	11/08/2023
2	ORDINANCE NO. 2023
4 6 8	AN ORDINANCE AMENDING PORTIONS OF THE ORANGE COUNTY ANIMAL SERVICES ORDINANCE, CODIFIED AT ARTICLE II, CHAPTER 5 OF THE ORANGE COUNTY CODE PERTAINING TO DANGEROUS DOGS; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
10	WHEREAS, an amendment of this Chapter and the applicable definitions herein is necessary to comply with state law; and
12 14	WHEREAS, the Orange County Board of County Commissioners finds that the appointment of a neutral Special Magistrate and two alternates to preside over Dangerous Dog proceedings in the County is necessary to further the County's objective of providing additional due process safeguards for owners of dangerous dogs;
	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ORANGE
16	COUNTY, FLORIDA:
18	Section 1. Amendments to Section 5-29. Section 5-29 ("Definitions") is amended to read as follows, with additions being shown by underlines and deletions being shown by strikethrough:
	Section 5-29 Definitions. The following words, terms and phrases, when
20	used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this
	section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.
22	***
24	<i>Animal services classification committee</i> shall mean a committee appointed by the board of county commissioners to hear appeals regarding the classification of dogs as dangerous
26	or potentially dangerous.
28	Certificate of registration Dangerous dog registration shall mean a county division issued registration form acknowledging that the owner has properly registered a dangerous dog in
30	Orange County. dangerous or potentially dangerous dog registration issued pursuant to this article.

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32	Dangerous dog shall mean any dog that, according to the animal
34	services division records; other animal control or law enforcement authorities; or as attested to by sworn affidavit:
36	 Has aggressively bitten, attacked or endangered; or has inflicted severe injury on a human being on public or private property; or including the
38	owner's property other than in defense of the owner, or the owner's home, in response to an
40	action of the person injured or attacked;
42	(2) Has <u>more than once</u> severely injured or killed a domestic animal while off the owner's property; <u>or</u>
44	(3)Has been used primarily for the purpose of dog fighting or is a dog trained for dog fighting; or
46	(4) (3) <u>Has, when unprovoked, chased or approached a</u> person upon the streets, sidewalks or any public
48	grounds in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack; provided that such actions are attested to
50	in a sworn statement by one (1) or more persons and dutifully investigated by the animal services
52	<u>division.</u> (5) Dogs used by law enforcement officials for law
54	enforcement work are exempt from dangerous dog classification.
56	***
58	<i>Potentially dangerous</i> shall mean any dog that, according to animal services division records, other animal control or law enforcement authorities, or as attested to by sworn affidavit, has
60	posed a threat to public safety by:
62	 a. Causing injury to a person or domestic animal that is less than a severe injury; or b. Without provocation, chasing or menacing a person or a
64	domestic animal that is less than a severe injury; or c. Without provocation, repeatedly acting in a highly
66	aggressive manner within a fenced yard/ enclosure and appears to a reasonable person able to jump over or
68	escape. d. Dogs used by law enforcement officials for law
70	enforcement work are exempt from potentially dangerous dog classification.

	Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog shall mean that while on
74	the owner's property a dangerous dog is securely confined
	indoors either indoor or outdoor. When confined indoor, the dog
76	shall be secure at all times to prevent escape from the owner's
	property. or in a securely enclosed and locked pen or structure
78	suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to
	prevent the animal from escaping. Such pen or structure shall
80	have secure sides, top, and flooring to prevent the dog from
	escaping over, under or through the structure and shall also
82	provide adequate ventilation and protection from the elements.
	When confined outdoor, the dog shall be confined within a
84	securely constructed locked pen or structure, and contained
	within a fenced or gated area that is in good repair and
86	condition. Such pen or structure shall have secure sides, top,
	and flooring to prevent the dog from escaping over, under or
88	through the structure and shall also provide adequate ventilation
	and protection from the elements. The dog must be unable to
90	climb over, dig under, or in any way pass or reach through the
	structure and fenced area. The owner may exercise the dog in a
92	securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a top,
	without a muzzle or leash, if the dog remains within his or her
94	sight and only members of the immediate household are allowed
	in the enclosure when the dog is present. Exercise of the dog in
96	this manner shall only occur within the owner's property
	boundaries.
98	Proper enclosure for a potentially dangerous dog shall mean a
98	securely constructed fence area, in good repair and condition,
100	that the dog is unable to climb over, dig under, or in any way
100	pass or reach through if the dog is to be allowed off leash
102	outside the owner's residence. This area must have secure gates
102	that are to be locked at all times when the animal is present.
	that are to be focked at an times when the animal is present.
104	Provoked shall mean to tease, molest, torment, abuse, or assault
.	a domestic animal. or to instigate behavior in a dog or cat that
106	may lead to the animal attacking or biting a person or another
	domestic animal.
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Special magistrate means a person authorized to hold hearings110for the purpose of determining whether the division manager's
initial determination of a dog as dangerous shall be upheld. This112definition shall also apply to alternate special magistrate.

manager") is amended to read as follows, with additions being shown by underlines and deletions

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being shown by strikethrough:

Section 2. Amendments to Section 5-31. Section 5-31 ("Animal services division

	Sec. 5-31. – Animal services division manager.
118	***
120	(f) The division manager and animal services officers may capture, seize or pick up:

122	(3) Any dangerous or potentially dangerous dog not in compliance with the written notification of their classification;
124	
126	 (4) Any dog being considered for dangerous or potentially dangerous classification.

128	Section 3. Amendments to Section 5-32. Section 5-32 ("Classification of dogs as
	dangerous or potentially dangerous; confinement and quarantine of animals; exemption; appeals;
130	unlawful acts") is amended to read as follows, with additions being shown by underlines and
	deletions being shown by strikethrough:
132	Sec. 5-32. Classification of dogs as dangerous; or potentially dangerous;
134	confinement and quarantine <u>requirements</u> of <u>dangerous dogs; animals; exemptions;</u> exemption; requirements for owners of dangerous dogs; conduct of special <u>magistrate hearings; and</u> appeals. unlawful acts.
136	(a) The animal services division shall investigate incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous or potentially
138	dangerous and shall, if possible, interview the owner and require a sworn affidavit from any person, all interested parties,
140	including any animal control officer or <u>law</u> enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog classified as dangerous. or
142	potentially dangerous. The decision to declare a dog as
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	don compute is the managementibility of the division managem. An
	dangerous is the responsibility of the division manager. An
144	animal that is subject to a dangerous or potentially dangerous
	dog investigation will be impounded at animal services
146	pending the outcome of the investigation. and resolution of any
	hearings related to the dangerous or potentially dangerous dog
148	classification. Alternative impoundment locations will only be
	considered for extenuating circumstances and are subject to the
150	division manager's discretion and approval. An alternative
	impoundment location will not be considered for a dog that is
152	already subject to dangerous dog restrictions and offends a
	second time. No dog that is the subject of a dangerous dog
154	investigation may be relocated or ownership transferred
	pending the outcome of an investigation or any hearings related
156	to the determination of a dangerous dog or potentially
	dangerous classification. A dog that is the subject of a
158	dangerous dog investigation shall not be relocated or have its
150	ownership transferred until the conclusion of the investigation
160	or any legal or quasi-judicial proceedings related to the
100	classification of a dangerous dog. Before ownership of a
162	dangerous dog is transferred, the new owner shall comply with
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104	all dangerous dog requirements, including payment of any
164	outstanding fees, and provide the name, address, and telephone
466	number of the new owner to the division. The new owner must
166	comply with all dangerous dog restrictions and requirements in
	this section, even if the animal is moved from one local
168	jurisdiction to another within the state. A dog that is facing a
	humane euthanasia penalty because of reoffending shall not be
170	relocated or have its ownership transferred.
172	(b) By resolution, the board of county commissioners will appoint
	an animal services classification committee a primary special
174	magistrate and two alternate special magistrates, and delineate
	its their duties and responsibilities.
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	(c) The division manager shall make an initial determination as to
178	whether there is sufficient cause to classify any dog as
	dangerous. or potentially dangerous. The division manager
180	shall classify any dog as a dangerous or potentially dangerous
	dog in the event he/she determines if it is determined that the
182	dog meets the requirements for <u>a</u> dangerous or potentially
	dangerous dog as specified in section 5-29, Orange County
184	Code. A dog shall not be classified as dangerous or potentially
	dangerous if the threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a
186	person who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property, or
100	while lawfully on the property, tormented, abused or assaulted
188	provoked the animal or its owner or a family member. or a
100	$p_1 \circ y \circ K \circ \alpha$ the animal of its owner of a family memory. Or α

