctional institution for adjudicated drug offenders as opposed to a typical voluntary residential rehabilitation facility.

10426 10428 10430	(101) A home-based business shall be a permitted use, provided it meets the criteria in Section 559.955(3)(a)—(f), Florida Statutes, as those criteria may be amended from time to time, and it complies with any ordinances, regulations, or policies not contrary to Section 559.955.
10432 10434	(102) The wholesale storage of gasoline, liquefied petroleum, gas, oil, or other inflammable liquids or gases shall be a permitted use provided that the storage thereof meets the regulations of the N.F.P.A. and all other applicable regulations.
	(103)Reserved.
10436 10438	(104) A private vocational, business, or professional school which does not have an industrial character may be permitted as a special exception.
10440	(105) A radio, television or movie studio or office shall be a permitted use, but radio and television towers are subject to sections 38-1, 39-5, 39-6, 39-36, and 38-1427 of this chapter.
10442	(106) Accessory uses:
10444	<ul> <li>a. The accessory use shall be located inside the building occupied by the principal use;</li> </ul>
10446	b. Access may be from either the interior or exterior of the building which is occupied by the accessory use;
10448	c. The floor area of the accessory use shall not exceed twenty (20) percent of the total square footage of the building in which it is located;
10450	d. Outdoor display or storage of merchandise is not permitted in conjunction with any accessory use; and,
10452 10454	e. Hours of operation for any accessory use shall be within one (1) hour before and one (1) hour after the normal hours of the principal use.
10456	f. The above standards shall not apply to automobile service stations, convenience food stores, gas stations, hotel/motels and restaurant uses.
10458	(107)No outdoor storage may be allowed without special exception approval.
10460	(108)Only the uses of judo instruction, karate instruction, and yoga instruction shall be permitted, subject to meeting the
10462	minimum parking requirements for such uses.
10464	(109) For transmission only, not for refinement or manufacture of pipeline.

(110) An open air market shall comply with the following 10466 standards: a. Parking: A minimum of two (2) parking spaces per vendor/booth, plus one (1) space per employee. All 10468 parking spaces shall be paved. Parking spaces required 10470 for other uses on-site shall not be used to meet the parking space requirements for an open air market. All other requirements of article XI, off-street parking and 10472 loading regulations, of this chapter shall be met. All driving aisles and parking spaces shall be located a 10474 minimum of one hundred (100) feet from residentially zoned properties. 10476 b. An open air market shall operate from dawn to dusk only and a maximum of three (3) consecutive days of each 10478 week. 10480 c. Permanent restroom facilities shall be provided. d. Landscaping adjacent to public rights-of-ways and other properties shall be in accordance with section 24-4 of 10482 this code. Buffer yards shall comply with buffer yard type B of section 24-5 of this code. 10484 e. Access shall be from a dedicated public paved street. Access from an unpaved right-of-way or by any type of 10486 easement or private road shall be prohibited. f. Loudspeakers, live music, sound enhancement devices 10488 and public address systems shall be prohibited, unless approved by the zoning manager. 10490 g. All commercial vehicles including commercial traffic shall not be routed through residential roadways. 10492 h. Signage shall be in accordance with chapter 31-5 of the Code. 10494 i. Goods, materials, or products associated with such use shall not be stored outdoors on the site when such use is 10496 not in operation. This restriction shall not apply to overnight storage between consecutive days of 10498 operation. j. Refuse containers and dumpsters shall not be located in 10500 front of any principal structure nor within twenty-five (25) feet of any side or rear property line and shall be 10502 enclosed by a six-foot high landscape screen, wall, or wood fence. 10504 k. All structures shall be maintained aesthetically and structurally to ensure public safety. A junkyard 10506 309

10508	appearance, as defined in section 38-1, shall be avoided. Conditions may be imposed by the Zoning manager to ensure all structures comply with this standard.
10510	1. Merchandise may be displayed in/on temporary facilities (trucks/vans/tables/tents/canopies, etc.).
10512	(111)No manufacturing may be permitted on-site.
	(112)No outdoor runs may be allowed.
10514 10516	(113) This use shall comply with the requirements of chapter 15 (Environmental Control) of the Orange County Code and Orange County Ordinance No. 92-41.
	(114)Reserved.
10518 10520	(115)Donation bins shall be subject to the ordinance regulating donation bins, codified at sections 38-1765—38-1779, as it may be amended or renumbered from time to time.
10320	(116)Reserved.
10522	(117)Reserved.
10524	(118)Only a convenience or grocery store (not shopping center) shall be a permitted use.
	(119)Reserved.
10526	(120) A solid waste management facility, including a landfill, shall comply with chapter 32 of the Orange County Code. In
10528	accordance with section 32-216(a)(10) of the Orange County Code, permits shall not be issued for solid waste disposal
10530	facilities after July 7, 1992, within the I-2/I-3 industrial districts. A solid waste management facility, including a
10532	landfill, transfer station, or incinerator, may be permitted only by special exception. An applicant seeking a special
10534	exception for a solid waste management facility shall receive a recommendation for issuance of a solid waste management
10536	permit by the environmental protection officer and the development review committee ("DRC") prior to
10538	consideration of the special exception by the board of zoning
10540	adjustment ("BZA"). Furthermore, an applicant seeking a special exception for a solid waste management facility, must receive a solid waste management permit approval by
10542	the board of county commissioners ("BCC") prior to or at the same public hearing at which the special exception is
10544	considered.
10546	However, yard trash processing activities that are associated with onsite permitted land clearing, or with onsite normal farming operations that meet the permit exemption

requirements in subsection 32-214(c)(9)ii., are exempt from the requirements of this subsection 39-348(120). Yard trash processing facilities that store no more than twelve thousand (12,000) cubic yards of a total combined volume of yard trash and yard trash derived materials, shall be subject to all of the following alternate requirements:

## a. General requirements:

- 1. The site shall meet the permit exemption requirements in subsection 32-214(c)(9)iii. or iv.
- 2. The site shall meet the requirements of chapter 30, article VIII, the Orange County Site Development Ordinance (pertaining to site plans);
- 3. Landscaping, including, screening of open storage areas of yard trash and yard trash derived materials, shall be installed in accordance with chapter 40, Orange County Code.
- 4. Machinery, when used for yard trash processing related activities, shall not be operated within any required yard, open storage setbacks, or within a two hundred (200) foot setback from any residence or residentially-zoned property. In addition, processing equipment shall be set back from property boundaries a sufficient distance to prevent potential thrown/falling objects from leaving the site.
- 5. Meet the noise and sound requirements of chapter 15, article V, the Noise Pollution Control Ordinance of Orange County, Florida.
- 6. Pile height shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet in overall height from natural grade.
- 7. Burning is prohibited.
- 8. Firewood sales and storage as an ancillary use to a yard trash processing facility shall be subject to the requirements of subsection 39-348(120) and not subsection 39-348(43) (conditions for permitted uses and special exceptions).
- 9. Wood chipping, wood mulching, and wood composting operations that store no more than two hundred (200) cubic yards of a total combined volume of yard trash or yard trash derived materials are subject to the requirements set forth in subsection 39-348(96) and not the requirements set forth in subsection 39-348(120).