	guest of the owner. No dog may be classified as dangerous or
190	potentially dangerous if the dog was protecting or defending a
150	human being within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an
192	unjustified attack or assault. <u>Any dog that is owned, or the</u>
172	service of which is employed by a law enforcement agency, is
194	exempt from the dangerous dog classification. Any dog used as
154	a service dog for blind, hearing impaired, or disabled persons
196	that bites another animal or a human is exempt from any
190	quarantine requirement following such bite if the dog is up to
100	
198	date on its annual rabies vaccination, and the vaccination was
200	<u>administered by a licensed veterinarian.</u> The division manager shall provide written notice to the owner or keeper of such
200	1 1
202	animal by registered mail, certified hand delivery, or service in
202	conformance with the provisions of F.S. ch. 48, relating to
204	service of process. The written notice shall include the basis for dealaring the deg dangerous or potentially dangerous a
204	declaring the dog dangerous or potentially dangerous, a
200	description of the dog, and the responsibility of the owner or
206	keeper for maintenance of the dog. If the owner decides to
200	appeal the initial determination of dangerous or potentially
208	dangerous, they may request a hearing before the animal
24.0	services classification committee to show cause why such dog
210	should not be declared dangerous or potentially dangerous. The
242	request for a hearing must be filed, in writing, with the division
212	manager within seven (7) working days after receipt of written
24.4	notice of the division manager's determination or action. The
214	written hearing request must briefly state the grounds therefore
0.1.0	and list the names and addresses of any witnesses the owner
216	intends to call at the hearing. If the division manager receives a
24.0	timely written request for a hearing regarding a dangerous or
218	potentially dangerous dog classification, he/she shall
	immediately refer the request, completed investigation, and
220	initial determination to the classification committee. The
222	classification committee shall schedule a hearing to be held not
222	more than twenty one (21) working days and no sooner than
	five (5) working days after the division manager's receipt of the
224	request from the owner.
226	(d) If the electric committee website the division means of
226	(d) If the classification committee upholds the division manager's

(d) If the classification committee upholds the division managers determination that a dog is dangerous or potentially dangerous, the division manager shall send a written notice of such classification, by registered mail or certified hand delivery, to
 230 the owner of the animal classified as dangerous or potentially dangerous. If the classification committee upholds the division manager's determination that the dog is dangerous or potentially dangerous, or if the classification committee is