10590	b.	In A-1 and A-2 zoned districts:			
10592		1. A special exception is required for the processing and open storage of yard trash and yard trash derived materials. The processing and open storage of yard			
10594 10596		trash and yard trash derived materials is subject to a setback of one hundred fifty (150) feet of any property boundary line.			
10598		2. Commercial parking, for yard trash processing related activities, shall not be located within twenty-five (25) feet of any property boundary line; and			
10600 10602		3. The hours of operation for yard trash processing related activities shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.;			
10604 10606		4. In addition to any other landscaping requirements, outer perimeter buffering shall be Type C, opaque buffer, as outlined in section 24-5, Orange County Code;			
10000	C.	For yard trash processing related activities located on			
10608		sites within I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3, and I-4 zoned districts, with			
10610		all abutting property being located within I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3, I-4, or C-3 zoned districts, the use shall be permitted. The processing and open storage of yard trash and yard			
10612		trash derived materials is allowed, but not within fifty (50) feet of any property boundary line.			
10614	d.	For yard trash processing related activities located on sites within I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3, and I-4 zoned districts, with			
10616		any abutting property not being located within I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3, I-4, or C-3 zoned districts, a special exception is			
10618		required. The processing and open storage of yard trash			
10620		and yard trash derived materials is allowed, but not within fifty (50) feet of any property boundary line of an abutting property within the I-1/I-5, I-2/I-3, I-4, or C-3			
10622		zoned districts, nor within one hundred fifty (150) feet of all other property boundary lines.			
10624		single-family dwelling unit in conjunction with a			
10626	sha	mmercial use which is accessory to a principal building all only be occupied by the owner, operator, or employee the business.			
10628	(122)Re	served.			
10630	#1	ith regard to retention/detention ponds (SIC Group 629), this use pertains to stormwater ponds on R-2 and R-and agricultural-zoned property to be used in conjunction			

10632 10634	with adjacent nonresidential developments. Retention ponds are permitted in all other zoning districts in conjunction with on-site development.
10636	(124) This use shall comply with the requirements of sections 38-601, 38-602 and 38-605.
10638	(125) Model homes may be permitted, subject to the requirements of section 30-83.
	(126)Reserved.
10640	(127) Fuel oil and propane gas dealers shall only be permitted as an ancillary use to a principal retail use on site.
10642	(128) A campground, R.V. park, R.V. resort or R.V. camp may be permitted as a special exception, subject to complying with
10644	the requirements of sections 38-1526 through 38-1529.
	(129)Reserved.
10646	(130) An automobile towing service shall be a permitted use, provided that it complies with the following standards:
10648	a. Maximum on-site storage of thirty (30) wrecked or inoperable vehicles.
10650	b. No vehicle may remain on-site for more than fifty (50) days.
10652	c. Vehicle stacking is prohibited.
10654	d. A Type B landscape buffer is required if the use is located adjacent to any residential use, residential zoned district or residential future land use designation.
10656	e. If the site is used to store automobiles, then automobile
10658	towing services require special exceptions in the C-3 zoning district. If the site is not used for the storage of automobiles, then automobile towing service is
10660	permitted in the C-3 zoning district.
	(131)A funeral chapel shall be defined as a facility within which
10662	the primary activity is the planning and conducting of funeral services. A funeral chapel shall not provide on-site
10664	space to conduct the practice of embalming as defined in F.S. § 470.002(6), nor shall it contain cinerator shape as defined
10666	in F.S. § 470.002(14) for the purpose of cremation. No
10668	refrigeration or long term storage facilities for dead human bodies shall be allowed in a funeral chapel. The following additional conditions shall apply to funeral chapels:
10670	<ul> <li>a. Parking shall be in accordance with article XI, chapter 38 of the Orange County Code;</li> </ul>

b. Landscaping shall be in accordance with chapter 24 of 10672 the Orange County Code; c. Overnight outdoor parking of commercial vehicles shall 10674 be prohibited; 10676 d. Primary access to the facility shall not be by way of a residential street; 10678 e. On-site lighting shall be directed internal to the site and away from adjacent residential properties; 10680 (132) A park and recreation area owned or operated by a nonprofit organization, may be permitted only by special exception, except for parks and recreations areas (i) approved in 10682 conjunction with a preliminary subdivision plan (Chapter 34, Orange County Code), or (ii) located inside a platted 10684 residential subdivision and notarized letters of no objection are submitted by the president of the homeowner's 10686 association (if applicable) and all abutting property owners. of section 38-1427, 10688 (133) All applicable provisions communication towers applies. (134) Not permitted in existing duplex or single-family detached 10690 projects, or when restricted to single-family or duplex uses. (135)Permitted when within maximum building height of zoning 10692 district. 10694 (136) A public charter school with a permanent student capacity of five hundred fifty (550) or more shall comply with section 38-1754 and section 38-1755(a)(1), (b) and (g). A public 10696 charter school with a permanent student capacity of less than five hundred fifty (550) shall comply with section 38-1754. 10698 (137) Outdoor storage and display and/or sale of equipment, products, materials, and merchandise that is typically 10700 utilized or stored outdoors is permitted, unless otherwise restricted. Examples of items typically utilized or stored 10702 outdoors include cars, trucks, construction equipment, building supplies, warehoused goods in transit, outdoor 10704 furniture, garden and lawn equipment, and trailers. Examples of items not typically utilized or stored outdoors, 10706 include indoor furnishings and appliances. Outdoor restaurant seating and outdoor garden centers in conjunction 10708 with hardware or department stores do not constitute outdoor storage. In addition to the above, items stored outdoors shall 10710 comply with the following standards: a. Items stored outdoors shall not be located within any 10712 public right-of-way;

10714 10716	b. Items stored outdoors shall not be located within any driveway, driving aisle, required parking spaces, or required landscaped area or landscape buffer;
10718	<ul> <li>c. Items stored outdoors shall not be permitted on properties not containing a licensed and approved business, or on vacant land; and</li> </ul>
10720	d. Items stored outdoors shall be kept on an improved surface, shall be screened from the public right-of-way,
10722 10724	and shall be screened and buffered from single-family residential zoned districts and uses in accordance with chapter 24 of the Orange County Code.
10724	<u> </u>
10726	(138) No property owner, tenant, occupant or business, including nonconforming uses, shall utilize any public right-of-way for the purpose of:
10728	a. Parking or standing of vehicles which are for sale, lease or rent, vehicle storage or for vehicles awaiting or having
10730	completed repairs or maintenance.
10732	<ul> <li>Storage or display of merchandise, equipment or any material related to any adjacent business or commercial land use.</li> </ul>
10734 10736	Businesses shall maintain all required parking spaces and open spaces and make them available to support all requirements of the operation of the business use.
	(139)Reserved.
10738	(140)Reserved.
10740	(141) Utility trailers may be permitted to be parked, stored, or kept on a parcel containing a principal structure, subject to the following conditions:
10742	a. The maximum number of utility trailers permitted to be kept on a parcel shall be calculated as follows, depending
10744	on the size of the parcel:
10746	1. For a parcel less than or equal to one (1) acre, a maximum of one (1) utility trailer.
10748	2. For a parcel greater than one (1) acre but less than five (5) acres, a maximum of five (5) utility trailers; and
10750	3. For a parcel greater than five (5) acres, a maximum of ten (10) utility trailers.