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 with the clerk of the court for a de novo evidentiary hearing in the county court, pursuant to F.S. § 767.12, to appeal the classification within ten (10) business days after receipt of the classification committee's determination of dangerous or potentially dangerous dog classification. The owner must confine the dog in accordance with subsection 5-32(e) as defined pending a resolution of the appeal. The division manager shall provide written notice of the initial determination and sufficient cause finding to the owner by certified mail, hand delivery, or service in conformance with the provisions of Chapter 48, Florida Statutes relating to service of process. The written notice shall include the basis for declaring the dog dangerous, a description of the dog, and a notice informing the owner for maintenance of the division manager's decision. (c) Within fourteen (14) calendar days after a dog has been classified as dangerous or potentially dangerous, the owner of the dog must obtain a certificate of registration and dangerous or potentially dangerous dog identification tag for the dog from the animal services division. The dog shall wear the identification tag at all times. The certificate of registration shall 	 with the clerk of the court for a de novo evidentiary hearing in the county court, pursuant to F.S. § 767.12, to appeal the classification within ten (10) business days after receipt of the classification committee's determination of dangerous or potentially dangerous dog classification. The owner must confine the dog in accordance with subsection 5-32(e) as defined pending a resolution of the appeal. The division manager shall provide written notice of the initial determination and sufficient cause finding to the owner by certified mail, hand delivery, or service in conformance with the provisions of Chapter 48, Florida Statutes relating to service of process. The written notice shall include the basis for declaring the dog dangerous, a description of the dog, and a notice informing the owner that they may contest the division manager's decision. (c) Within fourteen (14) calendar days after a dog has been classified as dangerous dog identification tag for the dog from the animal services division. The dog shall wear the identification tag at all times. The certificate of registration shall only be issued to persons who are at least eighteen (18) years of age and who present to the animal services division sufficient evidence of: (1) A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the dog. 	234	unable to meet the time frames set forth in this section, or is
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280	If the owner decides to contest the initial determination of
282	dangerous, they may request a hearing before the special magistrate to show cause why such dog should not be declared
	dangerous. The request for a hearing must be filed, in writing, with
284	the division manager within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of
	written notice of the division manager's initial determination and
286	sufficient cause finding.
	1. All evidence intended to be used by the dog
288	owner at the hearing, including the names and
	addresses of all witnesses the owner intends to
290	call to testify, must be submitted to the division
	at least three (3) working days prior to the
292	hearing. Evidence that is submitted outside of
	that timeframe may be excluded at the
294	discretion of the special magistrate. The animal
	services division shall present evidence to
296	support the initial determination of dangerous
	and sufficient cause finding. The owner may
298	present evidence to show cause why such dog
	should not be declared dangerous. The special
300	magistrate shall consider all relevant evidence
	that is presented at the hearing and shall make a
302	final decision, by preponderance of the
	evidence, to determine if the dog shall continue
304	its classification as dangerous or if the defenses
200	outlined in subsection (c) preclude such
306	classification. Formal rules of evidence shall not
308	apply, but fundamental due process shall be observed and shall govern the proceedings.
506	observed and shart govern the proceedings.
310	2. The special magistrate, county attorney or their
	designee, animal services staff, attorney for the
312	dog owner, or the dog owner may inquire of any
	witness that testifies. Third party attendees will
314	be allotted three (3) minutes to speak at the
	hearing if they wish to do so. The special
316	magistrate may lessen the time at his or her
	discretion if the testimony is repetitive or
318	irrelevant.
320	(f) A dog classified as dangerous or potentially dangerous must be
-	permanently sterilized within fourteen (14) calendar days
322	following such classification by the division manager, or in the
	event of a timely appeal of such classification within fourteen (14)

event of a timely appeal of such classification, within fourteen (14)

324	calendar days following affirmation of the dangerous or potentially
	dangerous dog classification by the classification committee or
326	within fourteen (14) calendar days of the classification as a
	dangerous or potentially dangerous dog being upheld by a county
328	court. If the division manager receives a timely written request for
	a hearing regarding a dangerous dog classification, they shall
330	immediately refer the request, completed investigation, and initial
	determination to the county attorney or designee for presentation to
332	the special magistrate. The division manager shall schedule a
	hearing to be held before the special magistrate not more than
334	twenty-one (21) calendar days and no sooner than five (5) calendar
	days after the division manager receipt of the request from the
336	owner.
	1. If the owner fails to timely request a hearing
338	before the special magistrate to contest the
	dangerous dog classification or proposed penalty,
340	the initial determination of the division manager
	shall become final. The owner shall have fourteen
342	(14) calendar days to comply with the requirements
	outlined in subsection (h). If compliance within that
344	timeframe is not met, the dog shall be deemed
	abandoned, as defined in section 5-29 of this article
346	and section 705.19, Florida Statutes. There shall be
	no exceptions to this provision.
348	2. The hearing may be continued by the special
	magistrate one (1) time, for good cause, by written
350	request from the dog owner. If the dog owner
	requests to continue the hearing, the owner
352	voluntarily waives their right to have the case heard
	within the timeframe outlined above. In the unlikely
354	event that the primary special magistrate or the
	alternate special magistrates are unavailable to hear
356	the case within the timeframe outlined above, the
	initial determination shall be rescinded by the
358	division manager, and all fees paid, excluding
	quarantine fees and fees for any medical services
360	rendered, shall be refunded to the dog owner. A
	copy of an order of continuance shall be made
362	available to all parties and witnesses. A continuance
	shall not occur if the hearing requested before the
364	special magistrate is one to contest the penalty of
	euthanasia.

366	(g) No dog impounded pursuant to a dangerous or potentially
200	dangerous dog investigation or classification shall be released to its
368	owner or keeper until all requirements in subsections 5-32(e) and (f) are met. If the special magistrate unholds the division
270	(f) are met. If the special magistrate upholds the division
370	manager's determination that the dog is dangerous, the special
	magistrate shall prepare a written final order within five (5)
372	working days to be given to the division manager and the division
	manager shall send a copy of said order by certified mail with
374	return receipt requested, to the owner of the dog classified as
	dangerous. The dog owner may appeal the special magistrate's
376	order to the circuit court within thirty (30) calendar days from
	receipt of the final order in accordance with section 767.12(4),
378	Florida Statutes and the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.
	Within fourteen (14) calendar days of receipt of the special
380	magistrate's final order or the conclusion of any appeal that affirms
	such order, the owner must present to the division a current rabies
382	certificate showing that the dog is up to date on its annual rabies
	vaccine. Within fourteen (14) calendar days of receipt of the
384	special magistrate's final order or the conclusion of any appeal that
	affirms such order, the owner must comply with or show existing
386	compliance with, the requirements outlined in 1-6 of subsection (h)
	of this article. Within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the
388	special magistrate's final order or the conclusion of any appeal that
	affirms such order, the owner must comply with the remaining
390	requirements outlined in subsection (h). These timeframes shall
	run concurrently with one another; however, no dog shall be
392	released to its owner until compliance with all requirements
	outlined in subsection (h) are satisfied. If the owner appeals the
394	special magistrate's order but has met full compliance with
	subsection (h) resulting in the release of the dog, the owner must
396	comply with all dangerous dog requirements and restrictions
	outlined in subsection (h) of this article while any appeal is
398	pending.
	(h) The owner shall notify the animal services division within
400	twenty-four (24) hours when a dog that has been classified as
	dangerous or potentially dangerous:
402	(1) Is loose or unconfined;
	(2) has bitten a human being or attacked another animal;
404	(3) Is sold, or given away, or dies; or
	(4) Is moved to another address.