10752 10754	b. The registered owner of the utility trailer shall be the owner or lessee of the principal structure located on the parcel.
10756 10758	c. A utility trailer may only be parked, stored, or kept in a side or rear yard. Parking, storing, or keeping a utility trailer in a front yard or side street yard shall be prohibited.
10760 10762	d. A utility trailer shall be setback at least five (5) feet from any side lot line, five (5) feet from any rear lot line, fifteen (15) feet from any side street lot line, and fifty (50) feet from any Normal High Water Elevation (NHWE) contour line.
10764 10766	e. A utility trailer shall be screened from view from the adjacent public or private right-of-way by an opaque buffer, such as an opaque fence, wall, or hedge.
10768	f. A utility trailer may not be parked, stored, or otherwise kept wholly or partially within the public or private right-of-way, including the sidewalk.
10770	g. A utility trailer may not be occupied while it is parked, stored, or kept on the parcel.
10772	(142)Permitted when co-located as evidenced by a recorded memorandum of lease; special exception required when
10774 10776	tower is not subject to a co-location agreement; permitted when locating on an existing pole-type structure consistent with section 38-1427(o).
10778	(143) A monopole communication tower one hundred seventy (170) feet in height or less is a permitted use provided:
10780	a. A recorded memorandum of lease evidencing colocation is submitted with the application; and
10782	b. The distance separation from offsite uses/designated areas as contained in subsection 38-1427(d)(2) is met; and
10784	c. The distance separation between communication towers contained in subsection 38-1427(d)(3) is met.
10786 10788	A monopole communication tower replacing an existing pole-type structure consistent with subsection 38-1427(o) is a permitted use.
10790	All other monopole communication towers and those towers not meeting all of the criteria to be permitted uses as set forth above require special exceptions.

- 10792 10794 10796 10798 10800 10802 10804 for student housing developments. 10806 following site development standards: 10808 10810 10812 10814 and fifty (750) total bedrooms. 10816 10818 10820 10822 10824 10826 10828 10830 10832
- (144) A boardinghouse, lodging house or rooming house shall be subject to the multi-family development compatibility criteria set forth in section 39-58, and in addition shall maintain a minimum distance separation of fifteen hundred (1,500) feet from any single-family zoned property, any educational institution, and any other boardinghouse, lodging house or rooming house as measured from the property line of the proposed boardinghouse, lodging house or rooming house to the nearest property line of the singlefamily zoned property, educational institution, or other boardinghouse, lodging house, or rooming house.
  - (145) a. The site development standards for a UR-3 district shall be the same as those for the R-3 residential district, except
    - b. A student housing development shall satisfy the
      - 1. A student housing development shall maintain a minimum distance separation of four hundred (400) feet from any single-family zoned property as measured from the property line of the proposed student housing development to the nearest property line of the single-family zoned property.
      - 2. A student housing complex, including a multi-phase complex, shall contain not more than seven hundred
      - 3. For purposes of density calculation to determine consistency with the comprehensive plan, four (4) bedrooms shall count as one dwelling unit (four (4) bedrooms = one (1) dwelling unit).
      - 4. The site development plan shall include a plan for crime prevention through environmental controls that is consistent with the Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design ("CPTED") Manual used by the International CPTED Association and Florida CPTED Network. Improvements identified by the plan shall be constructed or implemented prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
      - 5. A six (6) foot high masonry, brick or block wall shall be constructed whenever a student housing development is located adjacent to any right-of-way. The height shall be measured from the finished elevation of the side of the wall which is highest.

10834	<ol> <li>Parking spaces shall be provided at the ratio of required under section 38-1476.</li> </ol>
10836	7. Maximum building height shall be three (3) stories (forty (40) feet).
10838	(146)Reserved.
10840	(147) Minimum residential density shall be four (4) dwelling units per acre, consistent with Future Land Use Policy 3.4.6.  Densities less than four (4) units per acre shall only be
10842	allowed for the protection of natural resources. Existing buildings or development sites which do not meet the
10844	minimum density requirements shall be subject to the nonconforming use provisions of article III, chapter 38 of
10846	this Code.
10848	(148)Outside seating areas are required for restaurants that have twelve (12) linear feet or more of pavement in front of the building and are subject to the following requirements:
10850	a. Outdoor seating areas must be delineated with the number of seats on the commercial site plan for these
10852	establishments.
10854 10856	b. Outdoor seating areas shall be considered part of the gross floor area of the establishment for calculation of development intensity, floor area ratio, parking, stormwater drainage, impact fees, and other
	development regulations.
10858	c. Planters with landscaping material selected and installed consistent with the requirements of chapter 24 of this
10860	Code shall be placed every ten (10) linear feet of outside seating area.
10862	d. No table, chair, bench, umbrella, or planter shall block pedestrian or bicycle access, on-site traffic circulation,
10864	landscape or bufferyard area, parking or loading area, or stormwater drainage area.
10866	e. Outdoor seating areas must be consistent with the accessibility requirements of the currently adopted
10868	editions of federal and state standards.
10870	(149)Drive-throughs for banks shall be designed in a manner that preserves and enhances pedestrian safety and the pedestrian environment. Banks with drive-throughs are limited to
10872	locations at full intersections and must have driveways that
10874	connect to local streets. The use of alleys for driveways is encouraged. Drive-throughs also must be consistent with section 9-559.

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- (150) Parking lots shall require a special exception to ensure that lots are not detrimental to the pedestrian environment and the character of the area. Parking lots that serve a single user shall be discouraged in favor of shared parking between multiple establishments to ensure efficient use of land and the parking supply. Parking lots adjacent to single-family, duplex, or townhouse residential units shall be discouraged. To ensure pedestrian safety and comfort in their design, parking lots allowed by Special Exception shall be consistent with all parking and pedestrian standards of the district.
- (151) All activities of human and social service agencies, except outdoor recreation, must be conducted entirely within an enclosed building.
- (152) All activities and storage must be contained and conducted within an enclosed building.
- (153)Big box development may be permitted subject to the following conditions:
  - a. Prior to filing an application for a special exception for a big box development in the C-1 zoned district, the applicant shall submit a site plan to the DRC for review, and the DRC shall approve the site plan, with or without recommendations. Thereafter, before a public hearing is held at the board of zoning adjustment regarding the special exception request, a community meeting shall be held with public notice issued to the owners of record of properties located within a two thousand-foot radius of the proposed development site. In establishing the limits of public notification, all addresses within an entire neighborhood, any part of which falls within the two thousand-foot notification radius, shall be noticed. In addition, the applicant shall be responsible for prominently and conspicuously posting notice of the community meeting directly on the property.
  - b. Big box developments shall have a maximum .23 FAR. Any proposed development which does not adhere to these criteria must submit justification in the form of a plan which is not in conflict with the purpose and intent of this subsection, and which is acceptable to Orange County.
  - c. Proposed big box development applicants shall conduct a detailed traffic study addressing:
    - 1. Traffic impacts of the project;

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- 2. All traffic concurrency requirements of the county; and
- 3. Specific recommendations for safe and adequate ingress and egress to and from the site.

Applicants shall meet with Orange County staff prior to commencing the study, and shall implement the agreed-upon methodology in conducting their study. Orange County staff shall use best efforts to obtain municipalities from and other local governments located in close proximity to the project. The owner of a development shall conduct a follow-up review and update of the aforementioned items [listed in] subparagraphs c.1, c.2, and c.3 no later than five (5) years after the date of issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the development. The results of such review and update shall be submitted to Orange County for use in evaluating traffic impacts of similar future big box developments.