406	Prior to a dangerous or potentially dangerous dog being sold or
408	given away, the owner shall provide the name, address and telephone number of the new owner to the animal services
	division. The new owner must comply with all of the requirements
410	of this article and F.S. §§ 767.10 through 767.15, even if the dog is
	moved from one (1) local jurisdiction to another within the state.
412	An animal control authority must be notified by the owner of a dog
	classified as dangerous or potentially dangerous that the dog is in
414	its jurisdiction. The owner of a dog declared as dangerous must
	sign the dangerous dog registration form, pay all impoundment,
416	registration and quarantine fees, obtain a dangerous dog
	identification tag for the dog from the animal services division, and
418	pass a satisfactory home inspection. The dog shall wear the
	identification tag at all times. The registration shall be renewed
420	annually upon a satisfactory home inspection and payment of all
	renewal fees. Registration shall only be issued to the dog owner,
422	provided that the individual is at least eighteen (18) years of age.
	The requirements and restrictions to keep and maintain a
424	dangerous dog are:
	1. A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the
426	dog. The current rabies vaccination tag shall be
720	displayed on the dog at all times.
	displayed on the dog at an times.
428	2. An approved enclosure to confine a dangerous
120	dog and the posting of the premises with clearly
430	visible "bad dog" signs at all entry points that
450	inform both children and adults of the presence of a
432	dangerous dog.
452	dangerous dog.
	3. Permanent identification of the dog, such as
434	electronic implantation.
434	creetrome implantation.
	4. Possession and use of a muzzle that is made in a
436	manner that will not cause injury to the dog or
450	interfere with its vision or respiration but will
438	prevent it from biting a person or animal. The dog
450	must wear the muzzle at all times when outside of
440	an approved enclosure and off of the owner's
440	
	property.
442	5. Possession and use of a non-retractable leash
772	with a maximum length of 4 (four) feet, that is
444	controlled by a competent adult when the dog is
	outside of an approved enclosure and off of the
116	
446	owner's property.

448 450 452	<u>6. Landlord's written and notarized</u> <u>acknowledgment that a dangerous dog is permitted</u> <u>to be housed on the property owned by the</u> <u>Landlord. This form shall be obtained from the</u> <u>animal services division. This requirement does not</u> <u>apply if the property where the dangerous dog is to</u> <u>be confined is owned by the owner of the dog.</u>
454	7. Permanent sterilization of the dog.
456	8. Completion of the division's responsible pet ownership class.
458	If compliance with these requirements are not satisfied within the above timeframe, the dog shall be deemed abandoned as defined in section 5-29 of this article and section 705.19, Florida Statutes.
460	(i) It is a violation for the owner of a dangerous dog to permit the dog to be outside an approved enclosure unless the dog is muzzled
462	and restrained by a substantial chain or leash, not to exceed four (4) feet in length, and under the control of a competent adult. The
464	muzzle shall be made in a manner that will not cause injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration, but shall prevent it
466	from biting any person or animal. When being transported, such dogs shall be safely and securely restrained within a vehicle. The
468	owner shall notify the animal services division within twenty-four (24) hours when a dog that has been classified as dangerous:
470	1. Is loose or unconfined;
	2. Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal;
472	3. Is sold, or given away, or dies; or
	4. Is moved to another address;
474	An animal control authority must be notified by the owner of a dog classified as dangerous that the dog is in its jurisdiction. When a
476	dog has been declared dangerous in another jurisdiction and is relocated to Orange County, the owner of the dangerous dog or
478	<u>dogs shall have thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of written</u> notification from the division to comply with all restrictions and
480	requirements outlined in subsection (h). Failure to comply within that timeframe is a violation of this article.

482	(j) This section does not apply to dogs used by law enforcement officials for law enforcement work. It is a violation of this article
484	for the owner of a dangerous dog to allow the dog to be off leash and unmuzzled when off of the owner's property boundaries. It is a
486	violation of this article for the owner of a dangerous dog to allow the dog to be left alone and unsupervised outside an approved
488	enclosure. When being transported, a dangerous dog shall be safely and securely confined within a vehicle.
490	(k) It is a violation of this article for the owner of a potentially dangerous dog to allow the potentially dangerous dog to be off
492	leash when not kept inside the owner's residence or within a securely fenced area. It is a violation for the owner of a potentially
494	dangerous dog to allow the dog to be left alone and unsupervised outside the owner's residence. When being transported, such dogs
496	shall be safely and securely restrained within a vehicle, using an approved tether system. If any dog is not declared dangerous by
498	the division manager or if the initial determination of dangerous made by the division manager is not upheld in further legal or
500	quasi-judicial proceedings, the dog will be released to the custody of the owner. In such event, the owner shall not be liable for
502	impoundment costs of the dog; but shall be responsible for all quarantine fees and any additional fees arising from any veterinary
504	services that were rendered to the dog either at the request of the owner, or if immediate medical care was necessary while the dog
506	was in the care of the animal services division. These fees may be waived at the division manager's discretion.
508	(l) Owners of previously declared dangerous or potentially dangerous dogs shall have sixty (60) calendar days from the
510	adoption of this article to comply with all requirements for the registration of a dangerous or potentially dangerous dog as stated
512	in subsection 5-21(d). Failure to comply within sixty (60) days will result in the issuance of a Category I violation, pursuant to section
514	5-50. In addition, the dangerous or potentially dangerous dog shall be impounded and held for ten (10) calendar days after the owner
516	is given written notification under section 5-32, and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. This ten-day time
518	period shall allow the owner to request a hearing under section 5- 32. The owner shall be responsible for payment of all boarding
520	costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep the dog during any appeal procedure. The division manager
522	or an animal services officer may issue notice of propensity letters to dog owners subsequent to an initial bite or documented
524	aggressive behavior toward a person or domestic animal.

526	(m) The victim of any dog bite or attack may appeal the decision of the division or the classification committee if the dog is not declared dangerous.
528	(n) If any dog is not declared dangerous or potentially dangerous
	or if the classification determined by the division manager is not
530	upheld in further appeal procedures, the dog will be released to the
	custody of the owner. In such event, the owner shall not be liable
532	for costs of impoundment of the dog and the quarantine fees.
	(o) The division manager may issue notice of propensity letters to
534	owners of dogs, subsequent to an initial bite or documented
	aggressive behavior toward a person or domestic animal.
536	Section 4. Amendments to Section 5-32.1. Section 5-32.1 ("Attack or bite by dangerous dog;
	penalties; confiscation; destruction") is amended to read as follows, with additions being shown

538 by underlines and deletions being shown by strikethrough:

Sec. 5-32.1. - Attack or bite by dangerous dog; attack by unclassified dog that causes

540	<u>death</u> ; penalties; <u>appeals</u> ; confiscation; destruction.
542	(a) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous under this article attacks or bites a person or domestic animal without provocation, the owner of the dog, upon conviction, is guilty of a
544	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in F.S. § sections 775.082 or F.S. § 775.083. Florida Statutes. In addition,
546	the dangerous dog shall be <u>immediately</u> confiscated by the animal services division, placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the
548	proper length of time, or impounded and held for ten (10) calendar working days after the owner is given written
550	notification under section 5-32(<u>d</u>) of this article <u>and section</u> <u>767.12</u> , <u>Florida Statutes</u> and thereafter destroyed in an
552	expeditious and humane manner. This ten-day time period shall allow the owner to request a hearing <u>before the special magistrate</u>
554	under section 5-32(e) and section 767.12, Florida Statutes. The owner shall be responsible for payment of all boarding costs and
556	other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep the dog until the conclusion of any legal or quasi-judicial
558	proceedings. during any appeal procedure.
560	(b) Pursuant to F.S. § section 767.13, Florida Statutes if a dog that has been previously declared dangerous under this article aggressively attacks and causes severe injury to or death of any