- d. In order to ensure pedestrian safety and adequate traffic circulation, a big box development proposing to locate within one thousand (1,000) feet from the nearest property line of any public school shall submit a traffic and pedestrian safety plan for Orange County's review and approval, unless a physical barrier, such as a waterbody, wetland, or limited access highway, separates the public school from the big box development, thereby preventing pedestrian access to the big box development from the public school. Such plan identify pedestrian safety conflicts deficiencies, especially those related to walking routes to schools, and other pedestrian generators, such as parks or trails used by children and by children with disabilities. Specific measures shall be identified in the pedestrian safety plan to mitigate each conflict, and the big box applicant shall be solely responsible for implementing the identified measures no later than at the time of issuance by Orange County of a certificate of occupancy.
- e. Big box developments shall designate at least two (2) vehicle parking spaces for local law enforcement adjacent to the principal structure.
- f. Overnight/long-term (more than eight (8) consecutive hours) parking, RV parking, temporary/portable storage containers, and tractor-trailer/semi-truck parking, other

than active customer and/or employee parking, are prohibited in big box development parking lots. Signs must be conspicuously displayed which state: "No overnight or long-term parking allowed. Violators subject to fines, towing, or both."

g. The off-street parking serving the project shall be subdivided into multiple "sub-lots" with uninterrupted (except at crosswalks) landscaped pedestrian sidewalk pathways. Said pedestrian pathways shall connect the sidewalks along the big box structure's foundation, to the perimeter rights-of-way sidewalks, transit stops, and all outparcel sidewalks. Continuance of the pedestrian sidewalk portion of the pathway across parking lot drive aisles (e.g. crosswalks) shall be highlighted and made visually prominent. As such, the drive aisle crosswalks for pedestrian pathways shall be constructed with an alternative paving material other than asphalt (e.g. stained and stamped concrete, or pavers).

Such parking lot pedestrian pathways shall only be required between those head-to-head parking stalls which feature a ninety-degree configuration (not angled). Such pathways shall be installed, at a minimum, between the head-to-head stalls of each fourth row of parking (e.g., may be separated by up to two (2) rows of parking stalls) lacking a pedestrian pathway. Furthermore, the pattern of parking lot pathways shall be arranged so that at least one (1) pathway aligns with, and provides a direct connection from, the project's rights-of-way perimeter sidewalk and the main pedestrian entrance of the big box structure.

The pedestrian pathways shall incorporate a minimum six-foot wide sidewalk. A landscape planter strip, minimum seven (7) feet wide, shall be installed on at least one (1) side of the sidewalk along its full length (except at drive aisle crosswalks). One-third (1/3) of the pathway landscape planter strip shall be planted with shrubs, and one-third (1/3) with groundcover plantings.

Intermittent overhead pedestrian shade shall be provided along the length of the pedestrian pathway by planting approved canopy trees at a maximum of thirty (30) feet on-center along the full length of the pathway. Such canopy trees shall not substitute for canopy trees otherwise required within parking lot planter islands. Alternatively, shade structures (pergolas or gazebos)

- with seating, may substitute for segments of the required pathway canopy tree plantings.
- h. The owner/developer shall be responsible for determining, and indicating on the plans, any existing or planned LYNX public transit routes along the adjacent rights-of-way. If an adjacent transit route is currently in place, or in the planning stages, the owner/developer shall be responsible for dedicating an area, and constructing a LYNX bus shelter along the project's perimeter, adjacent to the public rights-of-way. Such bus shelter shall measure a minimum of ten (10) feet wide by twenty (20) feet long, and shall be designed and installed according to all approvals and specifications required by LYNX.
- i. In order to maximize efficient traffic circulation and minimize "stacking" at the main vehicular entrance, big box developments shall allow a minimum of two hundred (200) feet off the roadway before the first turn within the parking lot; except that a minimum of one hundred (100) feet is allowed if there is a right-hand deceleration lane. A minimum of one hundred (100) feet shall be required for all secondary entrances.
- j. At any big box development that is open for business between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., or any portion of such period of time, parking lot security shall be provided, with a minimum of one (1) guard on duty, at all times that the establishment is open for business; except, however, that a home improvement center or wholesale membership club open for business for any period of time between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. shall be required to provide security only during that period of time.
- k. In addition to the perimeter wall requirements of section 24-4(k)(2), no pavement or portion of any vertical structure associated with the rear or sides of a big box development shall be located closer than two hundred (200) feet from the nearest property line of any adjacent single-family residentially-zoned property. For purposes of this subsection, the term "adjacent" shall mean abutting or immediately next to the property line, even where a street or road separates the big box development from the single-family residentially-zoned property. Such distance buffer shall be measured outward from the most remote edge (from the principal structure) of the

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aforementioned paved surface or vertical structure associated with a big box development.

The two hundred-foot distance buffer shall be composed of two (2) distinct landscape separation buffer tiers shielding any adjacent single-family residentially-zoned properties from any paving or structures associated with a big box development:

The first one hundred fifty (150) feet of the landscape separation buffer, located nearest to the big box development, may incorporate stormwater retention ponds associated with the big box development. Any areas within this one hundred fifty-foot buffer tier which are not dedicated to actual stormwater retention shall also incorporate approved shade tree species planted at a rate of no less than one (1) tree per two thousand (2,000) square feet, and with spacing at no greater than forty-five (45) feet on-center.

The remaining fifty (50) feet of the two hundred-foot buffer shall only include a continuous uninterrupted opaque landscape buffer using approved shade tree species planted at forty (40) feet on-center. This standard shall not supplant any other required perimeter tree planting requirements stated elsewhere in chapter 24. No stormwater retention or other uses may occur within this fifty-foot buffer tier.

The retention facilities, trees, and any other landscape materials within the two hundred-foot landscaping/drainage separation buffer zone shall be serviced and maintained by the big box development owner in accordance with Orange County standards. Such two hundred-foot buffer area, provided all stormwater drainage facilities within its limits are designed in accordance with the open space full-credit standards described herein (e.g. decorative fencing and landscaping), may account for no more than fifty (50) percent of the project's total open space requirements. The remaining required open space shall be provided elsewhere within the project's limits.

 In order to avoid the perceived economic impacts of prolonged vacant projects and buildings, and to mitigate the visual blight created by vacant big box structures (e.g., abandoned and chain link-fenced parking lots, poorly-maintained landscaping, darkened stores, unlit "ghost" signage, boarded windows, etc.), a written

11094 11096		strategy for maintenance and reuse of vacant properties shall be submitted to the county at the time of commercial site plan review. The written reuse strategy shall, at a minimum, address the following issues:
11098		1. Removal or adaptive reuse of the structure;
11100		2. Parking lot, perimeter, and stormwater area landscaping;
		3. Securing of the property;
11102		4. Partial lighting of vacant parking lots;
		5. Partial lighting of vacant store interiors;
11104		6. Sign removal and subsequent painting of the vacant wall surface; and
11106		7. Display of a professionally-designed sign, not to
11108		exceed thirty-two (32) square feet, placed at the project entrance, offering lease and/or sale and contact information.
11110	m.	Outdoor storage, nonseasonal outdoor sales, and
11112		temporary sales of motorized vehicles, boats, recreational vehicles, motorcycles, and the like shall be prohibited.
11114	n.	For facade treatment requirements, refer to section 9-558(d).
11116	0.	For shopping cart retention requirements, refer to section 9-563.
11118	p.	For exterior lighting requirements, refer to section 9-649(b)(8).
11120	q.	For general design and development standards and requirements, refer to section 24-4(k).
11122	r.	For open space requirements and design guidelines, refer to sections 24-29(c) and 24-30(g)(5), respectively.
11124	S.	For ground signage requirements, refer to section 31.5-67(k).
11126	t.	For pole signage requirements, refer to section 31.5-68(k).
11128	u.	For off-street parking requirements, refer to section 38-1476.
11130	v.	At least one (1) side or the front of a big box development shall abut a four-lane or greater capacity
11132		roadway, and at least one (1) access point for vehicular

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ingress and egress to and from the big box development shall be located on the abutting four-lane or greater

- w. Big box developments are encouraged to maximize energy and water efficiency; protect air and water quality; and reduce solid waste, utilizing best energy management practices as outlined by the U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC), or ENERGY STAR (joint program of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Department of Energy).
- x. The following provisions shall apply to the Horizon West Town Center only. Where the provisions of division 8.5 conflict with any other code provisions, the provisions of division 8.5 shall apply:

Big box retail buildings shall be permitted within the Retail/Wholesale (RW) and Traditional Town Center (TTC) Districts of the Town Center. Prior to filing a Preliminary Subdivision Plan (PSP) or Development Plan (DP) application, applicants shall meet with Orange County staff to review ingress and egress, building elevations, and any other requirements (as applicable). The requirement for a detailed traffic study addressing impacts within the Horizon West Town Center RW and TTC districts for big box developments may be waived by the Transportation Planning Division if such impacts are or were sufficiently addressed by a PD/UNP traffic study.

Big box sites shall be designed to allow for the evolution of a mixed use urban form within a hierarchy of connected blocks, streets, and pedestrian facilities through building orientation, parking area configuration, and access ways and shall have a maximum 2.00 FAR. When located on a primary framework "main" street frontage, the main entrance and storefronts of a big box building shall have direct access and visibility from the primary frontage. When located at a terminus of the primary "framework street" (at a T intersection) the main entrance of the building shall be oriented to the primary framework street. On all other roadways or streets, the primary pedestrian entrance may face surface parking areas. The rear walls of a big box building or service area may abut the road right-of-way, but shall be designed to mitigate the building mass. All off-street surface parking "sub-lots" shall be defined by pedestrian pathways or greenways that are separated by no more than six (6)

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rows of one-way angled parking, or no more than four (4) rows of 90-degree two-way drive lane parking configurations. Pedestrian pathways or greenways shall consist of uninterrupted (except at crosswalks) landscaped pedestrian sidewalks and shall connect the sidewalks along the big box structure's foundation to the perimeter rights-of-way sidewalks, transit stops, and all outparcel sidewalks. The planning and/or zoning manager may permit alternatives that are deemed consistent with the intent of this section.

In addition to the requirements of subsections 39-343 (a) and (b) and section 24-4(k)(2-4), the rear or sides of a Town Center big box building shall be located no closer than one hundred (100) feet from the nearest property line of any single-family detached residential lot. Where there is no street and streetscape separating a big box building and a single-family property line, the minimum one hundred-foot distance buffer shall include a continuous, uninterrupted, opaque landscape buffer within the fifty (50) feet closest to the single-family property, with approved shade tree species planted at forty (40) feet on-center. In addition, stormwater management or other uses may occur only within the fifty-foot buffer area closest to the big box building. Berms as outlined in section 24-4(k)(1) shall not be required.

Town Center big box buildings are encouraged to maximize energy and water efficiency, protect air and water quality, and reduce solid waste. Furthermore, big box sites shall be designed to reduce the adverse impacts of large stormwater management areas by incorporating an evolving urban form and by utilizing sustainability best management practices. These practices may include Low Impact Development (LID) techniques, U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC), or ENERGY STAR building techniques (a joint program of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Department of Energy).

(154) A hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility shall comply with chapter 15 and chapter 32 of the Orange County Code and may be permitted only by special exception. Hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facilities shall be prohibited within recognized environmentally sensitive areas including, but not limited to the affected areas defined within chapter 15, article XI, the

"Econlockhatchee River Protection Ordinance", and chapter 15, article XIII, the "Wekiva River Protection Ordinance." Except as provided for in chapter 32, article V, Orange County Code, hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facilities shall also be prohibited within the Primary and Secondary Floridan Aquifer Vulnerability Zones located within the Wekiva Study Area, as those zones are defined within chapter 32, article V, Orange County Code. An applicant seeking a special exception for a hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility shall receive a recommendation for approval by the environmental protection officer and the DRC prior to consideration of the special exception by the BZA and the BCC.

- (155)Pain management clinics may be permitted subject to the following conditions:
  - a. Building and use permit applications. Any application for a pain management clinic established after June 30, 2015, shall complete the appropriate building permit or use permit application(s) and submit these application(s) to the county division of building safety for review and approval prior to issuance of any permits.
  - b. Separation distances. A pain management clinic established after June 30, 2015, shall not co-locate on the same property as a preexisting pharmacy. Furthermore, such a pain management clinic shall not operate within one thousand (1,000) feet of any pre-existing pharmacy, school, as that term is defined in F.S. §§ 1002.01 or 1003.01, as it may be amended, day care center, day care home, or religious institution. Distance requirements shall be documented by the applicant and submitted to the zoning division with the application. All distance requirements shall be measured by drawing a straight line from the nearest property line of the pre-existing protected use to the nearest property line of the proposed pain management clinic. The applicant may request a variance from the requirements of this paragraph as provided in section 30-43, Orange County Code.
  - c. Parking. Any parking demand created by a pain management clinic established after June 30, 2015, shall not exceed the parking spaces located or allocated on site, as required by the county's parking regulations. An applicant shall be required to demonstrate to the appropriate county staff that on-site traffic and parking attributable to the pain management clinic will be sufficient to accommodate traffic and parking demands

11268	generated by the pain management clinic, based upon a		
11270	current traffic and parking study prepared by a certified professional. Traffic and parking analyses shall be predicated in part upon traffic and parking impacts from		
11272	other existing pain management clinics in Florida but shall in no case be less than one (1) space per two		
11274	hundred (200) square feet of gross square feet. The source of any such information shall be provided to the		
11276	county zoning division for purposes of verification. County staff shall be required to verify the information		
11278	contained in traffic and parking study(ies) with the appropriate official(s) of the local government(s) where		
11280	the comparable information is derived. The owner of the pain management clinic shall be responsible for ensuring		
11282	that there is no queuing of vehicles in the public right-of- way.		
11284	(156) Attached single-family residential limited to eight (8) units per building.		
11286	(157)MF in a Retail/Wholesale District limited to three hundred (300) units, and only one (1) MF development (regardless of		
11288	units) allowed in the R/W District.		
11290	(158) Garage apartments permitted per section 39-346 of the Town Center development standards.		
(159)Live-Work Units Requirements:			
11292 11294	a. No more than two (2) employees, in addition to the resident owner or resident employee of the business, shall be permitted to work or report to work on-site.		
	b. A minimum of eighty (80) percent of a structure's street		
11296	front facade at street level shall be occupied by nonresidential uses.		
11298	c. Live/work units that exceed two thousand (2,000) square feet must have at least two (2) exits.		
11300	d. Loading or unloading associated with a business occupying a live-work unit shall be from the rear of the		
11302	unit.		
11304	e. A residential use will be permitted within the nonresidential portion of the building for a maximum period of three (3) years from the date of issuance of the		
11306	certificate of occupancy. Renewal shall require planning and zoning manager approval.		