562	human or domestic animal , the owner of the dog, upon
564	conviction, is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in F.S. §§ sections 775.082, 775.083 or 775.084, Florida Statutes. In addition, the dog shall be immediately confiscated by
566	the animal services division, placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time or held for ten (10) calendar working
568	days after the owner is given written notification under section 5- 32(d) and section 767.12, Florida Statutes, and thereafter
570	destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. This ten-day time period shall allow the owner to request a hearing
572	under section 5-32(e). The owner shall be responsible for payment of all boarding costs and such other fees as may be
574	required to humanely and safely keep the dog <u>until the conclusion</u> of any legal or quasi-judicial proceedings. during any appeal
576	procedure.
	(c) Pursuant to F.S. § 767.13, if a dog that has not been declared
578	dangerous under this article attacks and causes severe injury to or
	death of any human, the dog shall be immediately confiscated by
580	the animal services division, placed in quarantine, if necessary,
	for the proper length of time or held for ten (10) calendar days
582	after the owner has been given written notification under section
	5-32, and thereafter shall be destroyed in an expeditious and
584	humane manner. This ten-day time period shall allow the owner
	to request a hearing under section 5-32. The owner shall be
586	responsible for payment of all boarding costs and any other fees
	as may be required to humanely and safely keep the dog during
588	any appeal procedure. In addition if the owner of the dog had
	prior knowledge of the dog's dangerous propensities, yet
590	demonstrated a reckless disregard for such propensities under the
	circumstances, the owner of the dog is guilty of a misdemeanor of
592	the second degree, punishable as provided in F.S. § 775.082 or
	775.083. If the owner files a written appeal to the circuit court
594	under section 767.12(4), Florida Statutes to contest the proposed
	penalty of humane euthanasia, the dog must be held and may not
596	be destroyed while the appeal is pending.
	(d) If a dog attacks or bites a person who is engaged in or
598	attempting to engage in a criminal activity at the time of the
	attack, the owner is not guilty of any crime specified under this
600	section.
	(e) Pursuant to section 767.135, Florida Statutes if a dog that has
602	not been declared dangerous under section 5-32 of this article
	attacks and causes the death of any human, the dog shall be
604	immediately confiscated by the animal services division, placed
	······································

	in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time or held
606	for ten (10) working days after the owner has been given written
	notification under section 5-32(d), and thereafter shall be
608	destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. This ten-day
	time period shall allow the owner to request a hearing before the
610	special magistrate. under section 5-32(e). If the owner files an
	appeal to the circuit court to contest the decision of the special
612	magistrate, the dog must be held by animal services and may not
	be destroyed while the appeal is pending. The owner shall be
614	responsible for payment of all boarding costs and any other fees
	as may be required to humanely and safely keep the dog during
616	any appeal procedure.
	(f) Pursuant to section 767.136(1), Florida Statutes, If the owner
618	of the dog had prior knowledge of the dog's dangerous
	propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless disregard for such
620	propensities under the circumstances, the owner of the dog is
	guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as
622	provided in sections 775.082 or 775.083, Florida Statutes.
C	action 5 Amandment to Caption 5.24 Spation 5.24 ("Innovandment of animal

Section 5. Amendment to Section 5-34. Section 5-34 ("Impoundment of animals; compulsory

624 sterilization.) is amended to read as follows, with additions being shown by underlines and

deletions being shown by strikethrough:

626	Sec. 5-34. – Impoundment of animals; compulsory sterilization					
628	(a) The county may purchase, construct, lease, operate, and maintain county shelters to retain:					

630	(4) Any animal under investigation for classification as dangerous. or					
	potentially dangerous.					
632	***					

Section 6. Amendment to Section 5-50. Section 5-50 ("Violations; construction of article) is

- amended to read as follows, with additions being shown by underlines and deletions being shownby strikethrough:
- 636 Sec. 5-50. Violations; construction of article.

((a) It is a Category I violation of this article for any person to:
638	***
640	(2) Fail to comply with the provisions or requirements of any written notification of classification for a dangerous dog; or a potentially dangerous dog.
642	(3) Fail to notify the animal services division that a dangerous or potentially dangerous dog has been brought into the county.
644	(4) Fail to control a previously declared dangerous dog or potentially dangerous dog, resulting in an unprovoked attack or bite.
646	***

Section 7. Filing of Ordinance and Effective Date. This ordinance shall take effect pursuant to

648 general law.

	ADOPTED THIS	DAY OF	, 20
650			ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA By: Board of County Commissioners
652			by: Dourd of County Commissioners
			By:
654			Jerry L. Demings
			Orange County Mayor
656			
	ATTEST: Phil Diamond, CH	PA County Co	omptroller
658	As Clerk of the Board of Cou		
660	Ву:		
	Deputy Clerk		