f. Required parking will be based on the applicable parking 11308 standard for the nonresidential use or the closest similar use, plus one (1) space for the residential use. 11310 g. The external access for the nonresidential component shall be oriented to the street and should have at least one 11312 (1) external entrance/exit separate from the living space. The entrance to the non-residential component shall be 11314 located on the ground level. Access to the nonresidential component of each live/work unit shall be clearly 11316 separate from the common walkways or entrances to the residential units within the development, or other 11318 residential units in adjacent developments. h. The live/work unit shall have a minimum ground floor 11320 height of thirteen (13) feet. i. Nonresidential uses permitted in live-work dwelling 11322 units and located in the Retail/Wholesale District shall include art gallery; artist studio; professional studio; 11324 office (not including dental/medical office and clinic); and other similar activities as determined by the planning 11326 and zoning managers. (160) Farmers markets are permitted in property owners 11328 association or approved county owned common areas, cannot utilize any required parking areas, can operate only 11330 between 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on one (1) weekend day per week, and must be approved by the zoning and planning 11332 managers. (161)Hotels/convention facilities permitted for Orange County 11334 National Golf Course. (162) May be permitted by location in a UR district limited to: 11336 Corner lots on parkway or avenue; one (1) per block; six hundred-foot spacing between other nonresidential uses; 11338 four (4) on-site parking spaces maximum; one thousand five hundred (1,500) square feet maximum per site; one (1) 11340 tenant maximum per site. (163) In a Corporate Neighborhood Center, limited to a maximum 11342 thirty thousand (30,000) square feet. (164) In a Corporate Campus Mixed Use District use may be 11344 permitted by location, pursuant to section 38-190, and limited to a maximum seven thousand five hundred (7,500) 11346 square feet. (165) Uses should minimize neighborhood impacts for noise, 11348 lighting, and parking, and should be centrally located within

a ten-minute walk for the majority of planned homes in 11350 neighborhood. (166) Uses should minimize abutting property impacts for noise, 11352 lighting, and parking, and have primary frontage on a Collector, Parkway or Avenue. 11354 (167) Uses shall be located and operated to minimize adverse impacts to adjoining residential uses. Use may be permitted 11356 by location, pursuant to section 38-190, within an Open Space district. Orange County National Golf Course is 11358 permitted within the Open Space district as designated on the Town Center Land Use Plan. 11360 (168) Uses allowed are those for development, refinement, and 11362 testing including preproduction manufacturing of advanced technological products. 11364 (169) Uses allowed are for clean tech research, development, testing, and minor manufacturing by non-agricultural based alternative fuels and energy production firms; environmental 11366 engineering and consulting firms (including, but not limited to, development of water and wastewater treatment and 11368 conservation technology, air purification, environmental 11370 testing and analysis, environmental remediation services and the development of biodegradable materials and fabrics); technologies that increase resource use efficiency (including 11372 the development of hybrid vehicle technology, light materials for vehicles, and smart logistics software); nano-11374 technology; the development of "smart construction" and biodegradable materials and fabrics; environmental testing 11376 and analysis; and remediation services. (170)Permitted with retail when the manufacturing is limited in 11378 scale, directly related to the retail use, and the products are primarily sold within the retail store. 11380 (171)Uses are limited to small-scale manufacturing of works of art and design when associated with: art gallery, artist studio, 11382 fashion design studio, professional design studio, and other similar activities as determined by the planning and zoning 11384 managers. (172)Limited to golf driving range, swimming pools, baseball 11386 batting facility, tennis courts, and other similar activities as determined by the planning and zoning managers when 11388 integrated with and connected to the building(s) where the primary use is retail sales of sporting/fitness products, 11390 entertainment facilities or restaurants.

(173)Self-storage facilities may be permitted subject to the 11392 Development Village Planned Code subsection 39-167(c)(2)(d); provided, however, in town center, self-11394 storage facilities shall have a maximum building length of three hundred twenty-five (325) feet. 11396 (174) Indoor showroom only. (175)Uses allowed only when internal to a building, no outside 11398 display, storage or production. (176) A car rental agency may be a permitted use in conjunction 11400 with hotels, motels, and time shares, subject to the following: Parking spaces required for the principal use shall not be 11402 used by the rental agency, the number of parking spaces used 11404 by the rental agency shall not exceed ten (10) percent of the required number for the principal use, and the rental vehicles shall not be parked in the front yard of the property or in 11406 front of the principal structure. (177) A cultivation facility may be permitted subject to the 11408 following: a. Valid license. A valid license for both the MMTC of 11410 which the cultivation facility is a part and for cultivation of marijuana shall be obtained from the State of Florida 11412 and remain in effect during the operation of the cultivation facility. All cultivation activities shall cease 11414 if a license has expired or been revoked by the state. Any cultivation facility not licensed by the state is hereby 11416 prohibited within unincorporated Orange County. b. Building and use permit applications. Any applicant 11418 seeking to establish a cultivation facility shall complete the appropriate building or use permit application(s) and 11420 submit the application(s) to the county division of building safety for review and approval prior to issuance 11422 of any permits, along with the appropriate fee. Each application shall be accompanied by proof that the 11424 MMTC is authorized by the State of Florida to cultivate marijuana. However, the issuance of a building permit 11426 pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to create an exception, defense, or immunity for any person in regard 11428 to any potential criminal liability the person may have under state or federal law for the acquisition, cultivation, 11430

11432

marijuana or products containing marijuana.

possession, processing, transferring, transportation, selling, distribution, dispensing, or administration of

- c. Distance separation. A cultivation facility may not be located within five hundred (500) feet of the real property that comprises a public or private elementary school, middle school, or secondary school, regardless of whether such school lies within unincorporated Orange County or a surrounding municipality. Such distance shall be measured in a straight line between the property line of the subject cultivation facility and the property line of the subject school that are closest to each other.
- d. Security. To ensure the safety and security of a cultivation facility and to maintain adequate controls against the diversion, theft, and loss of marijuana, each cultivation facility shall maintain security measures in accordance with F.S. § 381.986(8)(f), as may be amended from time to time; provided, however, that any such security measures are subject to the receipt of the appropriate local government permits. It is unlawful and a violation of this section to operate, own, or control a cultivation facility except in compliance with the applicable security plan approved by the Florida Department of Health.
- e. Inspections. Any deputy sheriff employed by the Orange County Sheriff's Office may make searches of persons, places, and conveyances of any kind whatsoever associated with the cultivation facility in accordance with all applicable laws. Any code enforcement officer, or any other person authorized to enforce county ordinances, may enter the cultivation facility premises and conduct an inspection to determine compliance with this section at any time the cultivation facility is open or occupied. Refusal to provide proof of a valid license and cultivation authority from the state shall be considered a violation of this Code.
- (178) A processing facility may be permitted subject to the following:
  - a. Valid license. A valid license for both the MMTC of which the processing facility is a part and for processing of marijuana shall be obtained from the State of Florida and remain in effect during the operation of the processing facility. All processing activities shall cease if a license has expired or been revoked by the state. Any processing facility not licensed by the state is hereby prohibited within unincorporated Orange County.

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- b. Building and use permit applications. Any applicant seeking to establish a processing facility shall complete the appropriate building or use permit application(s) and submit the application(s) to the county division of building safety for review and approval prior to issuance of any permits, along with the appropriate fee. Each application shall be accompanied by proof that the MMTC is authorized by the State of Florida to process marijuana. However, the issuance of a building permit pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to create an exception, defense, or immunity for any person in regard to any potential criminal liability the person may have under state or federal law for the acquisition, cultivation, possession, processing, transferring, transportation, selling, distribution, dispensing, or administration of marijuana or products containing marijuana.
- c. Distance separation. A processing facility may not be located within five hundred (500) feet of the real property that comprises a public or private elementary school, middle school, or secondary school, regardless of whether such school lies within unincorporated Orange County or a surrounding municipality. Such distance shall be measured in a straight line between the property line of the subject processing facility and the property line of the subject school that are closest to each other.
- d. Security. To ensure the safety and security of a processing facility, and to maintain adequate controls against the diversion, theft, and loss of marijuana, each processing facility shall maintain security measures in accordance with F.S. § 381.986(8)(f), as may be amended from time to time; provided, however, that any for such security measures are subject to the receipt of the appropriate local government permits. It is unlawful and a violation of this section to operate, own, or control a processing facility except in compliance with the applicable security plan approved by the Florida Department of Health.
- e. Inspections. Any deputy sheriff employed by the Orange County Sheriff's Office may make searches of persons, places, and conveyances of any kind whatsoever associated with the processing facility in accordance with all applicable laws. Any code enforcement officer, or any other person authorized to enforce county ordinances, may enter the processing facility premises and conduct an inspection to determine compliance with

- this section at any time the processing facility is open or 11522 occupied. Refusal to provide proof of a valid license and processing authority from the state shall be considered a 11524 violation of this Code. 11526 11528 with the requirements of a processing facility. 11530 following conditions: 11532 11534 11536 11538 County. 11540 11542 11544 11546 11548 11550 11552 11554 11556 11558 11560 11562 11564
  - f. Combined processing and cultivation facilities. In the event the cultivation and processing of marijuana is combined into one facility, such facility shall comply
  - (179) A dispensing facility may be permitted subject to the
    - a. Valid license. A valid license for both the MMTC of which the dispensing facility is a part and for the dispensing of marijuana shall be obtained from the State of Florida and remain in effect during the operation of the dispensing facility. All dispensing activities shall cease if a license has expired or been revoked by the state. Any dispensing facility not licensed by the State is hereby prohibited within unincorporated Orange
    - b. Building and use permit applications. Any applicant seeking to establish a dispensing facility shall complete the appropriate building or use permit application(s) and submit the application(s) to the county division of building safety for review and approval prior to issuance of any permits, along with the appropriate fee. Each application shall be accompanied by proof that the MMTC is authorized by the State of Florida to sell marijuana to persons authorized to purchase it for the treatment of one (1) or more qualifying medical conditions. However, the issuance of a building permit pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to create an exception, defense, or immunity for any person in regard to any potential criminal liability the person may have under state or federal law for the acquisition, cultivation, possession, processing, transferring, transportation, selling, distribution, dispensing, or administration of marijuana or products containing marijuana.
    - c. Distance separation. A dispensing facility may not be located within five hundred (500) feet of the real property that comprises a public or private elementary school, middle school, or secondary school, regardless of whether such school lies within unincorporated Orange County or a surrounding municipality. Such distance shall be measured in a straight line between the property

- line of the subject dispensing facility and the property line of the subject school that are closest to each other.
- d. Other activities; prohibition. Other than dispensing of marijuana and any authorized marijuana delivery device required for the medical use of marijuana (and which is specified in a physician certification), no dispensing facility shall sell, market, dispense, provide, exchange, or otherwise vend any other type of cannabis, alcohol, drug paraphernalia as defined by federal or state law, or illicit drug-related products, including, but not limited to, pipes, bongs, or wrapping papers. No dispensing facility shall dispense marijuana or marijuana delivery devices in the waiting area of such facility. Any dispensing of marijuana for other than medical uses (for example, recreational use) is hereby prohibited unincorporated Orange County.

## e. Violation of Code.

- 1. It shall be a violation of this section for any person or entity to sell, market, dispense, provide, exchange, or otherwise vend marijuana or marijuana delivery devices without the requisite state license and approvals or to sell, market, dispense, provide, exchange, or otherwise vend any form or derivative of non-medical marijuana or marijuana delivery devices.
- 2. Each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense punishable as provided in section 1-9 of this Code by a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed sixty (60) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. All law enforcement officials are hereby authorized to assist in the enforcement of this section to the extent that it is within their respective jurisdictions to do so.
- 3. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from enforcing this section by alternate means including, but not limited to: code enforcement or code citations pursuant to F.S. ch. 162, part I or part II; by criminal action, by civil action, including petitions to enjoin persons violating this section; or by any other means available by law.
- f. Parking and queuing. A dispensing facility shall be required to meet the off-street parking standards in section 38-1476 ("Quantity of off-street parking"),

Orange County Code, and shall be deemed a retail establishment for parking demand purposes. The owner of the dispensing facility shall be responsible for ensuring that there is no queuing of vehicles in the public

- g. Loitering. A dispensing facility shall provide adequate seating for qualified patients, caregivers (as defined in F.S. § 381.986(1), and invitees, and shall not allow qualified patients, caregivers, or invitees to stand, sit (including in a parked car), gather, or loiter outside the building where the dispensing facility operates, including in any parking areas, sidewalks, right-of-way, or neighboring property for any period of time longer than that reasonably required to arrive and depart.
- h. Hours of operation. A dispensing facility shall only dispense marijuana or marijuana delivery devices from the premises between the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m.
- i. Signage, outdoor display. Dispensing facility signage shall be subject to the requirements and prohibitions in chapter 40, Orange County Code. Additionally, pursuant to F.S. § 381.986(8)(h), the dispensing facility may only have one (1) sign that is affixed to the outside of or hanging in the window of the premises which identifies the dispensing facility by the licensee's business name, a Florida Department of Health-approved trade name, or a Florida Department of Health-approved logo; such trade name and logo may not contain wording or images commonly associated with marketing targeted toward children or which promote recreational use of marijuana. Indoor display of products, marijuana, or marijuana delivery devices shall be prohibited in the waiting area of the dispensing facility. Outdoor display of products, wares, or merchandise of any sort shall be in accordance with Orange County Code and any applicable
- Security. To ensure the safety and security of a dispensing facilities, and to maintain adequate controls against the diversion, theft, and loss of marijuana and marijuana delivery devices, each dispensing facility shall maintain security measures in accordance with F.S. § 381.986(8)(f), as may be amended from time to time; provided, however, that any such security measures are subject to the receipt of the appropriate local government permits. It is unlawful and a violation of this section to operate, own, or control a dispensing facility except in

k. Inspections. Any deputy sheriff employed by the Orange County Sheriff's Office may make searches of persons, 11658 places, and conveyances of any kind whatsoever 11660 associated with the dispensing facility in accordance with all applicable laws. Any code enforcement officer, or any other person authorized to enforce county 11662 ordinances, may enter the dispensing facility premises and conduct an inspection to determine compliance with 11664 this section at any time the dispensing facility is open or occupied. Refusal to provide proof of a valid license and 11666 dispensing authority from the state shall be considered a violation of this Code. 11668 1. Compliance with other laws. All dispensing facilities shall at all times be in compliance with all applicable 11670 federal, state, and local laws and regulations. (180) Micro-breweries, micro-wineries, craft distilleries, and 11672 brewpubs. Manufacturing operations that produce alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption and off-site sales, and 11674 related uses, may be allowed as an accessory use via a determination by the planning and zoning managers subject 11676 to the following criteria: a. Up to forty-nine (49) percent of the floor area may be 11678 used for a micro-brewery, micro-winery, or craft distillery (or any combination thereof), with the 11680 remaining floor area used for restaurant, tasting room or retail operations; and 11682 b. The maximum production allowed per calendar year for micro-breweries, micro-wineries, craft distilleries, and 11684 brew-pubs is as follows: 1. As allowed by applicable licenses from the Florida 11686 Department of Business and - Professional Regulation, Division of Alcoholic Beverages and 11688 Tobacco; 11690 2. Brewpubs-not to exceed fifteen thousand (15,000) barrels: 3. Micro-breweries-up to fifteen thousand (15,000) 11692 barrels: 11694 4. Micro-wineries-up to one hundred thousand (100,000) gallons; and

compliance with the applicable security plan approved

by the Florida Department of Health.

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11696		5. Craft distilleries-up to fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons.
11698	c.	Required parking shall be determined by the square footage for restaurant and manufacturing portions of the
11700		establishment pursuant to code section 38-1476.
11702	fac	e following requirements apply to biosolids treatment cilities, septage management facilities, and biosolids brage facilities.
11704	a.	Treatment, processing, and storage areas for biosolids
11706		and septage, and their derived materials including Class AA biosolids distributed and marketed as a fertilizer, shall:
11708		1. Be at least one thousand three hundred twenty (1,320) feet from all offsite structures that are the
11710		subject of a certificate of occupancy. This distance may be reduced if such biosolids and septage areas are within an enclosed building, tank and/or pipeline, with a system designed to capture, filter and/or treat odors to prevent the release of any odorants that would result in objectionable odors at the above referenced locations; odor masking agents are not considered filtration or treatment but may be part of
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11718		an overall odor management plan; and
44700		2. Be within an enclosed tank and/or pipeline, on an
11720		impervious surface with a system designed to collect, contain, and treat any liquids and stormwater runoff
11722		generated from the biosolids and septage, and their derived materials.
11724	b.	Within the A-1 and A-2 districts, the hours of operation for receiving and shipping of biosolids and septage shall
11726		be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.
11728	c.	Outdoor storage of biosolids and their derived materials, including Class AA biosolids distributed and marketed as a fertilizer, shall not exceed fifteen (15) feet height,
11730		and shall provide vertical markers for verification.
11732 11734	d.	Facilities shall be designed and operated with a track-out control system that prevents the deposit of any biosolids and septage, their derived materials, and mud, onto adjacent roadways.
11,37	e	Applications for a special exception shall include:
11736	<b>.</b>	<ol> <li>An "odor compliance and compatibility study".</li> </ol>
		1Passes 22.2.3 .

2. A map showing the zoning of all properties within one mile of the facility boundary. 11738 3. A wind rose chart showing the annual distribution of prevailing wind directions and speed. 11740 4. An initial current topographical survey if the facility is proposing any outdoor storage areas. 11742 5. The maximum storage volume proposed, including approximate locations and dimensions. 11744 6. A traffic study, previously reviewed by Orange County Public Works Division, that assesses the 11746 need for paved access improvements, and potential impacts to traffic and roads along probable haul 11748 routes within one half (1/2) mile of the facility. 11750 f. At any time during the operation of the facility, the County may require additional odor control measures be implemented to address objectionable odors for which 11752 County staff determines the facility is a probable contributing source. 11754 (182) Biosolids application sites shall meet the requirements of Chapter 15 Article XVII and Chapter 37 Article XVI, Land 11756 application of septage is prohibited. Secs. 39-349—39-350. Reserved. 11758

Supplemental Regulations"). Section 38-1401 ("Substandard lots of record."), Section 38-1402 ("Dog-friendly restaurants."), Section 38-1405 ("Yards."), Section 38-1408 ("Fences and walls."), Section 38-1413 ("Adult entertainment uses."), Section 38-1414 ("Prohibited areas for package sale of alcoholic beverages."), Section 38-1425 ("Bed and breakfast homestays, bed and breakfast inns and country inns."), Section 38-1426 ("Accessory structures and accessory dwelling units."), and Section 38-1427 ("Communication towers.") are hereby repealed and reserved for future use.

In Article IX, the sections already marked "Reserved." or not identified herein remain unchanged.

- Section 11. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article X ("Performance Standards").

  11768 Chapter 38, Article X, consisting of Sections 38-1451 through 38-1475 (with Sections 38-1458 through 38-1475 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use.
- Section 12. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article XI ("Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations"). Chapter 38, Article XI, consisting of Sections 38-1476 through 38-1500
   (with Sections 38-1486 through 38-1500 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use.
- Section 13. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article XII ("Site and Building Requirements"). Chapter 38, Article XII, consisting of Sections 38-1501 through 38-1525 (with Sections 38-1509 through 38-1525 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use.
- Section 14. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article XIII ("Campgrounds and Recreational Vehicle Parks"). Chapter 38, Article XIII, consisting of Sections 38-1526 through 38-1550 (with Sections 38-1530 through 38-1550 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use.
- Section 15. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article XVII ("Neighborhood Districts"). Chapter 38, Article XVII, consisting of Sections 38-1725 through 38-1750 (with Sections 38-1728 through 38-1729, Sections 38-1735 through 38-1736, Section 38-1742 through 38-1743, Sections 38-1749 through 38-1750 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved for future use.
- Section 16. Repeal of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article XVIII ("Public School Siting

  11788 Regulations"). Chapter 38, Article XVIII, consisting of Sections 38-1751 through 38-1764 (with

11790 for future use. Repeal of provisions of Chapter 38 ("Zoning"), Article XIX ("Collection Section 17. Bins"). Section 38-1765 ("Intent."), Section 38-1766 ("Definitions."), Section 38-1767 11792 ("Permitting."), Section 38-1768 ("Permit applications."), Section 38-1769 ("Standards and criteria."), and Section 38-1770 ("Display of permit.") are hereby repealed and reserved for future 11794 use. In Article XIX, the sections already marked "Reserved." or not identified herein remain unchanged. 11796 *Effective date.* This ordinance shall become effective \_\_\_\_\_. ADOPTED THIS \_\_\_\_\_ DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2025. 11798 ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA By: Board of County Commissioners 11800 11802 By: \_\_\_\_\_ Jerry L. Demings Orange County Mayor 11804 11806 ATTEST: Phil Diamond, CPA, County Comptroller As Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners 11808 11810 Deputy Clerk 11812

11814

Sections 38-1762 through 38-1764 already marked "Reserved.") is hereby repealed and reserved